

POVERTY STATISTICS/ INDICATORS FOR SRI LANKA

**Department of Census and Statistics
Sri Lanka**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This report was initiated and prepared by Mrs. D. B. P. S. Vidyaratna, Director I of this department to fulfill the data needs of Sri Lanka for the preparation of the SAARC (South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation) Regional Poverty Profile. Identification of data sources, coordination with the divisions/ departments to obtain necessary data and editing was done by her with the assistance of Miss. W. J. Nigamuni Senior Statistician of this department.

The information in respect of various subject matter areas was supplied by the respective divisions of the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS). All other information contained in this profile was supplied by the branch offices maintained in different Government Departments and Ministries and other Institutions. Following major contributions are gratefully acknowledged.

Land Resources Statistics	- Director and staff Agriculture and Environment Division of DCS
Production/ Income, Savings and Investment, Productivity, Global integration, Fiscal Policy Statistics	- Director and staff National Accounts Division of DCS
Labour and Employment, Poverty Inequality and Hunger Statistics	- Director and staff Sample Survey Division of DCS
Population Statistics	- Director and staff Census Division of DCS
Malnutrition/ Household level Environment Statistics	- Deputy Director and staff Research and Special Studies Division of DCS
Trade Statistics	- Senior Statistician and staff Trade and Services Division of DCS

- Population, Birth, Death rates Statistics - Senior Statistician and staff of statistical branch of Register General's Department
- Education Statistics - Senior Statistician and staff of statistical branch of Ministry of Human Resource Development, Education and Cultural Affairs
- Health Statistics - Deputy Director and staff of statistical branch of Ministry of Health, Nutrition and Welfare
- Land and Forest, Air and Water Pollution, Threatened species Statistics - Senior Statistician and staff of statistical branch of Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources

Contributions made by following Divisions of DCS/ Institutions are also gratefully appreciated.

- Women in decision making Statistics - Acting Deputy Director and staff
Demography & Social Statistics Division of DCS
- Economic level of Environment Statistics - Director and staff
Industries and Construction Division of DCS
- Price Statistics - Director and staff
Price and Wages Division of DCS
- Standard of Living Statistics - Director and staff of statistics branch of
Central Bank of Sri Lanka
- Minimum Wages Statistics - Acting Deputy Director and staff of statistics
branch of Labour Department

Motor Traffic Statistics

- Statistician and staff of statistics branch of
Department of Motor Traffic

Miss. Inoka Randeniya, Coding Clerk, computer typeset the report with meticulous accuracy and high degree of competence. Her willingness and patience shown in making numerous revisions done to the manuscript and undertaking all secretarial task is appreciated. Contributions made by the staff of the Publications Division of DCS is also appreciated.

Mr. H.A. Samarasinghe, Head of the Printing Division and his staff printed this report.

CONTENTS

Page No.

ABOUT THE DATA SOURCES

DEFINITION OF INDICATORS

INDICATORS AT NATIONAL/ SECTOR

Part A. Macro perspective

A1. Population and employment dynamics	01
A2. Natural resource endowment	03
A3. Social conditions	04
A4. Economic performance	06
A5. Environment conditions	08
A6. Gender and development	10
A7. Rural, urban comparison	14
A8. Global integration	18
A9. Institutions and policies	19

Part B. Disaggregated perspective

B1. Number of households below poverty line for livelihood categories	22
B2. Trends in poverty by industry of principle income earner	23
B3. Number of households below poverty line across educational attainments of the head of the households	24
B4. Trends in poverty measured by ethnicity	25
B5. Trends in poverty by region	25
B6. Trends in poverty by district	26

INDICATORS AT PROVINCE/ DISTRICT

(Except for Northern and Eastern Provinces)

A1. Population and employment dynamics	27
A2. Social conditions	30
A3. Household level environment	32
A4. Gender and development	34
A5. Population dynamics (sectors and zones)	37

INDICATORS AT NORTHERN AND EASTERN PROVINCES

A1. Population and employment dynamics	41
--	----

About the data sources

Major data sources used in the compilation of these indicators are described below.

Census of Population and Housing - 2001

Population census is defined as the process of collecting, compiling and publishing, demographic, economic and social data pertaining to all persons in the country.

Geographical coverage:

Census, 2001 was carried out completely in 18 districts. These include all the 17 districts in Western, Central, Southern, North Western, North Central, Uva and Sabaragamuwa provinces and Ampara district in Eastern province. In Jaffna, Mullativu and Kilinochchi districts no enumeration was done. In Mannar district, out of 5 Divisional Secretariat (D.S) Divisions only one was enumerated partially. In Vavuniya district, out of 4 D.S. Divisions, one was enumerated completely and 2 were enumerated partially. In Batticaloa district, out of 12 D.S.Divisions, 5 were enumerated completely and 6 were enumerated partially. In Trincomalee district out of 11 D.S. Divisions, 7 were enumerated completely and 2 were enumerated partially. Total enumerated population accounts for 94 percent of the total population of Sri Lanka.

Periodicity:

Once in 10 years

Census of Agriculture – 2002

Census of Agriculture is a large-scale countrywide operation to collect and derive quantitative statistical information on the structure of the agriculture sector of the country. Agriculture Census is taken in Sri Lanka once in ten years. The most recent Census of Agriculture of Sri Lanka was conducted during August - October 2002.

Geographical coverage:

Entire country

Periodicity:

Once in 10 years

National Accounts

The compilation of National Economic Accounts for Sri Lanka was started during early 1950's by the Department of Census and Statistics. The National Accounts estimates are compiled based on the UN - guidelines given in the System of National Accounts (SNA).

Geographical coverage:

Entire country

Periodicity:

Annually

Household Income and Expenditure Survey – 2002

This Survey is the fifth in the series of Income and Expenditure Surveys conducted by DCS. This was conducted in twelve monthly rounds from January 2002 to December 2002.

Geographical coverage:

All the areas of the country except districts in Northern and Eastern Provinces

Periodicity:

Once in 5 years

Household Income and Expenditure Survey – 2002/03 (Northern and the Eastern Provinces)

Census of Population and Housing – 2001 provides the sampling frame for the household surveys. However, for Northern and the Eastern Provinces a complete sampling frame is not available. Therefore the information given in this survey does not properly represent the area as a whole.

Geographical coverage:

(1) Eastern Province

The lists of units are available in all the 3 Districts Ampara, Trincomalee and Batticaloa except for few isolated Grama Niladhari Divisions.

(2) Northern Province

The list of units which could be used for sample selection purposes are generally available as follows,

- i. in all of the Divisional Secretariat Divisions (DSDD) in Jaffna District except for Thenamarachchy, Valikamam North and Vadamarachchy East and Delft DSDDD.
- ii. in all of the DSDD in Vavuniya District except for Vavuniya North DSD.
- iii. in "Mannar Town" DSD only but not in other 4 DSDD in Mannar District.

Further no lists of units are available for the Killinochchi and Mullaitivu Districts at all.

Trade Statistics

Information on External Trade is collected, processed and disseminated by the Statistics division of the Customs Department, through an annual publication.

Geographical coverage:

Entire country

Periodicity:

Annually

Educational Statistics

The main source of education statistics is the annual School Census carried out by the Statistics branch of the Ministry of Education and Higher Education. It collects information on schools, teachers, pupils, physical resources etc. Besides, information on educational institutions such as Pirivenas and Teacher Training Colleges are also collected.

Geographical coverage:

Entire country

Periodicity:

Annually

Vital statistics

Statistics pertaining to births, deaths, marriages, divorces and population are compiled and published by the Statistics branch of the Registrar General's Department in its annual reports.

Geographical coverage:

Entire country

Periodicity:

Annually

Health statistics

The main source of health statistics is the Annual Health Bulletin compiled by the Statistics branch of the Ministry of Health Nutrition and Welfare. The information are based on the annual returns sent by the hospital staff using administrative records to the statistics branch.

Geographical coverage:

Entire country

Periodicity:

Annually

Quarterly Labour Force Survey

The Sri Lanka Quarterly Labour Force Survey was designed to measure the levels and trends of employment, unemployment and labour force in Sri Lanka.

Geographical coverage:

It covers (at present), all districts except all the districts in Northern and Eastern Provinces

Periodicity:

Each quarter

Quarterly Labour Force Survey 2002 (Northern and the Eastern Provinces)

In the recent past the Department of Census and Statistics was unable to conduct Household Surveys in the areas under the Northern and the Eastern Provinces due to the unavailability of a proper sampling frame. (A proper sampling frame should consist of the list of all housing units and other units in the area concerned)

A listing of units was carried out also in the Northern and the Eastern Provinces prior to the Census of Population and Housing 2001 and these listings are available for sampling purposes for the certain geographical domains of Northern and the Eastern Provinces.

Geographical coverage:

(1) Eastern Province

Lists of units are available in all the 3 Districts Ampara, Trincomalee and Batticaloa except for few G.N. Divisions.

(2) Northern Province

The lists of units which could be used for sample selection purposes are generally available (except for few isolated G.N. Divisions)

- i. in all of the D.S. Divisions in Jaffna District except for Tenamarachchy D.S. Division,
- ii. in all of the D.S. Divisions in Vavunia District except for Vavunia North D.S. Division and
- iii. in 'Mannar Town' D.S. Division only but not in other 4 D.S. Divisions in Mannar District.

Further no lists of units are available for Killinochchi and Mullaitivu Districts at all.

Demographic and Health Survey 2000

The Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) 2000, is the third in the series of such surveys conducted by the DCS. This survey collected information on health and nutrition status of children, access to water and sanitation, and demographic characteristics of the people living in these areas.

Geographical coverage:

All districts except Districts in North and Eastern Provinces

Periodicity:

Once in 6 years

Demographic and Health Survey – 2001 (Northern and Eastern Provinces)

Demographic and Health Survey, conducted in the Northern and Eastern Provinces, was completed with the assistance of UNICEF to bridge the information gap, in the health sector of these areas.

Prices Statistics

Information related to prices is collected, processed and disseminated by DCS. Statistics collected/compiled, include Retail and Producer prices, Colombo Consumers' Price Index (CCPI), Greater Colombo Consumers' Price Index (GCPI), Sri Lanka Consumer Price Index (SLCPI) and inflation rate. The CCPI is the country's official cost of living component of the wages of both the government and private sector employees and to measure the rate of inflation.

Geographical coverage:

All the districts except Mannar, Mulativu, Kilinochchi for price statistics

Periodicity:

Monthly

Industrial Statistics

The scope of Annual Survey of Industries (ASI) is to cover all activities categorized under the three industry divisions, namely Mining and Quarrying, Manufacturing and Electricity, Gas and Water of the International Standard Industrial Classification of the United Nations. State owned industrial establishments, industries coming within the preview of Board of Investment (BOI) and private sector establishments with 5 or more persons engaged, have been covered in this survey.

