



NATIONAL ACCOUNTS OF SRI LANKA 2019



Department of Census & Statistics
Ministry of Finance

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS OF SRI LANKA

2019

DEPARTMENT OF CENSUS AND
STATISTICS

Preface

This is the 45th publication of the series of National Accounts Estimates (NAE) published by the National Accounts Division of the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS). Further, this is the fifth publication which contains the NAE's based on the new base year of 2010.

In the year of 2015, the National Accounts Division of the DCS revised the base year from 2002 to 2010. In addition to revising the base year from 2002 to 2010, in the compilation of National Accounts, many other improvements were also made, such as, conceptual changes as recommended by the international guidelines (SNA 2008) and best practices, improvements in the methodology of compilation, adoption of latest classification systems, expansion of the production boundary and inclusion of emerging activities, new and recent data sources. With these improvements in the national accounting system, from 2015 second quarter onwards the DCS compiled and released the annual and quarterly estimates of National Accounts from 2010 onwards using the new base year of 2010. Accordingly, this publication is prepared based on National Accounts Estimates produced for the year 2019 with the new base year of 2010.

This publication includes tables on Production Accounts prepared according to the activities on International Standard Industrial Classification of all economic activities (ISIC Rev 4), General Government Expenditure based on the Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG), and Private Consumption Expenditure based on Classification of Individual Consumption according to the purpose (COICOP).

Further, this publication consists of "Annual data series of GDP estimates" in Production approach. In addition, GDP estimates compiled based on the Income and Expenditure approaches, are also included.

I hope that this publication would be benefitted for data users, including policy makers, economic planners of the country as well as for academicians, researchers and other data users, who are working for and interested in the economy of Sri Lanka.



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The report was prepared by the team of officers of Mr.B.A.U. Warnasiri, Mrs. U.V.R.S. Gunawardana, Mrs. S. Jeyagowry, Mr. M.A.S. Laksiri, Mr. H.K.S. Indrapriya, Mrs.W.H. Manjula, Statisticians, Mrs. Y.G.R.I. Kulathilaka, Mr. W.R.R. Premathilake, Senior Statisticians of the National Accounts Division. The team were assisted by the officers of Mr. S.T.T. Warapitiya, Mrs. T.P.G.W.K. Thennakoon, Ms. M.P.M. Priyadarshani and Mrs. K.A. Wijesekara, Ms. C.N. Balasooriya, Mrs. K.A.M.W. Kumari, Mrs. I.G.V.L. Dasanayaka, Ms. R.K. Tharanga, Mr. M.M.T. Dasanayaka, Mrs. S.N.P. Warnamali and Mrs. W.A.R. Mangalika, Statistical Officers and Mrs. S.G.P. Sandya Kumari, Development Officer and other staff of the National Accounts Division.

At this time we thankfully acknowledge the contributions provided by the staff of the DCS at different stages of compiling macroeconomic indicators of the country.

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Further, we thankful all the officers of the divisions of the DCS, such as Agriculture Division, Industry, Construction, Trade and Services Division and Prices and Wages Division for their hard work in providing more accurate and timely data needed for the compilation of macroeconomic indicators.

In addition, the continued assistance given by the private and public sector organizations through furnishing primary data to compile these estimations and make this annual publication a success is very much appreciated.

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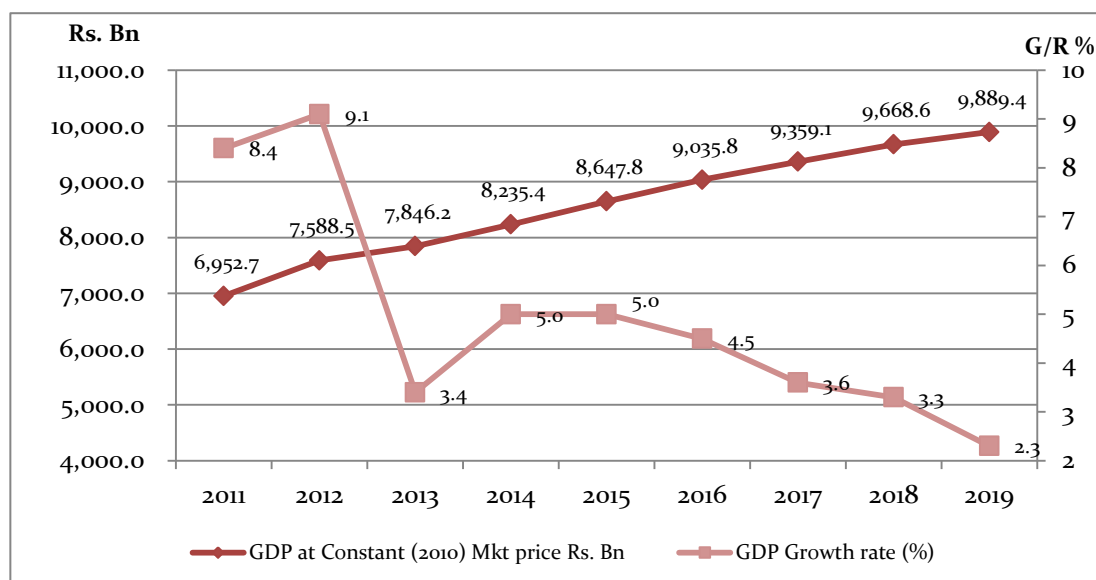
Chapter 1 : Economic Performance – 2019

OVERVIEW

The economic growth rate of the country further grew by 2.3 percent in year 2019, compared to the 3.3 percent growth rate reported in the previous year. The estimated annual Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at current price and at constant price (2010) for Sri Lanka for the year 2019 (January to December) reportedly reached up to Rs.15,016,142 million and Rs.9,889,379 million respectively. In 2018, the annual GDP value at current price and constant price (2010) were

reported as Rs.143,666,103 and Rs.9,668,600 million respectively. Figure 1.1 clearly shows the continuous expansion of Sri Lanka economy based on the annual GDP estimates at constant (2010) prices, by the upward trend during the period of 2011 to 2019. When look at the economic growth rates of the country it clearly indicate positive growth rates at a slower phase during the respective period.

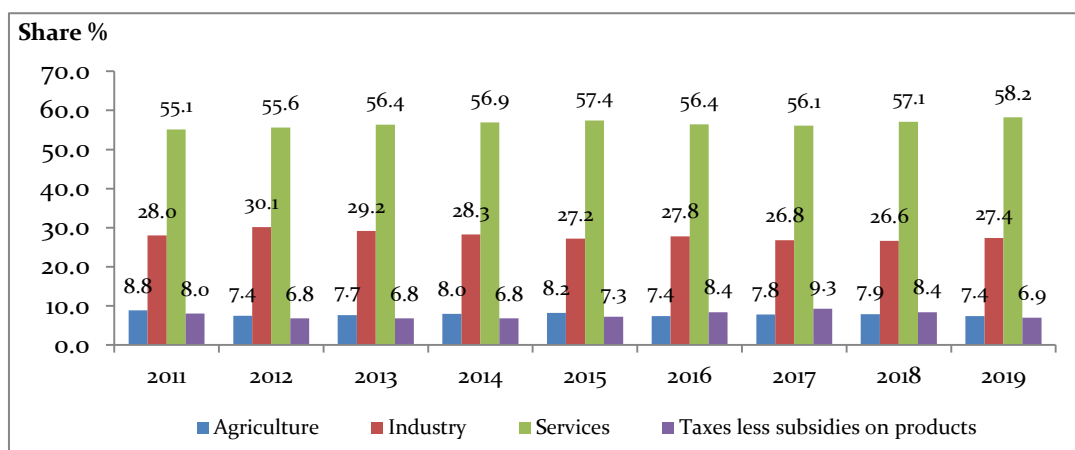
FIGURE 1.1: ANNUAL TRENDS IN THE GDP, 2011-2019



According to the National Accounting framework, (Base year 2010), the composition of the GDP is given as Agriculture, Industry, Services and Taxes less subsidies on products. This is due to the adjustment of 'Taxes less subsidies on products' to the total Gross Value Added to derive Gross Domestic Product at market price. The value added of the each economic activity is derived by deducting intermediate consumption from the gross output value. Generally the, intermediate consumption is estimated at purchaser's price, the output of the economic

activities is estimated at basic price. Consequently the value added is reported at basic price. In theoretical point of view, the GDP of an economy should be valued only at market price. Therefore to calculate the Gross Domestic Product at market price, the taxes should be added up to the gross value added of the total economy and then the subsidies should be deducted. Accordingly, in the new series of national accounts, the Gross Domestic Product of the economy has been derived by adjusting the 'taxes less subsidies on products' to the total Gross Value Added.

FIGURE 1.2: CONTRIBUTION OF AGRICULTURE, INDUSTRY, SERVICES & TAXES LESS SUBSIDIES ON PRODUCTS TO THE GDP AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE



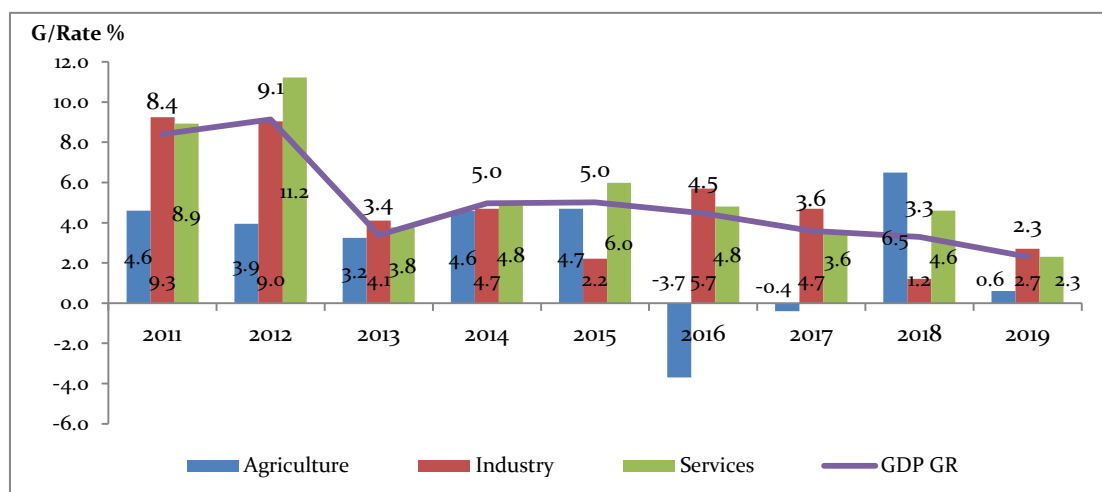
In the year 2019, the four major components of the economy: Agriculture, Industry, Services and Taxes less subsidies has contributed their share to the total GDP at current price (2010) by 7.4 percent, 27.4 percent, 58.2 percent and 6.9 percent respectively. More than 50 percent of the economy is shouldered by the Service sector while Industrial and Agricultural sectors trailing behind. This pattern is more or less similar throughout the period of 2011-2019 (

Figure 1.2).

The Figure 1.3 shows the growth rates of major economic activities and the trend in annual GDP growth rates of Sri Lanka over

the last five years. In 2019, most of the agricultural activities reported contractions and recorded a minor overall growth rate of 0.6 percent when compared to the healthy growth rate of 6.5 percent recorded in 2018. The industry sector has reported a substantial growth rate of 2.7 percent compared to 1.2 percent of slow growth rate recorded in 2018. Amidst the adverse impact of “Easter Sunday Attack” on second quarter of 2019, Service sector recorded a slow growth of 2.3 percent in this year compared to the significant growth rate of 4.6 percent recorded for 2018. Therefore the overall GDP growth rate has slowed to 2.3 percent in 2019, compared to 3.3 percent recorded in 2018.

FIGURE 1.3: ANNUAL GROWTH RATES OF AGRICULTURE, INDUSTRY, SERVICES 2011-2019



CONTRIBUTION FROM THE INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS TO THE GVA

The Gross Value added (GVA) is comprised by contribution of five institutional sectors: Non-financial corporations (NFC), Financial Corporations (FC), General Government (GG), Households (HH) and Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (NPISH). The National Accounting framework of Sri Lanka is based by four categories where Households and Non-profit institutions serving households are considered together as a one sector.

When consider the Institutional Sectors contribution to the total GVA, at national level in 2019, it remains same as at 2018, the half of the GVA is shared by the Households and NPISH sector. (Figure 1.4). Around 35.0 percent is shared by the NFC sector. The General Government and Financial Corporation sectors shared relatively low percentages of one tenth and one twentieth of the total GVA.

FIGURE 1.4: PERCENTAGE SHARE OF INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS TO THE GVA AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE -2019

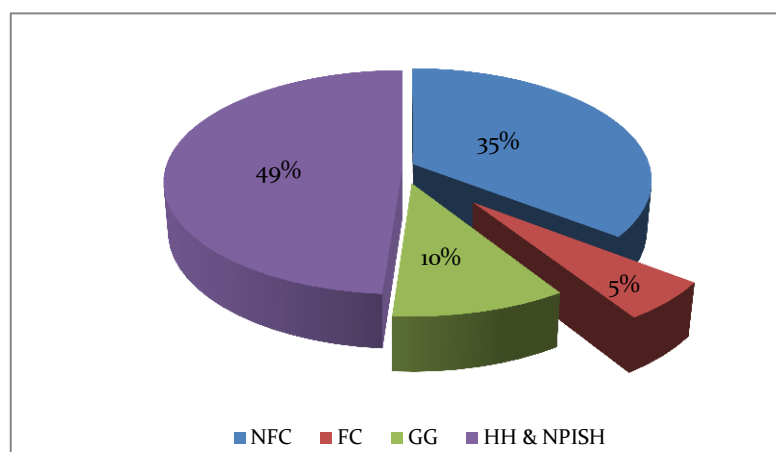
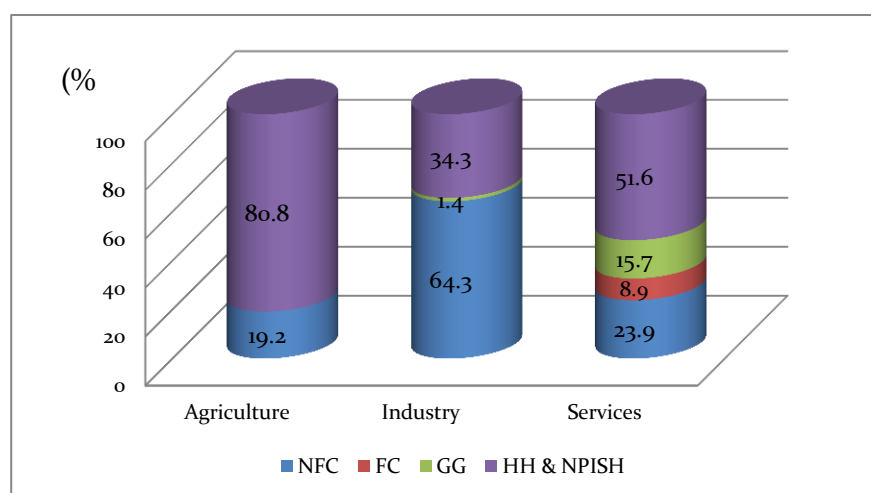


FIGURE 1.5: PERCENTAGE SHARE OF INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS TO THE GVA BY MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE -2019



When consider the Institutional Sectors contribution, to the major economic activities, (Figure 1.5) the agricultural activities has mainly driven by HH and NFC sectors. The major portion of 80.8 percent has contributed by HH sector while the rest has been contributed by the NFC sector. Sixty four percent of industrial activities has driven by the NFC sector, while 34 percent has contributed by Household /NPISH sector. The General

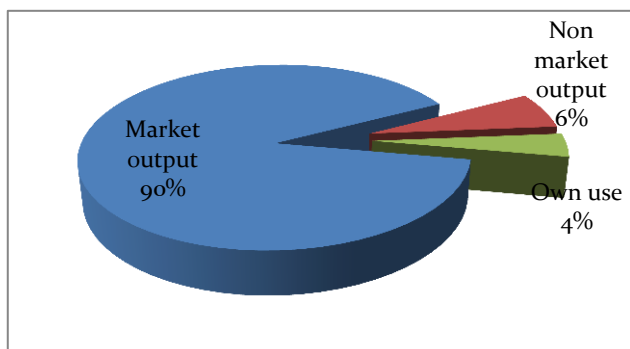
Government sector contribution to the Industry sector has been very low (1.4 percent). All four sectors of the economy have given their contributions to generate the gross value added of the services activities. The HH /NPISH sector contributed 51.6 percent to the total GVA of services activities while the rest have shared by the NFC (23.9), GG (15.7) and FC (8.9) sectors.

OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY (MARKET OUTPUT/NON MARKET OUTPUT/ OWN USE)

Total output of the economy is comprised by market output, non market output and output of own final use. The total output of year 2019 is reported as Rs.24,772,788 million at current price. Out of this, 90.0

percent is represented by the market output and 6.0 percent and 4.0 percent are estimated as output of non-market output and own final use respectively (Figure 1.6).

FIGURE 1.6: PERCENTAGE SHARE OF OUTPUT BY TYPES AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE - 2019

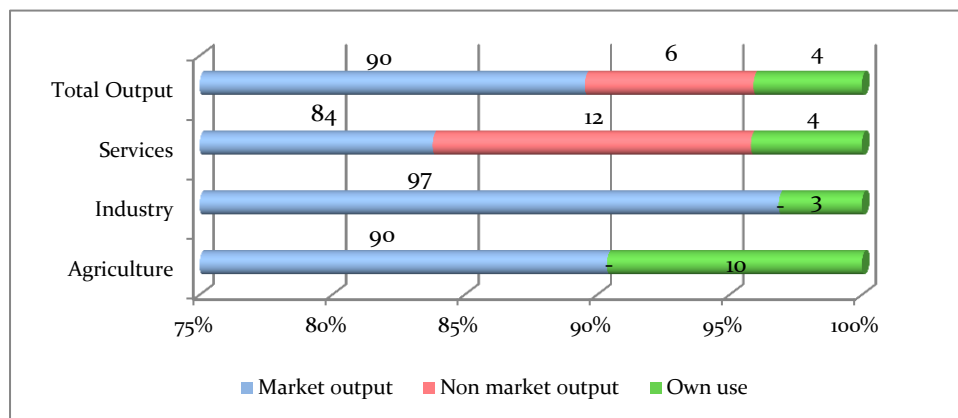


The market output is mainly generated by Non Financial Corporations, Financial Corporations and Households. Private education and private health are also considered as “Market Output”. Health and education provided by the general government is included in the output of GG as non-market output. The major portion of ‘Output of own final use’ belongs to the own consumption of household’s while remain comes under to the own consumption of NFC’s. Total Agriculture and Industry outputs consisted with “Market Output” and “Output of own final

use” only. The Service output involved with all three categories including “Non market output”. In agricultural activities, 90 percent of the output is produced as a market output and 10.0 percent of the output is used for own consumption.

In service activities, 84 percent produced for the market output, 12 percent produced for non-market output and 4 percent produced for own consumption. Out of this 11 percent of non market output, 8 percent is produced from the General Government (Figure 1.7).

FIGURE 1.7: OUTPUT GENERATION BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE – 2019

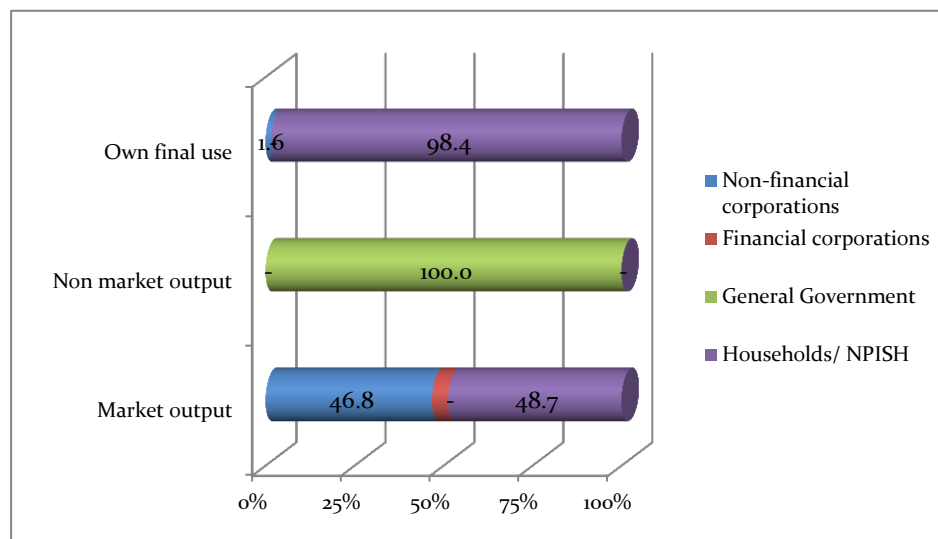


OUTPUT BY INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS

The contribution of the institutional sectors to the total output in each category of the economy is clearly showing in Figure 1.8. The market output is generated mainly through NFC, FC and HH/NPISH sectors by 46.8 percent, 4.5 percent and 48.7 percent respectively. Hundred percent of the output

of Financial corporations contributed to the Market output. Non market output is totally driven by the General Government sector. In 'Own final use', 98.5 percent is generated by Households and remained 1.5 percent provided by NFCs.

FIGURE 1.8: OUTPUT GENERATION BY INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE -2019



GDP implicit price deflator

The GDP implicit price deflator which measures the price change in the economy with respect to a specific base year (2010=100), increased to 151.8 in year 2019 from 148.6 recorded in year 2018, indicating 2.19 percent of inflation rate for the year 2019.

According to the Colombo Consumer Price Index (CCPI) (2013 = 100), it has increased to 129.5 in year 2019, from 124.2 recorded in the year 2018, indicating a 4.3 percent of inflation rate.

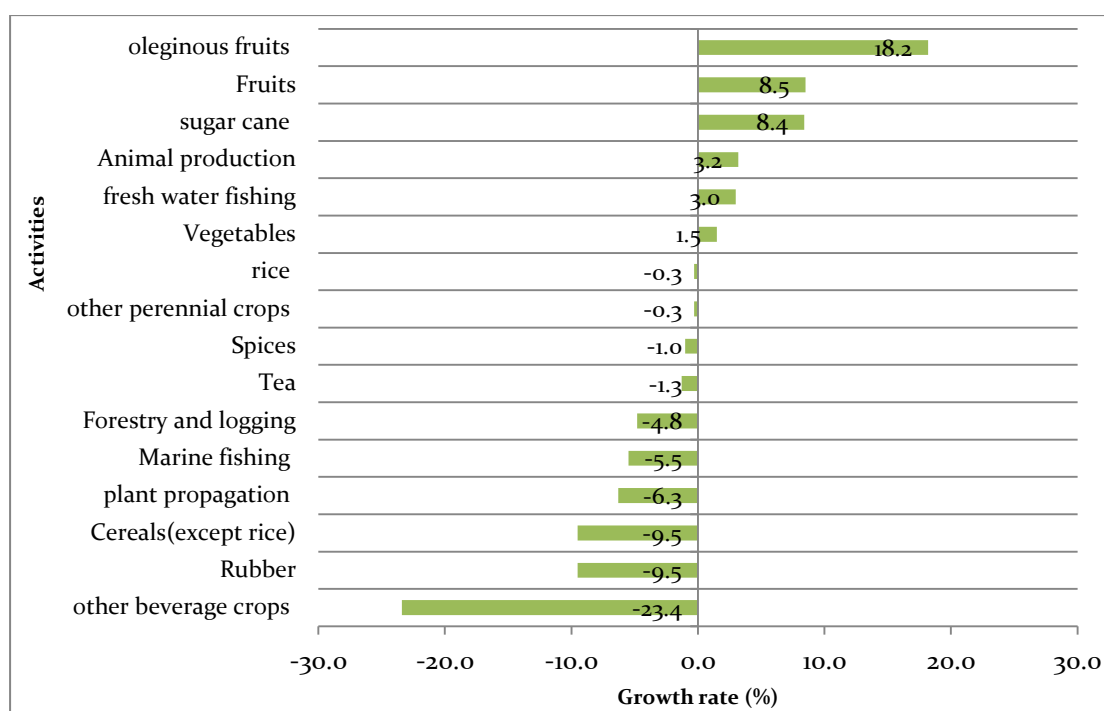
PERFORMANCE OF MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES IN 2019

Agriculture Activities

Among the sub activities of Agriculture, during the year of 2019, most of the key agricultural activities have reported contractions in their value added, compared to the previous year. However, 'Growing of Oleaginous fruits; including coconut', 'Growing of fruits', 'Animal

production', 'Fresh water fishing' and 'Growing of vegetables' have reported positive growth rates of 18.2 percent, 8.5 percent, 3.2 percent, 3.0 percent, and 1.5 percent respectively during the year of 2019, when compared to the previous year.

FIGURE 1.9: AGRICULTURE - GROWTH RATES BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY (2019)



The 'Marine fishing' and 'Growing of rice' are the activities which shared the GDP comparatively by higher percentages than the other agricultural activities, have reported negative growth rates of 5.5 percent and 0.3 percent respectively during the year of 2019. In addition, 'Growing of

cereals', 'Growing of rubber', 'Plant propagation', 'Forestry and logging', 'Growing of Tea' and 'Growing of Spices' have reported negative growth rate of 9.5 percent, 9.5 percent, 6.3 percent, 4.8 percent, 1.3 percent and 1.0 percent respectively.

Industry Activities

The 'Industrial activities', which shared the GDP by 27.4 percent at current price, has continued to expand further significantly by 2.7 percent, during the year of 2019, when compared to the year of 2018.

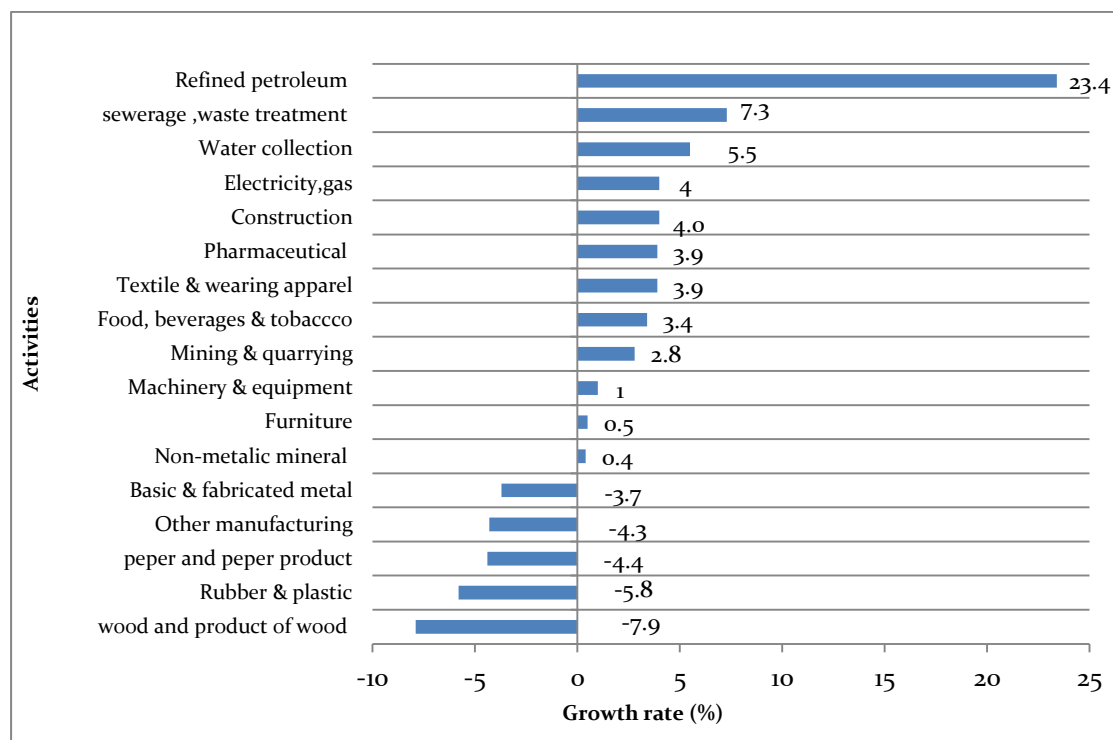
The overall manufacturing activities have grown by 1.9 percent during the year of 2019, supported mainly by the sub activities of 'Manufacture of food, beverages and tobacco' and 'Manufacture of textile and wearing apparels', which recorded positive

growth rates of 3.4 percent and 3.9 percent respectively during the year of 2019. In addition, 'Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products', 'Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceuticals', 'Manufacture of machinery and equipment' and 'Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products' have reported significant positive growth rates of 23.4 percent, 3.9 percent, 1.0 percent and 0.4 percent respectively. However, 'Manufacture of wood and products of wood and cork', 'Manufacture of rubber and plastic products', 'Manufacture of paper products' and 'Manufacture of basic metal and fabricated metal products' have reported negative growth rates of 7.9 percent, 5.8 percent, 4.4 percent and 3.7 percent during this year.

Among the 'Industrial activities', 'Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply' and 'Water collection, treatment and supply' activities have recorded 4.0 percent and 5.5 percent positive growth rates respectively.

Meanwhile the 'Mining and quarrying' has reported 2.8 percent of growth during the year 2019, when compared to the year of 2018. The 'Construction' activity, which corresponds to the highest share (7.5 percent) within the industry sector, grew by 4.0 percent during the year of 2019, when compared to the year of 2018.