Geographical coverage:

Entire country

Periodicity:

Annually

Definition of Indicator

Terms	Definition
Adult literacy rate	Adult literacy rate is the percentage of people ages 15 and above who can, with understanding, read and write a short, simple statement on their everyday life.
Arable land	Arable land includes land defined by the FAO as land under temporary crops (double-cropped areas are counted once), temporary meadows for mowing or for pasture, land under market or kitchen gardens, and land temporarily fallow. Land abandoned as a result of shifting cultivation is excluded.
Child immunisation rate	Child immunization measures the percentage of vaccination coverage of children under one year of age for immunising against diphtheria, pertussis (or whooping cough), and tetanus (DPT).
Child mortality rate	Child mortality rate is the probability that a newborn baby will die before reaching age five, if subject to current age-specific mortality rates.
Contraceptive prevalence rate	Contraceptive prevalence rate is the percentage of women who are practicing, or whose sexual partners are practicing, any form of contraception. It is usually measured for married women ages 15-49 only.
Crude birth rate	Crude birth rate indicates the number of live births occurring during the year, per 1,000 populations estimated at midyear.
Crude death rate	Crude death rate indicates the number of deaths occurring during the year, per 1,000 populations estimated at midyear.
Debt services	Debt service is the sum of principle repayments and interest actually paid in foreign currency, goods, or services.
Dependence ratio	Age dependency ratio is the ratio of dependents--people younger than 15 and older than 64--to the working-age population--those ages 15-64. For example, 0.7 means there are 7 dependents for every 10 working-age people.
Exchange rate	Exchange rate refers to the exchange rate determined by national authorities or to the rate determined in the legally sanctioned exchange market. It is calculated as an annual average based on monthly averages (local currency units relative to the U.S. dollar).

Expenditure	Total expenditure includes both current and capital expenditures. It does not include government lending or repayments to the government or government acquisition of equity for public purposes.
Exports	Exports represent the value of all goods and other market services provided to the rest of the world. They exclude labour and property income (formerly called factor services) as well as transfer payments.
External debt	External debt is debt owed to non-residents repayable in foreign currency, goods, or services. It is the sum of public, publicly guaranteed, and private non-guaranteed long-term debt, use of IMF credit, and short-term debt. Short-term debt includes all debt having an original maturity of one year or less and interest in arrears on long-term debt.
Foreign direct investment	Foreign direct investment is net inflows of investment to acquire a lasting management interest (10 percent or more of voting stock) in an enterprise operating in an economy other than that of the investor. It is the sum of equity capital, reinvestment of earnings, other long-term capital, and short-term capital as shown in the balance of payments.
Fresh water resources	Fresh water resources refer to total renewal resources, broken down between internal flows (internal river flows and groundwater from rainfall) in the country and river flows from other countries.
GDP	GDP is the sum of gross value added by all resident producers in the economy plus any product taxes and minus any subsidies not included in the value of the products. It is calculated without making deductions for depreciation of fabricated assets or for depletion and degradation of natural resources.
GDP growth rate	Annual percentage growth rate of GDP at market prices based on constant local currency.
GDP per capita	GDP per capita is gross domestic product divided by midyear population.
GDP per capita in PPP	GDP per capita based on purchasing power parity (PPP). PPP GDP is gross domestic product converted to international dollars using purchasing power parity rates.
Gini index	Gini index measures the extent to which the distribution of income (or, in some cases, consumption expenditure) among individuals or households within an economy deviates from a perfectly equal distribution.
Gross capital formation	Gross capital formation (formerly gross domestic investment) consists of outlays on additions to the fixed assets of the economy plus net changes in the level of inventories.
Gross domestic investment	Gross domestic investment includes investment on land improvements (fences, ditches, drains, and so on); plant, machinery, and equipment purchases; and the construction of roads, railways, and the like, including schools, offices, hospitals, private residential dwellings, and commercial and industrial buildings.
Gross domestic savings	Gross domestic savings are calculated as GDP less final consumption expenditure (total consumption).

Gross enrollment ratio	Gross enrollment ratio is the ratio of total enrollment, regardless of age, to the population of the age group that officially corresponds to the level of education shown.
Head count poverty ratio – national poverty rate	National poverty rate is the percentage of the population living below the national poverty line.
Imports	Imports of goods and services represent the value of all goods and other market services received from the rest of the world. They exclude labour and property income (formerly called factor services) as well as transfer payments.
Infant mortality rate	Infant mortality rate is the number of infants dying before reaching one year of age, per 1,000 live births in a given year.
Inflation rate – consumer price index	Inflation as measured by the consumer price index reflects the annual percentage change in the cost to the average consumer of acquiring a fixed basket of goods and services that may be fixed or changed at specified intervals, such as yearly.
Inflation rate – GDP deflator	Inflation as measured by the annual growth rate of the GDP implicit deflator shows the rate of price change in the economy as a whole. The GDP implicit deflator is the ratio of GDP in current local currency to GDP in constant local currency.
Inflation rate – wholesale price index	Inflation as measured by the wholesale price index reflects the annual percentage change in the cost to the average consumer of acquiring a fixed basket of goods and services that may be fixed or changed at specified intervals, such as yearly.
Interest rate spread	Interest rate spread is the interest rate charged by banks on loans to prime customers minus the interest rate paid by commercial or similar banks for demand, time, or savings deposits.
Labour force	Total labour force comprises people who meet the ILO definition of the economically active population. It includes both the employed and the unemployed.
Labour productivity	Labour productivity is annual output per labour.
Life expectancy at birth	Life expectancy at birth indicates the number of years a newborn infant would live if prevailing patterns of mortality at the time of its birth were to stay the same throughout its life.
Malnutrition under 5	Prevalence of child malnutrition is the percentage of children under five whose height for age is less than minus two standard deviations from the median for the international reference population ages 0 to 59 months.

Maternal mortality rate	Maternal mortality rate is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes during pregnancy and childbirth per 100,00 live birth.
Money supply (M2)	Money supply (M2) comprise the sum of currency outside banks, demand deposits other than those of the central government, and the time, savings, and foreign currency deposits of resident sectors other than the central government.
Net enrollment ratio	Net enrollment ratio is the ratio of the number of children of official school age (as defined by the national education system) who are enrolled in school to the population of the corresponding official school age.
Nominal interest rate	Nominal interest rate is the lending interest rate not adjusted for inflation.
Official Development Assistance or foreign aid	Official development assistance and net official aid record the actual international transfer by the donor of financial resources or of goods or services valued at the cost to the donor, less any repayments of loan principal during the same period. Grants by official agencies of the members of the Development Assistance Committee are included, as are loans with a grant element of at least 25 percent, and technical cooperation and assistance.
Population density	Population density is midyear population divided by land area in square kilometers.
Portfolio investment	Portfolio investment flows are net and include non-debt-creating portfolio equity flows (the sum of country funds, depository receipts, and direct purchases of shares by foreign investors).
Real interest rate	Real interest rate is the lending interest rate adjusted for inflation as measured by the GDP deflator.
Revenue	Revenue includes all revenue to the central government from taxes and nonrepayable receipts (other than grants), measured as a share of GDP.
Terms of trade	Terms of trade are the ratio of the export price index to the corresponding import price index.
Total fertility rate	Total fertility rate represents the number of children that would be born to a woman if she were to live to the end of her childbearing years and bear children in accordance with prevailing age-specific fertility rates.
Trade balance	Trade balance relates to the difference between value of exports and value of imports.
Unemployment	Unemployment refers to the share of the labour force that is without work but available for and seeking employment.
Urbanisation rate	Urbanisation rate is the percentage of population living in urban areas compared to total population.

Indicators at National/ Sector

PART A: POVERTY PROFILE - A MACRO PERSPECTIVE

Table A1: POPULATION AND EMPLOYMENT DYNAMICS

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
1	Total population	Millions	12.5	14.7	16.3	18.4	19.3 *	2003	RGO
2	Population growth rate	%	2.1	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.2 *	2002	RGO
3	Crude birth rate	per 1000 people	29.4	28.4	19.9	17.6	19.1 *	2002	RGO
4	Crude death rate	per 1000 people	7.5	6.2	5.7	5.8	5.8 *	2002	RGO
5	Total fertility rate	Birth per women	4.3	3.9	2.5	1.9			RGO
6	Population Density	Persons per sq. km.	200	235	259	295	307	2003	RGO
7	Urbanization rate	% of total population	22.4 (1971)	21.5 (1981)			14.6 ^{(1) (2)}	2001	CPH
8	Cities over a million population	No	Nil	Nil	Nil	NA	1	2001	CPH
9	Population composition								
	Young (0-14 years)	% of total population	41.9	39.0	35.2	35.2	26.6	2003	RGO
	Working (15-64 years)	% of total population	54.5	56.8	60.5	60.5	67.0	2003	RGO
	Old (Ages 65+)	% of total population	3.6	4.2	4.3	4.3	6.4	2003	RGO
10	Dependence ratio	% of working population	83.5	76.1	65.3	65.3	49.3	2003	RGO
11	Sex ratio at birth	No. of males per 1000 females	1040	1043	1045	1054	1044	2002	RGO
12	Labour force ⁽³⁾	Millions	4.5 (1971)	5.6 (1981)	6.0	6.8	7.1	2002	CPH/ LF
13	Employment by economic activity ⁽³⁾								
	Agriculture, forestry & fishery	% of total employed	50.1 (1971)	45.9 (1980/81)	46.8	36.0	34.5	2002	CPH/ LF/ SA
	Industry	% of total employed	12.8 (1971)	18.5 (1980/81)	37.5	23.6	22.4	2002	CPH/ LF/ SA
	Services	% of total employed	37.1 (1971)	35.6 (1980/81)	15.7	40.3	43.1	2002	CPH/ LF/ SA
14	Unemployment ⁽³⁾	% of total LF	18.7 (1971)	15.3 (1980/81)	15.9	7.6	8.8	2002	LF
15	Average hours worked per week	Hours per week				38.5	41.5	2002	LF
16	Minimum wage ⁽⁴⁾	Rupees per day		15.21	41.12	94.04	111.17	2002	LD

(1) Data are given only for 18 districts where the Census of Population and Housing - 2001 was carried out completely

(2) In the 2001 urban sector comprises of all municipal and urban councils only

(3) Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces

(4) Minimum wages - Sri Lanka Rupees (Rs.)

* Provisional

Sources:

RGO - Registrar General's Department

CPH - Census of Population and Housing - 1971, 1981, 2001, Department of Census and Statistics

LF - Labour Force Surveys, Department of Census and Statistics

SA - Statistical Abstract, Department of Census and Statistics

LD - Labour Department

Table A2: NATURAL RESOURCE ENDOWMENT

S.N.	Items	Unit	1982	Latest Year		Data source
				Data	Year	
A	Land resources					
1	Land area	sq. km.	65610	65610	2002	SA
2	Land Use Pattern					
	Arable land	% of land area	11.8	15.0	2002	Agriculture
	Food crops	% of arable land	10.5	14.0	2002	Agriculture
	Cash crops	% of arable land	1.0	1.0	2002	Agriculture
	Plantation and permanent crops	% of land area	14.8	11.1	2002	Agriculture
	Forest area	% of land area	26.8			Agriculture
3	Arable land per capita	ha.	0.05	0.04	2002	Agriculture
4	Arable land by farm size categories					
	Small (< 1 ha.)	ha/family	0.09	0.09	2002	Agriculture
	Medium (1.0 - 5.0 ha)	ha/family	0.26	0.23	2002	Agriculture
	Large (> 5.0 ha)	ha/family	0.04	0.04	2002	Agriculture
5	Distribution of arable land					
	Small (< 1 ha.)	% of agri. household	61.7	61.6	2002	Agriculture
	Medium (1.0 - 5.0 ha)	% of agri. household	35.9	35.6	2002	Agriculture
	Large (> 5.0 ha)	% of agri. household	2.4	2.8	2002	Agriculture
	Distribution of arable land					
	Small (< 1 ha.)	% of arable land	15.6	15.0	2002	Agriculture
	Medium (1.0 - 5.0 ha)	% of arable land	70.7	70.0	2002	Agriculture
	Large (> 5.0 ha)	% of arable land	13.7	15.0	2002	Agriculture
6	Proportion of irrigated land to total land under agriculture	%	27.8	36.1	2002	Agriculture
7	Average Rainfall ⁽¹⁾	mm	1841.07	1747.6	2002	SA

⁽¹⁾ Average Rainfall = Average of 8 - 9 stations over 12 months period

Sources:

SA - Statistical Abstract, Department of Census and Statistics

Agriculture - Census of Agriculture of Sri Lanka, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A3: SOCIAL CONDITIONS

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
A	Education								
1	Net enrollment ratio	% - Age (6-10 years)				95.7 (1996)	96.4	2002	LF
2	Adult literacy rate	%	78.5 (1971)	87.2 (1981)			90.7 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH
B	Health								
1	Child mortality rate (under 5 mortality)	Per 1000 live births	69.1	44.6	24.5	20.8			RGO/ DHS
2	Infant mortality rate	Per 1000 live births	47.5	34.4	19.3	13.3	11.2	2002	RGO
3	Child immunization rate	% one year children (DPT3) (Diphtheria Per Tosis 3 rd dose)	6.8 (1973)	56.0	86.0	104.5	95.4	2003	Epidimiology unit/MOH
		% one year children (OPV3) (Oral Polio Vaccine 3 rd dose)	11.5 (1973)	45.7	86.2	104.2	96.3	2003	Epidimiology unit/MOH
4	Maternal mortality rate	Per 1000 live births	1.4	0.6	0.3	NA	0.3	1997	RGO
5	Birth attended by skilled health personnels ⁽²⁾	% of birth		75.6	82.1	96.0	84.5	2002	Health
6	Prevalence of HIV - Adults	No			7	54	50	2002	Health
C	Poverty, Inequality and Hunger								
1	Head-count poverty ratio - national poverty line ⁽³⁾	%			26.1 (1990/91)	28.8 (1995/96)	22.7	2002	HIES
2	Poverty gap index national poverty line ⁽³⁾	%			5.6 (1990/91)	6.6 (1995/96)	5.1	2002	HIES
3	Gini Index ⁽³⁾	%		0.43	0.47		0.47	2002	HIES
4	Share of income ⁽³⁾								
	Lowest 20%	%			5.2 (1990/91)	5.4 (1995/96)	4.8	2002	HIES
	Highest 20%	%			51.3 (1990/91)	50.3 (1995/96)	52.8	2002	HIES
5	Prevalence of malnutrition under 5 ^{(3) (4)}								
	Height for age (stunted)	%	34.7 (1976)	36.6 (1980/82)	23.8 (1993)	13.5			DHS/ Health
	Weight for height (wasted)	%	6.6 (1976)	12.1 (1980/82)	15.5 (1993)	14			DHS/ Health
	Weight for age (underweight)	%			37.7 (1993)	29.4			DHS/ Health

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
D	Standard of Living								
1	Telephone ⁽⁵⁾	per 1000 people		4	7	62	95	2002	CB
2	Radio ^{(6) (7)}	per 1000 people		92	153	296			CB
3	Television set ⁽⁷⁾	per 1000 people		2	54	114			CB
4	Car	per 1000 people	7.0	8.1	9.6	12.6	9.1	2003	MTD
5	Two wheeler	per 1000 people	1.6	5.4	23.0	45.2	52.5	2003	MTD
6	Personal computers	per 1000 people							
7	Daily news paper	per 1000 people		27	18	23	25	2002	CB
8	E-mail/ Internet users	per 1000 people				2	4	2002	CB
9	Total no. of tractors (four wheel + two wheel tractors)	per 1000 agricultural operators					78 ⁽⁸⁾	2002	Agriculture
10	Total no. of tractors (four wheel + two wheel tractors)	per 100 sq. km. of arable land					1210 ⁽⁸⁾	2002	Agriculture

(1) Data are given only for 18 districts where the Census of Population and Housing - 2001 was carried out completely

(2) Percentage of hospital births except for 2000 which is from DHS 2000

(3) Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces

(4) Reference population aged 3 - 59 months

(5) Includes cellular and wireless local loop telephones from 2000 onwards

(6) Based on licenses issued

(7) Radios and Televisions are not licensed from year 2001

(8) Number of tractors used in agriculture are not available separately

Sources:

LF - Labour Force Surveys, Department of Census and Statistics

CPH - Census of Population and Housing - 1971, 1981, 2001, Department of Census and Statistics

RGO - Registrar General's Department

DHS - Demographic and Health Survey - 1987, 1993 and 2000, Department of Census and Statistics

Health - Medical statistics Unit, Ministry of Health, Nutrition and Welfare

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 1990/91, 1995/96, 2002, Department of Census and Statistics

CB - Central Bank Report - 2002, Central Bank of Sri Lanka

MTD - Motor Traffic Department

Agriculture - Census of Agriculture of Sri Lanka, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A4: ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
A	Production/Income								
1	GDP	Million \$	2380	4134.2	7935.8	16543	16415	2002	Na. Acc.
2	GDP per capita	US \$	189.0	280.5	467.0	854.0	864.0	2002	Na. Acc.
3	GDP per capita in PPP	US \$				3460	3180	2001	CB*
4	Sectoral composition of GDP								
	Agriculture	% of GDP	34.7	26.2	22.9	16.0	15.1	2002	Na. Acc.
	Industry	% of GDP	20.6	29.8	27.3	28.5	29.0	2002	Na. Acc.
	Service	% of GDP	44.7	44.0	49.8	55.5	55.9	2002	Na. Acc.
5	GDP growth rate	%	4.2	5.7	6.2	6.0	4.0	2002	Na. Acc.
6	Per capita GDP growth rate			3.8	5.1	4.2	2.5	2002	Na. Acc.
7	Sectoral GDP growth								
	Agriculture	%	3.6	1.6	8.8	2.2	2.3	2002	Na. Acc.
	Industry	%	9.0	4.4	8.0	8.4	3.3	2002	Na. Acc.
	Service	%	2.6	9.0	4.1	5.9	4.8	2002	Na. Acc.
B	Price								
1	Inflation rate - consumer price index	%	5.9	26.1	21.5	6.2	6.3	2003	DCS
2	Inflation rate - wholesale price index	%		33.7	22.2	1.7	3.1	2003	DCS
3	Inflation rate - GDP deflator (Base:1998=100)	%				111.3	136.1	2002	Na. Acc.
C	Trade								
1	Total export	Million \$				5309	4699	2002	Customs
2	Total import	Million \$				6301	6106	2002	Customs
3	Trade deficits	Million \$				-992	-1406	2002	Customs
4	Export composition								
	Food	% of total exports				19.8	20.1	2002	Customs
	Agricultural raw materials	% of total exports				0.4	0.7	2002	Customs
	Fuels	% of total exports				0.5	0.3	2002	Customs
	Manufactures	% of total exports				65.3	60.6	2002	Customs

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
5	Import composition								
	Food	% of total imports				11.8	12.7	2002	Customs
	Agricultural raw materials	% of total imports				2.1	2.2	2002	Customs
	Fuels	% of total imports				9.2	13.8	2002	Customs
	Ores and metals	% of total imports				8.3	9.6	2002	Customs
	Manufactures	% of total imports				56.1	49.4	2002	Customs
6	Export to other SAARC Countries	% of total export				2.8	5.4	2002	Customs
7	Import from other SAARC Countries	% of total import				11.2	15.5	2002	Customs
D	Savings and Investment								
1	Gross domestic savings (GDS)	% of GDP		13.49	15.20	19.65	20.12	2002	Na. Acc.
2	Gross domestic investment (GDI)	% of GDP		32.8	20.7	26.1	22.6	2002	Na. Acc.
3	Savings-Investment Gap	% of GDP		19.31	-5.51	-6.43	-1.63	2002	Na. Acc.
4	Sources of investment								
	Private investment	% of GDI		76.16	74.63	82.62	81.38	2002	Na. Acc.
	Public investment	% of GDI		23.10	23.79	14.83	11.15	2002	Na. Acc.
	Foreign direct investment	% of GDI		1.3	4.8	8.9	7.7	2002	Na. Acc.
E	Productivity								
1	Incremental capital output ratio (ICOR) of the economy	%		4.6	3.3	4.5	5.6	2002	Na. Acc.
2	Labour productivity (total)					2622	2518	2002	Na. Acc.
	Agriculture	US \$				1166	1104	2002	Na. Acc.
	Industry	US \$				3167	3259	2002	Na. Acc.
	Services	US \$				2622	3264	2002	Na. Acc.
3	Paddy productivity in agriculture	Mt./ha				6000	6000	2002	Na. Acc.

Sources:

Na. Acc. - National Accounts of Sri Lanka, Department of Census and Statistics

CB* - Economic and Social Statistics of Sri Lanka, Central Bank of Sri Lanka

DCS - Prices and Wages Division, Department of Census and Statistics

Customs - Sri Lanka Customs

Table A5: ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS

S.N.	Items	Unit	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
						Data	Year	
A	Land and forest							
1	National Parks, Wildlife Sanctuary etc.	% of land area			13.0	13.7	2002	MENR
2	Fertilizer issues (wholesale)	MT	433,061	437,129	529,531	657,054	2002	CB
3	Average annual deforestation	%			-1.6			MENR
B	Air and Water Pollution							
1	Total carbon dioxide emission	Million metric ton			33.63			MENR
2	Per capita carbon dioxide emission	Metric ton			1.8			MENR
3	Particulate matters	Microgram per Cu. M.			74			MENR
4	Sulfur dioxide	Microgram per Cu. M.			0.008			MENR
5	Nitrogen dioxide	Microgram per Cu. M.			0.04			MENR
C	Threatened species	Total species						
1	Mammals	No.			34			MENR
2	Birds	No.			61			MENR
3	Higher plants	No.			627			MENR
D	Household Level Environment							
1	Access to improved sanitation facilities ⁽¹⁾	% of households			72.6			DHS
2	HHs with access to potable water ⁽¹⁾	%			75.4			DHS
3	HHs with access to sewerage connection ⁽¹⁾	%			72.6			DHS
4	HHs with access to Electricity ⁽¹⁾	%			68.2			DHS
5	Road traffic	Million vehicle per Km.						
	Vehicle population	No.	337382	819343	1706382	2073869	2003	MTD
	Operated Km millions (road transport public sector)		517	245	387	397	2002	CB
6	Municipal solid waste collection / disposal rate	% of total municipal waste			40			MENR

S.N.	Items	Unit	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
						Data	Year	
E	Economic Level of Environment							
1	Sources of electricity							
	Hydropower	GWh			3605 (2002)	3704	2003	DCS
	Oil	GWh			3200 (2002)	3904	2003	DCS
	Wind	GWh			4 (2002)	3	2003	DCS
2	Transport infrastructure							
	Total road network ⁽²⁾	Km		10447	11485	11650	2002	SA
	Railways	Km		1457	1463	1449	2003	SA

⁽¹⁾ Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces

⁽²⁾ A and B roads only

A Roads - All roads within the network Trunk Roads connecting the national capital with the provincial capitals and also connecting these capitals with one another. Also included are other major roads. (all roads paved and bitumen surfaced with carriage way between 24ft. to 36ft. and platform with 36ft. to 56ft.)