FIGURE 1.10: INDUSTRY - GROWTH RATES BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY (2019)



Services Activities

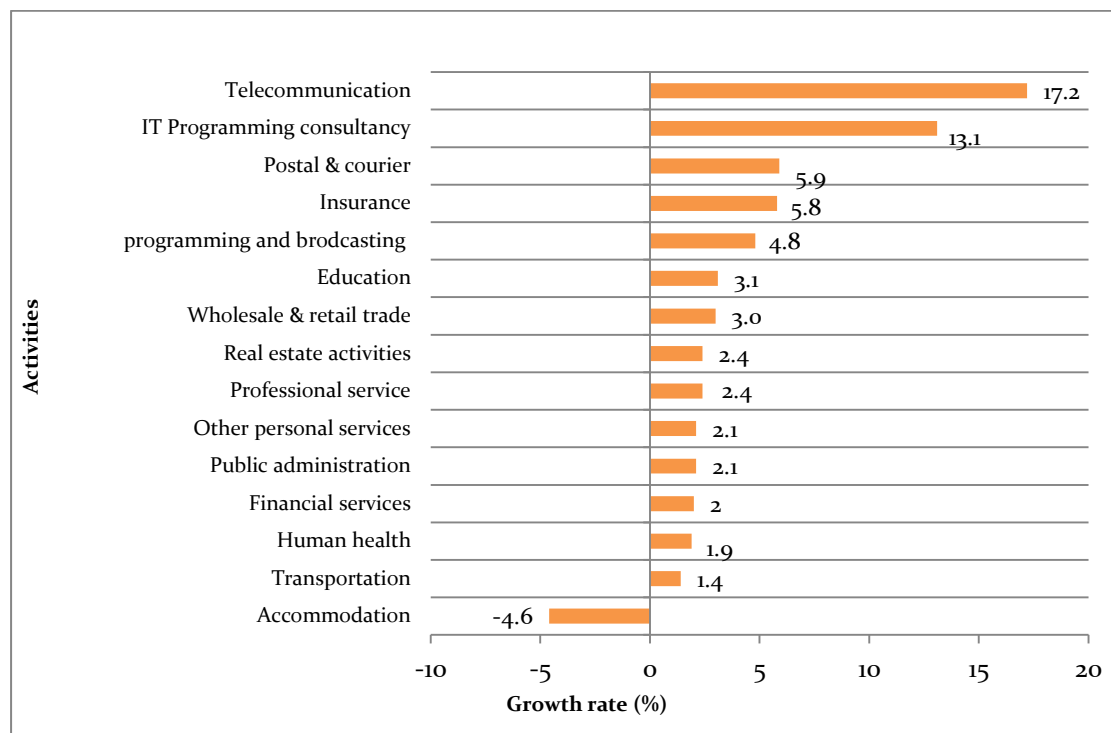
Among the three major economic activities (Agriculture, Industries and Services), the Services activities which corresponds to the highest contribution (58.2 percent) to the GDP, recorded a positive growth rate of 2.3

percent during the year of 2019, when compared to the previous year. The performance of the Services sector was underpinned specially by the sub activities of 'Telecommunication', 'IT programming and

consultancy', 'Insurance activities', 'Wholesale and Retail trade' and 'Other personal services' and which reported significantly higher growth rates of 17.2 percent, 13.1 percent, 5.8 percent, 3.0 percent and 2.1 percent respectively, when compared to the previous year. Meanwhile, 'Financial service activities' unlike in previous years, has reported a slight positive growth rate of 2.0

percent in the year of 2019, when compared to the previous year. However, the sub activity of 'Accommodation, food and beverage serving activities' have reported a contraction by 4.6 percent during this year when compared to the previous year of 2018, showing continuous adverse impact of Easter Sunday attack on tourism industry industry.

FIGURE 1.11: SERVICES - GROWTH RATES BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY (2019)



Chapter 2 : Detailed Review of Economic Activities

In this chapter the performances of economic activities in Agriculture, Industry and Service sectors in year 2019 are broadly discussed. Mostly, they are compared with 2018 annual data. In many data tables the base year (2010) values are also included for the reference.

Overall Agricultural activities has added Rs 687,857million to the Sri Lankan Economy in 2019, reporting slight expansion of 0.6 percent compared to the considerable expansion of 6.5 percent recorded in 2018. This slight growth is due to the fact that several agriculture activities have recorded positive growth and most agriculture activities have recorded negative growth.

Among them, the sub activity of 'Growing of oleaginous fruits, including coconut' has reported an expansion by 18.2 percent in 2019, favorable weather condition throughout the coconut growing areas caused for this increase.. Also 'Growing of fruits', 'Animal production', Fresh water fishing' have increased by 8.5 percent, 3.2 percent, 3.0 percent respectively in 2019. But several agriculture activities reported moderate increase in year 2019. 'Growing of vegetable' has increased by 1.5 percent compared to 4.0 percent increase in 2018.

Meanwhile several major agriculture activities have shown contractions in 2019 compared to 2018. 'Growing of rice' which was reported 44.7 percent a considerable increase in 2018, has decreased 0.3 percent in 2019. Also Marine fishing and marine aquaculture', 'Forestry and Logging', 'Growing of Tea', 'Growing of spices', declined 5.5 percent, 4.8 percent, 1.3 percent, 1.0 percent respectively in 2019 compared to 2018. The growth rate of 'Growing of rubber', 'Growing of other perennial crops' have declined further by 9.5 percent, 0.3 percent respectively in 2019.

Ninety percent of the total output of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing sector is produced for the market and 10 percent is

used the 'own use'. Only 'Growing of rice', 'Growing of coconut' activities reported 20 percent of the output used for own use, and 'Forestry and logging' activity reported more than 25 percent. Generally 80 percent of the gross value added of agricultural activities comes through the household sector. However 35 percent and more than 60 percent of value additions of 'Growing of tea' and 'Animal production' come through the NFCs .

The industrial activities have expanded further by 2.7 percent in 2019 compared to 2018. The total contribution of Industry activities to the GDP is recorded as Rs. 2,608,211 million. During the year of 2019, the manufacturing activities alone has contributed Rs.1,540,969 million to the total GDP, indicating a growth of 1.9 percent compared to 2018.

Among the manufacturing activities, 'Manufacture of food, beverages and tobacco products' which is the highest contributor of manufacturing sector, has recorded an expansion of 3.4 percent in year 2019. Similarly 'manufacture of textile, wearing apparel and leather related products', 'Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products', Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum showed expansion of 3.9 percent, 3.9 percent and 23.4 percent respectively compared to the growth rates of 3.4 percent and 3.4 percent and (8.2) percent respectively recorded in 2018. 'Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products' reported slight growth rate of 0.4 percent in 2019 compared to the considerable growth rate of 9.3 percent in 2018. However, some manufacturing activities reported a contraction in 2019. Among them 'Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork except furniture', 'Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products' have recorded contraction of 7.9 percent, 4.4 percent respectively.

The 'Construction' activity, the highest shareholder of industrial activities, has increased by 4.0 percent in 2019 compared to the 2.5 percent negative growth rate reported in 2018. The sub activity of 'Mining and quarrying' also has increased by 2.8 percent in 2019 compared to the negative growth rate of 5.2 percent recorded in 2018.

The value added of 'Electricity', 'Water collection, treatment and supply', 'Sewerage, waste, treatment and disposal activities' also have expanded by 4.0 percent, 5.5 percent and 7.3 percent respectively over the period of 2019.

The service activities have contributed Rs. 5,680,757 million to the total GDP in 2019. All the service activities except 'Accommodation, food and beverage service activities, have expanded during 2019 which make an overall increase of 2.3 percent when compared to the year 2018.

The outstanding performances were reported by 'Telecommunication' 'IT programming consultancy and related activities, which grew by 17.2 percent 13.1 percent, respectively in 2019 when compared to 2018. The other main activities underpinned the service sector are 'Public administration and defense', 'Real estate activities', 'Financial service activities' which reported growth rates of 2.1 percent, 2.4 percent, 2.0 percent, respectively compared to previous year. The highest contributors to the service sector, the 'Whole sale and retail trade' and 'Transportation of goods and passengers including ware housing' have recorded expansions of 3.0 percent and 1.4 percent respectively. But 'Accommodation, food and beverage service activities has declined 4.6 percent in 2019.

PERFORMANCE OF AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

Growing of Cereals

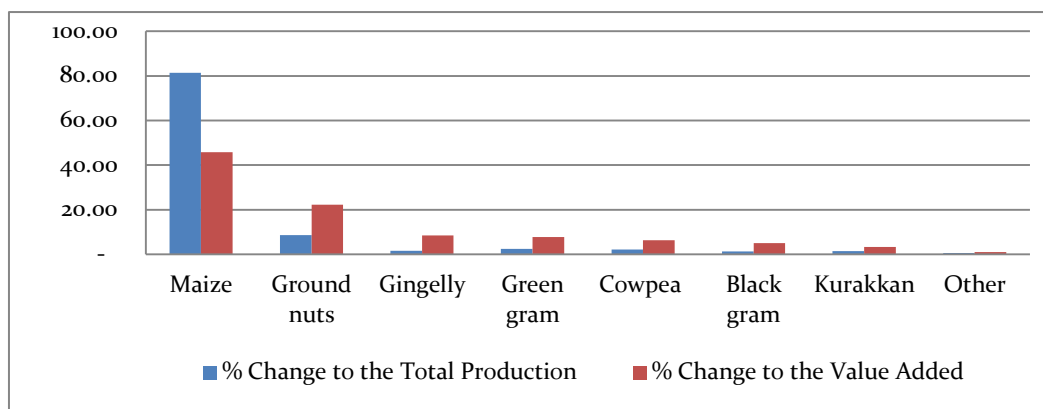
In the year 2019, the activity of 'Growing of cereals' has contributed Rs.10,615 million to the Gross Domestic Product at constant(2010) market prices of the country. Production of "Maize" contributed the highest proportions of 81% out of the total cereal production. The growth rate of this activity showed a slightly increased by

2.0 percent in 2018, but it has a heavy decline by 9.5 percent in 2019. Percentage change in GDP Implicit Price Deflator which indicates the impact of Price effect on the activity has also reported a 9.4 representing a significant increase of prices in 2019.

TABLE 2.1: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF CEREALS' (2010, 2018 AND 2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	10,548	20,554	20,335
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	10,548	11,736	10,615
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.2	0.1	0.1
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	2.0	-9.5
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	10.4	9.4
@ Provisional			

FIGURE 2.1: COMPARISON OF PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN PRODUCTION AND THE VALUE ADDITION OF CEREALS – 2019



Growing of Rice

Rice is the staple food in the country. It's a non-perennial crop, growing in all districts of the country. Rice is regarded as a seasonal crop based on North-East and South-West monsoon rains. The share of 'Growing of rice'

has been decreased to 0.8 percent to the total GDP in 2019. The value added of 'Growing of Rice' has reported a decrease of 0.3 percent in the year 2019 compared to 44.7 percent increase reported in 2018 (Table 2.2).

TABLE 2.2: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF RICE' (2010, 2018 AND 2019)

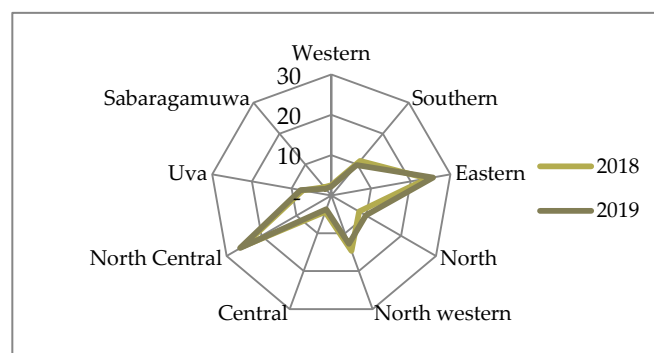
Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	60,086	132,726	114,420
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	60,086	70,380	70,169
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.9	0.9	0.8
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	44.7	-0.3
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	3.6	-13.5

@ Provisional

Figure 2.2 shows the comparison of paddy production by province in 2018 and 2019. North- Central and Eastern provinces reported an expansion of 2.9 percent and

5.7 percent of paddy production in 2019 compared to 2018. The highest paddy production in 2019 is reported from the North- Central Province of Sri Lanka.

FIGURE 2.2: PADDY PRODUCTION BY PROVINCE IN 2018 AND 2019



Growing of vegetables

The gross value added of 'Growing of vegetables' contributed 0.7 percent of the GDP in 2019. The gross value added of growing of vegetable recorded a 1.5 percent growth in 2019 compared to 4.0 percent growth reported in 2018. This activity added Rs. 58,298 million to the total GDP

in real terms in 2019. According to the quantity produced in 2019, the five main vegetable items reported were Manioc, Green leaves (mugunuwenna and gotukola collectively), Brinjals, Red pumpking and Cabbage.

TABLE 2.3: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF VEGETABLES' (2010, 2018 AND 2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	47,704	102,002	101,578
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	47,704	57,439	58,298
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.7	0.7	0.7
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	4.0	1.5
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	-1.9	-1.9
@ Provisional			

Growing of Oleaginous Fruits

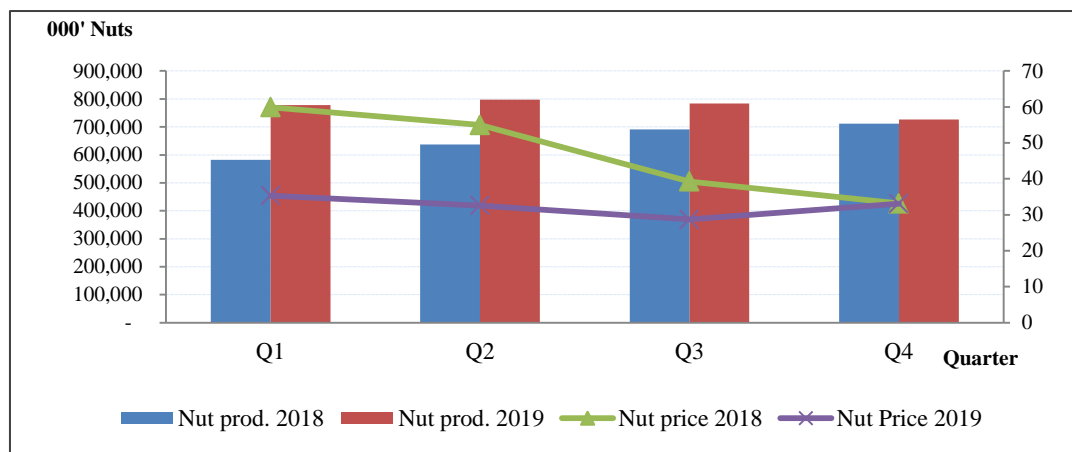
The activity of "Growing of oleaginous fruits" mainly consists of growing of coconut. The gross value added to the GDP in this activity increased from Rs. 57,577 million reported in 2018 to Rs. 68,062 million in 2019, recording an increase of 18.2 percent. The percentage share of this activity to the GDP in 2019 has

dropped down to 0.5 percent compared to 2018.(Table 2.4) The coconut production of the country has increased by 462,467 thousand nuts in year 2019, compared to year 2018. The favorable weather conditions prevailed throughout the coconut growing areas has become the main factor contributed for this increase.

TABLE 2.4: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF OLEAGINOUS FRUITS' (2010,2018,2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	60,231	110,736	81,478
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	60,231	57,577	68,062
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.9	0.8	0.5
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price		7.1	18.2
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		-0.3	-37.8
@ Provisional			

FIGURE 2.3: COCONUT PRODUCTION AND PRICE CHANGES WITHIN THE QUARTERS OF 2018-2019



Growing of tea

The growth rate of 'Growing of Tea' has decreased by 1.3 percent in year 2019 compared to 2018. The unfavorable weather conditions prevailed throughout the tea growing areas was the main reason for this decrease. The gross value added at

constant (2010) market prices was estimated as Rs. 66,300 million in 2019. GDP implicit price deflator showed a 7.5 percent decrease compared to 2018.

TABLE 2.5: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF TEA' (2010, 2018 AND 2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	72,208	108,290	98,868
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	72,208	67,141	66,300
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	1.1	0.8	0.7
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	0.4	-1.3
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	-7.4	-7.5

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FIGURE 2.4: COMPARISON OF TEA PRODUCTION BY PROVINCE IN 2018 AND 2019

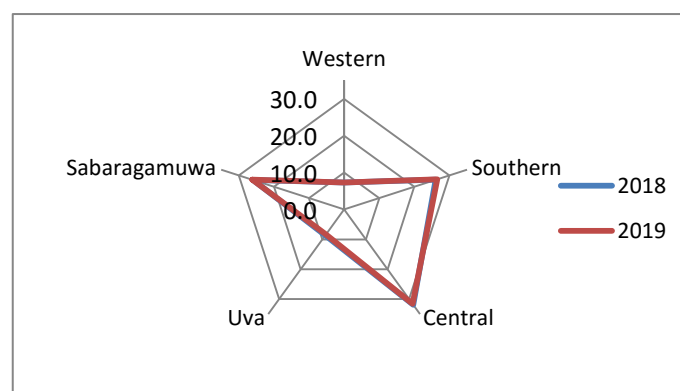
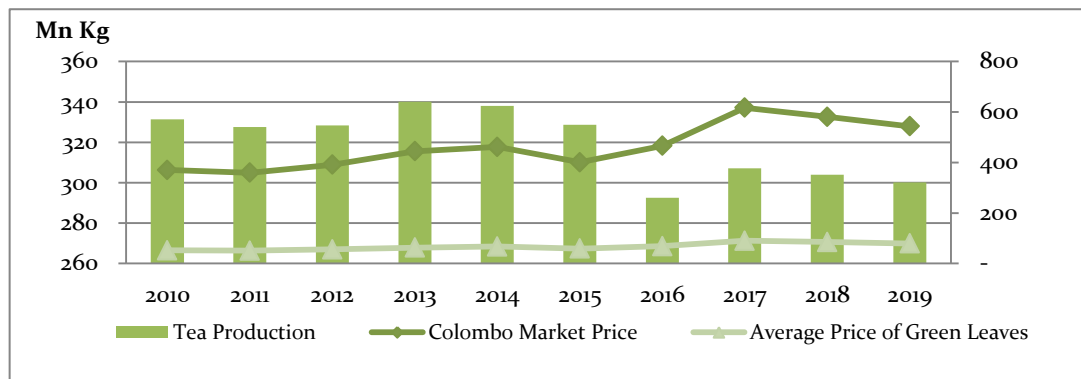


Figure 2.5 shows that one kilogram of Tea Colombo Auction Price in 2019 has decreased to Rs. 543.83 from Rs. 580.71 as reported in 2018 indicating 6.4 percent price decrease in 2019. In 2019, only 293 million kilograms of tea has been exported and it was registered as a increase of 3.6 percent. In year 2019

except Southern province, Western, Central, Uva and Sabaragamuwa provinces reported a decrease in Made tea production. Central province which is the main tea producing province in Sri Lanka, reported 2.2 percent decrease in 2019 compared to 2018 (Figure 2.4).

FIGURE 2.5: ANNUAL TEA PRODUCTION AND PRICES (2010 -2019)



Growing of rubber

In year 2019, the activity of 'Growing of Rubber' has contributed Rs. 21,807 million to the gross domestic product of the country, which denote a decrease of 9.5 percent compared to the year 2018. According to Table 2.6 percentage change

in GDP implicit price deflator has reported a negative value of 23.2 in 2019. The contribution to the GDP by this activity has lowered from 0.7 percent in 2010 to 0.1 percent in 2019.

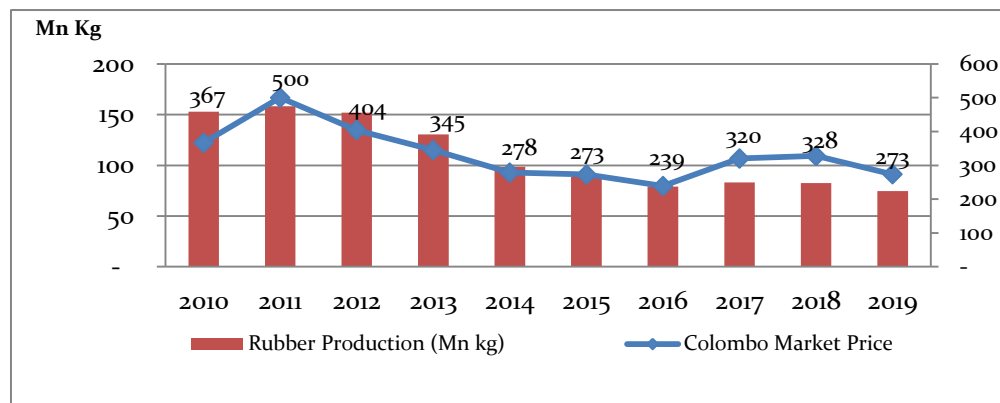
TABLE 2.6: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF RUBBER' (2010, 2018 AND 2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	44,411	21,643	15,046
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	44,411	24,085	21,807
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.7	0.2	0.1
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-0.3	-9.5
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	14.5	-23.2
@ Provisional			

Figure 2.6 shows the changes in production and prices of Rubber in the country from 2010-2019. It clearly depicts the gradual contraction of production and the prices within 2010-2016. Again in 2019 production and prices of Rubber have decreased. In 2019 the rubber production of the country

recorded a decrease by 9.5 percent and prices recorded a decreased by 16.6 percent locally. In 2019 the average price for one kilogram of rubber at the global market reported a decrease by 8.7 percent compared to the year 2018.

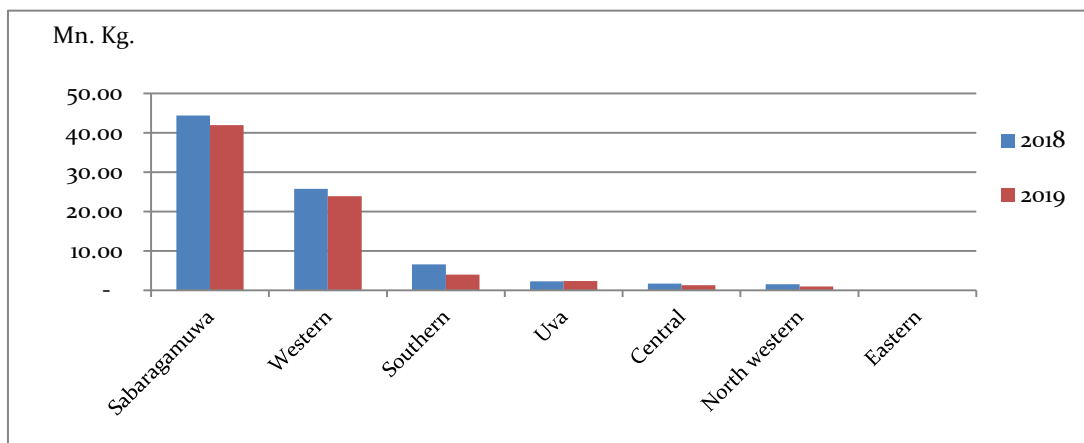
FIGURE 2.6: RUBBER PRODUCTION AND PRICE (CHANGE) (2010 -2019)



Rubber grows in seven provinces out of nine in Sri Lanka and ‘Sabaragamuwa’ is the main province trailed by Western province. The rubber production in

Sabaragamuwa province reported a decrease by 5.5 percent in 2019 compared to 2018 (Figure 2.7).

FIGURE 2.7: COMPARISON OF RUBBER PRODUCTION BY PROVINCE (2018 AND 2019)



Growing of other perennial crops

The ‘Growing of other perennial crops’ contracted by 0.3 percent during 2019 compared to 2018, contributing Rs.16,255 million to the total GDP at constant market price compared to the recorded value added of Rs.16,303 million in 2018(Table 2.7). This activity consisted with six main

perennial crops: ‘Growing of betel’, ‘Growing of areca-nut’, ‘Raising of palmyra tubers from seeds’, ‘Toddy tapping’, ‘Growing of jak fruit, and ‘Growing of bread fruit’. All these activities belonged to household sector and 98% of them produce for the market.

TABLE 2.7: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'OTHER PERENNIAL CROPS' (2010, 2018 AND 2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	14,496	24,323	27,453
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs.Mn)	14,496	16,303	16,255
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.2	0.2	0.2
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-2.5	-0.3
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	3.2	13.2
@ Provisional			

The composition of the sub activities to the current value added of 2019 was given in Figure 2.8. Out of these six sub categories, the highest contribution of 50 percent was provided from toddy tapping activity. Toddy tapping activity included three sub categories as coconut toddy, kithul toddy and Palmyra toddy tapping. Coconut toddy production has increased by 13.4 percent in 2019, compared to 2018.

The weather conditions prevailed in 2019, slightly affected on some perennial crops

especially jak fruit and bread fruit productions. The betel production has expanded by 7.6 percent in 2019 compared to 2018. The main reason reported is, the satisfactory climatic conditions prevailed in Kurunegala, Gampaha, Kegalle and Kaluthara districts. The average price for thousand leaves of betel has increased by 33 percent compared to year 2018. Figure 2.9 indicates the changes in Production and prices in betel from 2010 to 2019.

FIGURE 2.8: COMPOSITION OF THE SUB ACTIVITIES TO THE CURRENT VALUE ADDED OF GROWING OF OTHER PERENNIAL CROPS IN 2019

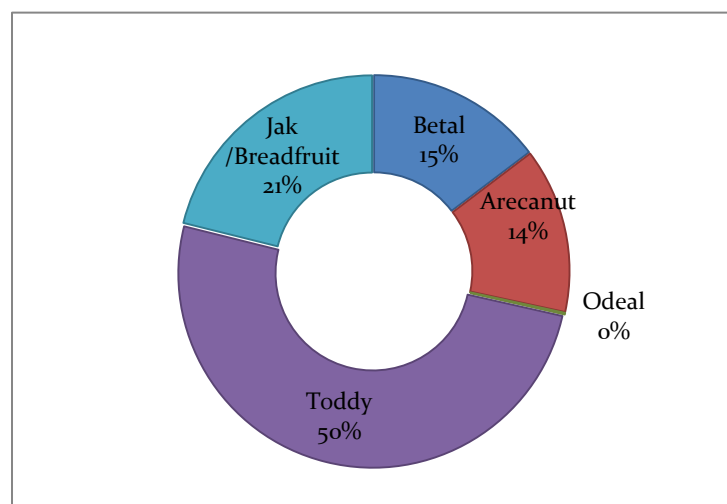
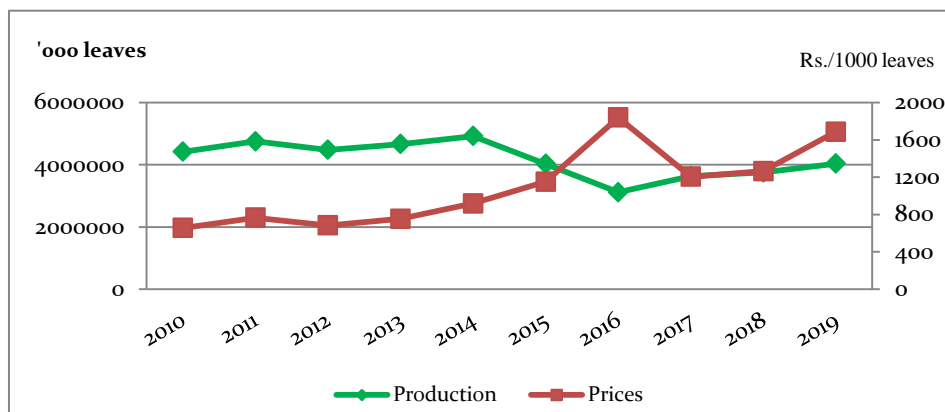


FIGURE 2.9: PRICE CHANGE AND PRODUCTION CHANGE IN BETAL (2010-2019)



Animal production

The activity of “Animal Production” comprises with three sub sections viz. Rearing animals for meat, Milk production and Eggs production. Rearing animals covered cattle, goats, swine and poultry farming. In 2019, the animal production

activity further grew by 3.2 percent in real terms compared to the year 2018 and added Rs. 65,440 million to the total GDP, representing a share of 0.9 percent at current market price (Table 2.8).

TABLE 2.8: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF ‘ANIMAL PRODUCTION’ (2010, 2018 & 2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	27,230	123,174	136,262
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	27,230	63,418	65,440
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.4	0.9	0.9
Percentage Growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price		8.0	3.2
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		10.0	7.2
@ Provisional			

TABLE 2.9: COMPARISON OF PRODUCER PRICES IN ANIMAL PRODUCTION IN 2010, 2018 AND 2019

Item	Unit	2010	2018	2019@	Price Change (%)
Cow	Rs./Animal	32,509	65,377	64,584	-1.2
Goat	Rs./Animal	7,766	18,372	19,810	7.8
Swine	Rs./Animal	9,914	22,821	22,996	0.8
Poultry	Rs./Animal	333	528	544	3.1
Eggs	Rs. /Egg	13.1	14.75	17.34	17.6
Milk	Rs./Liter	36.7	75.01	75.97	1.3
@ Provisional					

Table 2.9 shows the producer prices of each item in 2010, 2018 and 2019 and the price change between 2018 and 2019. The price of a cow has almost doubled within the period of 10 years of 2010-2019 by Rs.32,509 from 2010 to 64,584 in 2019. In 2019, the average price change of an egg has increased by 17.6 percent compared to year 2018. The producer price of one liter of milk in 2010 has almost doubled in 2019. The pattern of milk production and eggs production of the country in the period of 2010-2019 is given in Figure 2.10. These two industries have shown a gradual increase within the period of 2010-2018. When compared to 2018, in

the year 2019 milk production of the country has compressed by 0.58 percent.

Figure 2.11 shows the share of sub activities of 'Animal Production' in 2019. Almost fifty percent of the current value added of this activity is shouldered by poultry industry. Milk and Eggs production together shoulder 34 percent of the value added of animal production activity (Figure 2.11) Poultry industry reported an increase of 5.0 percent during 2019 when compared to 2018. Cattle slaughtering in the island reported 5.5 percent decrease during the period of 2018-2019.