B Roads - Main roads connecting other important towns and also providing important links within the trunk route system (metalled and bitumen with a small percentage graveled.)

Sources:

MENR - Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources

CB - Central Bank Report - 2002, Central Bank of Sri Lanka

DHS - Demographic and Health Survey - 2000, Department of Census and Statistics

MTD - Motor Traffic Department

DCS - Industries and Construction Division, Department of Census and Statistics

SA - Statistical Abstract, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A6: GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
A	Education								
1	Adult literacy rate								
	Male	%	85.6 (1971)	91.1 (1981)			92.3 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH
	Female	%	70.9 (1971)	83.2 (1981)			89.2 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH
2	Net enrolment ratio								
	Male	% - Age (6-10 years)				95.6 (1996)	97.1	2002	LF
	Female	% - Age (6-10 years)				95.7 (1996)	95.6	2002	LF
B	Health								
1	Life expectancy at birth								
	Male	Years	64.1 (1971)	67.2 (1981)	69.5 (1991/96)	70.7 (1996/01)	71.7 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH/ Health
	Female	Years	66.9 (1971)	72.1 (1981)	74.2 (1991/96)	75.4 (1996/01)	76.4 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH/ Health
2	Child mortality rate (under 5 mortality) ⁽²⁾								
	Boys	Per 1,000 live births		49.2 (1987)	38.4 (1993)	24.3			DHS
	Girls	Per 1,000 live births		34.4 (1987)	26.7 (1993)	17.3			DHS
3	Infant mortality rate ⁽²⁾								
	Boys	Per 1,000 boys		39.5 (1987)	30.8 (1993)	22.6			DHS
	Girls	Per 1,000 girls		24.7 (1987)	20.0 (1993)	15.6			DHS

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
4	Prevalence of HIV - Adults								
	Male	%			6	34	26	2002	Health
	Female	%			1	20	24	2002	Health
5	Prevalence of malnutrition under 5								
	Boys	% of boys				11.9			DHS
	Girls	% of girls				15.3			DHS
C	Employment								
1	Labour force participation rate ⁽²⁾								
	Male	% of male working age	68.5 (1971)	66.8 (1980/81)	65.3 (1993)	67.2	67.9	2002	CPH/ LF
	Female	% of female working age	26.0 (1971)	25.8 (1980/81)	33.1 (1993)	33.9	33.6	2002	CPH/ LF
2	Employment by economic activity ⁽²⁾								
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery								
	Male	% of total employed	46.8 (1971)	44.1 (1980/81)		33.3	31.8	2002	CPH/ LF
	Female	% of total employed	61.9 (1971)	51.0 (1980/81)		41.6	40.0	2002	CPH/ LF
	Industry ⁽³⁾								
	Male	% of total employed	12.8 (1971)	19.0 (1980/81)		22.4	21.5	2002	CPH/ LF
	Female	% of total employed	12.4 (1971)	17.5 (1980/81)		26.2	24.3	2002	CPH/ LF
	Service ⁽⁴⁾								
	Male	% of total employed	40.4 (1971)	36.9 (1980/81)		44.3	46.7	2002	CPH/ LF
	Female	% of total employed	25.7 (1971)	31.5 (1980/81)		32.2	35.7	2002	CPH/ LF

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
3	Nominal wage rate index for agricultural workers (78 December = 100)		29.3	153.6	517.2	1142.7	1269.2	2002	CB
D	Women in decision making								
1	Seats in parliament held by women	% of total	3.9	4.1 (1977)	5.3 (1989)		4.4	2001	Handbook on sex
2	Women in government at ministerial level (cabinet ministers)	% of total ministers		3.8	3.8	8.9	3.1	2001/ 2003	Handbook on sex
3	Female professional and technical workers	% of total workers		13.6 ⁽⁵⁾	19.8 ⁽⁶⁾		22.9 ⁽⁶⁾	1998	CP&SGSE
E	Poverty and Hunger								
1	Head-count poverty ratio - national poverty line ⁽²⁾								
	Male headed household	%				29.1 (1995/96)	23.0	2002	HIES
	Female headed household	%				27.5 (1995/96)	21.5	2002	HIES
2	Nutrition status of children ⁽⁷⁾								
	Height for age								
	Male	% of boys				22.7 (1993)	11.9	2000	DHS
	Female	% of girls				25.1 (1993)	15.3	2000	DHS
	Weight for height								
	Male	% of boys				15.6 (1993)	15.1	2000	DHS
	Female	% of girls				15.4 (1993)	12.6	2000	DHS

- (1) Data are given only for 18 districts where the Census of Population and Housing - 2001 was carried out completely
- (2) Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces
- (3) Industry
Manufacturing, Construction, Mining and Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply
- (4) Services
Wholesale and Retail Trade, Repair of Motor Vehicles, Motorcycles and Personal and Household Goods, Hotels and Restaurants, Transport, Storage & Communication, Financial Intermediation and Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities, Public Administration and Defence, Compulsory Social Security, Education, Health and Social work, Other Community, Social and Personal Service Activities, Private Households with Employed Persons, Miscellaneous Labour Work, Extra Territorial Organizations and bodies, Industries not adequately described
- (5) The classification of occupations used in this census was based on the (ILO) 1960 - revision
- (6) The classification of occupations used in this census was based on the (ISCO) 1988 - revision
- (7) Reference population aged (3 - 59) months

Sources:

CPH - Census of Population and Housing - 1971, 1981 and 2001, Department of Census and Statistics

DHS - Demographic and Health Survey - 1987, 1993 and 2000, Department of Census and Statistics

Health - Medical statistics Unit, Ministry of Health, Nutrition and Welfare

LF - Labour Force Surveys, Department of Census and Statistics

CB - Central Bank Report - 2002, Central Bank of Sri Lanka

Handbook on sex - Disaggregated data Sri Lanka, Ministry of Women's Affairs

CP&SGSE - Census of Public and Semi-Government Sector Employment (Private sector is not included), Department of Census and Statistics

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 1995/96, 2002, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A7: RURAL URBAN COMPARISON

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
A	Population								
1	Total Population								
	Rural	Million	9.8 (1971)	11.6 (1981)			14.4 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH
	Urban	Million	2.8 (1971)	3.2 (1981)			2.5 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH
2	Total fertility rate ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	Birth per rural women		2.9 (1987)	2.3 (1993)	1.8			DHS
	Urban	Birth per urban women		2.3 (1987)	2.4 (1993)	2.1			DHS
B	Education								
1	Adult literacy rate								
	Rural	% of rural population	76.2 (1971)	85.4 (1981)			90.3 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH
	Urban	% of urban population	86.2 (1971)	93.4 (1981)			93.0 ⁽¹⁾	2001	CPH
C	Health								
1	Child mortality rate ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	Per 1,000 live births			29.7 (1993)	18.6			DHS
	Urban	Per 1,000 live births			26.2 (1993)	17.3			DHS
2	Infant mortality rate ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	Per 1000 live births in rural areas			24.0 (1993)	17.4			DHS
	Urban	Per 1000 live births in urban areas			20.8 (1993)	14.9			DHS

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
3	Immunization rate ⁽²⁾								
	Colombo metro	% of children 5 years of age			79.4 (1993)	79.9			DHS
	Other urban	% of children 5 years of age			72.6 (1993)	82.2			DHS
	Rural	% of children 5 years of age			79.6 (1993)	81.5			DHS
	Estate	% of children 5 years of age			80.4 (1993)	71.4			DHS
D	Employment								
1	Labour force participation rate ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	% of rural working age	48.3 (1971)	46.8 (1980/81)		51.2	51.0	2002	CPH/ LF
	Urban	% of urban working age	46.9 (1971)	45.2 (1980/81)		44.9	46.0	2002	CPH/ LF
2	Average hours worked per week ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	Hours per week					41.0	2002	LF
	Urban	Hours per week					45.2	2002	LF
E	Poverty, Inequality and Hunger								
1	Head-count poverty ratio - national poverty line ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	% of rural population			29.4 (1990/91)	30.9 (1995/96)	24.7	2002	HIES
	Urban	% of urban population			16.3 (1990/91)	14.0 (1995/96)	7.9	2002	HIES
	Estate	% of estate population			20.5 (1990/91)	38.4 (1995/96)	30.0	2002	HIES

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
2	Poverty gap index - national poverty line ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	% of rural population			6.3 (1990/91)	7.2 (1995/96)	5.6	2002	HIES
	Urban	% of urban population			3.7 (1990/91)	2.9 (1995/96)	1.7	2002	HIES
	Estate	% of estate population			3.3 (1990/91)	7.9 (1995/96)	6.0	2002	HIES
3	Squared poverty gap index - national poverty line ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	% of rural population			2.0 (1990/91)	2.5 (1995/96)	1.8	2002	HIES
	Urban	% of urban population			1.8 (1990/91)	0.9 (1995/96)	0.5	2002	HIES
	Estate	% of estate population			0.9 (1990/91)	2.5 (1995/96)	1.8	2002	HIES
4	Gini Index ⁽²⁾								
	Rural			0.38	0.42		0.45	2002	HIES
	Urban			0.44	0.62		0.48	2002	HIES
	Estate			0.27	0.25		0.34	2002	HIES
5	Prevalence of malnutrition under 5 ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	% of rural children				12.8			DHS
	Urban	% of urban children				7.9			DHS
6	Share of income ⁽²⁾								
	Lowest 20%								
	Rural	%					5.0	2002	HIES
	Urban	%					4.9	2002	HIES
	Estate	%					7.1	2002	HIES
	Highest 20%								
	Rural	%					50.9	2002	HIES
	Urban	%					53.9	2002	HIES
	Estate	%					40.6	2002	HIES

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
F	Household Level Environment								
1	Access to improved water sources ⁽²⁾								
	Rural	% of HHs				74.6			DHS
	Urban	% of HHs				97.5			DHS
2	Access to improved sanitation facilities ⁽²⁾								DHS
	Rural	% of HHs				72.6			DHS
	Urban	% of HHs				86.9			DHS

⁽¹⁾ Data are given only for 18 districts where the Census of Population and Housing - 2001 was carried out completely

⁽²⁾ Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces

Sources:

CPH - Census of Population and Housing - 1971, 1981 and 2001, Department of Census and Statistics

DHS - Demographic and Health Survey - 1987, 1993 and 2000, Department of Census and Statistics

LF - Labour Force Surveys, Department of Census and Statistics

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 1990/91, 1995/96, 2002, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A8: GLOBAL INTEGRATION

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
1	Exports	% of GDP	20.6	25.8	25.0	33.5	28.6	2002	Na.Acc.
2	Imports	% of GDP	23.8	49.6	33.8	44.2	37.2	2002	Na.Acc.
3	Total trade	% of GDP	-3.2	-23.9	-8.9	-10.7	-8.6	2002	Na.Acc.
4	Foreign direct investment	Million \$			33	173	230	2002	Na.Acc.
5	Foreign direct investment	% of GDP			0.4	1.2	1.6	2002	Na.Acc.
6	Total external debt	Million \$	265	1667	5783	9031	9291	2002	Na.Acc.
7	Total external debt	% of GDP	16.1	41.4	72.0	54.5	56.1	2002	Na.Acc.
8	Portfolio investment	Million \$			10.0	-45	25	2002	Na.Acc.
9	Portfolio investment	% of GDP			0.13	-0.39	0.27	2002	Na.Acc.
10	Net Official Development Assistance or official aid	Million \$			479.0	200.8	179.7	2002	Na.Acc.
11	Aid per capita	\$			28.1	10.4	9.4	2002	Na.Acc.
12	Aid to gross capital formation ratio	%			28.5	4.6	4.8	2002	Na.Acc.
13	Aid to imports of goods and services	%			15.3	2.4	2.5	2002	Na.Acc.
14	Aid to central government expenditure	%			44.9	9.7	11.4	2002	Na.Acc.
15	Inbound tourists (arrivals)	Thousand				400.4	393.2	2002	CB
16	International tourism Receipt	Million Rs.				19095	23724	2002	CB
17	Private Remittance	Million \$				1160	1287	2002	CB

Sources:

Na.Acc. - National Accounts of Sri Lanka, Department of Census and Statistics

CB - Central Bank Report - 2002, Central Bank of Sri Lanka

Table A9: INSTITUTIONS AND POLICIES

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
A	Fiscal policy								
1	Revenue	% of GDP	20.3	20.7	21.6	17.1	17.4	2002	Na. Acc.
2	Expenditure	% of GDP	28.6	20.3	22.4	19.6	21.7	2002	Na. Acc.
3	Fiscal deficits	% of GDP	-8.3	0.4	-0.8	-2.5	4.3	2002	Na. Acc.
4	Revenue composition								
	Tax revenue	% of GDP	14.5	18.6	19.2	14.8	14.7	2002	Na. Acc.
	Non-tax revenue	% of GDP	3.2	2.1	2.4	0.4	0.8	2002	Na. Acc.
5	Expenditure composition								
	Current expenditure	% of GDP	18.7	9.7	13.2	14.1	13.0	2002	Na. Acc.
	Capital expenditure	% of GDP	5.7	7.6	4.9	3.7	2.5	2002	Na. Acc.
6	Public health expenditure	% of total GDP	1.60	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.3	2002	Na. Acc.
	Public health expenditure per capita	\$ year	3.1	3.0	5.0	11.9	11.5	2002	Na. Acc.
7	Public education expenditure	% of total GDP	3.3	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.8	2002	Na. Acc.
	Public education expenditure per capita	\$ year	6.3	4.8	9.1	15.9	15.3	2002	Na. Acc.
8	Military expenditure	% of GDP	0.6	0.9	3.2	4.9	2.9	2002	Na. Acc.
9	Military expenditure	% of central government expenditure	5.5	4.2	14.1	34.9	22.4	2002	Na. Acc.
10	Military expenditure per capita	\$ year	1.2	2.4	14.7	42.0	25.2	2002	Na. Acc.
11	Expenditure on Defence Ministry								
	Recurrent expenditure	Million Rs.				41,479	41,140	2002	SA
	Capital expenditure	Million Rs.				10,956	9,073	2002	SA
12	Debt services (debt and interest payments)	% of GDP		4.0	5.2	5.9	4.7	2002	Na. Acc.
13	Debt services (debt)	% of export		12.9	17.2	6.6	8.3	2002	Na. Acc.
14	Debt services (debt)	\$ year (Million)		167	416	953	788	2002	Na. Acc.

S.N.	Items	Unit	1970	1980	1990	2000	Latest Year		Data source
							Data	Year	
B	Monetary and Financial Policy								
1	Growth in money supply (M2)	%		31.9	19.1	13.0	13.6	2002	Na. Acc.
2	Nominal interest rate	%		20.0	15.0	25.0	18.0	2002	Na. Acc.
3	Real interest rate	%		2.2	-5.2	18.3	9.9	2002	Na. Acc.
4	Interest rate spread	%			(5.0 - 28.0)	(8.4 - 30.0)	(8.4 - 30.0)	2002	Na. Acc.
C	Trade and Exchange Rate								
1	Exchange rate	Currency per unit of US\$				75.78	95.66	2002	CB
2	Terms of trade	%				101.1	103.5	2002	CB
D	Institutions								
1	Education institutions								
	Primary school	No.					2,590	2002	Education
	Primary and secondary school	No.					6,892	2002	Education
	Secondary	No.					347	2002	Education
	University	No.	4	8	9	13	13	2004	UGC
2	Health Institutions	No.	455	480	691	558	576	2002	Health
	Hospitals bed	No.	39,173	43,389	41,871	57,027	59,144	2002	Health
	Physicians	per 1000 people	0.15	0.13	0.15	0.41	0.49	2002	Health
	Inpatient admission rate	% of population	15.7	15.5	14.7	20.7	21.8	2002	Health
	Average length of stay in hospital	Days			4.4	3.8	3.4	2002	Health
	Contraceptive prevalence rate	% of women ages 15-49	41.0 (1975)	57.8 (1982)	66.1 (1993)	70			WFS/ CPS / DHS

Sources:

Na. Acc. - National Accounts of Sri Lanka, Department of Census and Statistics

SA - Statistical Abstract, Department of Census and Statistics

CB - Central Bank Report - 2002, Central Bank of Sri Lanka

Education - Ministry of Human Resource Development, Education and Cultural Affairs

UGC - University Grant Commission

Health - Medical statistics Unit, Ministry of Health, Nutrition and Welfare

WFS - World Fertility Survey - 1975

CPS - Contraceptive Prevalence Survey - 1982

DHS - Demographic and Health Survey - 1993 and 2000, Department of Census and Statistics

PART B: POVERTY PROFILE - DISAGGREGATED PERSPECTIVE

Table B1: Number of Households Below Poverty Line for Livelihood Categories

S.N.	Livelihood category	Unit	2002	Data source
A	Rural			
1	Self-employed ⁽¹⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	178	HIES
2	Regular wage and salaried HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	463	HIES
3	Causal workers	Number of HHs (in 1000)	NA	HIES
4	Others ⁽²⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	47	HIES
5	Female headed HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	134	HIES
6	All rural HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	688	HIES
B	Urban			
1	Self-employed ⁽¹⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	6	HIES
2	Regular wage and salaried HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	22	HIES
3	Causal workers	Number of HHs (in 1000)	NA	HIES
4	Others ⁽²⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	3	HIES
5	Female headed HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	8	HIES
6	All urban HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	31	HIES
C	Estate			
1	Self-employed ⁽¹⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	⁽³⁾	HIES
2	Regular wage and salaried HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	52	HIES
3	Causal workers	Number of HHs (in 1000)	NA	HIES
4	Others ⁽²⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	⁽³⁾	HIES
5	Female headed HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	9	HIES
6	All estate HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	56	HIES
D	Total			
1	Self-employed ⁽¹⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	187	HIES
2	Regular wage and salaried HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	538	HIES
3	Causal workers	Number of HHs (in 1000)	NA	HIES
4	Others ⁽²⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	50	HIES
5	Female headed HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	151	HIES
6	All total HHs	Number of HHs (in 1000)	775	HIES

NA - Category not available

⁽¹⁾ Includes Employers and Own account workers

⁽²⁾ Includes - Source of income of the principle earner is 'Cash receipt' or 'income in kind' (not employed)

⁽³⁾ Sample size is not enough

Source:

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 2002 (Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces), Department of Census and Statistics

Table B2: Trends in poverty by industry of principle income earner

S.N.	Income earner by industry	Unit	2002		Data Source
			Non poor	Poor	
A	Rural				
1	Agriculture	% of HHs	76.9	23.1	HIES
2	Non-agriculture	% of HHs	81.5	18.5	HIES
3	Other ⁽¹⁾	% of HHs	72.8	27.2	HIES
B	Urban				
1	Agriculture	% of HHs	90.8	9.2	HIES
2	Non-agriculture	% of HHs	93.5	6.5	HIES
3	Other ⁽¹⁾	% of HHs	95.4	4.6	HIES
C	Estate				
1	Agriculture	% of HHs	71.6	28.4	HIES
2	Non-agriculture	% of HHs	74.8	25.2	HIES
3	Other ⁽¹⁾	% of HHs	77.3	22.7	HIES
D	National				
1	Agriculture	% of HHs	76.9	23.1	HIES
2	Non-agriculture	% of HHs	83.2	16.8	HIES
3	Other ⁽¹⁾	% of HHs	76.7	23.3	HIES

⁽¹⁾ Other - Source of income of the principle earner is 'Cash receipt' or 'income in kind' (not employed)

Source: Source:

HIES - H Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 2002, Department of Census and Statistics

Table B3: Number of Households Below Poverty Line Across Educational Attainment of the Head of the HHs

S.N.	Poor by educational level	Unit	2002	Data source
A	Rural			
1	Illiterate (No schooling)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	86	HIES
2	Upto Class 5 (upto grade 5) ⁽¹⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	336	HIES
3	Class 6 - 8 (grade 6 - 8)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	146	HIES
4	Class 9 - 10 (above grade 9 & below degree)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	118	HIES
5	Graduate and above	Number of HHs (in 1000)	⁽²⁾	HIES
B	Urban			
1	Illiterate (No schooling)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	4	HIES
2	Upto Class 5 (upto grade 5) ⁽¹⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	15	HIES
3	Class 6 - 8 (grade 6 - 8)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	7	HIES
4	Class 9 - 10 (above grade 9 & below degree)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	6	HIES
5	Graduate and above	Number of HHs (in 1000)	⁽²⁾	HIES
C	Estate			
1	Illiterate (No schooling)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	11	HIES
2	Upto Class 5 (upto grade 5) ⁽¹⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	31	HIES
3	Class 6 - 8 (grade 6 - 8)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	8	HIES
4	Class 9 - 10 (above grade 9 & below degree)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	⁽²⁾	HIES
5	Graduate and above	Number of HHs (in 1000)	⁽²⁾	HIES
D	Total			
1	Illiterate (No schooling)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	102	HIES
2	Upto Class 5 (upto grade 5) ⁽¹⁾	Number of HHs (in 1000)	381	HIES
3	Class 6 - 8 (grade 6 - 8)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	162	HIES
4	Class 9 - 10 (above grade 9 & below degree)	Number of HHs (in 1000)	129	HIES
5	Graduate and above	Number of HHs (in 1000)	⁽²⁾	HIES