FIGURE 2.10: MILK AND EGGS PRODUCTION (2010-2019)

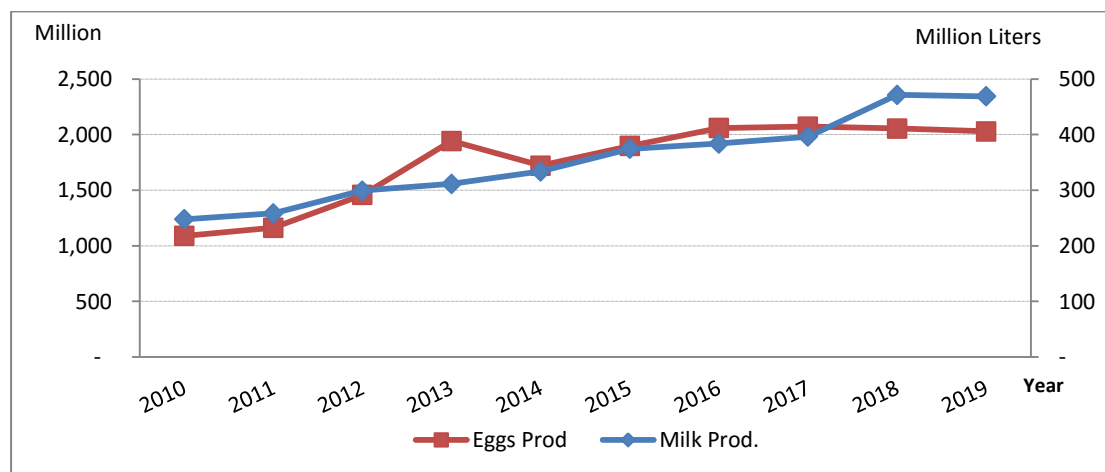
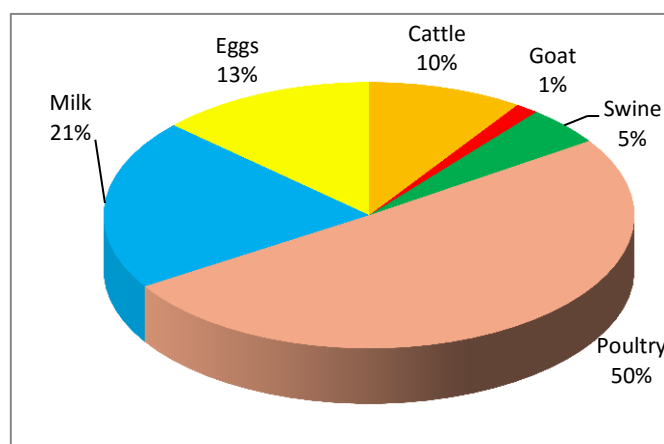


FIGURE 2.11: SHARE OF SUB ACTIVITIES OF ANIMAL PRODUCTION TO THE GDP IN 2019



Plant propagation and support services to the agriculture

The activity of 'Plant propagation' and activity of 'Support services to the agriculture' jointly together added Rs.13,404 million and Rs.8,675 million to the GDP in nominal and real terms respectively in year 2019 (Table 2.10). Both these activities together reported a slight decrease of 6.3 percent in 2019 compared to 2018. The activity of "Plant propagation" mainly includes the sapling production of Coconut, Rubber, Tea, Fruits, Flowers and major Minor Export Crops: Cinnamon and Pepper that used for propagation activities in the country. Large amount of plant saplings were produced from respective

government nurseries have been used for many government projects. Compared to year 2019, the favorable weather conditions prevailed throughout the country, Increased the production of plant saplings of many items in 2019.

Agriculture support services consisted with the labour cost of many agricultural activities at harvesting period. Even though the coconut plucking increased proportionately to the increase in coconut production, the drawback of rice and cereals productions affected negatively on the support services in 2019 compared to year 2018.

TABLE 2.10: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'PLANT PROPAGATION AND SUPPORT SERVICES TO THE AGRICULTURE' (2010,2018,2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	8,533	13,963	13,404
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	8,533	9,258	8,675
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.1	0.1	0.1
Percentage Growth of value added at constant (2010) market price		0.2	-6.3
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		-1.0	2.5
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Forestry and logging

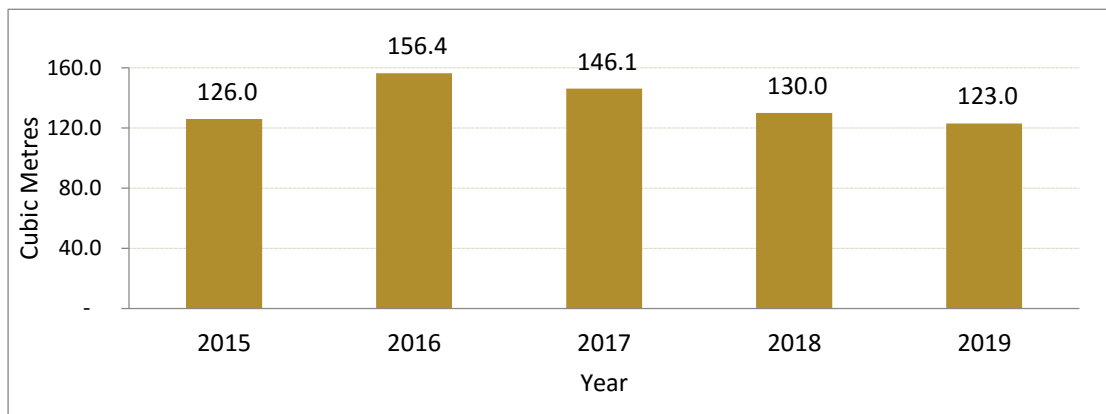
In 2019, the gross value added of "Forestry and Logging" activity at real terms was estimated as Rs 59,036 million to the total GDP. The current share to the GDP of this activity remained at 0.7 percent. Annual

growth rate of 'Forestry and Logging' in 2019 further decreased slightly by 4.8 percent compared to the 0.8 percent decrease recorded in 2018 (Table 2.11)

TABLE 2.11: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'FORESTRY AND LOGGING' (2010,2018,2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current (2010) market prices (Rs.Mn)	43,339	108,828	107,985
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices (Rs.Mn)	43,339	62,020	59,036
Percentage share to the total GDP at current market prices (%)	0.7	0.8	0.7
Percentage growth at constant (2010) market prices (%)		-0.8	-4.8
Percentage change in GDP implicit price deflator		9.1	4.2
@ Provisional			

FIGURE 2.12: ANNUAL LOG PRODUCTION OF SRI LANKA (2015-2019)



Annual log production of the country is estimated mainly based on the timber production of State Timber Corporation.

The log production in 2019 has decreased by 5.5 percent in 2019 compared to 2018 (Figure 2.12).

Marine and fresh water fishing And aquaculture

Marine Fishery industry covered 85 percent of the total fishing industry in the country. The value addition of the “Marine fishing activity” was reported as Rs.96,589 million in real terms to the total Gross Domestic Product in the year 2019, showed a considerable contraction of 5.5 percent when compared to year the 2018 (Table 2.12) which reported a minor contraction of 0.8 percent. This activity mainly comprised with two sub activities, “Off shore Fishing” and “Coastal Fishing”.

Sixty percent of marine fishery production comes through the coastal fishery production which is usually operated by

one day motor boats, canoes and the pram etc..

In year 2019 coastal fish production has decreased by 2.6 percent with compared to year 2018. Off shore fishery or Deep sea fishery usually operated by multy day ships or boats and compared to 2018, in 2019 recorded a production decrease of 9.2 percent.

According to the reports of Ministry of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Development, the inland fish production has increased by 3.0 percent in 2019 when compared to year 2018.

TABLE 2.12: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF ‘MARINE FISHING’ (2010,2018,2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	77,579	152,549	169,976
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	77,579	102,175	96,589
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	1.2	1.1	1.1
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-0.8	-5.5
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	-3.3	17.9
@ Provisional			

PERFORMANCE OF INDUSTRY

ACTIVITIES

A one third of the Sri Lankan economy was completed by the industry sector. These industry activities comprised with 'Manufacturing activities' the principal shareholder of industry sharing 58.2 percent along with 'Construction', 'Mining and quarrying', 'Electricity and related activities' and 'water and sewerage collection, treatment and supply'. Industry activities altogether grew by 2.7 percent in 2019 and added Rs.2, 608,211 million to the gross domestic product in real terms. The share to the GDP in 2019 was reported as 27.4 percent. When considering the sector

wise performances, Non-financial corporations were the main performer in industry sector, which grew by 8.7 percent in 2019 (Table 2.14). Government sector decreased by 12.7 percent in 2019 when compared to 2018. The highest share of 64.3 percent of industry is hold by NFCs' while 'Households and NPISH' together shared 34.3 percent. The remaining 1.4 percent was shared by the government sector. The Lion's share of the output of the industries is produced for market 96.9 percent and only residual 3.1 percent produced for own use in 2019.

TABLE 2.13: GENERAL PERFORMANCE OF INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES (2010-2019)

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	1,708,867	2,975,232	3,337,428	3,568,560	3,819,811	4,114,102
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs. Mn)	1,708,867	2,267,725	2,396,833	2,509,421	2,540,315	2,608,211
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	26.6	27.2	27.8	26.8	26.6	27.4
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	2.2	5.7	4.7	1.2	2.7
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	-0.7	6.1	2.1	5.7	4.9
@Provisional						

TABLE 2.14: PERCENTAGE GROWTH GVA IN INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES BY INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS; (2010-2019)

Sector	2011/2010	2016/2015	2017/2016	2018/2017	2019/2018@
NFC	10.4	-0.4	15.7	7.7	8.7
GG	-39.8	33.2	-44.1	15.9	-12.7
HH	9.1	1.8	13.0	5.5	6.8
Total	9.3	1.5	12.2	7.0	7.7
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FIGURE 2.13 : MAIN COMPONENTS OF INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES(2019)

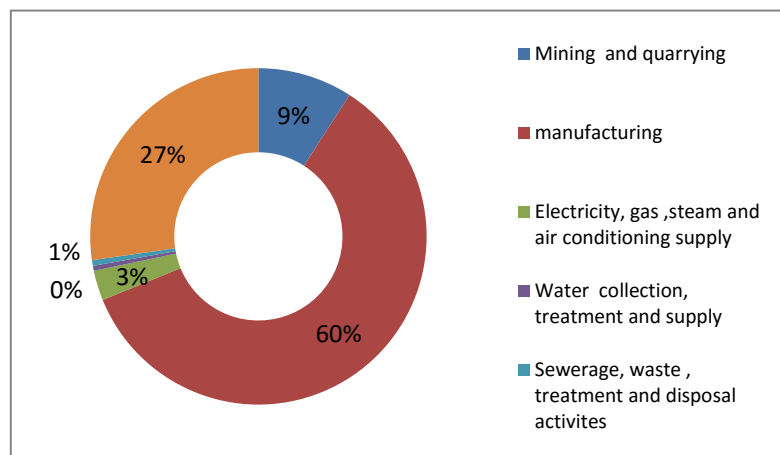


FIGURE 2.15 : INSTITUTIONAL SECTOR WISE PROPORTION IN INDUSTRY 2019

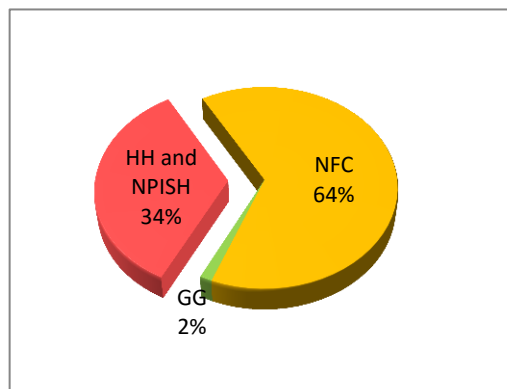
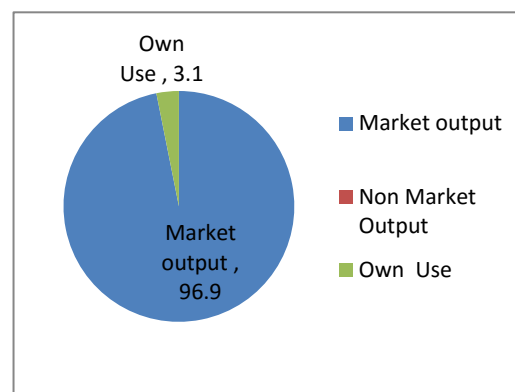


FIGURE 2.14 : OUTPUT BY TYPE IN INDUSTRY 2019



Mining and Quarrying

Mining and quarrying sector consist with three main sub activities “Quarrying of stone/granite, sand and clay”, “Mining of Gems” and “Other mining and quarrying not elsewhere classified”. The GDP contribution was Rs.231,893 million in year 2019 and when compared to year 2018, a growth of 2.8 percent was recorded in real terms.

“Quarrying of stone/granite, sand/sea sand and clay” contains mainly construction material is the major sub sector which covered the 90 percent of the total output of “Mining and Quarrying” activity. The value added of this activity was estimated indirectly, based on cement availability of country, recorded growth of 3.4 percent in year 2019 compared to year 2018. This

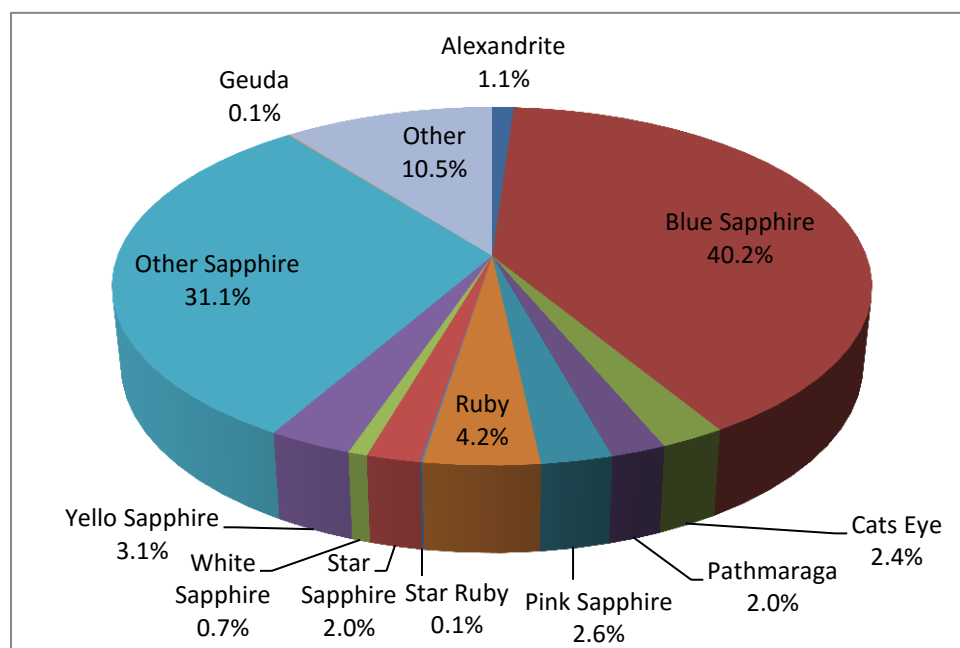
substantially high growth may due to performance of construction activities in this year. The sub sector of Minerals which includes phosphate, graphite, salt, gypsum, lime stone, rutile, ilmenite, zircon, hi ilmenite etc. Altogether was recorded a negative growth of 0.7 percent in year 2019.

Mining of Gems” perform a prominent role in earning foreign exchange to the country, reported a 7.3 decrease in export earnings in 2019 compared to 2018. Which includes eleven of “high expensive gem varieties” (blue, pink, star, white and yellow sapphires, pathmaraga, alexandrite, cats eye etc.), “geuda” and “other gems not elsewhere classified”. Forty percent of the gem earning was owing to blue sapphire in 2019.

TABLE 2.15: MINERAL SAND PRODUCTION : 2018 AND 2019

Mineral Item	2018 Quantity(MT)	2019@ Quantity(MT)	2019/2018 % Change@
Ilmenite	50,098	33,181	-33.8
Rutile	2,319	1,959	-15.5
Zircon	784	971	23.9
Hi-Ilmenite	10,749	10,608	-1.3
@ Provisional			

FIGURE 2.16 : GEM EARNINGS BY VARIETY IN 2019



Manufacturing industry

Manufacturing industry sector comprises with 24 ISIC categories. Data was collected by “Quarterly Survey of Industries” and “Annual Survey of Industry. The dissemination categories were “Manufacture of Food, beverages & Tobacco products”, “Manufacture of Textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products”, “Manufacture of Wood and products of wood and cork, except furniture”, “Manufacture of Paper products, printing and reproduction of media products”, “Manufacture of Coke and refined petroleum products”, “Manufacture of Chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products”, “Manufacture of Rubber and plastic products”,

“Manufacture of Other non- metallic mineral products”, “Manufacture of Basic metals and fabricated metal products”, “Manufacture of Machinery and equipment etc.”, “Manufacture of Furniture, Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment”.

The major economic indicators are shown in Table 2.16. The share of these activities to the total GDP was reported as 16.4 percent in year 2019.

The overall Manufacturing industry sector contributed Rs 1,540,970 millions of value addition at real terms to the total GDP in 2019 .The Easter Sunday attacks adversely

affected the growth in manufacturing activities. It indicated a 1.9 percent grew at slower pace in 2019 compared to 3.6 percent growth in 2018.

The Manufacture of Food, beverages & Tobacco products, and textile, wearing apparel and leather related products which are the two largest sub- activities related to manufacturing positively contributed to the overall growth in manufacturing activities.

The Manufacture of Food, beverages & Tobacco products, reported 4.0 percent growth rate in 2018 it further grew 3.4 percent in 2019. The sub sector of manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products, reported 3.4 percent growth rate in 2018 It further grew 3.9 percent in 2019.

TABLE 2.16: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY SECTOR; 2010-2019

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs.Mn)	1,157,975	1,780,786	1,964,786	2,048,700	2,272,719	2,456,837
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.Mn)	1,157,975	1,360,976	1,402,393	1,460,818	1,512,800	1,540,970
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	18.1	16.3	16.4	15.4	15.8	16.4
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	5.0	3.0	4.2	3.6	1.9
@ Provisional						

FIGURE 2.17 : SHARE OF MAIN MANUFACTURING ITEMS TO THE TOTAL VALUE ADDED OF MANUFACTURING SECTOR – 2019

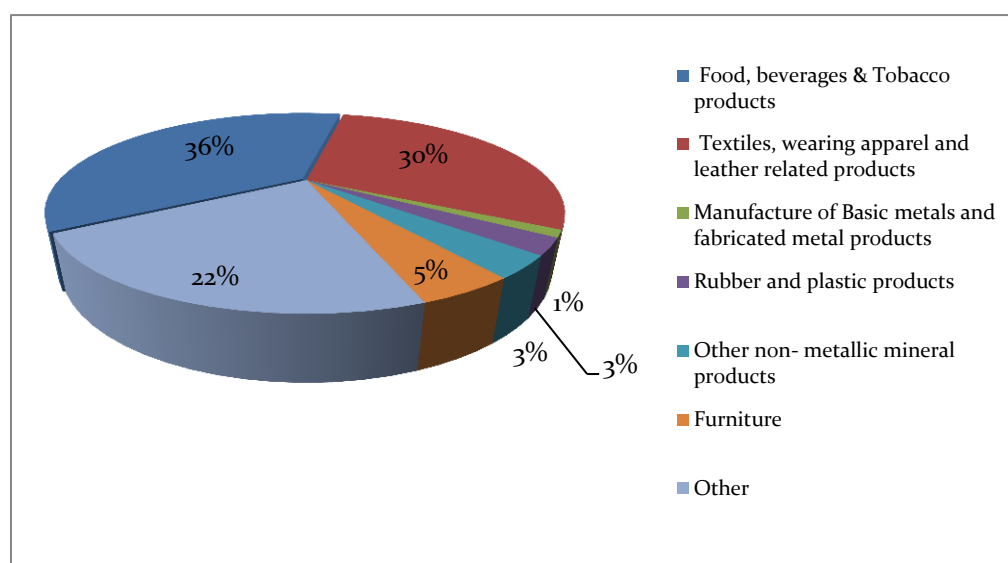
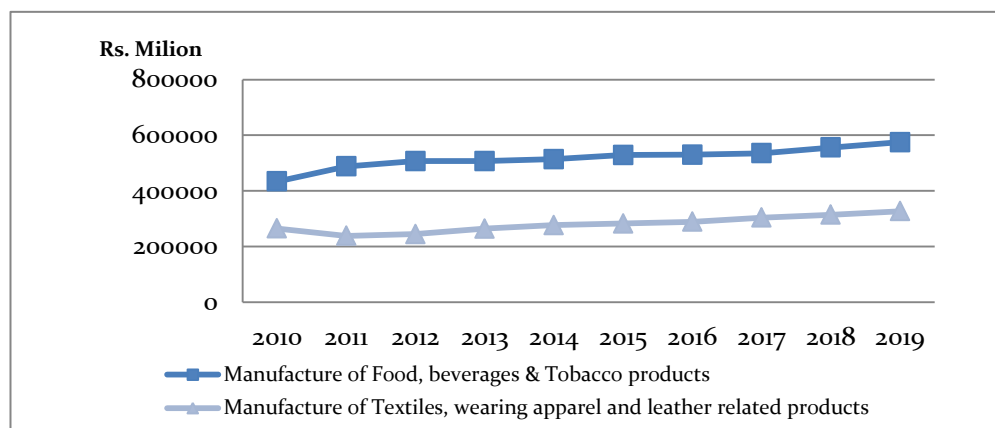


FIGURE 2.18 : GROSS VALUE ADDED OF MANUFACTURING OF FOOD BEVERAGES AND TEXTILES AND WEARING APPARAL INDUSTRIES AT CONSTANT (2010) MARKET PRICES (2010 - 2019)



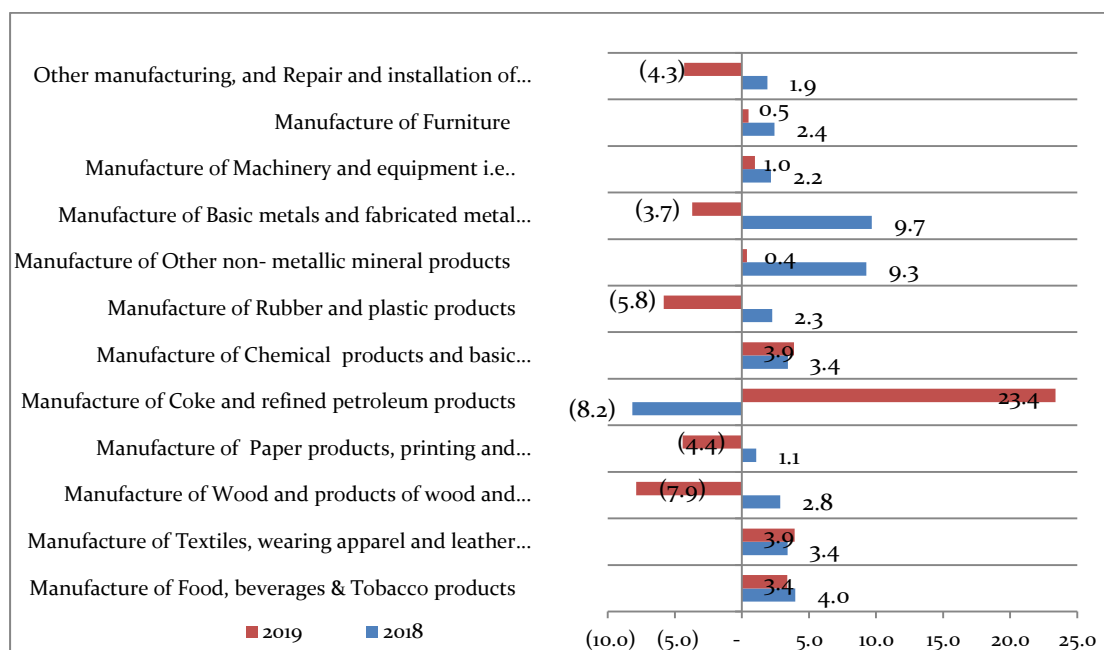
The shares of the activities to the total value added in manufacturing sector were shown in Figure 2.17. The Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum product reported favorable growth of 23.4 percent in the year 2019 as against a contraction of 8.2 percent witnessed in year 2018.

The sub activity of Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products” showed a positive growth of 3.9 percent in 2019, in comparison to a growth of 3.4 percent recorded in 2018.(Figure 2.19)

The “Manufacture of other non-metallic minerals products “, Manufacture of machinery and equipment and manufacture of furniture sub sectors showed a signs of recovery in 2019.

The considerable contraction recorded in manufacturing of wood product of wood and cork except furniture, manufacture of Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction, Manufacture of rubber and plastics products, Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products during the year 2019.

FIGURE 2.19 : COMPARISON OF GROWTH RATES OF MAIN MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES 2018-2019



Electricity, Water and Sewerage

Electricity, generation, transmission and distribution activity further grew by 4.0 percent in year 2019 along with 5.9 percent growth reported in year 2018. The share of this activity to the total GDP was reported as 0.8 percent in year 2019.

This growth in GVA was clearly reflected by the generation increase which reported as 3.9 percent in 2018 and 4.1 percent in 2019. The total electricity generation of the country increased to 15,879 GWH in 2019 from 15,255 GWH in 2018. CEB contributed 71.1 per cent to the total power generation in 2019, while the remainder was purchased from the independent power producers (IPPs).

Considering the total power generation mix during the year, hydropower generation declined by 24.9 per cent in 2019, largely due

to low rainfall in the catchment areas. Accordingly fuel oil and coal and NCRE based power generation increased in the year by 23.3 per cent. Electricity sales grew by 5.4 per cent during the year. The increase in electricity sales was mainly driven by the domestic use and religious category.

The gross value added of water collection, treatment and supply activity showed a growth of 5.8 percent in 2018 and further expanded by 5.5 percent in 2019, generating Rs.15,139 million to the total GDP at real terms. This was indicated by the increase in water production, by 5.5 percent in year 2019. Meanwhile the value added of sewerage waste treatment and disposal activities grew by 7.3 percent in 2019 compared to the growth of recorded in 2018.

TABLE 2.17: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN 'ELECTRICITY GENERATION'

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. million)	68,491	82,966	86,882	90,954	106,774	118,653
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.million)	68,491	85,202	92,356	94,803	100,382	104,437
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	6.1	8.4	2.6	5.9	4.0

@ Provisional

FIGURE 2.20: PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN ELECTRICITY PRODUCTION BY TYPE (2010-2019)

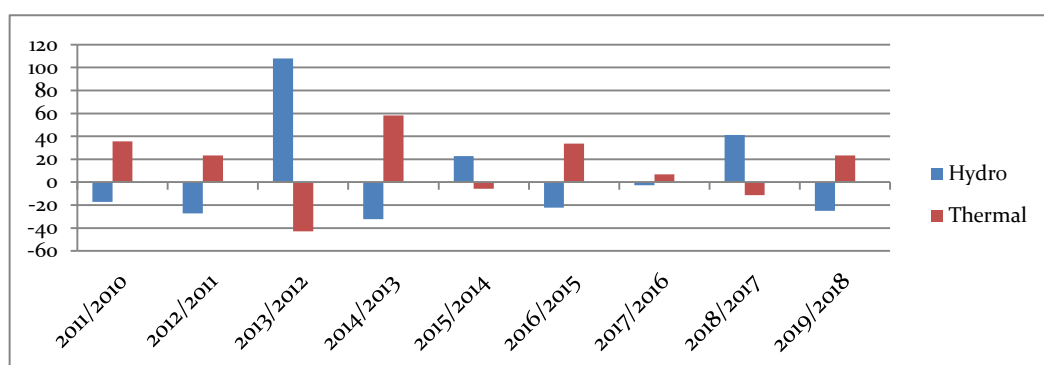
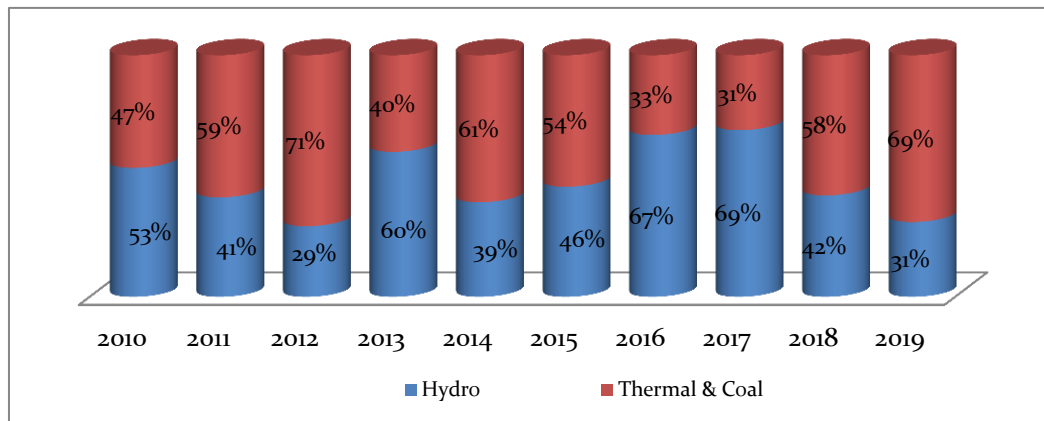


FIGURE 2.21: PROPORTION OF HYDRO: THERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION IN 2010-2019



Construction

The second largest activity of the industry sector, “Construction” has shared 7.5 percent of total gross domestic product of the country in year 2019. It has reported positive

growth rate of 4.0 percent in real terms in 2019. In nominal terms the gross value added of construction industry has increased by 6.8 percent.

TABLE 2.18: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN CONSTRUCTION 2010-2019

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	336,381	830,412	934,787	1,040,876	1,050,428	1,121,659
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.Mn)	336,381	596,697	645,994	674,025	657,070	683,371
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	5.2	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.3	7.5
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	-2.5	8.3	4.3	(2.5)	4.0
Percentage change in GDP Implicit price deflator (2010=100)	-	4.6	4.0	6.7	3.5	2.7
@ Provisional						

Construction activities included the construction of buildings, highways, bridges, water supply and drainage systems, irrigation and land, dredging and reclamation and other activities regarding construction. The

total cement availability of the country increased by 2.03 in 2019. Local cement production grew by 19.40 percent while cement imports has decreased by 7.6 percent.

PERFORMANCES OF SERVICES

ACTIVITIES

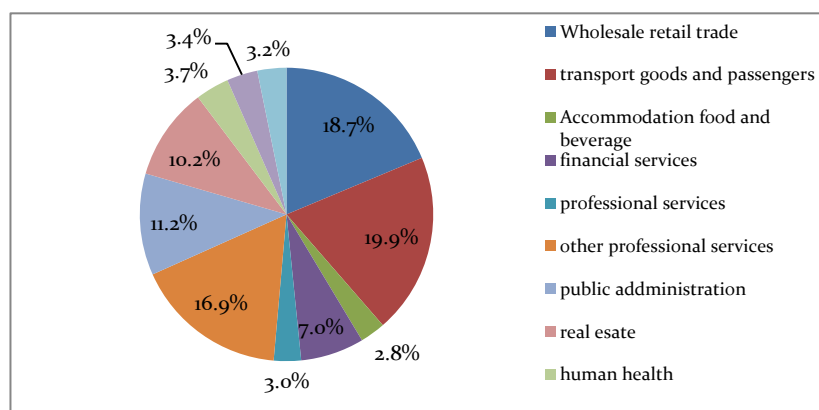
The Service sector was the key benefactor of the economy, sharing 58.2 percent of the total GDP, grew by 2.3 percent in the year 2019. Fifteen major sectors from section G to section U which contain 55 sub-groups under ISIC classification revision 4.0 were formally amalgamate together and disseminated

under 15 service activity groups in the GDP production account in the new series. The total value added of service sector was reported as Rs. 8,744,656 and Rs. 5,680,757 million at nominal and real terms respectively in year 2019.