⁽¹⁾ (grade 5) - 6 years of schooling

⁽²⁾ Sample size is not enough

Source:

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 2002 (Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces), Department of Census and Statistics

Table B4: Trends in Poverty measured by Ethnicity

S.N.	Ethnic group	Unit	2002		Data source
			Poor	Non-poor	
1	Sinhala	% of hh	18.9	81.1	HIES
2	Sri Lanka Tamil	% of hh	22.1	77.9	HIES
3	Indian Tamil	% of hh	20.8	79.2	HIES
4	Sri Lanka Moors	% of hh	21.2	78.8	HIES

Table B5: Trends in Poverty by Region

S.N.	Region (Province)	Unit	2002	Data source
1	Western	% of poor hh	9.2	HIES
2	Central	% of poor hh	20.8	HIES
3	Southern	% of poor hh	23.6	HIES
4	North Western	% of poor hh	22.3	HIES
5	North Central	% of poor hh	18.1	HIES
6	Uva	% of poor hh	31.8	HIES
7	Sabaragamuwa	% of poor hh	28.9	HIES

Source:

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 2002 (Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces), Department of Census and Statistics

Table B6: Trends in Poverty by Districts

S.N.	Region (District)	Unit	2002	Data source
1	Colombo	% of poor hh	5.0	HIES
2	Gampaha	% of poor hh	9.2	HIES
3	Kalutara	% of poor hh	17.7	HIES
4	Kandy	% of poor hh	20.9	HIES
5	Matale	% of poor hh	24.5	HIES
6	Nuwara Eliya	% of poor hh	18.2	HIES
7	Galle	% of poor hh	21.7	HIES
8	Matara	% of poor hh	23.2	HIES
9	Hambantota	% of poor hh	27.8	HIES
10	Kurunegala	% of poor hh	21.2	HIES
11	Puttalam	% of poor hh	24.5	HIES
12	Anuradhapura	% of poor hh	17.2	HIES
13	Polonnaruwa	% of poor hh	20.1	HIES
14	Badulla	% of poor hh	31.5	HIES
15	Moneragala	% of poor hh	32.4	HIES
16	Ratnapura	% of poor hh	30.1	HIES
17	Kegalle	% of poor hh	27.5	HIES

Source:

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 2002 (Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces), Department of Census and Statistics

Indicators at Province/ District

(Except for Northern and Eastern provinces)

Table A1: POPULATION AND EMPLOYMENT DYNAMICS

Table A1

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Sri Lanka	Western	Colombo	Gampaha	Kalutara	Central	Kandy	Matale	Nuwara Eliya
1	Crude birth rate ⁽¹⁾	per 1000 people	2002	19.1		27.0	12.6	15.2		22.8	19.5	16.3
2	Crude death rate	per 1000 people	2002	5.8		9.0	5.0	5.8		6.9	5.0	5.1
3	Population composition ⁽²⁾											
	Young (0-14 years)	% of total population	2001			22.0	23.6	24.9		27.3	26.4	29.6
	Working (15-64 years)	% of total population	2001			71.4	70.0	66.9		66.7	68.0	65.7
	Old (Ages 65+)	% of total population	2001			6.6	6.4	8.2		6.0	5.6	4.7
4	Dependence ratio ⁽²⁾	%				40.1	42.9	49.5		49.9	47.1	52.2
5	Sex ratio ⁽²⁾	No. of males per 1000 females	2001	979		1031	946	964		940	988	971
6	Labour force ⁽³⁾	Millions	2002	7.1		0.9	0.9	0.5		0.5	0.2	0.3
7	Employment by economic activity ⁽²⁾											
	Agriculture, forestry & fishery	% of total employed	2001			2.0	4.6	17.9		18.8	39.3	63.2
	Industry	% of total employed	2001			28.3	41.2	26.8		21.1	16.5	8.4
	Services	% of total employed	2001			69.7	54.2	55.3		60.1	44.2	28.4
8	Unemployment ⁽³⁾	% of total LF	2002	8.8	8.9	9.1	8.2	9.8	8.9	11.6	7.6	5.4
9	Average hours worked per week ⁽³⁾	Hours per week	2002	41.5		46.0	43.1	41.3		43.8	46.9	45.6

Table A1 (Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Southern	Galle	Matara	Hambantota	North - Western	Kurunegala	Puttalam	North-Central	Anuradhapura	Polonnaruwa
1	Crude birth rate ⁽¹⁾	per 1000 people		19.1	18.7	12.8		17.1	19.9		20.7	20.0
2	Crude death rate	per 1000 people		6.8	5.8	4.0		6.3	4.8		5.5	4.9
3	Population composition ⁽²⁾											
	Young (0-14 years)	% of total population		27.2	27.7	29.2		26.0	30.2		29.4	29.4
	Working (15-64 years)	% of total population		64.3	63.7	63.8		67.5	64.5		66.2	66.3
	Old (Ages 65+)	% of total population		8.5	8.6	7.0		6.5	5.3		4.4	4.3
4	Dependence ratio ⁽²⁾	%		40.4	41.2	40.2		48.1	55.0		51.1	50.8
5	Sex ratio ⁽²⁾	No. of males per 1000 females		938	933	989		965	974		1029	1088
6	Labour force ⁽³⁾	Millions		0.4	0.3	0.2		0.7	0.3		0.4	0.2
7	Employment by economic activity ⁽²⁾											
	Agriculture, forestry & fishery	% of total employed		30.1	38.3	44.3		31.8	24.9		55.6	55.9
	Industry	% of total employed		20.3	20.2	17.7		21.3	26.5		8.6	10.7
	Services	% of total employed		49.6	41.5	38		46.9	48.6		35.8	33.4
8	Unemployment ⁽³⁾	% of total LF	10.6	8.8	11.0	13.3	7.8	7.9	7.5	8.4	7.1	11.7
9	Average hours worked per week ⁽³⁾	Hours per week		42.7	41.1	40.0		43.1	44.3		42.3	38.5

Table A1 (Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Uva	Badulla	Moneragala	Sabaragamuwa	Ratnapura	Kegalle	Data source
1	Crude birth rate ⁽¹⁾	per 1000 people		23.1	17.2		19.2	13.0	RGO
2	Crude death rate	per 1000 people		5.3	3.1		5.3	5.6	RGO
3	Population composition ⁽²⁾								
	Young (0-14 years)	% of total population		29.7	32.1		27.8	25.6	CPH
	Working (15-64 years)	% of total population		65.0	63.7		66.1	66.7	CPH
	Old (Ages 65+)	% of total population		5.3	4.2		6.1	7.7	CPH
4	Dependence ratio ⁽²⁾	%		53.8	57.0		51.3	49.9	CPH
5	Sex ratio ⁽²⁾	No. of males per 1000 females		979	1025		1016	951	CPH
6	Labour force ⁽³⁾	Millions		0.5	0.2		0.5	0.4	AR of LF
7	Employment by economic activity ⁽²⁾								
	Agriculture, forestry & fishery	% of total employed		55.2	63.2		46.8	23.9	CPH
	Industry	% of total employed		8.2	8.4		20.5	24.0	CPH
	Services	% of total employed		36.6	28.4		32.7	52.1	CPH
8	Unemployment ⁽³⁾	% of total LF	6.0	6.3	5.2	9.8	9.2	10.6	AR of LF
9	Average hours worked per week ⁽³⁾	Hours per week		40.8	39.3		46.5	41.4	LF

⁽¹⁾ According to the place of registration and not according to place of residence

⁽²⁾ Data are given only for 18 districts where the Census of Population and Housing - 2001 was carried out completely

⁽³⁾ Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces

Sources:

RGO - Registrar General's Department

CPH - Census of Population and Housing - 2001, Department of Census and Statistics

AR of LF- Annual Report of Labour Force - 2002, Department of Census and Statistics

LF - Labour Force Survey, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A2: SOCIAL CONDITIONS

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Sri Lanka	Western	Colombo	Gampaha	Kalutara	Central	Kandy	Matale	Nuwara Eliya
A	Education											
1	Adult literacy rate ⁽¹⁾	%	2001			93.6	95.3	92.8		90.9	88.1	81.7
B	Poverty, Inequality and Hunger											
1	Head-count poverty ratio - national poverty line ⁽²⁾	%	2002	22.7		6	11	20		25	30	23
2	Gini Index ⁽²⁾	%	2002	0.47		0.46	0.44	0.43		0.50	0.48	0.40
3	Share of income ⁽²⁾											
	Lowest 20%	%	2002	4.8		5.2	5.7	5.1		4.7	4.7	6.2
	Highest 20%	%	2002	52.8		51.4	49.9	48.6		54.7	53.4	45.1

Table A2 (Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Southern	Galle	Matara	Hambantota	North - Western	Kurunegala	Puttalam	North-Central	Anuradhapura	Polonnaruwa
A	Education												
1	Adult literacy rate ⁽¹⁾	%	2001		92.9	89.8	89.1		91.9	90.9		90.6	89.9
B	Poverty, Inequality and Hunger												
1	Head-count poverty ratio - national poverty line ⁽²⁾	%	2002		26	27	32		25	31		20	24
2	Gini Index ⁽²⁾	%	2002		0.43	0.43	0.40		0.46	0.47		0.43	0.40
3	Share of income ⁽²⁾												
	Lowest 20%	%	2002		5.8	5.7	5.4		5.3	5.1		5.5	6.0
	Highest 20%	%	2002		50.2	49.2	46.2		51.2	52.3		48.7	46.1

Table A2 (Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Uva	Badulla	Moneragala	Sabaragamuwa	Ratnapura	Kegalle	Data source
A	Education									
1	Adult literacy rate ⁽¹⁾	%	2001		84.0	85.8		87.2	91.3	CPH
B	Poverty, Inequality and Hunger									
1	Head-count poverty ratio - national poverty line ⁽²⁾	%	2002		37	37		34	32	Official Poverty
2	Gini Index ⁽²⁾	%	2002		0.46	0.56		0.41	0.43	HIES
3	Share of income ⁽²⁾									
	Lowest 20%	%	2002		5.6	3.6		5.4	5.1	HIES
	Highest 20%	%	2002		51.7	60.8		47.9	47.8	HIES

⁽¹⁾ Data are given only for 18 districts where the Census of Population and Housing - 2001 was carried out completely

⁽²⁾ Excluding Northern and Eastern Provinces

Sources:

CPH - Census of Population and Housing - 2001, Department of Census and Statistics

Official Poverty - Official Poverty Line for Sri Lanka, Department of Census and Statistics

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 2002, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A3 : HOUSEHOLD LEVEL ENVIRONMENT