TABLE 2.19: GENERAL PERFORMANCE OF SERVICE SECTOR

Economic Indicators	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	3,504,323	6,283,379	6,771,236	7,477,148	8,207,045	8,744,656
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market prices, (Rs.Mn)	3,504,323	4,894,717	5,127,616	5,313,435	5,555,303	5,680,757
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	54.6	57.4	56.4	56.1	57.1	58.2
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	6.0	4.8	3.6	4.6	2.3
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	0.6	2.9	6.6	5.0	4.2
@ Provisional						

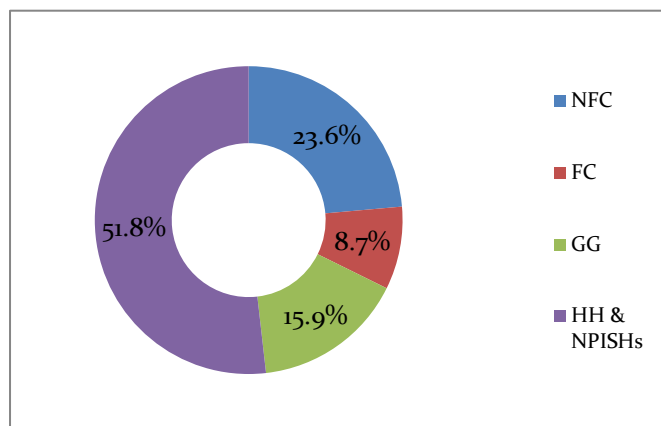
FIGURE 2.22: SHARE OF MAIN SERVICES ACTIVITIES TO THE TOTAL GVA OF SERVICE SECTOR 2019



The “Transportations of goods and services including warehousing” comprises the highest share of 20 percent of total gross value added generated by service sector trailed with “wholesale and retail trade” services with 19 percent and “Other personal services activities” with 17 percent (Figure 2.22).The other main components were “public administration and defense;

compulsory social security” “real estate activities including ownership of dwelling” and “financial services and auxiliary service activities” which encompasses of 11 percent, 10 percent and 7 percent respectively. All other service activities collectively share 16 percent of gross value added of service sector in nominal terms in year 2019.

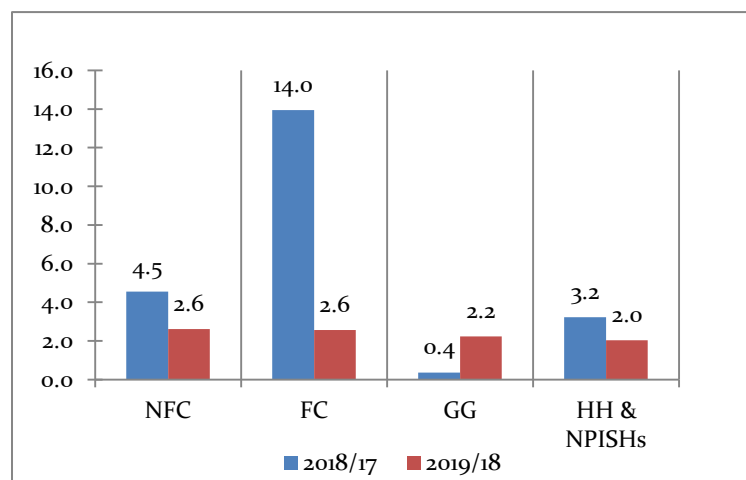
FIGURE 2.23: SECTORIAL SHARE IN SERVICE SECTOR , 2019



The institutional sector breakdown in service sector showed that 52 percent of value added generated from household/NPISH (Figure 2.23) in year 2019. 24 percent of the GVA generated by services sector, is shared by the NFC sector.

The gross value added generated by financial institutions grown by 2.6 percent in year 2019, compared to the 14.0 percent of growth recorded in the year 2018 (Figure 2.24).

FIGURE 2.24: PERCENTAGE GROWTH IN TOTAL GVA OF SERVICE SECTOR BY INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS, 2019



Wholesale and retail trade

The wholesale and retail trade which contributes nearly 11.0 percent to the overall GDP, grew by 3.0 percent in the year 2019. It's one of the largest economic activity which generate a considerable amount of value addition to the economy, has expanded continuously over the last few years. The wholesale and retail trade activity considers the valued addition created through the domestic trading

activities. Domestic trading activity is consisted by the imported goods and domestically produced goods. The value addition is generated through the trading of these goods domestically. The value added of wholesale and retail trade activity is affected by fluctuations in total imports and total domestic production. Therefore the growth rate of this activity is depended on the variations in the three variables of

Imports, Agricultural production and Industrial production.

According to the Balance of Payment Statistics of Central Bank of Sri Lanka, the annual total import expenditure for the year 2019 has decreased up to Rs. million 3,565,028 from Rs. million 3,606,644 recorded in the year 2018, indicating a decrease of 1.15 percent in annual total import expenditure. According to the trade indices, the import volume index of consumer goods has decreased by 20.73 percent, during the year 2019. However among the consumer goods, import volume indices of these categories namely

beverages and cosmetics and toiletries have decreased while other nonfood consumer bale has increased during this period, when compared with the year 2018. Increase in the imported consumer goods may have direct impact on domestic trading activities.

In addition, the total trading Output value of Agriculture, forestry and fishing activity has decreased by 39.1 percent in the year of 2019 when compared with the year 2018. The total trading output value of industrial activities has increased up to Rs. Mn. 1,121,700 from Rs. Mn. 904,416 in the year 2019 indicating an increase of 24.0 percent.

TABLE 2.20: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE

Economic Indicators	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	705,778	1,193,649	1,270,056	1,404,772	1,533,760	1,647,971
Gross value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	705,778	933,216	957,088	993,667	1,040,360	1,071,847
Percentage share at current price	11.0	10.9	10.6	10.5	10.7	11.0
Percentage growth	-	5.6	2.6	3.8	4.7	3.0
@ Provisional						

Accordingly, wholesale and retail trade activity generated Rs. Mn. 1,071,847 worth of gross value added at constant price to the economy in the year 2019. It contributed to

the overall GDP by 11.0 percent and when compared with the previous year, the GVA of this activity grew by 3.0 percent.

Transportation and storage

Transportation and storage activity has expanded by 1.4 percent in 2019 compared to the 2.1 percent growth reported in 2018 adding Rs.1,049,566 million to the gross domestic product of the country in real terms. The share was stated as 11.5 in 2019.

The number of new registration of buses showed 45.5 percent decrease in year 2019. Registration of lorries decreased by 46.9 percent. New registration of motor cars displayed a negative growth rate of 52.7

percent in year 2019. Three wheeler registrations also reported a 23.7 percent decrease within the 2019 (Table 2.21) The public transport mainly comprise with railway, SLTB and private buses and three wheelers. The passenger kilometers operated by Sri Lanka Railway and Sri Lanka Transport Board decreased by 0.3 percent and 7.6 percent respectively during the year 2019. A 2.8 percent decrease was reported for daily operated SLTB buses in year 2019. The

passenger kilometers operated by Sri Lankan Airways decreased by 4.3 percent in year 2019, against the 14.5 percent increase reported in year 2018.

TABLE 2.21: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSE, 2015-2019

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	662,153	1,302,310	1,425,988	1,516,369	1,632,761	1,725,084
Gross value added at constant(2010) price (Rs. Mn)	662,153	931,529	982,703	1,013,857	1,034,755	1,049,566
Percentage share at current price	10.3	11.9	11.9	11.4	11.4	11.5
Percentage growth	-	5.2	5.5	3.2	2.1	1.4

@ Provisional

FIGURE 2.25: PERCENTAGE CHANGE OF VEHICLE REGISTRATION; 2018 TO 2019

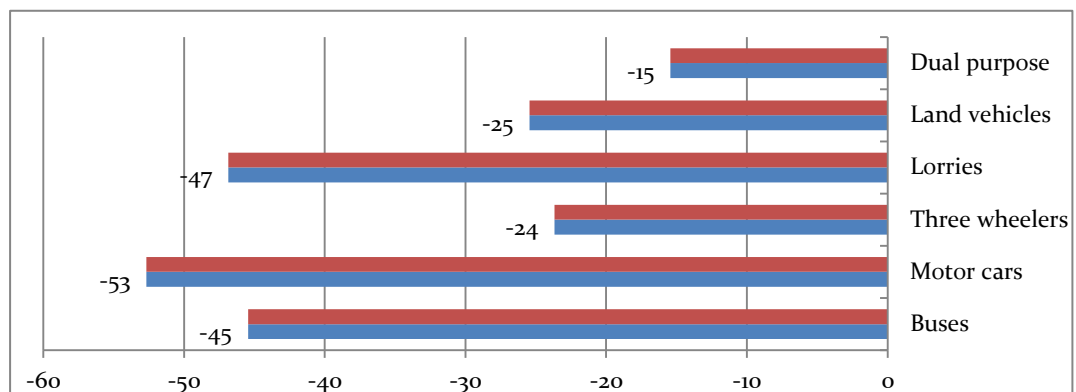
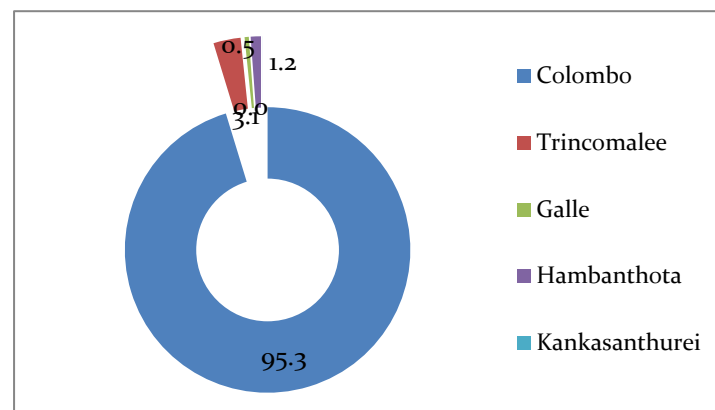


FIGURE 2.26: PERCENTAGE FREIGHT HANDLING BY PORTS 2019



The cargo handling was mainly operated by five commercial ports: Colombo, Trincomalee, Galle, Hambantota, Kankasanthurei and the total number of ships arrived to these ports were dropped from 4,933 in 2018 to 4,708 in 2019, denoting 4.6 percent decrease. The total cargo handled by these ports was expanded by 1.9 percent in year 2019. Colombo the premier port handled 95 percent of total cargo (Figure 2.26).

Accommodation, food and beverage serving activities

Under the new National Accounting framework (Base year, 2010) this activity is compiled considering two main economic activities. According to the International Standard of Industrial classification Revision 4, this industry is identified as two major economic activities. One is Accommodation activities and the other one is food and beverage service activities. However, in the compilation process, these were compiled as one category due to insufficient data sources related to domestic food and beverage serving activities.

The Output of Accommodation, food and beverage serving activity is estimated based on the Output related data of quarterly and annual value added tax returns, which are provided by the Department of Inland Revenue, related to this economic activity. In addition, some important indicators related to the tourism industry in Sri Lanka, like room occupancy rate in tourist hotels, total of foreign and local guest nights, monthly and annual tourist arrivals, total number of tourist hotel units, total supply of supplementary accommodation units and accommodation capacity which are provided by the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority, are also being considered.

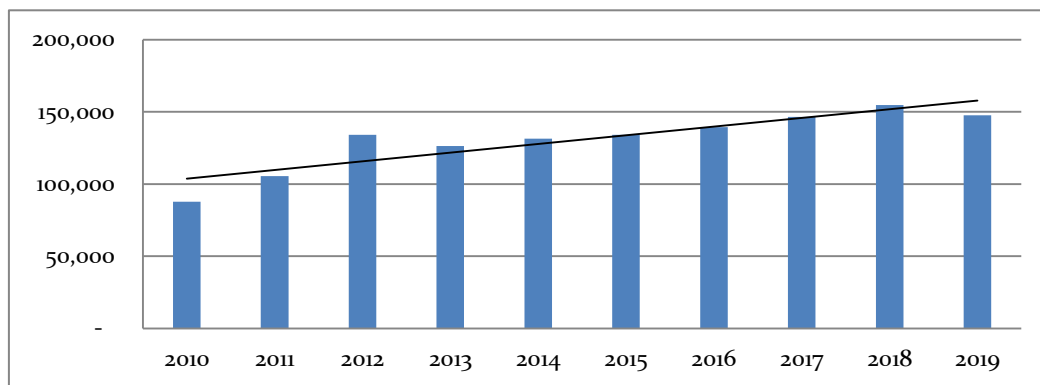
The 'Accommodation, food and beverage serving activity', had been affected badly due to the Easter Sunday attack, throughout the year of 2019. All activities related to the tourism industry in the country affected adversely due to this bomb attack. As a

Meanwhile the trans-shipment containers (Twenty Foot Equivalent Units-TEUs '000) expanded from 5,602 in year 2018 to 5,802 in year 2019 indicating 3.6 percent increase throughout the period. Further, freight ton transported by Sri-Lanka Railway showed a decreased of 1.8 percent. The freight tons kilometers dropped Sri Lankan Air lines by 4.4 percent in year 2019, compared to year 2018.

result, the generated gross value addition from 'Accommodation, food and beverage serving activity' contracted by 4.6 percent in the year 2019. The Accommodation, food and beverage serving activity altogether contributed to the economy Rs. 147,671 Million worth of gross value added at constant price, during the year 2019 (Figure 2.27).

When compared to the year 2018, According to the reports of 'Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority' (SLTDA), it is observed a decline in international tourist arrivals in year 2019. The number of international tourist arrivals, in the year 2019, has recorded significant decrease by 18.0 percent, reflecting the adverse impact of Easter Sunday bomb attack on tourism industry in Sri Lanka. Furthermore, the room occupancy rate calculated related to the graded hotels, motels and guest houses which are registered members under the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority, have decreased slightly up to 57.1 in the year 2019, and from 72.7 recorded in 2018.

According to the January to December of annual financial statements of listed companies of hotels registered at Sri Lanka Colombo stock exchange, the reported annual turnover of their hotels altogether has been declined by 13 percent during this year when compared to the 2018 (Jan to Dec) financial statements of the year 2018. It has declined from Rs. Mn 61,636 to Rs. Mn 53,460.

FIGURE 2.27: GVA OF ACCOMMODATION, FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVING AT CONSTANT PRICES


Telecommunication

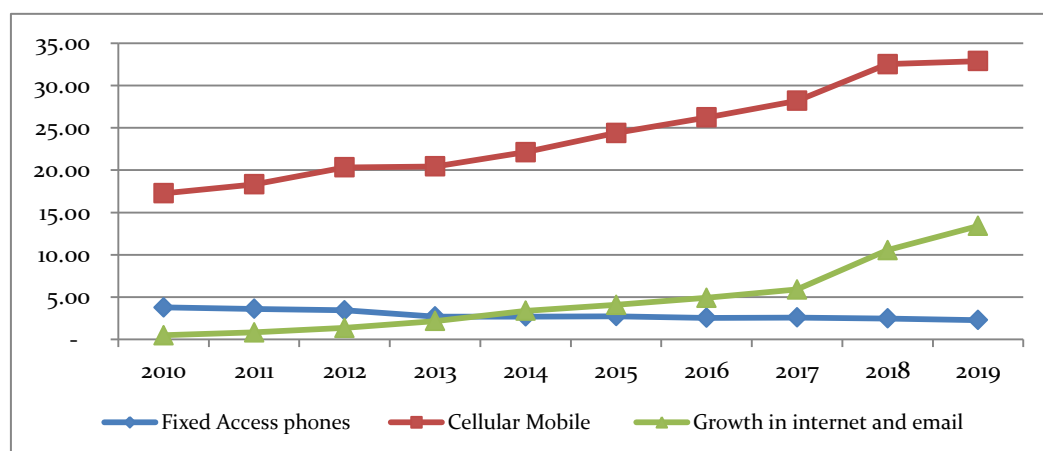
The telecommunication industry significantly grew by 17.2 percent in 2019, beside 10.4 percent growth reported in 2018. The total values added to the GDP in

nominal and real terms were Rs 89,158 million and Rs. 53,695 million, respectively. The share to GDP was reported as 0.6 percent.

TABLE 2.22: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF TELECOMMUNICATION SUB ACTIVITY

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross Value Added (Current, Rs. Mn)	22,931	56,181	66,807	67,357	76,271	89,158
Gross Value Added (constant 2010, Rs. Mn)	22,931	34,146	36,984	41,503	45,830	53,695
Share to the GDP (%)	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
Growth rate (%)	-	10.2	8.3	12.2	10.4	17.2

@ Provisional

FIGURE 2.28: PERCENTAGE INCREASE IN INTERNET, MOBILE AND FIXED CONNECTIONS (2011-2019)


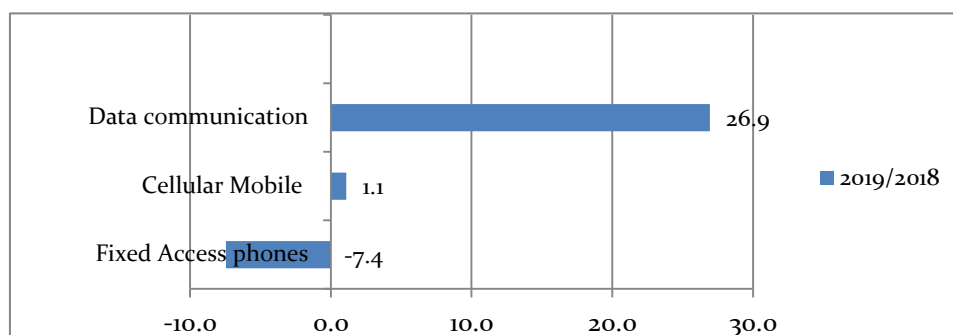
Telecommunication activity experiences a relatively high growth in the past . The total

telephone penetration has almost clocked the 35 million milestones. The demand

generated mainly through cellular mobiles where the proportion of fixed phones to cellular mobiles were reported as 07:93 in year 2019. The use of cellular mobile phones in 2019 has increased by 1.1 percent, while fixed access telephones has decreased 7.4

percent compared to year 2018 (Figure 2.29). The internet and email subscribers are continually increasing from 0.5 million in 2010 to approximately 13 million in 2019 while registering 26.9 percent growth in 2019.

FIGURE 2.29: PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN TELEPHONE USAGE 2019/2018



IT programming consultancy and Related activities

Information and communication industry is one of the most emerging industry in Sri Lanka. Over the last decade, it has made significant progress in the industry. The export revenue earned, total employment engaged and the number of companies in the industry have been grown remarkably during the past decade. In addition, in the recent past, the global ranking position for Sri Lanka too has improved significantly.

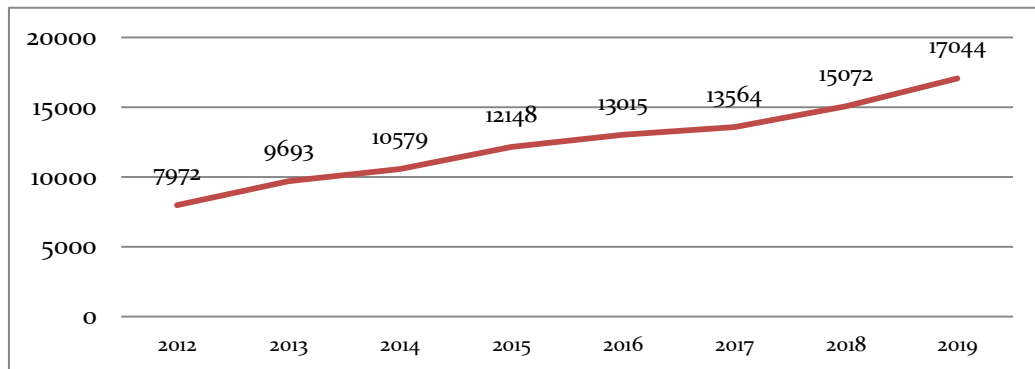
With compilation procedures and expansion process, undertaken at the national accounts rebasing project (Base year, 2010), new compilation categories were introduced. IT programming consultancy and related activities was a key compilation category among the newly introduced compilation categories to the system.

According to the ISIC Rev.4, this industry mainly covers two broader areas of IT/BPM industry. ISIC code 62 constitutes all the activities related to computer programming and consultancy related

activities. ISIC 63 covers information services activities. Accordingly, this activity mainly constitute by computer programming activities, computer consultancy and computer facilities management activities, other information technology and computer service activities, data processing, hosting and related activities and web portals. Based on Value Added Tax data provided by the Department of Inland Revenue, related to IT/BPM industry in Sri Lanka, the national level total output was estimated.

Accordingly estimated output for the year 2019 was Rs. Mn. 34,135 at nominal term. The generated value added for this industry increased up to Rs. Mn. 17,044 in the year 2019, from Rs. Mn. 15,072, resulting a positive growth rate of 13.1 percent. As shown in Figure 2.30 the generated value added of this industry has grown continuously and rapidly over the past few years.

FIGURE 2.30: GVA (CONSTANT) OF IT PROGRAMMING CONSULTANCY AND RELATED ACTIVITIES (2012-2019)



Financial services and auxiliary financial Services

Financial and auxiliary financial activities showed a significant growth of 2.0 percent in the year 2019 compared to 13.4 percent

growth reported for the year 2018. The generated gross value added at real terms was recorded as Rs 701,880 million.

TABLE 2.23: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF FINANCIAL AND AUXILIARY FINANCIAL SERVICE

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	308,810	347,909	406,826	531,241	575,756	622,278
Gross value added at constant(2010)price (Rs.	386,009	493,785	554,564.	606,512	687,918	701,880
Percentage share at current price	3.2	3.2	3.4	4.0	4.0	4.1
Percentage growth	5.8	17.5	12.3	9.4	13.4	2.0

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TABLE 2.24: DISTRIBUTION OF BANKS AND BANK BRANCHES (2018-2019)

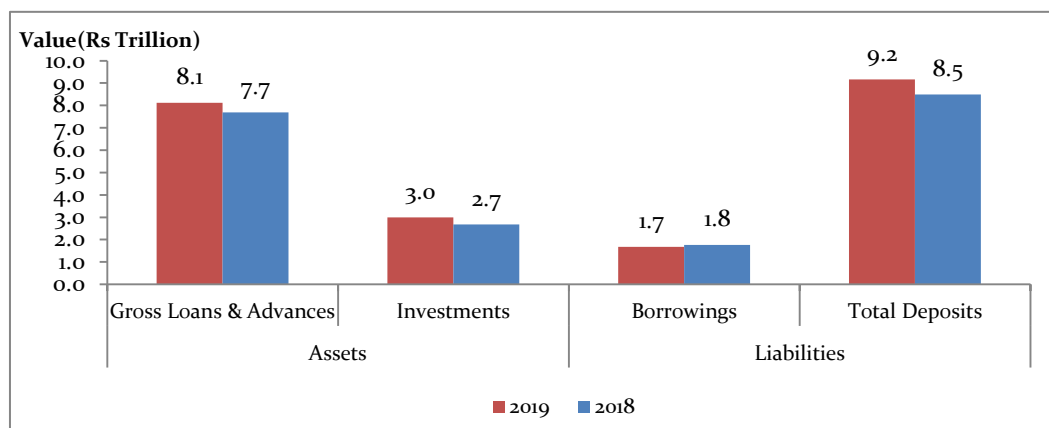
Category	2018	2019	Change
Total number of Banks	33	32	-1
Total No. of LCBs	26	26	0
Domestic Banks	13	13	0
Foreign Banks	13	13	0
Total number of LSBs	7	6	-1
Total No. of Bank Branches Other Outlets	6882	7387	505
LCB Branches	2877	2907	30
LCB Students savings unit	3309	3783	474
LSB Branches	696	697	1
Automated Teller Machines	5020	5571	551

Source: Central Bank of Sri Lanka

Total number of bank branches and other outlets operative throughout the island were reported an increase and recorded as

7387 for the year 2019. The automated teller machine services have expanded virtually by 551 new machines by year 2019.

FIGURE 2.31: COMPARISON OF MAIN ITEMS IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES 2018-2019



The assets of the banking sector has reported 7.3 percent expansion over the past year reaching 11.1 trillion in year 2019 compared to 10.4 trillion recorded for year 2018 (Figure 2.31). Sixty five percent of the assets comprises with Gross loans and advances which extended to all major activities in the economy covering agriculture and fisheries, manufacturing, construction and trade services, extended by 5.6 percent in year 2019 compared to year 2018. Investment which

accounted for 23.9 percent of total assets grew by 12.2 percent during the year 2019. Total borrowings recorded a 4.8 percent decrease during year 2019. When considering bank deposits, which consist mainly with time deposits, saving deposits and demand deposits, grew by 8.3 percent in year 2019. The 8.0 percent growth rate was reported by saving deposits and 2.8 percent negative growth reported by demand deposits.

Insurance and pension funding

Insurance and pension funding activity grew by 5.8 percent in the year 2019 compared to 17.3 percent growth recorded in the year 2018. The value added generated by this activity in nominal and real terms were Rs. 172,784 million and Rs. 118,987 million respectively during the year 2019.

This activity comprises with local and foreign insurance companies and pension funding boards. Consequently twenty three local insurance companies, four foreign companies, Employee's Provident Fund and Employees Trust Fund were belong to this activity in the year 2019.

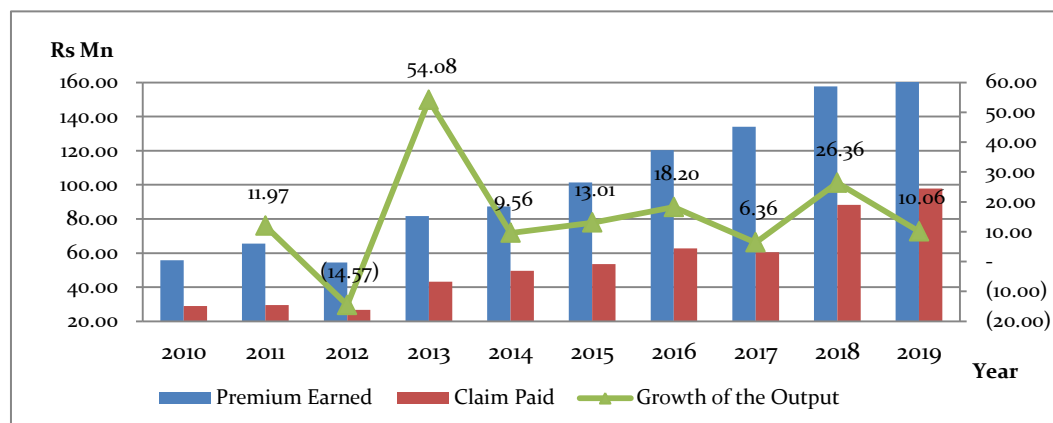
The premium earned and claims incurred in insurance activity grew by 9.6 percent and 10.9 percent respectively in the year 2019 compared with the year 2018. The gross output of this industry mainly based on the difference between premiums earned and claims paid. The investment income and the other income generated by insurance companies were also accounted for the gross output.

TABLE 2.25: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF INSURANCE AND PENSION FUNDING

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	67,830	102,319	120,724	146,575	157,591	172,784
Gross Value added at constant (2010) Price(Rs. Mn)	67,830	82,013	92,172	95,925	112,493	118,987
Percentage Share at current price	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Percentage growth	-	9.4	12.4	4.1	17.3	5.8

@ Provisional

FIGURE 2.32: PREMIUM EARNED, CLAIMS PAID AND OUTPUT OF INSURANCE ACTIVITY (2010-2019)



Real estate activities including ownership of dwellings

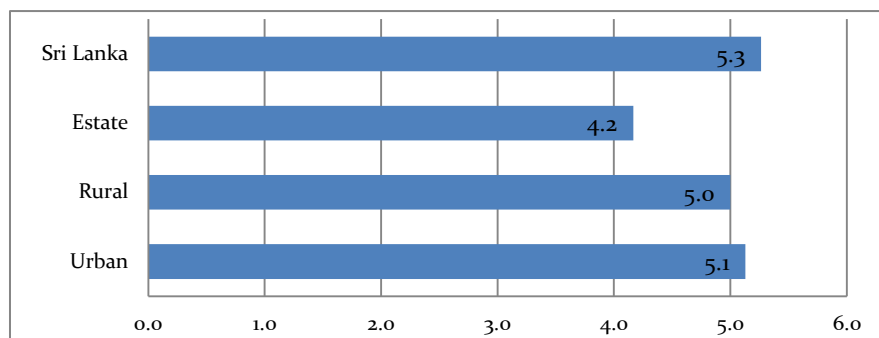
The activity of “Real estate activities including ownership of dwellings” indicates a positive growing from year 2018 to year 2019. During the year 2019, it has expanded by 2.4 percent compared to the expansion of 3.9 percent reported in year 2018. This activity has added Rs.891,455 million and Rs.579,601 million at nominal and in real terms respectively to the total GDP, Table 3.26. The ownership of dwellings was estimated using average monthly housing

rent. The average monthly housing rent in urban, rural and estate sectors were increased during the year 2019. The highest increase reported from urban sector by 5.1 percent. On an average the housing rent of Sri Lanka has increased by 5.3 percent in year 2019.(Figure 2.33) The share of sub activities of real estate and ownership of dwellings to the activity of ‘real estate’ was reported as 50.8 percent and 49.2 percent respectively.

TABLE 2.26: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN REAL ESTATE INCLUDING OWNERSHIP OF DWELLINGS, 2015-2019

Economic Indicator	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	307,112	625,695	690,153	770,252	834,398	891,455
Gross value added at constant(2010) price (Rs. Mn)	307,112	489,352	520,085	544,733	566,078	579,601
Percentage share at current price	4.8	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9
Percentage growth	-	10.2	6.3	4.7	3.9	2.4
@ Provisional						

FIGURE 2.33: PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE AVERAGE MONTHLY HOUSING RENT 2018-2019



Professional services

Professional services are another new compilation category introduced to the national accounting system under the rebasing project (Base year 2010). The sub activity of 'Professional service' is a combination of eight compilation categories. It is mainly comprised by 'Legal and accounting activities', 'Architectural and engineering activities', 'Scientific research and development', 'advertising and market research, other professional, scientific and technical activities and publishing activities', 'Veterinary activities', 'Rental and leasing activities', 'Employment, travel agency, security and investigation activities' and 'Services to building and landscape activities'.

Professional services consider the value addition generated through all these economic activities. The total output values of these economic activities are estimated based on the value added tax national level data released by the Department of Inland Revenue.

All these economic activities which are coming under professional services contributed to the overall GDP averagely by 1.7 percent. Accordingly, the reported gross value added for the year 2019 was Rs. Mn. 166,523 It has increased by 2.4 percent when compared the GVA generated in the year 2018.

Other personal services

The Other personal services activity is one of a largest sub sector among service industry activities and has grown by 2.1 percent during

the year 2019. The sub activity of 'Other personal service activities' which is also a combination of two compilation categories'

and is comprised by 'Arts entertainment and other recreation activities' and 'other personal service activities' mainly. These activities are mainly constituting by creative, arts and entertainment activities, gambling, betting, sports activities and recreation activities, repair of computers and personal household goods, washing, dry cleaning, hair dressing, other beauty treatment, funeral related activities and other personal service activities.

The output value of this activity was also estimated by using the national level value added tax data released by the Department of Inland Revenue. The other personal services, all together contributed nearly 9.9 percent to the overall GDP and in past few years it has expended continuously. All these activities have generated Rs. Mn 958,592 million worth of value added to the overall economy in the year 2019.

Chapter 3 : The Expenditure Approach

INTRODUCTION

The expenditure approach measures total expenditure on final goods and services produced in the domestic economy plus exports less imports of goods and services. The total is obtained from the sum of final consumption expenditure by households, non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH) and government on goods and services; gross capital formation (capital expenditure on fixed and intangible assets, changes in inventories and acquisitions less disposals of valuables); and net exports of goods and services.

GDP expenditure is a sum of the following expenses;

$$GDP(E) = C + G + I + (X - M)$$

C – consumption expenditure

G - government expenditure

I – investment/capital formation

(x-m) – net exports

Consumption Expenditure

Consumption expenditure is the major expenditure component of the economy, Thus, final consumption is broken down into:

- a) Final consumption expenditure of households;
- b) Final consumption expenditure of general government;
- c) Final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households.

Note that, in the SNA, 'final consumption' by the corporate sector is not admissible.

Final consumption expenditure of households

The final consumption expenditure of households encompasses all domestic costs (by residents and non-residents) for

individual needs. Among other things, it includes expenditure on goods and services, the consumption of garden produce, rent for owner-occupied dwellings and imports. Information on consumption expenditure contains according to the Classification of individual consumption by purpose (COICOP).

Actual Final Household Consumption Expenditure

The value of goods and services that the household consumed or used.

This includes:

- a) Household consumption expenditure.
- b) Social transfer in kind from general government and nonprofit institutions.

Final consumption expenditure of general government

Final consumption expenditure of general government is classified into two parts;

Individual Final Consumption Expenditure;

Collective Final Consumption Expenditure;

Individual services are essentially "private" and are available to certain individuals. Collective services are delivered to the entire community such as security and defense, maintenance of law and order and others. Information on consumption expenditure, according to the Classification of Functions of Government (COFOG).

Final consumption expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISHs)

No information is available to help measure the individual consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH)

Balance of payments data on transfers to nongovernment institutions may be an important indicator in countries where foreign aid is a major source of funding for NPISHs.

Gross Capital Formation

Gross Capital Formation (GCF) includes:

- a) Gross fixed capital formation;
- b) Changes in inventories;
- c) Acquisition less disposals of valuables (such as jewelry and works of art).

Change in Inventories (CII)

In National Accounts, the difference between the stocks at the end and at the beginning of the accounting period is called “Change in Inventories”. Inventories includes:

unsold finished products

goods for sale with the traders

unused raw materials (inventories) - materials and supplies

work-in-progress (growing crops, maturing trees and livestock, uncompleted structures, uncompleted other fixed assets, partially completed film productions and software) and statistical discrepancy between Production GDP and Expenditure GDP.

Net acquisitions of valuables

This item is very small (see Table 1) and is therefore no more than a curiosity for the macroeconomist. Valuables are goods that are bought not to be consumed or used in production.

Exports / Imports

Exports and imports between the domestic economy and the rest of the world are transactions between residents and non-residents of an economic territory, regardless of whether there are corresponding physical movements of goods across borders.

CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE

Consumption expenditure is the major expenditure component of the economy, which includes Household final consumption expenditure and Government final consumption expenditure. The Final consumption expenditure in real terms recorded the positive growth of 3.5 percent in 2019.

It grew by 6.9 per cent at current prices in 2019 amounting to Rs. 11,822.9 billion compared to 9.7 percent growth recorded in 2018 and 78.7 percent contributes to the GDP. This attributes from Household final consumption expenditure about 69.3 percent.

Household final consumption expenditure

Data Sources and Value indicators

Household final consumption is usually the largest component of GDP by expenditure. The main sources of data on household consumption are household income & expenditure surveys, imports of consumption goods, domestic production of consumption goods. For estimating the consumption of electricity, water and gas, data is available with the relevant authorities. The DCS conducts household Consumption and expenditure surveys at 3 year intervals. Expenditure estimates may have to be adjusted to take account of expenditure by residents abroad and expenditure by non-residents in the domestic economy. The balance of payments statistics record these expenditures in the travel account as travel credits (expenditures by non-residents in the domestic economy) and travel debits (expenditures by residents abroad). Commodity flow methods can be used in cases where there are good data on the supply of products.

Price indicators

CPI components usually provide appropriate deflators for household consumption. Deflation should be carried out at a COICOP level to ensure that. For expenditures by

residents abroad and expenditures by non resident in the domestic economy, we have used as the GDP implicit deflator.

FIGURE 3.1: FINAL EXPENDITURE PATTERN WITH GDP

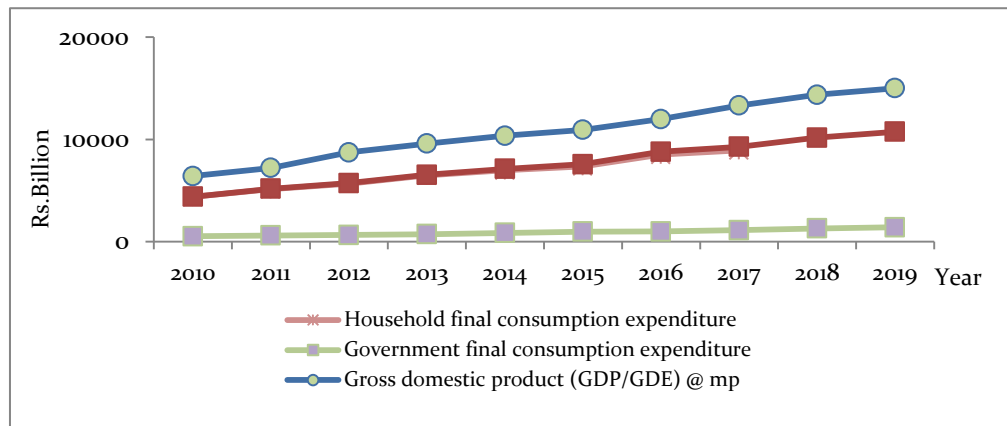


Table 3.1 shows that the largest component, household final consumption, represented 69.3 % of GDP in 2019. When adding ‘individual’ government expenditure such as public education and public health care (3.2 % of GDP), the result is households’ actual individual consumption (72.5 % of GDP).

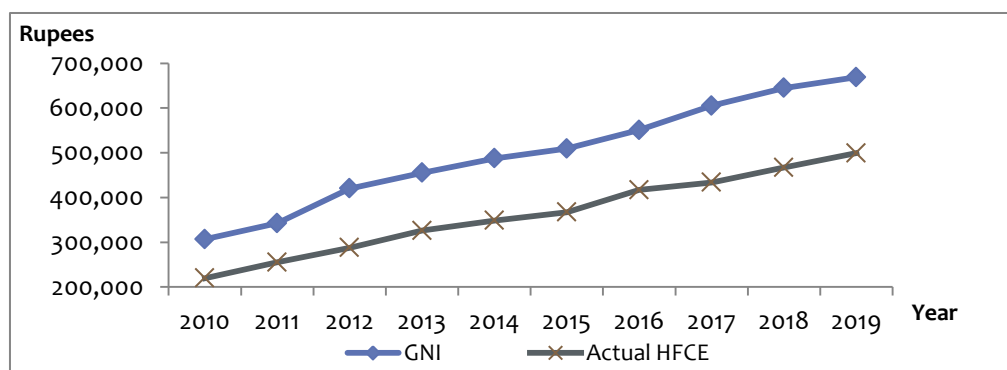
After adding ‘collective’ government consumption (6.3 % of GDP), covering items as administration, justice, defense or the police, the result is total final consumption expenditure, which accounted for 78.7 % of GDP in 2019.

TABLE 3.1: CHANGE IN GNI AND ACTUAL HFCE PER CAPITA

Component	2018	2019@	2019/18 (Change %)
Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure (Rs Mn.)	10,116,584	10,881,654	7.6
Per capita Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure at Current Prices (Rs.)	466,847	499,090	6.9
GNI Per Capita at Current Prices (Rs.)	644,970	668,894	3.7

@ - Provisional

FIGURE 3.2: PER CAPITA OF GNI & ACTUAL HFCE



While GNI per capita is often considered as an indicator of a country's living standard, it is actually the sum of all goods and services produced in that country. Actual individual consumption per capita is an alternative indicator better suited to describe the material welfare situation of households in the shares of public financing for the provision of education and health services to individuals.

Food, beverages and tobacco category, the major contributor to the HFCE increased by 2.5 percent in current prices during 2019; share of this category is 31.6 percent of the HFCE as same in the previous year. But Consumer imported goods for the Food and beverages showed a negative growth 1.7 percent during the year compared to the previous year negative change 7.3 percent. Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing activity value added change also significantly decreased from positive change 9.0 percent to negative change 2.2 percent. Expenditure on Clothing and footwear increased by 4.5 percent, this is the 9.0 percent change in 2018.

Expenditure on Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance showed increase by 3.2 percent compared to the previous year increased 10.5 percent. Consumption on Health increased by 12.1 percent in 2019, It was increased by 10.9 percent in 2018. Imports of Medical and Pharmaceutical Products increased by 14.2 percent where it was 9.1 percent in the year 2018. In the Production approach value added in human health activity increased from 11.1 percent in 2018 to 17.0 percent in 2019 and education expenses also 25.5 percent significant increase in 2019 from 0.9 percent slight increase in the year 2018 by the government and expenses for the private Education increased by 9.8 percent but Restaurants and hotels expenditure increased only by 0.2 percent. Intermediate Imports of fuel showed high increase by 3.2 percent.

Household expenditure on communication showed a 3.2 per cent change in 2019 when compared to 4.2 percent negative change in 2018.

TABLE 3.2 : COMPOSITION OF INDIVIDUAL FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE OF HOUSEHOLDS CLASSIFIED BY TYPE (AT CURRENT PRICES) 2015 - 2019

Items	Rs.Mn					
	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
1. Durable goods	61,739	88,234	116,718	82,993	97,343	98,860
2. Semi-durable goods	434,230	603,286	626,921	592,031	632,666	672,566
3. Non-durable goods	1,638,547	2,925,836	3,514,711	3,331,203	3,619,252	3,751,742
4. Services	2,267,501	3,964,766	4,539,037	5,285,370	5,831,940	6,226,225
Individual Final consumption expenditure of households	4,402,019	7,582,122	8,797,387	9,291,596	10,181,202	10,749,393
@ - Provisional						

Government final consumption Expenditure (GFCE)

The share of Final consumption Expenditure of the Government to GDP remained 9.4 percent in 2019. The change of GFCE in 2019 was 8.1 percent and 15.2 percent in 2018. The growth of GFCE was increased 9.6 percent from 2018 to 2019. The GFCE for the year under review was Rs.

1,416,989 million at current market prices compared to Rs. 1,310,655 million in 2018, showing an increase of 8.1 percent in the year 2019. In constant terms, it was Rs. 658,419 million in 2019 in contrast to Rs. 600,861 million in 2018 indicating a positive growth rate of 9.6 percent for 2019.

In nominal terms the share of collective Final consumption Expenditure of the Government (General public services, Defense, Public order & Safety, Economic Affairs, Environmental protection, Housing and community amenities, Recreation, culture and religion and Social protection) contributed 66.4 percent to GFCE and showed by 0.2 percent change in 2019.

Meanwhile “individual consumption”, which is the amount spent by general government and the NPISHs (non-profit institutions serving households) on things that directly benefit households, such as healthcare and education. Households do not pay directly for these services (they pay for them indirectly through taxes), but they benefit from them. Individual Final consumption Expenditure of the Government (Health and Education) grew by 30.3 percent in 2019, compared with negative 14.1 percent in 2018 which is

contributed by 33.6 percent in the recent year. Expenditure on Education and Health sector have increased by 25.5 percent and 30.8 percent during this period compared with the previous year. The share of Government Expenditure on both Education & Health to GFCE was recorded 17.2 percent, 16.4 percent.

By the table 3.3 In particular, the largest share of the Government final consumption was from the expenditure for Defence 20.2 percent in 2019. The expenditure for “Social Protection” 17.3 percent “Education” 17.2 percent, and “Health” 16.4 percent placed the second, third and fourth respectively, in the reference year. The General Public Services expenditure as a percentage share to total government consumption expenditure in 2019 was 14.7 percent where as it was 21.9 percent in 2018.

TABLE 3.3: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION FOR GFCE BY COFOG (CLASSIFICATION OF THE FUNCTIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT)

Function	2018	2019@
General public services	21.9	14.7
Defense	19.3	20.2
Public order & Safety	6.7	6.5
Economic Affairs	6.7	6.7
Environmental protection	0.3	0.3
Housing and community amenities	0.1	0.4
Health	13.6	16.4
Recreation, culture and religion	0.5	0.4
Education	14.8	17.2
Social protection	16.1	17.3
Total	100.0	100.0
@ - Provisional		

GROSS CAPITAL FORMATION (INVESTMENT)

Gross capital formation (GCF) is one of the principal component of final expenditures, typically accounting for around 32 percent of GDP.

The share of capital formation (27.4 percent) to GDP in the year 2019 and showed a negative change of 5.9 percent.

The rate of Gross Capital Formation at constant 2010 prices is 32.1 percent and It has contracted significantly by 9.5 percent in the year 2019.

Gross fixed capital formation (GFCF)

Table 3.4 shows that the Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GCF) as a percentage of GDP and in current terms showed a 27.1 percent in 2019. The Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GFCF) which stood at Rs. 3,671,712 million at current price in 2018 has increased to Rs 4,070,020 million in 2019 indicating an increase of 10.8 percent. At constant terms, it

recorded a value of Rs 2,586,225 million in 2019 as compared with Rs. 2,440,665 million in 2018, indicating a negative growth rate of 6.0 percent. The ratio of GFCF to GDP at current prices was 27.1 percent comprising from the private sector and Public sector for the year 2019

The Gross fixed capital formation by construction increased by 15.5 percent in 2019, 0.5 percent in 2018. At the same time Machinery and equipment and weapons systems grow by 7.7 percent in 2019 compared to 7.0 percent change in previous year and Transport equipment increased by 5.7 percent which is 7.7 percent in 2018. Imports of investment goods increased by 2.0 percent. Information and communication technology (ICT) equipment, Intellectual property increased by 18.0 percent and 6.6 percent respectively. At the sametime cultivated biological resources showed a negative growth 2.2 percent.

TABLE 3.4: GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION (GFCF)

Year	Current Value(Rs. Mn.)	Constant Value (Rs. Mn.)	Share of GDP	Imported Capital Goods as a share of total imports
2010	1,522,847	1,522,847	23.7	21.9
2015	2,814,288	2,138,922	25.7	24.1
2016	3,210,061	2,334,584	26.8	26.0
2017	3,516,741	2,452,812	26.4	23.3
2018	3,671,712	2,440,665	25.6	21.1
2019@	4,070,020	2,586,225	27.1	23.1
				@ - Provisional

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOODS

AND SERVICES

Exports and imports are key aggregates in the analysis of a country's economic situation. Exchange rates play an important role here. The openness indices for the years 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 are 49.6 percent, 49.6 percent, 50.9 percent, 53.2 percent and 52.4 percent respectively. It measures the extent to which a country is dependent on foreign trade flows with its trading partners.

Imports

The total payment of merchandised imports slightly decreased by 1.2 percent in 2019 as against the 12.8 percent increase in 2018, imports of consumer goods which consist nearly one fifth of the total imports decreased by 12.3 percent in 2019 (figure 3.3). The share of imports of consumer goods showed a decrease from 22.4 percent in 2017 to 19.8 percent in 2019. Imports of Intermediate goods which is the largest subsector in Imports slightly increased by 0.3 percent in 2019. This sector has increased by 16.3 percent in 2018 as well. The share of this sector also increased to 57.0 percent with 56.2 percent in the previous year. Fuel is the largest sector, within Intermediate goods Imports increased by 3.2 percent in 2019. Imports of Chemical Products and Textiles & Textile Articles have increased by 1.2 percent and 11.8 percent respectively in the year 2019. Imports of Fertilizer recorded decrease by 7.3 percent in 2018 compared with previous year high increase 171.8 percent.

Investment goods hold one fifth of total Imports has significantly increased by 8.1 percent in 2019 as against the increase of 2.0 percent recorded in 2018. Transport equipment under Investment goods decreased by 1.4 percent in year 2019, Building Materials and Machinery and Equipment significantly increased by 8.9 percent and 10.2 percent respectively.

Exports

Earnings from exports at current terms, which increased by 11.6 per cent in 2018, it is further increased by 10.4 per cent in 2019, to Rs. 2,134,796 million, a 11.9 percent up in industrial and 5.1 percent, increase in agricultural exports.

By table 3.5, the composition of exports for the year 2017 indicated by 79.0 percent from Industrial exports, 20.6 percent from Agricultural exports, 0.3 from Mineral exports and 0.2 percent from other exports.

Within the total exports, Agricultural exports indicated a significant increase of 5.1 percent compared with 0.7 percent decrease in 2018. Within the Agricultural exports, export income of Tea, Coconut Products, Minor Agricultural Products recorded a positive changes 3.8 percent, 16.6 percent, 12.3 percent and Rubber and Spices recorded a negative changes 15.1 percent and 4.7 percent. While Export earnings from tea, the largest export commodity in Sri Lanka, which accounts for about 11.3 percent of total exports.

Exports of Industrial products increased by 11.9 percent in 2019, mainly led by the Textiles and Garments, Gems, Diamonds & Jewellery exports Other Industrial and Rubber Products. considerable decrease by petroleum products 8.2 percent compared with 53.1 percent increase of previous year. Textiles and Garments sector contributes high share 59.4 percent to the Industrial exports sector.

Export earnings from Mineral exports increased by 8.9 per cent, to 6,063 Rs. million in 2018.

TABLE 3.5 : EXPORTS AT CURRENT PRICES 2018 – 2019

Category	Composition (%)		Increase(%)	
	2018	2019@	2018	2019@
Industrial exports	77.9	79.0	15.6	11.9
Agricultural exports	21.7	20.6	-0.7	5.1
Mineral exports	0.3	0.3	5.8	8.9
Other exports	0.1	0.1	12.8	10.8
@- Provisional			Source: Sri Lanka Customs	

TABLE 3.6 : TRADE DIRECTION

Major Exporters	Exports Value (Rs. Mn.)		
	2018	2019@	Change(%)
1. United States of America	501,211	561,469	12.0
2. United Kingdom	159,193	178,322	12.0
3. India	124,946	135,697	8.6
4. Germany	99,628	115,421	15.9
5. Italy	93,897	94,993	1.2
Major Importers	Imports Value (Rs. Mn.)		
	2018	2019@	Change(%)
1. China	669,839	721,113	7.7
2. India	675,872	684,871	1.3
3. UAE	277,188	275,709	-0.5
4. Malaysia	125,441	159,816	27.4
5. Japan	257,588	156,514	-39.2
6. Singapore	218,531	137,076	-37.3
@- Provisional			Source: Sri Lanka Customs

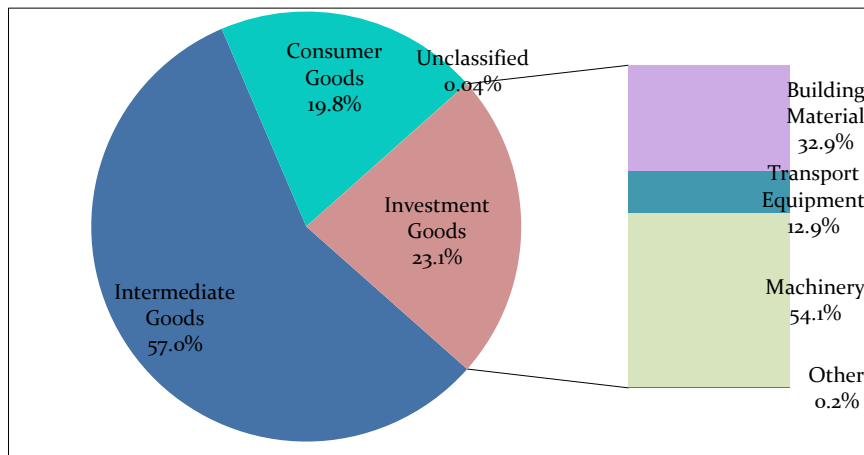
Table 3.6 shows that USA continued major trading country with Sri Lanka. United States of America continued to be the largest trade of exports with a share of 26.7 percent in total exports in 2019. Exports from United States of America increased by 12.0 percent from Rs. 501,211 million to Rs. 561,469 million. UK and India are the second and third buyer countries with the shares 8.5 percent and 6.5 percent of total

exports for the year 2019. In 2019, total exports to the UK is recorded significantly increased by 12.0 percent with Rs. Mn. 178,322. While India's exports also significantly increased by 8.6 percent compared with the increase of previous year increase 18.9 percent. First five largest export countries USA, UK, India, Germany and Italy accounted by 51.6 percent of total exports. China is the largest trade of

imports with a share of 20.7 percent in total imports in 2019. Imports from China is

increased by 7.7 percent from Rs. 669,839 million to Rs.721,113 million this year.

FIGURE 3.3 : IMPORTS BY MAJOR CATEGORIES 2019



Balance of trade

The balance of trade is the difference between exports and imports. When exports exceed imports this is referred to as a trade surplus, when imports exceed exports this is referred to as a trade deficit.

Balance of trade for Sri Lanka has recorded a deficit for the year 2019. Trade balance can be briefly defined as the difference between export income and expenditure on imports. According to the structures of exports and

imports of Sri Lanka and prices in the world market, expenditure on imports higher than the export income. Accordingly, the trade deficit expanded marginally by 14.5 per cent to -1,430,232 Rs. million in 2019, from the -1,673,111 Rs. Million recorded in 2018. However, as a per cent of GDP, the deficit in the trade balance decreased to 9.5 per cent in 2019 from 11.6 per cent in 2018 (Table 3.7).

TABLE 3.7 : TRADE BALANCE 2018-2019

Type of Trade	2018	2019@
Import Outlay(Rs.Mn)	3,606,644	3,565,028
Export Earnings(Rs.Mn)	1,933,533	2,134,796
Trade Balance(Rs.Mn)	-1,673,111	-1,430,232
@- Provisional		

Source: Sri Lanka Customs

Chapter 4 : Income perspective of the GDP

INTRODUCTION

The income approach of measuring gross domestic product (GDP) is based on the circular flow of an economy, which displays that total value added in the entire production process of the economy should be equal to the total income generated by production process. Therefore, by summing all the primary incomes which are generated by production process together, an estimate for the total value added of an economy for a given period can be made. Subsequent adjustments must then be made for taxes, less subsidies on products to get GDP at market price.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE INCOME COMPONENTS OF GDP

Compensation of employees

Compensation of Employees is the total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable by an enterprise to an employee in return for work done during the accounting period. Compensation of employees is recorded on an accrual basis; that is, it is measured by the value of the remuneration in cash or in kind that an employee become entitled to recover from an employer with respect to work done during the relevant period, whether paid in advance, simultaneously or in arrears of the work itself. No compensation of employees is payable in respect of unpaid work undertaken voluntarily, including the work done by members of a household within an unincorporated enterprise owned by the same household. Compensation of employees does not include any taxes payable by the employer on the wage and salary bill, for example, a payroll tax; such taxes are treated as taxes on production in the same way as taxes on buildings, land or other assets used in production.

Compensation of employees has two main components:

- a. Wages and salaries payable in cash or in kind;
- . Social insurance contributions payable by employers, which include contributions to social security schemes.

Operating surplus and mixed income

Operating surplus or mixed income is a measure of the surplus accruing from processes of production before deducting any explicit or implicit interest charges, rent or other property incomes payable on the financial assets, land or other natural resources required to carry on the production.

The balancing item described as operating surplus except for unincorporated enterprises owned by households in which the owner(s) or members of the same household may contribute unpaid labour inputs of a similar kind to those that could be provided by paid employees. In the latter case, the balancing item is described as mixed income because it implicitly contains an element of remuneration for work done by the owner, or other members of the household, that cannot be separately identified from the return to the owners as an entrepreneur. In many cases, though, the element of remuneration may dominate the value of mixed income.

The preferred measure of value added is after deducting consumption of fixed capital, that is, net value added. However, provision is made in the accounts of the SNA for value added, and all subsequent balancing items that depend on value added, to be measured gross or net of consumption of fixed capital. Operating surplus and mixed income may therefore both be expressed as gross or net.

Consumption of fixed capital (CFC)

Consumption of fixed capital is the decline, during the course of the accounting period, in the current value of the stock of fixed assets owned and used by a producer as a result of physical deterioration, normal obsolescence or normal accidental damage. The term depreciation is often used in place of consumption of fixed capital, but it is avoided in the SNA because in commercial accounting the term depreciation is often used in the context of writing off historic costs, whereas in the SNA consumption of fixed capital is dependent on the current value of the asset.

Consumption of fixed capital is calculated for all fixed assets owned by producers, but not for valuables. That are acquired precisely because their value, in real terms, is not expected to decline over time. Fixed assets must have been produced as outputs from processes of production as defined in the SNA. Consumption of fixed capital does not, therefore, cover the depletion or degradation of natural assets such as land, minerals or other deposits, coal, oil or natural gas, or contract, leases and licenses.

Taxes on production and on imports (less subsidies)

Taxes are compulsory, unrequited payments, in cash or in kind, made by institutional units to government units.

They are described as unrequited because the government provides nothing in return to the individual unit, making the payment, although governments may use the funds raised in taxes to provide goods or services to other units, either individually or collectively, or to the community as a whole.

At the highest level of the classification, taxes on production and on imports consist two components;

1. Taxes on products (less subsidies)
2. Other taxes on production (less subsidies).

Taxes on products consist of taxes on goods and services that become payable as a result of the production, sale, transfer, leasing or delivery of

those goods or services, or as a result of their use for own consumption or own capital formation.

Other taxes on production consist mainly of taxes on the ownership of land, buildings or other assets used in production or in the labour employed, or compensation of employees paid. Whatever the valuation of output used, other taxes on production are always recorded as a charge on the value added in the generation of income.

TABLE 4.1 : ANNUAL GDP ESTIMATES (CURRENT PRICES) BY INCOME APPROACH 2011 TO 2019

#	Components(Income Generated)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019@
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CoE)	1,884,086	2,272,091	2,551,513	2,786,394	3,179,519	3,477,645	3,717,734	4,287,840	4,436,789
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,730,289	5,841,628	6,357,836	6,832,465	6,934,960	7,477,233	8,330,583	8,835,822	9,476,074
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS)	3,809,838	4,710,315	5,051,310	5,392,946	5,448,270	5,885,654	6,545,819	6,902,076	7,536,342
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	457,855	565,050	644,982	681,589	723,723	763,487	812,537	906,021	867,289
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	462,596	566,263	661,545	757,930	762,967	828,092	972,227	1,027,725	1,072,443
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	24,729	25,850	29,905	38,334	40,360	44,710	41,385	41,665	59,728
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327	13,972,591
	(+) Taxes on Products	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114	1,247,468
	(-) Subsidies on Products	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338	203,917
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103	15,016,142
@- Provisional										

At current prices, Compensation of Employees (CoE) is estimated at Rs. 4,436,789 million for the year 2019. It has increased by 3.5 percent compared to the recorded Rs. 4,287,840 million CoE in the year 2018. At constant prices, Rs. 2,765,478 million CoE recorded for the year 2019 and it grew by 4.3 percent compared to the recorded Rs. 2,651,309 million CoE in the year 2018.

Gross Operating Surplus recorded at Rs. 9,476,074 million in 2019 compared to Rs. 8,835,822 million in 2018. The GOS increased by 7.2 percent in nominal terms and estimated GOS at Constant prices for the

years 2018 and 2019 were Rs. 6,087,543 and Rs. 6,169,684 million, respectively. Hence GOS in 2019 grew by 1.3 percent in real terms.

Mixed income totally generates through Household sector and Estimated for the year 2019 as Rs. 867,289 million and It was decreased by 4.3 percent compared to the recorded Rs. 906,021 million of MI, in 2018. Meanwhile MI in 2019 grew by 4.5 percent. Further, other taxes less subsidies on production remarkably increased by 43.4 percent in 2019 while accounting for a mere 2.7 percent growth in real terms compared to the recorded relatively high increase in nominal terms above.