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Sri Lanka	Western	Colombo	Gampaha	Kalutara	Central	Kandy	Matale	Nuwara Eliya
1	With safe drinking water ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001			95.8	91.0	84.1		82.9	79.4	68.8
2	With latrine facilities ^{(1) (2)}	% of hh	2001			87.6	96.8	96.1		96.0	95.9	82.3
3	Used firewood for cooking ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001			32.0	65.7	81.5		85.1	92.4	88.8
4	Used tile/ cement/ wood for floor ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001			95.4	91.3	88.0		75.8	60.7	68.3
5	Used tile/ asbestos for roof ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001			77.1	83.0	84.1		63.2	64.0	34.4
6	Used brick/ cement etc. for walls ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001			87.0	80.8	76.0		82.7	70.8	78.0

Table A3(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Southern	Galle	Matara	Hambantota	North - Western	Kurunegala	Puttalam	North-Central	Anuradhapura	Polonnaruwa
1	With safe drinking water ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		81.8	78.2	87.9		85.9	92.5		83.5	76.7
2	With latrine facilities ^{(1) (2)}	% of hh	2001		96.3	97.6	96.3		92.8	83.0		86.7	93.4
3	Used firewood for cooking ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		85.6	89.0	94.9		94.8	88.3		91.7	94.9
4	Used tile/ cement/ wood for floor ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		82.9	77.7	66.2		70.8	83.0		57.5	67.0
5	Used tile/ asbestos for roof ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		88.0	88.7	76.4		69.3	62.1		71.2	73.4
6	Used brick/ cement etc. for walls ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		74.1	77.0	73.5		73.4	66.1		70.5	74.8

Table A3(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Uva	Badulla	Moneragala	Sabaragamuwa	Ratnapura	Kegalle	Data source
1	With safe drinking water ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		68.6	64.6		58.6	69.8	CPH
2	With latrine facilities ^{(1) (2)}	% of hh	2001		94.2	91.3		95.8	96.0	CPH
3	Used firewood for cooking ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		92.2	95.0		94.3	94.1	CPH
4	Used tile/ cement/ wood for floor ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		64.3	51.3		70.7	74.1	CPH
5	Used tile/ asbestos for roof ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		64.6	75.3		73.2	72.6	CPH
6	Used brick/ cement etc. for walls ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2001		71.0	62.9		66.7	75.9	CPH

⁽¹⁾ Data are given only for 18 districts where the Census of Population and Housing - 2001 was carried out completely

⁽²⁾ Including not having a toilet but sharing with another household

Source:

CPH - Census of Population and Housing - 2001, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A4: GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT

Table A4

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Sri Lanka	Western	Colombo	Gampaha	Kalutara	Central	Kandy	Matale	Nuwara Eliya
A	Education											
1	Adult literacy rate ⁽¹⁾											
	Male	%	2001			94.0	95.6	93.4		92.8	90.2	87.1
	Female	%	2001			93.1	94.9	92.3		89.0	86.0	76.6
B	Employment											
1	Labour force participation rate ⁽²⁾											
	Male	% of male working age	2002	67.9		65.8	69.0	66.0		65.8	69.9	63.8
	Female	% of female working age	2002	33.6		28.7	31.1	30.1		28.9	36.3	47.5
2	Employment by economic activity ⁽¹⁾											
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing											
	Male	% of employed males	2001			2.3	5.8	17.0		16.7	37.7	56.8
	Female	% of employed females	2001			1.5	1.8	20.0		24.7	43.5	72.1
	Industry											
	Male	% of employed males	2001			25.7	33.4	24.3		19.7	16.1	8.5
	Female	% of employed females	2001			34.7	58.2	33.0		25.1	17.5	8.1
	Services											
	Male	% of employed males	2001			72.0	60.8	58.7		63.6	46.2	34.7
	Female	% of employed females	2001			63.8	40.0	47.0		50.2	39.0	19.8

Table 4 (Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Southern	Galle	Matara	Hambantota	North - Western	Kurunegala	Puttalam	North-Central	Anuradhapura	Polonnaruwa
A	Education												
1	Adult literacy rate ⁽¹⁾												
	Male	%	2001		93.7	91.5	91.4		93.4	91.6		92.3	90.9
	Female	%	2001		92.2	88.2	86.8		90.6	90.2		88.9	88.8
B	Employment												
1	Labour force participation rate ⁽²⁾												
	Male	% of male working age	2002		66.1	64.4	68.3		69.9	68.4		70.3	72.9
	Female	% of female working age	2002		32.4	31.7	28.7		35.6	28.9		39.2	23.1
2	Employment by economic activity ⁽¹⁾												
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing												
	Male	% of employed males	2001		27.3	35.3	48.0		32.7	27.2		54.2	58.4
	Female	% of employed females	2001		36.2	44.9	33.8		29.4	17.6		58.8	47.9
	Industry												
	Male	% of employed males	2001		19.0	20.0	15.7		19.8	24.9		7.8	9.1
	Female	% of employed females	2001		23.1	20.9	23.5		25.5	31.7		10.6	16.2
	Services												
	Male	% of employed males	2001		53.7	44.7	36.3		47.5	47.9		38.0	32.5
	Female	% of employed females	2001		40.7	34.2	42.7		45.1	50.7		30.6	35.9

Table A4(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Uva	Badulla	Moneragala	Sabaragamuwa	Ratnapura	Kegalle	Data source
A	Education									
1	Adult literacy rate ⁽¹⁾									
	Male	%	2001		88.1	88.0		89.4	93.0	CPH
	Female	%	2001		80.2	83.6		85.0	89.6	CPH
B	Employment									
1	Labour force participation rate ⁽²⁾									
	Male	% of male working age	2002		73.0	69.6		68.5	67.0	AR of LF
	Female	% of female working age	2002		58.0	52.2		32.4	31.4	AR of LF
2	Employment by economic activity ⁽¹⁾									
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing									
	Male	% of employed males	2001		49.9	62.6		43.3	23.2	CPH
	Female	% of employed females	2001		64.2	64.5		54.9	26.1	CPH
	Industry									
	Male	% of employed males	2001		9.1	15.0		22.1	38.6	CPH
	Female	% of employed females	2001		6.5	7.9		16.6	29.6	CPH
	Services									
	Male	% of employed males	2001		41.0	22.4		34.6	38.2	CPH
	Female	% of employed females	2001		29.3	27.6		28.5	44.3	CPH

⁽¹⁾ Data are given only for 18 districts where the Census of Population and Housing - 2001 was carried out completely

⁽²⁾ Excluding Northern & Eastern provinces

Sources:

CPH - Census of Population and Housing - 2001, Department of Census and Statistics

AR of LF- Annual Report of Labour Force - 2002, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A5: POPULATION DYNAMICS

Table A5

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Sri Lanka	Colombo metro	Other urban	Rural	Estate
1	Total fertility rate	Birth per women (15 - 49 yrs.)	1995/2002	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.8	2.4
2	Ever married women who are aware of AIDS	%	2000	90.3	94.9	95.9	93.5	39.7
3	Ever married women who are aware of mother to child transmission of AIDS	%	2000	67.1	73.0	75.5	69.6	17.7
4	Prevalence of malnutrition of children aged 3 - 36 months							
	Height for age (stunted)	%	2000	11.7	7.2	6.0	10.8	30.9
	Weight for height (wasted)	%	2000	13.9	10.3	8.2	15.2	13.7
	Weight for age (under weight)	%	2000	26.7	17.0	22.4	26.9	43.2
5	Low birth weight < 2.5 kg	%	2000	16.7	14.9	11.6	17.0	20.8
6	Received colostrum	%	2000		83.1	78.1	77.0	65.7
7	Vaccinazation							
	All children 12 - 23 months of age - % immunized							
	BCG	%	2000	99.8	100.0	100.0	99.7	100.0
	DPT 3+4	%	2000	98.0	100.0	100.0	99.4	97.2
	Polio 3+4	%	2000	98.2	100.0	98.2	98.3	94.4
	Measles	%	2000	94.2	91.2	94.6	95.5	86.1
	Full coverage	%	2000	93.5	91.2	94.6	94.4	86.1
8	Doctor/ Govt. nurse/ family health worker/ assistant during delivery	%	2000		98.9	98.1	96.8	83.6
9	Delivery in hospital or nursing home	%	2000		100.0	98.5	98.3	81.7

Table A5(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Data source
1	Total fertility rate	Birth per women (15 - 49 yrs.)	1995/2002	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.7	2.3	DHS
2	Ever married women who are aware of AIDS	%	2000								DHS
3	Ever married women who are aware of mother to child transmission of AIDS	%	2000								DHS
4	Prevalence of malnutrition of children aged 3 - 36 months										
	Height for age (stunted)	%	2000	7.2	8.8	14.3	10.4	15.2	12.2	12.2	DHS
	Weight for height (wasted)	%	2000	10.3	13.2	10.2	17.0	11.2	18.4	23.7	DHS
	Weight for age (under weight)	%	2000	17.0	20.2	26.2	26.3	33.0	28.6	36.7	DHS
5	Low birth weight < 2.5 kg	%	2000	14.9	9.4	20.8	12.7	22.2	20.2	15.5	DHS
6	Received colostrum	%	2000	83.1	83.6	70.9	78.4	75.1	70.4	71.2	DHS
7	Vaccinazation										
	All children 12 - 23 months of age - % immunized										
	BCG	%	2000	100.0	100.0	97.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	DHS
	DPT 3+4	%	2000	100.0	100.0	97.8	100.0	99.0	100.0	97.6	DHS
	Polio 3+4	%	2000	100.0	100.0	97.8	100.0	95.3	100.0	95.1	DHS
	Measles	%	2000	91.2	100.0	97.8	91.1	90.6	100.0	97.6	DHS
	Full coverage	%	2000	91.2	100.0	97.8	91.1	86.8	100.0	95.1	DHS
8	Doctor/ Govt. nurse/ family health worker/ assistant during delivery	%	2000	98.9	98.8	97.5	95.3	93.6	98.0	92.2	DHS
9	Delivery in hospital or nursing home	%	2000	100.0	100.0	98.4	96.8	94.4	98.0	93.3	DHS

Source:

DHS - Demographic and Health Survey - 2000, Department of Census and Statistics

Table A5(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Sri Lanka	Colombo Metro	Urban	Rural	Estate
	Household level environment							
10	With safe drinking water ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2000	75.6	99.4	95.9	74.8	25.2
11	With latrine facilities	% of hh	2000	93.9	99.8	95.2	95.0	72.3
12	Neonatal mortality (NN)	Per 1000 live births	2000	13.9		9.1	13.5	(31.0)
	Post neonatal mortality (PNN)	Per 1000 live births	2000	5.3		5.8	3.9	(16.5)
	Infant mortality	Per 1000 live births	2000			14.9	17.4	(47.5)
	Child mortality (under 5 mortality)	Per 1000 live births	2000	20.8		17.3	18.6	(51.6)
13	Electricity	% of hh	2000	68.2		88.7	66.6	31.0
	Radio	% of hh	2000	79.1		85.8	79.5	58.2
	TV	% of hh	2000	61.5		78.2	60.3	30.8
	Refrigerator	% of hh	2000	23.3		52.7	18.0	2.2
	Bicycle	% of hh	2000	39.5		33.4	43.6	12.3
	Motor cycle	% of hh	2000	14.0		14.4	15.1	1.5
	Car/ van	% of hh	2000	6.2		16.5	4.1	1.9
	Tractor	% of hh	2000	2.3		0.6	2.8	0.8
	Other vehicle	% of hh	2000	3.4		5.4	3.1	0.7