TABLE 4.2 : SHARE OF INCOME COMPONENTS TO THE GDP

#	Income Generated	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019 @
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.1	26.0	26.6	26.9	29.0	29.0	27.9	29.8	29.5
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	65.5	66.9	66.3	65.9	63.3	62.3	62.5	61.5	63.1
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	52.8	53.9	52.7	52.0	49.8	49.1	49.1	48.0	50.2
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.3	5.8
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.4	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.0	6.9	7.3	7.2	7.1
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	92.0	93.2	93.2	93.2	92.7	91.7	90.7	91.6	93.1
	(+) Taxes on Products	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.2	9.5	8.3
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.1	1.4
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

@-Provisional

The Gross Operating Surplus has been the biggest income component of the GDP. Compensation of Employees accounted for 29.5 percent of GDP in 2019 and Net operating surplus, Mixed income and CFC collectively(as Gross Operating Surplus) accounted for 63.1 percent of the GDP in 2019. Those primary income components represented 92.7 percent of Gross Domestic Product at current prices in 2019 and the

remaining 7.3 percent estimated as other taxes, less subsidies on production and taxes less subsidies on products.

PART II

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS TABLES

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Table A - 1: Summary Indicators

INDICATOR	2010	2015	2015 / 14 %	2016	2016 / 15 %	2017	2017 / 16 %	2018	2018 / 17 %	2019	2019 / 18 %
A. Global Aggregates at Current Market prices (Rs. Million)											
1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	6,413,668	10,950,621	5.7	11,996,083	9.5	13,328,103	11.1	14,366,103	7.8	15,016,142	4.5
2. Gross National Income (GNI)	6,343,892	10,675,880	5.4	11,676,431	9.4	12,975,247	11.1	13,976,502	7.7	14,583,892	4.3
3. Three Major economic activities of GDP (Value Added)											
Agriculture	544,914	896,229	8.0	890,925	(0.6)	1,043,994	17.2	1,138,472	9.0	1,113,834	(2.2)
Industry	1,708,867	2,975,232	1.5	3,337,428	12.2	3,568,560	6.9	3,819,811	7.0	4,114,102	7.7
Services	3,504,323	6,283,379	6.6	6,771,236	7.8	7,477,148	10.4	8,207,045	9.8	8,744,656	6.6
B. Global Aggregates at Constant (2010) Prices (Rs. Million)											
1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	6,413,668	8,647,833	5.0	9,035,830	4.5	9,359,147	3.6	9,668,600	3.3	9,889,379	2.3
2. Gross National Income (GNI)	6,343,892	8,432,998	4.8	8,794,903	4.3	9,109,531	3.6	9,404,093	3.2	9,608,296	2.2
3. Three Major economic activities of GDP (Value Added)											
Agriculture	544,914	669,725	4.7	644,655	(3.7)	642,159	(0.4)	683,816	6.5	687,857	0.6
Industry	1,708,867	2,267,725	2.2	2,396,833	5.7	2,509,421	4.7	2,540,315	1.2	2,608,211	2.7
Services	3,504,323	4,894,717	6.0	5,127,616	4.8	5,313,435	3.6	5,555,303	4.6	5,680,757	2.3
C. Per-capita Gross Domestic Product											
1. At Current Prices (Rs.)	310,214	522,304	4.7	565,773	8.3	621,531	9.9	662,949	6.7	688,719	3.9
2. At Current Prices (US\$)	2,744	3,842	0.6	3,886	1.1	4,077	4.9	4,079	0.0	3,852	(5.5)
3. At Constant (2010) Prices (Rs.)	310,214	412,469	4.0	426,158	3.3	436,446	2.4	446,174	2.2	453,579	1.7
D. Per-Capita Gross National Income											
1. At Current Prices (Rs.)	306,839	509,200	4.5	550,697	8.1	605,076	9.9	644,970	6.6	668,894	3.7
2. At Current Prices (US\$)	2,714	3,746	0.3	3,782	1.0	3,969	4.9	3,968	(0.0)	3,741	(5.7)
3. At Constant (2010) Prices (Rs.)	306,839	402,223	3.8	414,795	3.1	424,806	2.4	433,968	2.2	440,687	1.5
E. GDP Implicit Price Deflator (2010=100)	100.0	126.6	0.6	132.8	4.8	142.4	7.3	148.6	4.3	151.8	2.2
1. Change in GDP Implicit Price Deflator (2010=100)		0.65		4.84		7.27		4.34		2.19	
F. Colombo Consumers' Price Index (CCPI), 2013=100		107.4	2.2	111.7	4.0	119.0	6.5	124.2	4.3	129.5	4.3
G. Selected Components in Current Prices (Rs. Million)											
1. Exports of Goods and Non Factor Services	1,254,021	2,301,065	5.3	2,540,049	10.4	2,909,720	14.6	3,292,414	13.2	3,472,337	5.5
2. Imports of Goods and Non Factor Services	1,719,605	3,125,931	3.5	3,414,338	9.2	3,872,521	13.4	4,354,292	12.4	4,391,746	0.9
3. Primary Income Received from Abroad	36,508	17,253	(14.9)	18,499	7.2	26,394	42.7	40,204	52.3	44,989	11.9
4. Primary Income Paid to Abroad	106,284	291,994	13.9	338,151	15.8	379,250	12.2	429,805	13.3	477,239	11.0
G.D.P. Growth Rate		5.0		4.5		3.6		3.3		2.3	
Annual Average Price Change % (GDP- Implicit)		0.6		4.8		7.3		4.3		2.2	
Exchange Rate:- One US Dollar (US \$) = Rupees	113.1	136	4.1	146	7.1	152	4.7	163	6.6	179	10.0
Mid Year Population ('000')	20,675	20,966	0.9	21,203	1.1	21,444	1.1	21,670	1.1	21,803	0.6
R - Revised, @ - Provisional											
Source: Department of Census and Statistics, Central Bank of Sri Lanka											

Table A - 2: Gross Domestic Product(A10) @ current market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million								
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	544,914	896,229	890,925	1,043,994	1,138,472	1,113,834
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industries	1,372,486	2,144,820	2,402,640	2,527,582	2,769,383	2,992,443
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	1,157,975	1,780,785	1,964,786	2,048,702	2,272,719	2,456,838
3	F	Construction	336,381	830,412	934,787	1,040,978	1,050,428	1,121,659
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	1,459,691	2,672,316	2,885,975	3,133,233	3,399,943	3,605,876
5	J	Information and communication	31,650	76,139	88,886	90,485	102,548	119,472
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	342,763	450,227	527,550	677,816	733,347	795,061
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	307,112	625,695	690,153	770,252	834,398	891,455
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	112,062	197,247	201,976	224,431	244,015	260,735
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	658,950	1,144,852	1,201,741	1,288,906	1,509,402	1,592,216
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	592,095	1,116,902	1,174,954	1,292,025	1,383,391	1,479,840
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	5,758,104	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327	13,972,591
		(+) Taxes on products	687,833	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114	1,247,468
		(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338	203,917
		Equals GDP at mp	6,413,668	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103	15,016,142
R - Revised, @ - Provisional								
Source: Department of Census and Statistics								

Table A - 3: Gross Domestic Product(A10) @ constant (2010=100) market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million								
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	544,914	669,725	644,655	642,159	683,816	687,857
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industries	1,372,486	1,671,028	1,750,839	1,835,325	1,883,245	1,924,840
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	1,157,975	1,360,977	1,402,395	1,460,818	1,512,800	1,540,969
3	F	Construction	336,381	596,697	645,994	674,097	657,070	683,371
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	1,459,691	2,002,814	2,083,494	2,158,382	2,234,394	2,273,836
5	J	Information and communication	31,650	48,917	52,829	57,872	63,421	73,378
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	342,763	575,798	646,736	702,437	800,412	820,867
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	307,112	489,352	520,085	544,733	566,078	579,601
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	112,062	154,266	152,229	158,755	165,550	169,523
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	658,950	750,036	786,822	777,528	786,902	804,959
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	592,095	873,534	885,421	913,729	938,547	958,592
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	5,758,104	7,832,167	8,169,103	8,465,015	8,779,434	8,976,825
		(+) Taxes on products	687,833	857,040	894,210	920,927	927,445	950,026
		(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	41,373	27,483	26,795	38,279	37,473
		Equals GDP at mp	6,413,668	8,647,833	9,035,830	9,359,147	9,668,600	9,889,379
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics								

Table A - 4: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ current market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million							
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	544,914	896,229	890,925	1,043,994	1,138,472	1,113,834
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	10,548	20,385	16,503	18,242	20,554	20,335
2	Growing of Rice	60,086	118,098	72,811	88,565	132,726	114,420
3	Growing of Vegetables	47,704	90,546	85,843	100,037	102,002	101,578
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	2,442	2,801	3,499	3,519	3,378	3,484
5	Growing of fruits	36,610	55,258	64,559	84,328	98,811	109,541
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	60,231	95,586	75,805	103,773	110,736	81,478
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	72,208	75,789	82,136	116,548	108,290	98,868
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee,	1,295	1,366	2,096	2,044	3,285	2,272
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	28,468	80,564	86,460	87,678	87,443	84,718
10	Growing of rubber	44,411	14,226	10,718	18,962	21,643	15,046
11	Growing of other perennial crops	14,496	24,507	25,674	24,165	24,323	27,453
12	Animal Production	27,230	65,517	92,501	103,728	123,174	136,262
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	8,533	13,808	14,889	14,066	13,963	13,404
14	Forestry and Logging	43,339	75,549	83,816	100,597	108,828	107,985
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	77,579	146,923	159,310	159,141	152,549	169,976
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water	9,737	15,305	14,307	18,603	26,766	27,013
	Industries	1,708,867	2,975,232	3,337,428	3,568,560	3,819,811	4,114,102
17	Mining and quarrying	124,926	249,098	313,635	351,428	350,649	374,931
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco	433,769	823,461	856,778	842,027	817,053	897,829
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and	264,905	399,291	576,089	603,272	686,113	727,383
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood	26,318	29,023	24,230	23,743	24,994	27,699
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	26,094	39,575	48,768	50,404	54,631	63,176
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum	22,281	20,399	5,049	30,496	45,277	83,917
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	69,450	73,804	85,182	80,885	89,371	115,077
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	63,257	81,853	80,909	86,306	105,293	101,898
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral	79,267	92,862	105,854	120,605	163,995	166,363
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated	31,665	39,298	41,259	47,452	74,497	68,917
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	35,909	46,309	51,765	57,387	70,657	73,356
28	Manufacture of furniture	56,402	78,569	43,015	54,751	71,032	65,298
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and	48,660	56,342	45,888	51,372	69,806	65,924
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	68,491	82,966	86,882	90,954	106,774	118,653
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	9,381	15,098	17,820	17,383	19,078	19,675
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal	11,712	16,873	19,517	19,114	20,163	22,346
33	Construction	336,381	830,412	934,787	1,040,978	1,050,428	1,121,659
	Services	3,504,323	6,283,379	6,771,236	7,477,148	8,207,045	8,744,656
34	Wholesale and retail trade	705,778	1,193,649	1,270,056	1,404,772	1,533,760	1,647,971
35	Transportation of goods and passengers	662,153	1,302,310	1,425,988	1,516,369	1,632,761	1,725,084
36	Postal and courier activities	4,066	5,001	4,890	5,036	5,162	5,589
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service	87,693	171,356	185,041	207,055	228,259	227,231
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and	2,526	4,426	4,809	3,948	4,062	4,099
39	Telecommunication	22,931	56,181	66,807	67,357	76,271	89,158
40	IT programming consultancy and related	6,194	15,532	17,271	19,180	22,216	26,215
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary	274,933	347,909	406,826	531,241	575,756	622,278
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	67,830	102,319	120,724	146,575	157,591	172,784
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of	307,112	625,695	690,153	770,252	834,398	891,455
44	Professional services	112,062	197,247	201,976	224,431	244,015	260,735
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory	383,823	637,473	678,675	746,439	920,922	897,143
46	Education	138,553	250,174	256,889	266,324	281,628	336,126
47	Human health activities, Residential care and	136,574	257,206	266,177	276,142	306,853	358,947
48	Other personal service activities	592,095	1,116,902	1,174,954	1,292,025	1,383,391	1,479,840
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	5,758,104	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327	13,972,591
	(+) Taxes on products	687,833	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114	1,247,468
	(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338	203,917
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	6,413,668	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103	15,016,142
R - Revised, @ - Provisional							
Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

Table A - 5: Percentage shares of GDP @ current market prices, 2010 to 2019

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	8.5	8.8	7.4	7.7	8.0	8.2	7.4	7.8	7.9	7.4
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.8
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.5
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.7
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
10	Growing of rubber	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
	Industries	26.6	28.0	30.1	29.2	28.3	27.2	27.8	26.8	26.6	27.4
17	Mining and quarrying	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.5
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	6.8	8.4	9.1	8.4	7.3	7.5	7.1	6.3	5.7	6.0
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.6	4.8	4.5	4.8	4.8
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.6
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.8
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
33	Construction	5.2	6.3	7.1	7.5	7.9	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.3	7.5
	Services	54.6	55.1	55.6	56.4	56.9	57.4	56.4	56.1	57.1	58.2
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.0	11.7	11.2	10.9	10.8	10.9	10.6	10.5	10.7	11.0
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	10.3	10.9	12.1	12.1	12.4	11.9	11.9	11.4	11.4	11.5
36	Postal and courier activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	4.3	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.4	4.0	4.0	4.1
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9
44	Professional services	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	6.0	5.9	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.8	5.7	5.6	6.4	6.0
46	Education	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.4
48	Other personal service activities	9.2	9.5	9.6	10.3	10.3	10.2	9.8	9.7	9.6	9.9
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	89.8	92.0	93.2	93.2	93.2	92.7	91.7	90.7	91.6	93.1
	(+) Taxes on products	10.7	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.2	9.5	8.3
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.1	1.4
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
R - Revised, @ - Provisional											
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>											

Table A - 6: Percentage increase of GDP @ current market prices, 2010 to 2019

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	17.0	2.0	13.0	12.8	8.0	(0.6)	17.2	9.0	(2.2)
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	12.0	20.2	23.9	4.9	10.5	(19.0)	10.5	12.7	(1.1)
2	Growing of Rice	13.2	(9.0)	8.0	51.0	17.0	(38.3)	21.6	49.9	(13.8)
3	Growing of Vegetables	22.7	(0.5)	18.6	5.8	23.9	(5.2)	16.5	2.0	(0.4)
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	(5.0)	13.1	24.4	5.1	(18.4)	24.9	0.6	(4.0)	3.1
5	Growing of fruits	5.0	4.5	11.6	1.9	20.9	16.8	30.6	17.2	10.9
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	16.4	(14.7)	24.9	6.9	19.8	(20.7)	36.9	6.7	(26.4)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(3.0)	9.0	19.1	0.7	(17.2)	8.4	41.9	(7.1)	(8.7)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	7.2	7.2	(15.1)	28.5	(15.8)	53.4	(2.5)	60.7	(30.8)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	48.9	15.5	1.1	53.0	6.4	7.3	1.4	(0.3)	(3.1)
10	Growing of rubber	50.2	(29.7)	(32.9)	(44.6)	(18.4)	(24.7)	76.9	14.1	(30.5)
11	Growing of other perennial crops	12.3	13.5	4.2	17.6	8.3	4.8	(5.9)	0.7	12.9
12	Animal Production	0.3	6.0	39.3	42.0	14.4	41.2	12.1	18.7	10.6
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	4.5	17.7	6.3	8.5	14.0	7.8	(5.5)	(0.7)	(4.0)
14	Forestry and Logging	7.7	9.6	25.3	12.0	5.3	10.9	20.0	8.2	(0.8)
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	24.6	21.6	17.2	3.1	3.5	8.4	(0.1)	(4.1)	11.4
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	22.4	11.1	1.6	19.2	(4.6)	(6.5)	30.0	43.9	0.9
	Industries	18.3	30.2	6.3	4.8	1.5	12.2	6.9	7.0	7.7
17	Mining and quarrying	23.1	38.7	15.0	3.7	(2.1)	25.9	12.1	(0.2)	6.9
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	39.3	32.2	0.4	(5.3)	8.4	4.0	(1.7)	(3.0)	9.9
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	9.1	19.8	5.6	13.6	(3.9)	44.3	4.7	13.7	6.0
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	7.2	(17.0)	17.0	(18.6)	30.3	(16.5)	(2.0)	5.3	10.8
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	8.6	(4.7)	4.7	29.5	8.2	23.2	3.4	8.4	15.6
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(73.6)	586.9	63.8	0.9	(69.4)	(75.2)	504.0	48.5	85.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	(40.5)	31.4	15.6	18.2	(0.4)	15.4	(5.0)	10.5	28.8
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	5.7	27.4	(12.0)	3.7	5.3	(1.2)	6.7	22.0	(3.2)
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	29.7	39.9	(13.2)	(11.4)	(16.0)	14.0	13.9	36.0	1.4
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	(6.2)	8.0	6.9	(1.9)	16.8	5.0	15.0	57.0	(7.5)
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(5.0)	(1.1)	2.5	(3.4)	38.6	11.8	10.9	23.1	3.8
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.8	4.7	(2.6)	36.2	(0.5)	(45.3)	27.3	29.7	(8.1)
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	(12.6)	25.3	(16.4)	12.2	12.7	(18.6)	12.0	35.9	(5.6)
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	(1.2)	16.5	14.8	(14.2)	6.9	4.7	4.7	17.4	11.1
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	(10.8)	12.5	18.9	28.9	4.7	18.0	(2.5)	9.7	3.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	(19.3)	8.4	13.9	12.6	28.4	15.7	(2.1)	5.5	10.8
33	Construction	34.3	37.5	15.2	13.7	2.1	12.6	11.4	0.9	6.8
	Services	13.6	22.1	11.3	9.0	6.6	7.8	10.4	9.8	6.6
34	Wholesale and retail trade	19.9	15.2	7.5	6.6	6.8	6.4	10.6	9.2	7.4
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	18.4	34.9	10.0	10.8	1.1	9.5	6.3	7.7	5.7
36	Postal and courier activities	6.3	4.5	3.9	2.7	3.7	(2.2)	3.0	2.5	8.3
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	28.2	37.0	0.8	7.4	2.8	8.0	11.9	10.2	(0.5)
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	14.6	8.9	33.2	(12.3)	20.3	8.7	(17.9)	2.9	0.9
39	Telecommunication	18.7	22.2	26.2	6.5	25.6	18.9	0.8	13.2	16.9
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	24.3	18.8	30.1	12.6	15.9	11.2	11.1	15.8	18.0
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	(18.7)	26.2	9.5	10.3	2.1	16.9	30.6	8.4	8.1
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(11.4)	32.4	2.7	13.7	10.1	18.0	21.4	7.5	9.6
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	14.0	21.2	20.7	9.9	11.2	10.3	11.6	8.3	6.8
44	Professional services	21.3	31.5	11.2	6.1	(6.5)	2.4	11.1	8.7	6.9
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	10.1	7.9	10.1	12.3	13.2	6.5	10.0	23.4	(2.6)
46	Education	7.0	15.8	10.4	12.1	17.9	2.7	3.7	5.7	19.4
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	24.1	12.9	3.9	5.8	22.3	3.5	3.7	11.1	17.0
48	Other personal service activities	15.9	22.2	17.7	7.8	5.0	5.2	10.0	7.1	7.0
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	15.3	22.6	9.8	8.0	5.2	8.3	9.9	8.9	6.1
	(+) Taxes on products	(10.0)	3.4	7.5	9.2	20.8	27.9	16.7	0.4	(8.3)
	(-) Subsidies on products	20.4	21.0	(25.6)	34.0	137.4	47.1	(29.2)	37.6	28.0
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	12.6	21.0	9.8	8.0	5.7	9.5	11.1	7.8	4.5
R - Revised, @ - Provisional										
Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 7: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ constant market prices, 2015 to 2019

							Rs. Million
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	544,914	669,725	644,655	642,159	683,816	687,857
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	10,548	14,984	13,158	11,503	11,736	10,615
2	Growing of Rice	60,086	76,293	52,388	48,648	70,380	70,169
3	Growing of Vegetables	47,704	56,730	58,349	55,240	57,439	58,298
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	2,442	1,882	2,347	2,044	1,820	1,973
5	Growing of fruits	36,610	48,038	46,512	49,961	55,654	60,399
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	60,231	67,514	66,971	53,773	57,577	68,062
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	72,208	72,051	63,972	66,879	67,141	66,300
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	1,295	1,259	1,354	1,268	1,592	1,219
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	28,468	60,797	62,931	63,200	66,914	66,223
10	Growing of rubber	44,411	25,783	23,028	24,165	24,085	21,807
11	Growing of other perennial crops	14,496	16,839	16,484	16,717	16,303	16,255
12	Animal Production	27,230	51,857	55,631	58,729	63,418	65,440
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	8,533	10,421	10,210	9,238	9,258	8,675
14	Forestry and Logging	43,339	48,362	52,485	62,545	62,020	59,036
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	77,579	104,413	105,100	103,043	102,175	96,589
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	9,737	12,503	13,735	15,208	16,304	16,797
	Industries	1,708,867	2,267,725	2,396,833	2,509,421	2,540,315	2,608,211
17	Mining and quarrying	124,926	191,145	217,577	237,827	225,505	231,893
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	433,769	528,821	529,786	534,924	556,140	574,888
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	264,905	282,719	289,001	304,090	314,442	326,803
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	26,318	27,320	32,855	32,909	33,845	31,178
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	26,094	27,728	30,283	31,885	32,226	30,803
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	22,281	29,075	31,245	29,743	27,312	33,694
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	69,450	83,179	90,095	93,552	96,761	100,511
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	63,257	76,144	77,055	86,202	88,147	83,009
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	79,267	75,191	69,660	77,821	85,031	85,341
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	31,665	28,953	38,577	43,862	48,111	46,328
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	35,909	38,848	46,610	50,967	52,075	52,578
28	Manufacture of furniture	56,402	94,489	96,303	97,920	100,302	100,797
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	48,660	68,509	70,923	76,943	78,408	75,040
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	68,491	85,202	92,356	94,803	100,382	104,437
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	9,381	12,023	12,972	13,562	14,351	15,139
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	11,712	21,681	25,539	28,316	30,207	32,403
33	Construction	336,381	596,697	645,994	674,097	657,070	683,371
	Services	3,504,323	4,894,717	5,127,616	5,313,435	5,555,303	5,680,757
34	Wholesale and retail trade	705,778	933,216	957,088	993,667	1,040,360	1,071,847
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	662,153	931,529	982,703	1,013,857	1,034,755	1,049,566
36	Postal and courier activities	4,066	4,052	4,260	4,425	4,485	4,752
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	87,693	134,017	139,443	146,432	154,794	147,671
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	2,526	2,624	2,831	2,804	2,519	2,639
39	Telecommunication	22,931	34,146	36,984	41,503	45,830	53,695
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	6,194	12,148	13,015	13,564	15,072	17,044
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	274,933	493,785	554,564	606,512	687,918	701,880
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	67,830	82,013	92,172	95,925	112,493	118,987
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	307,112	489,352	520,085	544,733	566,078	579,601
44	Professional services	112,062	154,266	152,229	158,755	165,550	169,523
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	383,823	430,105	452,586	430,672	428,022	437,065
46	Education	138,553	159,875	171,830	172,701	179,524	185,116
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	136,574	160,056	162,405	174,155	179,356	182,777
48	Other personal service activities	592,095	873,534	885,421	913,729	938,547	958,592
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	5,758,104	7,832,167	8,169,103	8,465,015	8,779,434	8,976,825
	(+) Taxes on products	687,833	857,040	894,210	920,927	927,445	950,026
	(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	41,373	27,483	26,795	38,279	37,473
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	6,413,668	8,647,833	9,035,830	9,359,147	9,668,600	9,889,379
R - Revised, @ - Provisional							
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>							

Table A - 8: Percentage shares of GDP @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2019

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	8.5	8.2	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.1	6.9	7.1	7.0
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
10	Growing of rubber	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
	Industries	26.6	26.9	26.8	27.0	26.9	26.2	26.5	26.8	26.3	26.4
17	Mining and quarrying	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.3
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	6.8	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.8
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	4.1	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
33	Construction	5.2	6.1	6.8	7.1	7.4	6.9	7.1	7.2	6.8	6.9
	Services	54.6	54.9	55.9	56.2	56.1	56.6	56.7	56.8	57.5	57.4
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.0	11.3	11.2	11.0	10.7	10.8	10.6	10.6	10.8	10.8
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	10.3	10.7	10.6	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.8	10.7	10.6
36	Postal and courier activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.7	6.1	6.5	7.1	7.1
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.9
44	Professional services	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	6.0	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.4	4.4
46	Education	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	2.1	2.2	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8
48	Other personal service activities	9.2	9.2	9.6	10.2	10.2	10.1	9.8	9.8	9.7	9.7
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	89.8	90.0	90.6	91.0	90.8	90.6	90.4	90.4	90.8	90.8
	(+) Taxes on products	10.7	10.6	9.9	9.5	9.6	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.6	9.6
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.	100.
R - Revised, @ - Provisional											
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

Table A - 9: Percentage Growth of GDP @ constant market prices, 2011 to 2019

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	4.6	3.9	3.2	4.6	4.7	(3.7)	(0.4)	6.5	0.6
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.4	18.2	14.3	(2.4)	7.3	(12.2)	(12.6)	2.0	(9.5)
2	Growing of Rice	16.8	(11.3)	5.3	(7.0)	25.0	(31.3)	(7.1)	44.7	(0.3)
3	Growing of Vegetables	9.7	(2.1)	5.7	2.0	2.7	2.9	(5.3)	4.0	1.5
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	(12.3)	5.2	8.3	(6.3)	(17.7)	24.7	(12.9)	(10.9)	8.4
5	Growing of fruits	3.2	1.2	(2.3)	9.4	17.5	(3.2)	7.4	11.4	8.5
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	(5.2)	8.9	(14.1)	20.1	5.2	(0.8)	(19.7)	7.1	18.2
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(0.6)	0.5	3.7	(1.1)	(2.5)	(11.2)	4.5	0.4	(1.3)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	(0.6)	2.5	0.1	16.4	(18.1)	7.5	(6.4)	25.6	(23.4)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	(1.1)	57.8	14.4	13.1	5.7	3.5	0.4	5.9	(1.0)
10	Growing of rubber	3.5	(3.7)	(14.2)	(24.5)	(10.1)	(10.7)	4.9	(0.3)	(9.5)
11	Growing of other perennial crops	1.2	3.4	(5.4)	7.4	9.3	(2.1)	1.4	(2.5)	(0.3)
12	Animal Production	(3.2)	12.0	24.0	31.0	8.1	7.3	5.6	8.0	3.2
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(1.1)	7.9	0.9	6.4	6.7	(2.0)	(9.5)	0.2	(6.3)
14	Forestry and Logging	(1.9)	(10.2)	12.7	10.2	1.9	8.5	19.2	(0.8)	(4.8)
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	15.5	8.4	7.0	1.9	(1.3)	0.7	(2.0)	(0.8)	(5.5)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	13.6	13.5	(1.0)	13.2	(11.2)	9.9	10.7	7.2	3.0
	Industries	9.3	9.0	4.1	4.7	2.2	5.7	4.7	1.2	2.7
17	Mining and quarrying	18.6	24.6	7.6	1.6	(5.2)	13.8	9.3	(5.2)	2.8
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	12.5	3.9	0.0	1.3	2.9	0.2	1.0	4.0	3.4
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	(10.1)	2.6	8.2	4.6	2.1	2.2	5.2	3.4	3.9
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except	19.8	(25.5)	7.6	(8.4)	18.1	20.3	0.2	2.8	(7.9)
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media	5.8	(10.4)	0.8	0.2	11.1	9.2	5.3	1.1	(4.4)
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	59.1	(18.6)	(4.7)	4.4	1.2	7.5	(4.8)	(8.2)	23.4
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	(2.6)	11.7	8.5	0.3	1.1	8.3	3.8	3.4	3.9
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	19.6	10.1	(1.3)	(12.5)	5.9	1.2	11.9	2.3	(5.8)
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	8.8	1.0	(7.0)	(2.9)	(4.4)	(7.4)	11.7	9.3	0.4
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	(17.0)	(6.5)	8.1	(6.4)	16.4	33.2	13.7	9.7	(3.7)
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(6.3)	(8.3)	(0.0)	4.0	21.2	20.0	9.3	2.2	1.0
28	Manufacture of furniture	(5.4)	19.8	5.6	22.6	14.2	1.9	1.7	2.4	0.5
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and	(29.0)	21.4	5.9	26.0	22.4	3.5	8.5	1.9	(4.3)
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	7.9	1.8	2.0	4.6	6.1	8.4	2.6	5.9	4.0
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	5.0	7.2	4.0	4.8	4.5	7.9	4.6	5.8	5.5
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	3.7	20.0	6.4	11.9	24.9	17.8	10.9	6.7	7.3
33	Construction	26.3	21.2	7.5	10.6	(2.5)	8.3	4.4	(2.5)	4.0
	Services	8.9	11.2	3.8	4.8	6.0	4.8	3.6	4.6	2.3
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.7	7.7	1.3	2.8	5.6	2.6	3.8	4.7	3.0
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	12.6	8.0	5.5	4.2	5.2	5.5	3.2	2.1	1.4
36	Postal and courier activities	0.0	9.2	(1.7)	(7.1)	(0.1)	5.1	3.9	1.4	5.9
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	20.2	27.3	(5.8)	4.0	1.9	4.0	5.0	5.7	(4.6)
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	(13.8)	3.4	7.6	3.8	4.4	7.9	(0.9)	(10.2)	4.8
39	Telecommunication	6.5	8.3	3.6	13.1	10.2	8.3	12.2	10.4	17.2
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	16.5	10.5	21.6	9.1	14.8	7.1	4.2	11.1	13.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	14.5	15.9	5.8	8.9	17.5	12.3	9.4	13.4	2.0
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(0.3)	2.1	2.6	5.8	9.4	12.4	4.1	17.3	5.8
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.8	12.7	12.8	6.5	10.2	6.3	4.7	3.9	2.4
44	Professional services	13.7	22.3	4.0	2.8	(7.3)	(1.3)	4.3	4.3	2.4
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	(4.4)	5.0	(0.8)	5.2	6.9	5.2	(4.8)	(0.6)	2.1
46	Education	(1.7)	22.7	(5.8)	10.3	(8.0)	7.5	0.5	4.0	3.1
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	14.2	11.5	(15.7)	1.0	8.2	1.5	7.2	3.0	1.9
48	Other personal service activities	8.6	13.6	10.0	4.5	4.0	1.4	3.2	2.7	2.1
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	8.6	9.9	3.8	4.8	4.8	4.3	3.6	3.7	2.2
	(+) Taxes on products	7.2	1.5	(0.5)	6.3	8.3	4.3	3.0	0.7	2.4
	(-) Subsidies on products	19.9	(13.8)	5.3	(5.5)	24.7	(33.6)	(2.5)	42.9	(2.1)
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	8.4	9.1	3.4	5.0	5.0	4.5	3.6	3.3	2.3
R - Revised, @ - Provisional										
Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 10: GDP Implicit Price Deplator (2010=100), 2010 to 2019

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	100.0	111.9	109.8	120.2	129.7	133.8	138.2	162.6	166.5	161.9
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	100.0	111.5	113.4	123.0	132.1	136.0	125.4	158.6	175.1	191.6
2	Growing of Rice	100.0	96.9	99.4	101.9	165.4	154.8	139.0	182.1	188.6	163.1
3	Growing of Vegetables	100.0	111.8	113.6	127.5	132.3	159.6	147.1	181.1	177.6	174.2
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	100.0	108.3	116.4	133.7	150.0	148.9	149.1	172.1	185.6	176.6
5	Growing of fruits	100.0	101.7	105.1	119.9	111.8	115.0	138.8	168.8	177.5	181.4
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	100.0	122.8	96.1	139.7	124.4	141.6	113.2	193.0	192.3	119.7
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	100.0	97.6	105.9	121.7	123.8	105.2	128.4	174.3	161.3	149.1
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa	100.0	107.9	112.8	95.6	105.5	108.5	154.8	161.3	206.3	186.4
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	100.0	150.6	110.2	97.4	131.7	132.5	137.4	138.7	130.7	127.9
10	Growing of rubber	100.0	145.2	106.1	82.9	60.8	55.2	46.5	78.5	89.9	69.0
11	Growing of other perennial crops	100.0	111.0	121.8	134.2	147.0	145.5	155.8	144.6	149.2	168.9
12	Animal Production	100.0	103.6	98.1	110.2	119.5	126.3	166.3	176.6	194.2	208.2
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	100.0	105.7	115.4	121.6	124.0	132.5	145.8	152.3	150.8	154.5
14	Forestry and Logging	100.0	109.8	133.9	148.9	151.2	156.2	159.7	160.8	175.5	182.9
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	100.0	107.9	121.0	132.5	134.2	140.7	151.6	154.4	149.3	176.0
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	100.0	107.7	105.5	108.2	114.0	122.4	104.2	122.3	164.2	160.8
	Industries	100.0	108.3	129.2	132.0	132.1	131.2	139.2	142.2	150.4	157.7
17	Mining and quarrying	100.0	103.8	115.6	123.7	126.2	130.3	144.1	147.8	155.5	161.7
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	100.0	123.9	157.5	158.1	147.7	155.7	161.7	157.4	146.9	156.2
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	100.0	121.4	141.7	138.2	150.1	141.2	199.3	198.4	218.2	222.6
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and	100.0	89.5	99.7	108.3	96.2	106.2	73.7	72.1	73.9	88.8
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	100.0	102.6	109.1	113.4	146.5	142.7	161.0	158.1	169.5	205.1
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	100.0	16.6	139.8	240.1	232.2	70.2	16.2	102.5	165.8	249.1
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	100.0	61.0	71.8	76.5	90.1	88.7	94.5	86.5	92.4	114.5
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	100.0	88.4	102.3	91.2	108.1	107.5	105.0	100.1	119.5	122.8
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	100.0	119.3	165.1	154.0	140.5	123.5	152.0	155.0	192.9	194.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal	100.0	113.0	130.5	129.0	135.2	135.7	107.0	108.2	154.8	148.8
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	100.0	101.4	109.4	112.1	104.2	119.2	111.1	112.6	135.7	139.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	100.0	106.5	93.1	85.9	95.4	83.2	44.7	55.9	70.8	64.8
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	100.0	123.1	127.0	100.2	89.2	82.2	64.7	66.8	89.0	87.9
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	100.0	91.5	104.7	117.9	96.7	97.4	94.1	95.9	106.4	113.6
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	100.0	85.0	89.2	102.0	125.4	125.6	137.4	128.2	132.9	130.0
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	100.0	77.8	70.3	75.2	75.7	77.8	76.4	67.5	66.7	69.0
33	Construction	100.0	106.3	120.7	129.3	133.0	139.2	144.7	154.4	159.9	164.1
	Services	100.0	104.3	114.4	122.7	127.7	128.4	132.1	140.7	147.7	153.9
34	Wholesale and retail trade	100.0	107.4	114.9	121.8	126.4	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4	153.8
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	100.0	105.1	131.3	136.9	145.5	139.8	145.1	149.6	157.8	164.4
36	Postal and courier activities	100.0	106.3	101.7	107.6	118.9	123.4	114.8	113.8	115.1	117.6
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.5	153.9
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio	100.0	132.9	140.0	173.3	146.4	168.7	169.9	140.8	161.2	155.3
39	Telecommunication	100.0	111.5	125.7	153.3	144.4	164.5	180.6	162.3	166.4	166.0
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4	153.8
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial	100.0	71.0	77.3	80.0	81.1	70.5	73.4	87.6	83.7	88.7
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	100.0	88.9	115.2	115.3	124.0	124.8	131.0	152.8	140.1	145.2
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4	153.8
44	Professional services	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4	153.8
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	100.0	115.1	118.2	131.2	140.0	148.2	150.0	173.3	215.2	205.3
46	Education	100.0	108.8	102.6	120.2	122.1	156.5	149.5	154.2	156.9	181.6
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social	100.0	108.6	110.0	135.6	142.1	160.7	163.9	158.6	171.1	196.4
48	Other personal service activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4	154.4
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	100.0	106.2	118.4	125.3	129.2	129.7	134.6	142.8	150.0	155.7
	(+) Taxes on products	100.0	83.9	85.5	92.3	94.8	105.8	129.7	147.0	146.7	131.3
	(-) Subsidies on products	100.0	100.4	140.9	99.5	141.2	268.8	595.3	432.2	416.3	544.2
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	100.0	103.8	115.1	122.3	125.8	126.6	132.8	142.4	148.6	151.8
R - Revised, @ - Provisional											
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

Table A - 11: Percentage change in GDP Implicit Price Deplator (2010=100), 2011 to 2019

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	11.9	(1.8)	9.5	7.9	3.2	3.3	17.6	2.4	(2.7)
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	11.5	1.7	8.5	7.4	3.0	(7.8)	26.4	10.4	9.4
2	Growing of Rice	(3.1)	2.6	2.5	62.3	(6.4)	(10.2)	31.0	3.6	(13.5)
3	Growing of Vegetables	11.8	1.6	12.3	3.7	20.6	(7.8)	23.1	(1.9)	(1.9)
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	8.3	7.5	14.9	12.2	(0.8)	0.1	15.5	7.8	(4.8)
5	Growing of fruits	1.7	3.3	14.2	(6.8)	2.9	20.7	21.6	5.2	2.2
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	22.8	(21.7)	45.4	(11.0)	13.8	(20.1)	70.5	(0.3)	(37.8)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(2.4)	8.5	14.9	1.8	(15.0)	22.1	35.7	(7.4)	(7.5)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa	7.9	4.5	(15.2)	10.3	2.8	42.7	4.2	27.9	(9.7)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	50.6	(26.8)	(11.6)	35.2	0.6	3.7	1.0	(5.8)	(2.1)
10	Growing of rubber	45.2	(26.9)	(21.8)	(26.7)	(9.2)	(15.6)	68.6	14.5	(23.2)
11	Growing of other perennial crops	11.0	9.7	10.2	9.5	(1.0)	7.0	(7.2)	3.2	13.2
12	Animal Production	3.6	(5.3)	12.3	8.4	5.8	31.6	6.2	10.0	7.2
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	5.7	9.1	5.4	2.0	6.9	10.1	4.4	(1.0)	2.5
14	Forestry and Logging	9.8	22.0	11.1	1.6	3.3	2.2	0.7	9.1	4.2
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	7.9	12.2	9.5	1.3	4.9	7.7	1.9	(3.3)	17.9
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	7.7	(2.1)	2.6	5.3	7.4	(14.9)	17.4	34.2	(2.0)
	Industries	8.3	19.4	2.1	0.1	(0.7)	6.1	2.1	5.7	4.9
17	Mining and quarrying	3.8	11.4	6.9	2.0	3.3	10.6	2.5	5.2	4.0
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	23.9	27.2	0.4	(6.5)	5.4	3.9	(2.7)	(6.7)	6.3
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	21.4	16.7	(2.4)	8.5	(5.9)	41.1	(0.5)	10.0	2.0
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and	(10.5)	11.4	8.7	(11.2)	10.4	(30.6)	(2.2)	2.4	20.3
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	2.6	6.3	3.9	29.2	(2.6)	12.8	(1.8)	7.2	21.0
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(83.4)	744.0	71.8	(3.3)	(69.8)	(77.0)	534.5	61.7	50.2
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	(39.0)	17.6	6.6	17.8	(1.6)	6.6	(8.6)	6.8	24.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	(11.6)	15.7	(10.8)	18.5	(0.6)	(2.3)	(4.6)	19.3	2.8
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	19.3	38.4	(6.7)	(8.8)	(12.1)	23.0	2.0	24.4	1.1
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal	13.0	15.5	(1.1)	4.8	0.4	(21.2)	1.2	43.1	(3.9)
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	1.4	7.9	2.5	(7.0)	14.4	(6.8)	1.4	20.5	2.8
28	Manufacture of furniture	6.5	(12.6)	(7.8)	11.1	(12.9)	(46.3)	25.2	26.7	(8.5)
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	23.1	3.2	(21.1)	(11.0)	(7.9)	(21.3)	3.2	33.3	(1.3)
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	(8.5)	14.4	12.6	(18.0)	0.7	(3.4)	2.0	10.9	6.8
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	(15.0)	4.9	14.3	23.0	0.1	9.4	(6.7)	3.7	(2.2)
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	(22.2)	(9.7)	7.0	0.6	2.8	(1.8)	(11.7)	(1.1)	3.3
33	Construction	6.3	13.5	7.1	2.9	4.6	4.0	6.7	3.5	2.7
	Services	4.3	9.7	7.2	4.0	0.6	2.9	6.6	5.0	4.2
34	Wholesale and retail trade	7.4	7.0	6.0	3.7	1.2	3.7	6.5	4.3	4.3
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	5.1	24.9	4.2	6.3	(3.9)	3.8	3.1	5.5	4.2
36	Postal and courier activities	6.3	(4.3)	5.8	10.5	3.8	(7.0)	(0.9)	1.1	2.2
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6	4.3	4.4
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio	32.9	5.3	23.8	(15.5)	15.2	0.7	(17.1)	14.5	(3.7)
39	Telecommunication	11.5	12.8	21.9	(5.8)	14.0	9.8	(10.2)	2.5	(0.2)
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6	4.2	4.3
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial	(29.0)	8.9	3.5	1.4	(13.1)	4.1	19.4	(4.4)	5.9
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(11.1)	29.6	0.1	7.5	0.6	5.0	16.7	(8.3)	3.7
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6	4.2	4.3
44	Professional services	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.5	4.3	4.3
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	15.1	2.7	11.0	6.8	5.8	1.2	15.6	24.1	(4.6)
46	Education	8.8	(5.7)	17.1	1.6	28.2	(4.5)	3.2	1.7	15.7
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social	8.6	1.3	23.3	4.8	13.1	2.0	(3.3)	7.9	14.8
48	Other personal service activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6	4.2	4.7
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	6.2	11.6	5.8	3.1	0.4	3.9	6.1	5.0	3.8
	(+) Taxes on products	(16.1)	1.9	8.0	2.7	11.6	22.6	13.3	(0.3)	(10.5)
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.4	40.4	(29.4)	41.8	90.4	121.5	(27.4)	(3.7)	30.7
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	3.8	10.8	6.2	2.9	0.6	4.8	7.3	4.3	2.2
R - Revised, @ - Provisional										
Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 12: Gross Domestic Product by sectors @ current market prices, 2019

						Rs. Million
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	NFC*	FC*	GG*	HH & NPISHs*	Total Economy
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	213,729	-	-	900,105	1,113,834
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	-	-	-	20,335	20,335
2	Growing of Rice	5,721	-	-	108,699	114,420
3	Growing of Vegetables	-	-	-	101,578	101,578
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	2,443	-	-	1,041	3,484
5	Growing of fruits	10,954	-	-	98,587	109,541
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	19,244	-	-	62,234	81,478
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	34,604	-	-	64,264	98,868
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	-	-	-	2,272	2,272
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	11,860	-	-	72,857	84,718
10	Growing of rubber	2,257	-	-	12,789	15,046
11	Growing of other perennial crops	-	-	-	27,453	27,453
12	Animal Production	83,920	-	-	52,341	136,262
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	569	-	-	12,835	13,404
14	Forestry and Logging	15,039	-	-	92,946	107,985
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	25,496	-	-	144,480	169,976
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	1,621	-	-	25,392	27,013
	Industries	2,647,081	-	56,877	1,410,143	4,114,102
17	Mining and quarrying	55,370	-	-	319,561	374,931
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	539,051	-	-	358,778	897,829
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	556,080	-	-	171,303	727,383
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	8,031	-	-	19,668	27,699
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	50,425	-	-	12,751	63,176
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	83,917	-	-	-	83,917
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	72,238	-	-	42,840	115,077
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	97,672	-	-	4,226	101,898
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	85,744	-	-	80,618	166,363
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	33,160	-	-	35,758	68,917
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	63,882	-	-	9,474	73,356
28	Manufacture of furniture	22,281	-	-	43,017	65,298
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	31,277	-	-	34,647	65,924
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	118,653	-	-	-	118,653
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	17,494	-	-	2,182	19,675
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	22,346	-	-	-	22,346
33	Construction	789,460	-	56,877	275,321	1,121,659
	Services	2,087,768	774,539	1,373,151	4,509,198	8,744,656
34	Wholesale and retail trade	575,351	-	-	1,072,621	1,647,971
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	535,268	-	9,666	1,180,150	1,725,084
36	Postal and courier activities	5,589	-	-	-	5,589
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	92,405	-	-	134,826	227,231
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	4,099	-	-	-	4,099
39	Telecommunication	89,158	-	-	-	89,158
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	21,448	-	-	4,767	26,215
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	-	601,755	-	20,523	622,278
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	-	172,784	-	-	172,784
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	167,769	-	-	723,686	891,455
44	Professional services	174,647	-	-	86,088	260,735
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	-	-	897,143	-	897,143
46	Education	36,067	-	237,214	62,845	336,126
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	71,897	-	229,127	57,922	358,947
48	Other personal service activities	314,071	-	-	1,165,770	1,479,840
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	4,948,578	774,539	1,430,028	6,819,446	13,972,591
	(+) Taxes on products					1,247,468
	(-) Subsidies on products					203,917
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp					15,016,142
NFC - Non-Financial Corporations, FC - Financial Corporations, GG - General Government, HH - Households NPISHs - Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

Table A - 13: Gross Domestic Product by sectors @ constant (2010) market prices, 2019

						Rs. Million
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	NFC*	FC*	GG*	HH & NPISHs*	Total Economy
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	138,690	-	-	549,168	687,857
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	-	-	-	10,615	10,615
2	Growing of Rice	3,508	-	-	66,661	70,169
3	Growing of Vegetables	-	-	-	58,298	58,298
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	1,367	-	-	605	1,973
5	Growing of fruits	6,040	-	-	54,359	60,399
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	16,921	-	-	51,141	68,062
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	23,205	-	-	43,095	66,300
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	-	-	-	1,219	1,219
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	9,271	-	-	56,952	66,223
10	Growing of rubber	3,271	-	-	18,536	21,807
11	Growing of other perennial crops	-	-	-	16,255	16,255
12	Animal Production	43,693	-	-	21,748	65,440
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	198	-	-	8,477	8,675
14	Forestry and Logging	15,719	-	-	43,317	59,036
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	14,488	-	-	82,100	96,589
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	1,008	-	-	15,789	16,797
	Industries	1,662,013	-	21,595	924,603	2,608,211
17	Mining and quarrying	34,246	-	-	197,647	231,893
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	348,835	-	-	226,053	574,888
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	248,955	-	-	77,848	326,803
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	9,040	-	-	22,138	31,178
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	25,069	-	-	5,734	30,803
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	33,694	-	-	-	33,694
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	62,033	-	-	38,478	100,511
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	79,567	-	-	3,442	83,009
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	43,985	-	-	41,355	85,341
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	19,570	-	-	26,757	46,328
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	45,899	-	-	6,680	52,578
28	Manufacture of furniture	34,394	-	-	66,403	100,797
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	35,766	-	-	39,273	75,040
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	104,437	-	-	-	104,437
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	13,460	-	-	1,679	15,139
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	32,403	-	-	-	32,403
33	Construction	490,660	-	21,595	171,116	683,371
	Services	1,302,597	797,009	673,939	2,907,213	5,680,757
34	Wholesale and retail trade	374,210	-	-	697,637	1,071,847
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	305,116	-	6,014	738,437	1,049,566
36	Postal and courier activities	4,752	-	-	-	4,752
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	60,051	-	-	87,620	147,671
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	2,639	-	-	-	2,639
39	Telecommunication	53,695	-	-	-	53,695
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	13,945	-	-	3,099	17,044
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	-	678,021	-	23,858	701,880
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	-	118,987	-	-	118,987
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	109,079	-	-	470,522	579,601
44	Professional services	113,551	-	-	55,972	169,523
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	-	-	437,065	-	437,065
46	Education	21,822	-	125,271	38,023	185,116
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	42,751	-	105,589	34,437	182,777
48	Other personal service activities	200,986	-	-	757,606	958,592
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	3,103,300	797,009	695,533	4,380,984	8,976,825
	(+) Taxes on products					950,026
	(-) Subsidies on products					37,473
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp					9,889,379
NFC - Non-Financial Corporations, FC - Financial Corporations, GG - General Government, HH - Households NPISHs - Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

Table A - 14: Production Account by institutional sectors @ current market prices, 2019

Rs. Million											
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4 = 1+2+3)	(5)	(6 = 4-5)	(7)	(8)	(9 = 6+7-8)
#	Co de	Sectors	Market Output	Non-market output	Output for own final use	Total Output at basic price	IC at purchaser s' price	Value Added at basic price	Taxes on products	Subsidies on products	Total/ GDP at market price
1	S11	Non-Financial Corporations	10,375,103	-	15,821	10,390,924	5,442,347	4,948,578			4,948,578
2	S12	Financial Corporations	1,008,227	-	-	1,008,227	233,688	774,539			774,539
3	S13	General Government	1,577,869	-	-	1,577,869	147,841	1,430,028			1,430,028
4	S14	Households	10,799,614	-	996,154	11,795,768	4,976,322	6,819,446			6,819,446
5	S15	NPISHs	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Total Economy						-			1,247,468	203,917	1,043,551
Total/GDP			23,760,812	-	1,011,975	24,772,788	10,800,197	13,972,591	1,247,468	203,917	15,016,142
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

Table A - 15: Production Account by institutional sectors @ constant(2010=100) market prices, 2019

Rs. Million											
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4 = 1+2+3)	(5)	(6 = 4-5)	(7)	(8)	(9 = 6+7-8)
#	Co de	Sectors	Market Output	Non-market output	Output for own final use	Total Output at basic price	IC at purchaser s' price	Value Added at basic price	Taxes on products	Subsidies on products	Total/ GDP at market price
1	S11	Non-Financial Corporations	6,241,941	-	9,829	6,251,769	3,148,469	3,103,300			3,103,300
2	S12	Financial Corporations	955,686	-	-	955,686	158,678	797,009			797,009
3	S13	General Government	761,999	-	-	761,999	66,466	695,533			695,533
4	S14	Households	6,648,294	-	640,782	7,289,077	2,908,093	4,380,984			4,380,984
5	S15	NPISHs	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Total Economy						-			950,026	37,473	912,553
Total/GDP			14,607,921	-	650,611	15,258,532	6,281,706	8,976,825	950,026	37,473	9,889,379
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

Table A - 16: Production Account by economic activity @ current market prices, 2019

							Rs. Million
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Output by type Market Output	Non-marke	own use	Total output	Intermediate Consumption (IC)	Value Added
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	1,357,515	-	144,530	1,502,045	388,211	1,113,834
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	24,344	-	1,281	25,625	5,290	20,335
2	Growing of Rice	158,901	-	39,725	198,626	84,206	114,420
3	Growing of Vegetables	133,700	-	23,594	157,295	55,716	101,578
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	5,628	-	43	5,671	2,187	3,484
5	Growing of fruits	140,242	-	7,383	147,625	38,084	109,541
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	82,312	-	20,938	103,250	21,772	81,478
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	111,209	-	2,960	114,169	15,301	98,868
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa	1,988	-	663	2,650	378	2,272
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	96,387	-	4,240	100,627	15,909	84,718
10	Growing of rubber	24,064	-	1,561	25,625	10,579	15,046
11	Growing of other perennial crops	29,175	-	17	29,192	1,739	27,453
12	Animal Production	184,680	-	96	184,777	48,515	136,262
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	13,947	-	28	13,975	571	13,404
14	Forestry and Logging	94,518	-	35,427	129,945	21,960	107,985
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	225,488	-	5,192	230,680	60,704	169,976
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	30,931	-	1,382	32,313	5,300	27,013
	Industries	9,820,800	-	317,934	10,138,73	6,024,632	4,114,102
17	Mining and quarrying	459,614	-	-	459,614	84,684	374,931
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco	2,850,245	-	-	2,850,245	1,952,416	897,829
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and	1,857,860	-	-	1,857,860	1,130,476	727,383
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood	89,510	-	-	89,510	61,811	27,699
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	145,227	-	-	145,227	82,051	63,176
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum	235,528	-	-	235,528	151,611	83,917
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	274,810	-	-	274,810	159,732	115,077
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	208,321	-	-	208,321	106,424	101,898
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral	513,890	-	-	513,890	347,527	166,363
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal	214,638	-	-	214,638	145,720	68,917
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	177,549	-	-	177,549	104,192	73,356
28	Manufacture of furniture	168,152	-	-	168,152	102,854	65,298
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation	171,146	-	-	171,146	105,222	65,924
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	330,957	-	-	330,957	212,304	118,653
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	41,194	-	-	41,194	21,519	19,675
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal	33,001	-	-	33,001	10,655	22,346
33	Construction	2,049,158	-	317,934	2,367,092	1,245,433	1,121,659
	Services	12,582,49	-	549,511	13,132,00	4,387,354	8,744,656
34	Wholesale and retail trade	2,154,925	-	-	2,154,925	506,953	1,647,971
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	3,062,618	-	-	3,062,618	1,337,533	1,725,084
36	Postal and courier activities	14,041	-	-	14,041	8,452	5,589
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service	443,234	-	-	443,234	216,003	227,231
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and	13,200	-	-	13,200	9,101	4,099
39	Telecommunication	186,861	-	-	186,861	97,703	89,158
40	IT programming consultancy and related	34,135	-	-	34,135	7,921	26,215
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial	829,597	-	-	829,597	207,319	622,278
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	204,198	-	-	204,198	31,414	172,784
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of	557,631	-	549,511	1,107,142	215,687	891,455
44	Professional services	426,969	-	-	426,969	166,234	260,735
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory	970,680	-	-	970,680	73,537	897,143
46	Education	380,847	-	-	380,847	44,721	336,126
47	Human health activities, Residential care and	396,712	-	-	396,712	37,765	358,947
48	Other personal service activities	2,906,850	-	-	2,906,850	1,427,010	1,479,840
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	23,760,81	-	1,011,97	24,772,78	10,800,197	13,972,591
	(+) Taxes on products						1,247,468
	(-) Subsidies on products						203,917
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp						15,016,142

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 17: Production Account by economic activity @ constant (2010 =100) market prices, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Output by type			Total output	Intermediate Consumption (IC)	Rs. Million
		Market Output	Non-marke	own use			Value Added
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	831,196	-	90,431	921,628	233,770	687,857
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	12,318	-	648	12,966	2,351	10,615
2	Growing of Rice	101,472	-	25,368	126,840	56,671	70,169
3	Growing of Vegetables	67,957	-	11,992	79,950	21,651	58,298
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	3,124	-	23	3,147	1,175	1,973
5	Growing of fruits	74,101	-	3,908	78,009	17,610	60,399
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut,	59,752	-	21,386	81,138	13,076	68,062
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	76,144	-	737	76,881	10,582	66,300
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	1,156	-	385	1,541	322	1,219
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical	76,354	-	3,359	79,713	13,491	66,223
10	Growing of rubber	27,837	-	590	28,427	6,620	21,807
11	Growing of other perennial crops	17,134	-	5	17,139	884	16,255
12	Animal Production	107,795	-	47	107,841	42,401	65,440
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	9,080	-	7	9,087	412	8,675
14	Forestry and Logging	50,147	-	17,329	67,476	8,441	59,036
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	127,593	-	3,785	131,378	34,790	96,589
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	19,233	-	859	20,093	3,295	16,797
	Industries	5,592,968	-	202,90	5,795,869	3,187,658	2,608,211
17	Mining and quarrying	284,498	-	-	284,498	52,605	231,893
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	1,469,091	-	-	1,469,091	894,203	574,888
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	799,706	-	-	799,706	472,903	326,803
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and	57,034	-	-	57,034	25,856	31,178
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	75,002	-	-	75,002	44,199	30,803
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	179,408	-	-	179,408	145,714	33,694
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	215,849	-	-	215,849	115,338	100,511
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	189,371	-	-	189,371	106,362	83,009
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	213,162	-	-	213,162	127,821	85,341
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal	124,717	-	-	124,717	78,389	46,328
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	119,222	-	-	119,222	66,643	52,578
28	Manufacture of furniture	164,076	-	-	164,076	63,279	100,797
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	157,953	-	-	157,953	82,913	75,040
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	187,153	-	-	187,153	82,716	104,437
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	23,438	-	-	23,438	8,299	15,139
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	39,869	-	-	39,869	7,467	32,403
33	Construction	1,293,420	-	202,90	1,496,321	812,951	683,371
	Services	8,183,756	-	357,27	8,541,035	2,860,278	5,680,757
34	Wholesale and retail trade	1,401,564	-	-	1,401,564	329,717	1,071,847
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	1,903,961	-	-	1,903,961	854,394	1,049,566
36	Postal and courier activities	8,790	-	-	8,790	4,039	4,752
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	288,045	-	-	288,045	140,375	147,671
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio	8,679	-	-	8,679	6,039	2,639
39	Telecommunication	169,476	-	-	169,476	115,781	53,695
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	22,194	-	-	22,194	5,150	17,044
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial	845,945	-	-	845,945	144,065	701,880
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	137,272	-	-	137,272	18,285	118,987
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	362,557	-	357,27	719,836	140,234	579,601
44	Professional services	277,605	-	-	277,605	108,081	169,523
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	464,234	-	-	464,234	27,169	437,065
46	Education	198,769	-	-	198,769	13,652	185,116
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social	210,395	-	-	210,395	27,618	182,777
48	Other personal service activities	1,884,272	-	-	1,884,272	925,680	958,592
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	14,607,92	-	650,61	15,258,53	6,281,706	8,976,825
	(+) Taxes on products						950,026
	(-) Subsidies on products						37,473
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp						9,889,379

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 18: Gross Value added (A10) by quarters @ current prices in 2019

#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Rs. Million			
			Value Added			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	253,711	266,117	277,516	316,489
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	875,705	653,308	796,407	667,023
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	736,795	522,638	664,201	533,204
3	F	Construction	289,780	273,664	270,527	287,688
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage,	844,852	862,013	941,399	957,613
5	J	Information and communication	28,074	29,102	31,800	30,495
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	193,890	187,840	199,228	214,103
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	217,738	218,753	225,989	228,975
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service	62,890	63,866	66,802	67,177
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social	362,365	406,408	409,869	413,573
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	360,836	361,347	364,061	393,596
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	3,489,841	3,322,420	3,583,597	3,576,733
		(+) Taxes on products	305,067	308,145	311,977	322,279
		(-) Subsidies on products	21,357	41,319	61,614	79,627
		Equals GDP at market price	3,773,551	3,589,246	3,833,960	3,819,385
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>						

Table A - 19:Gross Value added (A10) by quarters @ constant (2010) prices in 2019

#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Rs. Million			
			Value Added			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	162,787	165,978	173,634	185,458
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	559,677	416,071	500,674	448,419
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	459,553	321,992	406,201	353,223
3	F	Construction	177,270	165,834	167,023	173,245
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage,	545,428	535,522	584,739	608,147
5	J	Information and communication	16,897	19,324	17,330	19,828
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	160,185	227,125	225,272	208,285
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	145,023	142,568	145,688	146,322
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service	41,896	41,645	42,420	43,562
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social	176,788	194,932	197,806	235,433
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	240,760	231,848	239,598	246,386
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	2,226,711	2,140,846	2,294,183	2,315,085
		(+) Taxes on products	106,780	177,001	224,522	441,722
		(-) Subsidies on products	3,438	5,770	9,287	18,977
		Equals GDP at market price	2,330,053	2,312,078	2,509,418	2,737,830
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>						

Table A - 20: Percentage change of Gross Value Added (A10) by quarter @ current prices, 2019

#	ISIC	Economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point Percentage Change			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	(3.5)	(6.5)	(0.7)	1.6
2	B,C,D &	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	8.3	8.4	10.0	5.2
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	8.1	8.6	10.0	5.4
3	F	Construction	9.8	5.4	7.8	4.2
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage,	9.6	4.4	7.5	3.2
5	J	Information and communication	12.3	3.7	29.0	22.8
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	(3.5)	18.2	13.3	8.4
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	6.4	5.5	7.6	7.9
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support	9.2	5.9	7.3	5.3
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and	2.1	8.9	10.9	0.4
10	R,S,T &	Other services (excluding own-services)	6.8	5.9	7.7	7.4
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	6.2	5.7	8.3	4.4
		(+) Taxes on products	(8.0)	(7.1)	(5.2)	(12.4)
		(-) Subsidies on products	28.8	36.7	32.8	20.4
		Equals GDP at market price	4.8	4.2	6.7	2.5
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>						