Table A5(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zone 7	Data source
	Household level environment										
10	With safe drinking water ⁽¹⁾	% of hh	2000								DHS
11	With latrine facilities	% of hh	2000								DHS
12	Neonatal mortality (NN)	Per 1000 live births	2000	7.3	7.5	6.8	23.2	12.4	(22.7)	18.3	DHS
	Post neonatal mortality (PNN)	Per 1000 live births	2000	2.9	2.5	4.6	3.1	8.0	(4.5)	11.0	DHS
	Infant mortality	Per 1000 live births	2000	10.2	10.0	11.4	26.3	20.5	(27.3)	29.3	DHS
	Child mortality (under 5 mortality)	Per 1000 live births	2000	13.1	10.0	13.7	27.9	22.7	(27.3)	30.5	DHS
13	Electricity	% of hh	2000	90.5	85.2	75.8	62.9	59.1	53.7	34.2	DHS
	Radio	% of hh	2000	86.4	83.9	81.0	78.1	74.5	76.3	73.3	DHS
	Television	% of hh	2000	80.5	77.4	58.4	58.2	51.0	54.9	52.1	DHS
	Refrigerator	% of hh	2000	56.6	40.0	19.2	17.8	11.2	11.7	7.3	DHS
	Bicycle	% of hh	2000	27.1	45.3	54.0	47.4	10.9	71.0	63.0	DHS
	Motor cycle	% of hh	2000	13.0	24.9	15.2	15.9	4.5	16.3	12.9	DHS
	Car/ van	% of hh	2000	18.2	9.6	4.6	4.9	2.8	2.5	1.2	DHS
	Tractor	% of hh	2000	0.3	0.6	2.0	3.7	1.0	12.6	3.2	DHS
	Other vehicle	% of hh	2000	5.1	4.8	3.1	3.1	2.3	3.0	2.7	DHS

⁽¹⁾ Safe drinking water = protected well+ tube well + main line + bowser

Figures within parenthesis are based on fewer than 500 cases

Source:

DHS - Demographic and Health Survey - 2000, Department of Census and Statistics

Note:

Zone 1 - Colombo metropolitan areas consisting some urban areas in Colombo and Gampaha Districts

Zone 2 - Colombo feeder areas

Zone 3 - South Western coastal low lands

Zone 4 - Lower South Central hill country excluding districts with a concentration of estates

Zone 5 - South Central hill country with a concentration of estates

Zone 6 - Irrigated Dry Zone with a major irrigation schemes

Zone 7 - Rain fed Dry Zone

Indicators at Northern and Eastern Provinces

Table A1: POPULATION AND EMPLOYMENT DYNAMICS

Table A1

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	North and East	Urban	Rural	North	Jaffna	Killinochchi	Mannar	Vavunia	Mullaitivu	East	Batticaloa	Ampara	Trincomalee	Data source
1	Crude birth rate ⁽¹⁾	per 1000 people	2002					14.1	23.5	17.9	23.1	26.6		23.5	19.3	24.7	RGO
2	Crude death rate	per 1000 people	2002					4.6	5.1	2.9	5.8	7.3		4.5	4.1	4.7	RGO
3	Population composition																
	Young (0-14 years)																
	Male	% of total male population	2001	35.6													DHS
	Female	% of total female population	2001	32.0													DHS
	Working (15-64 years)																
	Male	% of total male population	2001	59.7													DHS
	Female	% of total female population	2001	63.8													DHS
	Old (Ages 65+)																
	Male	% of total male population	2001	4.7													DHS
	Female	% of total female population	2001	4.2													DHS

Table A1(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	North and East	Urban	Rural	North	Jaffna	Killinochchi	Mannar	Vavunia	Mullaitivu	East	Batticaloa	Ampara	Trincomalee	Data source
4	Dependency ratio																
	Male	% of working male population	2001	67.5													DHS
	Female	% of working female population	2001	56.7													DHS
5	Sex ratio	No.of male per 1000 female	2001	1071													DHS
6	Total fertility rate	Birth per women (15-49 yrs.)	2001	2.6	2.1	2.6		3.0		2.8	2.6			2.5	2.2	2.6	DHS
7	Ever married women who are aware of AIDS	%	2001	66.9													DHS
8	Women who are aware of mother to child transmission of AIDS	%	2001	52.6	73.8	49.0											DHS
9	Prevalence of malnutrition of children aged 3 - 59 months																
	Weight for age (under weight)	%	2001	46.2	47.1	46.0		43.1		38.3	50.6			53.2	44.1	44.7	DHS
	Male	%	2001	50.2													DHS
	Female	%	2001	42.3													DHS
10	Low birth weight < 2.5 kg	%	2001	25.7	28.3	25.4		30.5		12.7	38.8			24.3	22.7	30.5	DHS

Table A1(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	North and East	Urban	Rural	North	Jaffna	Killinochchi	Mannar	Vavunia	Mullaitivu	East	Batticaloa	Ampara	Trincomalee	Data source
11	Vaccinization																
	All children 1 - 59 months of age - % immunized																
	BCG	%	2001	99.2	99.8	99.1		97.5		100.0	98.0			100.0	98.8	100.0	DHS
	DPT 3+4	%	2001	83.7	87.8	83.1		83.9		85.9	92.2			85.2	80.0	84.7	DHS
	Polio 3+4	%	2001	82.4	89.6	81.4		82.8		85.9	92.2			85.2	79.9	79.5	DHS
	Measles	%	2001	78.3	85.7	77.3		78.0		83.9	88.3			78.9	76.4	77.5	DHS
	Full coverage	%	2001	74.5	83.9	73.3		73.5		83.9	88.3			78.9	71.8	69.0	DHS
12	Received assistance at delivery from doctor, nurse or midwife	%	2001	80.6	88.3	79.7		95.6		61.6	97.7			68.6	80.2	86.4	DHS
13	Male headed household	%	2001		79.0	81.0											DHS
	Female headed household	%	2001		21.0	19.0											DHS
14	With safe drinking water ⁽²⁾	% of hh	2001	89.7	99.1	88.1		94.1		100.0	97.8			96.6	89.0	74.1	DHS
15	With sanitary latrine (water seal) facilities	% of hh	2001	48.2	58.6	46.5		79.0		70.9	71.0			28.4	52.7	25.6	DHS
16	Employment by economic activity ⁽³⁾																
	Agriculture, forestry & fishery	% of total employed	2002				39.1 ⁽⁴⁾						38.5				BLFS N&E
	Manufacturing	% of total employed	2002				9.6 ⁽⁴⁾						10.5				BLFS N&E
	Construction	% of total employed	2002				3.9 ⁽⁴⁾						4.9				BLFS N&E
	Other ⁽⁵⁾	% of total employed	2002				47.3 ⁽⁴⁾						46.2				BLFS N&E

Table A1(Contd.)

S.N.	Items	Unit	Year	North and East	Urban	Rural	North	Jaffna	Killinochchi	Mannar	Vavunia	Mullaitivu	East	Batticaloa	Ampara	Trincomalee	Data source
17	Unemployment	% of total LF	2002				13.0 ⁽⁴⁾						15.9				BLFS N&E
	Male	% of total male LF	2002				6.9 ⁽⁴⁾						9.3				BLFS N&E
	Female	% of total female LF	2002				31.5 ⁽⁴⁾						38.0				BLFS N&E
18	Labour force participation rate	% of total working age	2002				33.8 ⁽⁴⁾						40.3				BLFS N&E
	Male	% of male working age	2002				54.6 ⁽⁴⁾						63.6				BLFS N&E
	Female	% of female working age	2002				15.7 ⁽⁴⁾						18.0				BLFS N&E
19	Technical and associate professional	% of total workers	2002				6.1 ⁽⁴⁾						4.6				BLFS N&E
20	Share of income																
	Lowest 20%	%	2002				4.1 ⁽⁴⁾						4.7				HIES
	Highest 20%	%	2002				51.5 ⁽⁴⁾						50.2				HIES

(1) According to the place of registration and not according to place of residence

(2) Safe drinking water = protected well + tube well + main line+ bowser

(3) Exclude uncleared areas and welfare centers

(4) Only North part

(5) Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicals etc. and Personal and Household Goods, Public Administration, Defence and Compulsory Social Security, Education, Health & Social work, Other community, Social and personal service activities, Hotels and Restaurants, Transport, Storage and Communication, Financial Intermediation and Real Estate, Renting and Business Activities, Private Households with Employed Persons, Miscellaneous Labour work, Mining & Quarrying, Electricity, Gas and Water supply, Extra Teritorial Organizations & bodies, Industries not adequately described

Sources:

RGO - Registrar General's Department

DHS - Sri Lanka Demographic and Health Survey - 2001, Northern and Eastern Provinces, Department of Census and Statistics

BLFSN&E - Bulletin of Labour Force Statistics of Northern and Eastern Provinces - 2002, Department of Census and Statistics

HIES - Household Income and Expenditure Survey - 2002/03, conducted in Northern and Eastern Provinces, Department of Census and Statistics

Areas covered in Bulletin of Labour Force Statistics of Northern & Eastern Provinces - 2002

(1) Eastern Province

Lists of units are available in all the 3 Districts Ampara, Trincomalee and Batticaloa except for few G.N.Divisions.

(2) Northern Province

The lists of units which could be used for sample selection purposes are generally available (except for few isolated G.N.Divisions)

- (i) in all of the D.S.Divisions in Jaffna District **except for Thenamarachchy D.S.Division,**
- (ii) in all of the D.S.Divisions in Vavuniya District **except for Vavuniya North D.S.Division** and
- (iii) in "Mannar Town" D.S.Division **only but not in other 4 D.S.Divisions** in Mannar District.

Further no lists of units are available for Killinochchi and Mullaitivu Districts at all.

Areas covered in Household Income & Expenditure Survey - 2002/03, in Northern & Eastern Provinces

(1) Eastern Province

The lists of units are available in all the 3 Districts Ampara, Trincomalee and Batticaloa except for few isolated Grama Niladhari Divisions.

(2) Northern Province

The list of units which could be used for sample selection purposes are generally available as follows,

- (i) In all of the Divisional Secretariat Divisions (DSDD) in Jaffna District except for Thenamarachchy, Valikamam North and Vadamarachchy East and Delft DSDDD.
- (ii) In all of the DSDD in Vavuniya District except for Vavuniya North DSD.
- (iii) In "Mannar Town" DSD only but not in other 4 DSDD in Mannar District.

Further no lists of units are available for the Killinochchi and Mullaitivu Districts at all.