Table A - 21: Percentage Growth of Gross Value Added (A10) by quarter @ constant (2010) prices, 2019

#	ISIC	Economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point Percentage Change			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	5.0	1.5	1.0	(4.1)
2	B,C,D &	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	3.0	1.3	3.0	1.2
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	2.5	0.8	2.6	1.1
3	F	Construction	6.9	2.2	5.2	1.7
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage,	3.8	(0.4)	1.2	2.5
5	J	Information and communication	15.8	13.5	12.9	20.6
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	4.8	3.1	2.3	0.6
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	2.2	1.0	3.5	2.9
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support	4.9	1.3	1.6	1.8
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and	1.9	(0.0)	3.1	3.9
10	R,S,T &	Other services (excluding own-services)	3.8	0.1	1.6	3.0
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	3.8	1.0	2.4	1.8
		(+) Taxes on products	2.0	2.5	1.7	2.9
		(-) Subsidies on products	28.2	(0.9)	(1.6)	(6.7)
		Equals GDP at market price	3.7	1.1	2.4	2.0
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>						

Table A - 22: Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Rs. Million			
		Value Added - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	253,711	266,117	277,516	316,489
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	6,000	4,386	3,630	6,320
2	Growing of Rice	12,852	20,265	21,268	60,035
3	Growing of Vegetables	19,785	24,660	28,363	28,771
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	822	963	922	776
5	Growing of fruits	25,758	27,285	27,226	29,271
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	22,784	21,169	17,793	19,732
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	25,967	27,628	22,692	22,581
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	542	557	589	585
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	22,969	19,651	20,425	21,673
10	Growing of rubber	3,663	3,969	3,558	3,855
11	Growing of other perennial crops	6,049	7,240	7,081	7,083
12	Animal Production	31,526	31,217	35,146	38,373
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	3,399	3,408	3,360	3,237
14	Forestry and Logging	24,257	26,156	32,486	25,086
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	41,509	40,674	45,879	41,914
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	5,828	6,888	7,099	7,198
	Industries	1,165,484	926,972	1,066,934	954,711
17	Mining and quarrying	101,257	89,513	90,503	93,658
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	271,234	187,171	239,600	199,824
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	253,608	138,702	232,513	102,561
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	8,820	2,947	5,939	9,993
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media	22,003	11,919	11,718	17,536
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	23,298	22,250	18,009	20,360
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	24,973	32,774	27,399	29,932
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	14,611	30,992	26,658	29,637
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	42,128	41,757	37,048	45,430
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	21,477	10,260	15,229	21,952
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	18,585	11,927	17,329	25,515
28	Manufacture of furniture	19,425	16,761	13,937	15,175
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and	16,634	15,179	18,821	15,290
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	27,329	30,389	30,908	30,027
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	4,730	5,165	5,169	4,612
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	5,595	5,603	5,627	5,522
33	Construction	289,780	273,664	270,527	287,688
	Services	2,070,645	2,129,330	2,239,148	2,305,532
34	Wholesale and retail trade	405,744	451,659	405,434	385,134
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	376,939	356,753	479,590	511,803
36	Postal and courier activities	1,375	1,432	1,257	1,525
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	60,794	52,169	55,118	59,150
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	993	1,110	942	1,054
39	Telecommunication	21,239	21,220	23,776	22,923
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	5,843	6,772	7,083	6,517
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	152,728	145,048	163,573	160,929
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	41,162	42,792	35,655	53,174
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	217,738	218,753	225,989	228,975
44	Professional services	62,890	63,866	66,802	67,177
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	206,463	234,424	218,974	237,282
46	Education	73,264	79,658	92,184	91,020
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	82,638	92,326	98,711	85,272
48	Other personal service activities	360,836	361,347	364,061	393,596
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	3,489,841	3,322,420	3,583,597	3,576,733
	(+) Taxes on products	305,067	308,145	311,977	322,279
	(-) Subsidies on products	21,357	41,319	61,614	79,627
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	3,773,551	3,589,246	3,833,960	3,819,385

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 23: Percentage shares of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SISIC)	Percentage share - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	6.7	7.4	7.2	8.3
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
2	Growing of Rice	0.3	0.6	0.6	1.6
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.6
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
10	Growing of rubber	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
	Industries	30.9	25.8	27.8	25.0
17	Mining and quarrying	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.5
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	7.2	5.2	6.2	5.2
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	6.7	3.9	6.1	2.7
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.5
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.8
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	0.4	0.9	0.7	0.8
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.2
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.6
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.7
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
33	Construction	7.7	7.6	7.1	7.5
	Services	54.9	59.3	58.4	60.4
34	Wholesale and retail trade	10.8	12.6	10.6	10.1
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	10.0	9.9	12.5	13.4
36	Postal and courier activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	4.0	4.0	4.3	4.2
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.4
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	5.8	6.1	5.9	6.0
44	Professional services	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	5.5	6.5	5.7	6.2
46	Education	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.4
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.2
48	Other personal service activities	9.6	10.1	9.5	10.3
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	92.5	92.6	93.5	93.6
	(+) Taxes on products	8.1	8.6	8.1	8.4
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.6	1.2	1.6	2.1
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Source: Department of Census and Statistics					

Table A - 24: Point to Point change of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SISIC)	Point to point change - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	(3.5)	(6.5)	(0.7)	1.6
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	(16.4)	(7.8)	10.8	18.3
2	Growing of Rice	(4.4)	(27.3)	(13.6)	(10.1)
3	Growing of Vegetables	(17.4)	0.8	1.6	12.1
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	4.1	1.9	4.9	1.6
5	Growing of fruits	3.7	13.2	11.2	15.3
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	(31.2)	(35.5)	(26.8)	(3.7)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(9.4)	(6.7)	6.7	(21.5)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	(28.3)	(33.8)	(32.8)	(27.9)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	3.7	(10.6)	(3.8)	(1.8)
10	Growing of rubber	(33.5)	(25.5)	(33.0)	(29.9)
11	Growing of other perennial crops	11.6	27.4	8.8	5.5
12	Animal Production	22.5	8.4	(3.7)	19.4
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	2.5	(0.5)	(8.8)	(8.5)
14	Forestry and Logging	(1.2)	(3.9)	6.3	(5.3)
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	7.9	(1.9)	14.3	29.0
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	16.8	30.2	(9.3)	(16.9)
	Industries	8.7	7.5	9.5	4.9
17	Mining and quarrying	9.6	4.4	9.3	4.3
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	7.0	6.5	13.8	12.7
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	5.8	9.1	7.4	(0.2)
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	4.3	5.1	22.3	12.6
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	20.1	17.0	15.7	9.7
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	254.7	86.7	70.3	25.6
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	23.6	30.3	35.1	26.1
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	9.4	3.6	(4.7)	(13.0)
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	(0.1)	(1.9)	6.8	1.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	(6.4)	(10.5)	(7.4)	(7.1)
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(1.5)	10.0	8.6	2.0
28	Manufacture of furniture	(3.1)	(4.9)	(13.1)	(12.3)
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	(4.5)	(3.7)	(6.2)	(7.6)
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	8.6	14.0	14.3	7.7
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	5.7	12.5	3.7	(8.3)
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	11.3	14.4	9.9	7.8
33	Construction	9.8	5.4	7.8	4.2
	Services	6.1	6.7	8.9	4.6
34	Wholesale and retail trade	7.8	7.0	7.8	7.1
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	11.7	2.9	8.6	0.9
36	Postal and courier activities	7.5	8.6	4.6	11.9
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	8.9	(6.3)	(3.6)	(0.8)
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	7.5	2.2	(3.2)	(2.3)
39	Telecommunication	11.4	0.2	32.0	27.3
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	16.2	16.9	25.2	13.5
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	12.9	10.3	8.5	1.7
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(37.3)	55.7	41.5	35.3
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.4	5.5	7.6	7.9
44	Professional services	9.2	5.9	7.3	5.3
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	(3.2)	3.1	(1.1)	(8.3)
46	Education	7.8	17.2	25.8	25.7
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	12.5	18.6	32.1	5.5
48	Other personal service activities	6.8	5.9	7.7	7.4
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	6.2	5.7	8.3	4.4
	(+) Taxes on products	(8.0)	(7.1)	(5.2)	(12.4)
	(-) Subsidies on products	28.8	36.7	32.8	20.4
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	4.8	4.2	6.7	2.5
Source: Department of Census and Statistics					

Table A - 25: Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Rs. Million			
		Value Added - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	162,787	165,978	173,634	185,458
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	3,426	2,306	1,717	3,166
2	Growing of Rice	11,316	12,752	12,871	33,230
3	Growing of Vegetables	9,801	13,725	18,351	16,421
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	443	570	524	436
5	Growing of fruits	14,788	13,868	16,957	14,785
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	17,106	17,576	17,339	16,041
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	16,223	18,870	16,367	14,840
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	334	295	295	295
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	17,571	16,221	16,117	16,314
10	Growing of rubber	6,265	5,917	4,834	4,791
11	Growing of other perennial crops	4,044	4,088	4,043	4,080
12	Animal Production	15,572	15,768	16,576	17,524
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	2,124	2,221	2,152	2,179
14	Forestry and Logging	13,745	14,609	17,553	13,129
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	26,163	23,336	23,178	23,911
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	3,866	3,856	4,760	4,315
	Industries	736,946	581,904	667,697	621,663
17	Mining and quarrying	62,727	55,541	55,925	57,700
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	169,694	115,379	153,505	136,310
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	114,329	61,584	105,972	44,917
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	10,472	3,284	6,559	10,862
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	11,484	5,616	5,302	8,402
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	14,001	5,572	7,150	6,970
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	23,740	27,992	22,977	25,802
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	11,821	25,154	22,333	23,701
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	21,592	20,988	18,399	24,362
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	14,824	6,611	9,925	14,967
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	14,578	8,487	12,271	17,243
28	Manufacture of furniture	32,824	24,915	18,447	24,612
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	20,194	16,409	23,360	15,076
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	25,609	26,606	26,508	25,715
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	3,711	3,834	3,840	3,753
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	8,076	8,098	8,201	8,028
33	Construction	177,270	165,834	167,023	173,245
	Services	1,326,977	1,392,964	1,452,853	1,507,963
34	Wholesale and retail trade	270,577	291,032	265,667	244,571
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	233,219	209,460	282,453	324,434
36	Postal and courier activities	1,184	1,063	1,122	1,383
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	40,448	33,967	35,497	37,759
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	622	715	584	719
39	Telecommunication	12,381	14,192	12,180	14,942
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	3,893	4,417	4,566	4,168
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	140,166	205,114	179,848	176,752
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	20,019	22,011	45,424	31,533
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	145,023	142,568	145,688	146,322
44	Professional services	41,896	41,645	42,420	43,562
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	97,733	103,239	109,769	126,326
46	Education	46,439	41,643	44,678	52,356
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	32,616	50,050	43,360	56,751
48	Other personal service activities	240,760	231,848	239,598	246,386
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	2,226,711	2,140,846	2,294,183	2,315,085
	(+) Taxes on products	106,780	177,001	224,522	441,722
	(-) Subsidies on products	3,438	5,770	9,287	18,977
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	2,330,053	2,312,078	2,509,418	2,737,830

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 26: Percentage shares of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SISIC)	Percentage share - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	7.0	7.2	6.9	6.8
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.5	0.6	0.5	1.2
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.6
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.5
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.5
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6
10	Growing of rubber	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
12	Animal Production	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.5
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
	Industries	31.6	25.2	26.6	22.7
17	Mining and quarrying	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.1
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	7.3	5.0	6.1	5.0
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	4.9	2.7	4.2	1.6
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.4
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.9
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	0.5	1.1	0.9	0.9
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.5
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.6
28	Manufacture of furniture	1.4	1.1	0.7	0.9
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.6
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.9
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3
33	Construction	7.6	7.2	6.7	6.3
	Services	57.0	60.2	57.9	55.1
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.6	12.6	10.6	8.9
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	10.0	9.1	11.3	11.9
36	Postal and courier activities	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	6.0	8.9	7.2	6.5
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	0.9	1.0	1.8	1.2
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.2	6.2	5.8	5.3
44	Professional services	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.6
46	Education	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.9
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	1.4	2.2	1.7	2.1
48	Other personal service activities	10.3	10.0	9.5	9.0
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	95.6	92.6	91.4	84.6
	(+) Taxes on products	4.6	7.7	8.9	16.1
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.7
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Source: Department of Census and Statistics					

Table A - 27: Point to Point Growth of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SISIC)	Point to point change - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	5.0	1.5	1.0	(4.1)
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	(19.8)	(8.7)	2.1	(2.8)
2	Growing of Rice	28.2	(0.9)	(1.6)	(6.7)
3	Growing of Vegetables	(4.4)	(3.5)	5.3	5.7
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	3.1	16.3	0.7	14.6
5	Growing of fruits	11.4	5.1	8.8	8.7
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	34.2	26.2	14.1	2.1
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(1.2)	1.9	14.2	(17.0)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	(16.2)	(25.8)	(25.8)	(25.8)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	2.4	(3.4)	(2.6)	(0.7)
10	Growing of rubber	3.3	4.7	(19.8)	(24.4)
11	Growing of other perennial crops	(1.0)	0.7	(0.7)	(0.2)
12	Animal Production	8.3	3.6	(6.6)	9.1
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(4.7)	(1.2)	(10.3)	(8.5)
14	Forestry and Logging	(5.5)	(7.7)	1.2	(8.3)
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	(2.0)	(5.1)	(8.3)	(6.7)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	17.6	28.2	10.9	(24.5)
	Industries	3.9	1.6	3.5	1.4
17	Mining and quarrying	6.2	(0.5)	5.0	0.6
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	2.1	0.3	5.6	5.2
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	3.9	3.7	3.8	4.5
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	(17.0)	(17.7)	(1.0)	2.3
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	(5.8)	(7.8)	(5.9)	1.1
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	94.8	2.4	(0.4)	(7.1)
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	1.8	5.1	4.4	4.1
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	1.6	(1.8)	(4.4)	(13.9)
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	(4.1)	(0.9)	5.3	2.2
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	(4.2)	(6.8)	(2.0)	(2.9)
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(2.5)	2.6	5.0	0.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	5.9	3.7	(5.4)	(4.6)
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	(3.8)	(2.2)	(6.0)	(4.5)
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.9	8.4	3.0	3.0
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	6.3	7.1	4.6	4.0
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	7.0	10.9	8.5	2.9
33	Construction	6.9	2.2	5.2	1.7
	Services	3.7	0.7	2.1	2.7
34	Wholesale and retail trade	4.6	1.6	2.1	4.0
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	2.7	(1.3)	1.5	2.3
36	Postal and courier activities	5.7	4.2	4.1	9.1
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	4.6	(10.4)	(7.3)	(5.4)
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	8.8	2.8	3.5	4.4
39	Telecommunication	17.5	14.6	10.7	25.5
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	11.7	12.0	20.4	8.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	4.4	2.7	1.4	0.1
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	7.4	6.4	6.3	3.6
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	2.2	1.0	3.5	2.9
44	Professional services	4.9	1.3	1.6	1.8
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.3
46	Education	4.3	(4.2)	6.7	5.5
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	(1.6)	(0.9)	2.5	6.2
48	Other personal service activities	3.8	0.1	1.6	3.0
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	3.8	1.0	2.4	1.8
	(+) Taxes on products	2.0	2.5	1.7	2.9
	(-) Subsidies on products	28.2	(0.9)	(1.6)	(6.7)
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	3.7	1.1	2.4	2.0

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 28: GDP implicit price deflator (2010 =100) by quarter, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	GDP Deflators			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	155.9	160.3	159.8	170.7
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	175.1	190.2	211.4	199.6
2	Growing of Rice	113.6	158.9	165.2	180.7
3	Growing of Vegetables	201.9	179.7	154.6	175.2
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	185.7	169.1	175.9	177.9
5	Growing of fruits	174.2	196.7	160.6	198.0
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	133.2	120.4	102.6	123.0
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	160.1	146.4	138.6	152.2
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	162.4	188.7	199.5	198.1
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	130.7	121.1	126.7	132.8
10	Growing of rubber	58.5	67.1	73.6	80.5
11	Growing of other perennial crops	149.6	177.1	175.2	173.6
12	Animal Production	202.5	198.0	212.0	219.0
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	160.1	153.5	156.1	148.6
14	Forestry and Logging	176.5	179.0	185.1	191.1
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	158.7	174.3	197.9	175.3
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	150.8	178.6	149.1	166.8
	Industries	158.2	159.3	159.8	153.6
17	Mining and quarrying	161.4	161.2	161.8	162.3
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	159.8	162.2	156.1	146.6
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	221.8	225.2	219.4	228.3
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	84.2	89.7	90.5	92.0
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	191.6	212.2	221.0	208.7
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	166.4	399.3	251.9	292.1
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	105.2	117.1	119.2	116.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	123.6	123.2	119.4	125.0
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	195.1	199.0	201.4	186.5
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	144.9	155.2	153.4	146.7
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	127.5	140.5	141.2	148.0
28	Manufacture of furniture	59.2	67.3	75.6	61.7
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	82.4	92.5	80.6	101.4
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	106.7	114.2	116.6	116.8
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	127.4	134.7	134.6	122.9
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	69.3	69.2	68.6	68.8
33	Construction	163.5	165.0	162.0	166.1
	Services	156.0	152.9	154.1	152.9
34	Wholesale and retail trade	150.0	155.2	152.6	157.5
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	161.6	170.3	169.8	157.8
36	Postal and courier activities	116.1	134.8	112.0	110.3
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	150.3	153.6	155.3	156.7
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	159.6	155.4	161.3	146.7
39	Telecommunication	171.5	149.5	195.2	153.4
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	150.1	153.3	155.1	156.4
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	109.0	70.7	91.0	91.0
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	205.6	194.4	78.5	168.6
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	150.1	153.4	155.1	156.5
44	Professional services	150.1	153.4	157.5	154.2
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	211.3	227.1	199.5	187.8
46	Education	157.8	191.3	206.3	173.8
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	253.4	184.5	227.7	150.3
48	Other personal service activities	149.9	155.9	151.9	159.7
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	156.7	155.2	156.2	154.5
	(+) Taxes on products	285.7	174.1	139.0	73.0
	(-) Subsidies on products	621.1	716.1	663.4	419.6
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	162.0	155.2	152.8	139.5

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 29: Point to Point change in GDP implicit price deflator (2010 =100) by quarter, 2019

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point percentage change in GDP Deflators			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	(8.1)	(7.9)	(1.7)	5.9
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	4.2	1.0	8.5	21.7
2	Growing of Rice	(25.5)	(26.7)	(12.1)	(3.7)
3	Growing of Vegetables	(13.7)	4.5	(3.5)	6.1
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.9	(12.3)	4.2	(11.3)
5	Growing of fruits	(6.9)	7.8	2.1	6.1
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	(48.7)	(48.9)	(35.8)	(5.6)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(8.3)	(8.4)	(6.6)	(5.4)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	(14.4)	(10.8)	(9.4)	(2.8)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	1.3	(7.4)	(1.3)	(1.2)
10	Growing of rubber	(35.6)	(28.8)	(16.5)	(7.2)
11	Growing of other perennial crops	12.7	26.5	9.5	5.7
12	Animal Production	13.1	4.7	3.0	9.5
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	7.6	0.7	1.7	0.0
14	Forestry and Logging	4.6	4.0	5.0	3.2
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	10.1	3.4	24.6	38.3
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	(0.7)	1.6	(18.2)	10.2
	Industries	4.6	5.8	5.7	3.5
17	Mining and quarrying	3.3	4.9	4.1	3.7
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	4.8	6.2	7.7	7.1
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	1.8	5.1	3.5	(4.5)
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	25.6	27.8	23.6	10.0
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	27.5	26.9	22.9	8.4
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	82.1	82.3	71.0	35.2
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	21.5	24.0	29.4	21.2
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	7.7	5.5	(0.2)	1.0
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	4.2	(0.9)	1.4	(0.3)
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	(2.3)	(4.0)	(5.5)	(4.4)
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	1.1	7.2	3.5	1.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	(8.6)	(8.3)	(8.2)	(8.1)
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	(0.8)	(1.6)	(0.2)	(3.3)
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	6.6	5.1	10.9	4.5
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	(0.7)	5.1	(0.9)	(11.7)
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	4.1	3.1	1.3	4.8
33	Construction	2.7	3.1	2.5	2.5
	Services	2.3	6.0	6.7	1.8
34	Wholesale and retail trade	3.1	5.4	5.6	3.0
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	8.7	4.3	7.1	(1.4)
36	Postal and courier activities	1.7	4.2	0.5	2.6
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	4.1	4.5	4.0	5.0
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	(1.2)	(0.6)	(6.5)	(6.4)
39	Telecommunication	(5.1)	(12.6)	19.2	1.4
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	4.1	4.4	4.0	4.9
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	8.1	7.4	7.1	1.6
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(41.6)	46.3	33.1	30.6
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	4.0	4.5	4.0	4.8
44	Professional services	4.1	4.4	5.5	3.4
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	(5.1)	0.9	(3.0)	(10.4)
46	Education	3.3	22.3	18.0	19.2
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	14.3	19.6	28.9	(0.7)
48	Other personal service activities	2.9	5.8	6.0	4.3
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	2.2	4.7	5.7	2.6
	(+) Taxes on products	(9.8)	(9.4)	(6.8)	(14.8)
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.5	37.9	35.0	29.0
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	1.0	3.1	4.3	0.4
Source: Department of Census and Statistics					

Table B - 1: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million						
Component	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Final consumption expenditure	4,932,545	8,360,930	9,529,202	10,079,907	11,055,624	11,822,861
Household final consumption expenditure	4,390,215	7,376,176	8,514,456	8,942,501	9,744,969	10,405,872
Government final consumption expenditure	542,330	984,755	1,014,746	1,137,406	1,310,655	1,416,989
Individual consumption expenditure	154,764	319,119	327,713	355,291	371,615	475,782
Collective consumption expenditure	387,566	665,636	687,032	782,115	939,040	941,207
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	3,414,556	3,341,171	4,210,997	4,372,357	4,112,690
Gross fixed capital formation	1,522,847	2,814,288	3,210,061	3,516,741	3,671,712	4,070,020
Changes in inventories	377,652	563,196	43,722	559,619	591,028	(7,712)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	37,071	87,388	134,638	109,618	50,382
External balance of goods and services	(465,584)	(824,865)	(874,289)	(962,801)	(1,061,878)	(919,410)
Exports of goods and services	1,254,021	2,301,065	2,540,049	2,909,720	3,292,414	3,472,337
Imports of goods and services	1,719,605	3,125,931	3,414,338	3,872,521	4,354,292	4,391,746
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	6,413,668	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103	15,016,142

Table B - 2: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million						
Component	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Final consumption expenditure	4,932,545	6,584,691	7,036,082	7,224,405	7,433,998	7,692,548
Household final consumption expenditure	4,390,215	5,926,299	6,362,682	6,591,380	6,833,136	7,034,129
Government final consumption expenditure	542,330	658,392	673,400	633,025	600,861	658,419
Individual consumption expenditure	154,764	213,157	217,963	197,300	169,458	220,859
Collective consumption expenditure	387,566	445,235	455,437	435,726	431,403	437,560
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	3,006,450	3,156,162	3,366,348	3,509,874	3,175,883
Gross fixed capital formation	1,522,847	2,138,922	2,334,584	2,452,812	2,440,665	2,586,225
Changes in inventories	377,651	780,139	755,873	818,533	994,047	556,883
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	87,388	65,705	95,003	75,162	32,775
External balance of goods and services	(465,584)	(943,307)	(1,156,414)	(1,231,605)	(1,275,272)	(979,052)
Exports of goods and services	1,254,021	1,605,147	1,593,234	1,714,147	1,722,275	1,844,791
Imports of goods and services	1,719,605	2,548,455	2,749,649	2,945,752	2,997,547	2,823,843
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	6,413,668	8,647,833	9,035,830	9,359,147	9,668,600	9,889,379

Table B - 3: Percentage change in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2011 to 2019

Component	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017R	2018 @	2019 @
Final consumption expenditure	16.8	10.3	13.7	8.6	6.5	14.0	5.8	9.7	6.9
Household final consumption expenditure	17.2	10.6	13.9	7.7	5.6	15.4	5.0	9.0	6.8
Government final consumption expenditure	13.9	7.8	12.0	16.4	13.4	3.0	12.1	15.2	8.1
Individual consumption expenditure	17.2	3.8	20.1	15.1	22.6	2.7	8.4	4.6	28.0
Collective consumption expenditure	12.6	9.4	8.8	17.0	9.5	3.2	13.8	20.1	0.2
Gross capital formation	23.7	41.6	(6.5)	5.0	2.0	(2.1)	26.0	3.8	(5.9)
Gross fixed capital formation	24.5	33.6	10.9	2.3	(2.1)	14.1	9.6	4.4	10.8
Changes in inventories	(2.0)	116.3	(61.9)	40.5	31.4	(92.2)	1,180.0	5.6	(101.3)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	208.2	(45.8)	(3.6)	(40.1)	(17.0)	135.7	54.1	(18.6)	(54.0)
External balance of goods and services	(104.5)	(8.8)	20.2	(1.2)	1.4	(6.0)	(10.1)	(10.3)	13.4
Exports of goods and services	20.3	14.7	12.6	12.1	5.3	10.4	14.6	13.2	5.5
Imports of goods and services	43.1	12.4	0.3	8.9	3.5	9.2	13.4	12.4	0.9
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	12.6	21.0	9.8	8.0	5.7	9.5	11.1	7.8	4.5

Table B - 4: Percentage Growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2011 to 2019

Component	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R	2018 @	2019 @
Final consumption expenditure	8.6	2.6	7.0	3.9	7.8	6.9	2.7	2.9	3.5
Household final consumption expenditure	9.9	2.3	7.8	3.7	7.5	7.4	3.6	3.7	2.9
Government final consumption expenditure	(2.1)	6.0	0.1	6.0	10.2	2.3	(6.0)	(5.1)	9.6
Individual consumption expenditure	0.4	2.0	7.4	4.9	19.3	2.3	(9.5)	(14.1)	30.3
Collective consumption expenditure	(3.1)	7.7	(2.8)	6.5	6.3	2.3	(4.3)	(1.0)	1.4
Gross capital formation	20.2	21.7	(8.8)	11.5	3.8	5.0	6.7	4.3	(9.5)
Gross fixed capital formation	16.6	16.1	5.5	(1.7)	0.1	9.1	5.1	(0.5)	6.0
Changes in inventories	14.5	66.8	(49.8)	99.7	7.8	(3.1)	8.3	21.4	(44.0)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	188.8	(49.6)	(9.8)	(41.9)	147.8	(24.8)	44.6	(20.9)	(56.4)
External balance of goods and services	(59.7)	(1.7)	16.4	(21.9)	(22.4)	(22.6)	(6.5)	(3.5)	23.2
Exports of goods and services	10.2	(0.2)	6.6	4.3	4.7	(0.7)	7.6	0.5	7.1
Imports of goods and services	23.6	0.5	(1.5)	9.6	10.6	7.9	7.1	1.8	(5.8)
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	8.4	9.1	3.4	5.0	5.0	4.5	3.6	3.3	2.3

Table B - 5: Percentage shares of expenditure components in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2019

Component	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 R	2018 R	2019 @
Final consumption expenditure	76.9	79.8	72.8	75.4	75.8	76.4	79.4	75.6	77.0	78.7
Household final consumption expenditure	68.5	71.3	65.2	67.6	67.4	67.4	71.0	67.1	67.8	69.3
Government final consumption expenditure	8.5	8.6	7.6	7.8	8.4	9.0	8.5	8.5	9.1	9.4
Individual consumption expenditure	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.6	3.2
Collective consumption expenditure	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.4	5.9	6.1	5.7	5.9	6.5	6.3
Gross capital formation	30.4	33.4	39.1	33.2	32.3	31.2	27.9	31.6	30.4	27.4
Gross fixed capital formation	23.7	26.3	29.0	29.3	27.7	25.7	26.8	26.4	25.6	27.1
Changes in inventories	5.9	5.1	9.2	3.2	4.1	5.1	0.4	4.2	4.1	(0.1)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0.7	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.3
External balance of goods and services	(7.3)	(13.2)	(11.9)	(8.6)	(8.1)	(7.5)	(7.3)	(7.2)	(7.4)	(6.1)
Exports of goods and services	19.6	20.9	19.8	20.3	21.1	21.0	21.2	21.8	22.9	23.1
Imports of goods and services	26.8	34.1	31.7	28.9	29.2	28.5	28.5	29.1	30.3	29.2
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table B - 6: Percentage shares of expenditure components in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2019

Component	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 R	2017 R	2018 R	2019 @
Final consumption expenditure	76.9	77.0	72.4	75.0	74.2	76.1	77.9	77.2	76.9	77.8
Household final consumption expenditure	68.5	69.4	65.0	67.8	66.9	68.5	70.4	70.4	70.7	71.1
Government final consumption expenditure	8.5	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.6	7.5	6.8	6.2	6.7
Individual consumption expenditure	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.1	1.8	2.2
Collective consumption expenditure	6.0	5.4	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.5	4.4
Gross capital formation	30.4	33.7	37.5	33.1	35.2	34.8	34.9	36.0	36.3	32.1
Gross fixed capital formation	23.7	25.5	27.1	27.7	26.0	24.7	25.8	26.2	25.2	26.2
Changes in inventories	5.9	6.2	9.5	4.6	8.8	9.0	8.4	8.7	10.3	5.6
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0.7	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.4	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.3
External balance of goods and services	(7.3)	(10.7)	(10.0)	(8.1)	(9.4)	(10.9)	(12.8)	(13.2)	(13.2)	(9.9)
Exports of goods and services	19.6	19.9	18.2	18.7	18.6	18.6	17.6	18.3	17.8	18.7
Imports of goods and services	26.8	30.6	28.1	26.8	28.0	29.5	30.4	31.5	31.0	28.6
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table B - 7: Quartely Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2019

Rs. Million					
Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2019@
Final consumption expenditure	2,837,251	2,791,548	3,175,759	3,018,302	11,822,861
Household final consumption expenditure ^a	2,518,294	2,412,075	2,823,898	2,651,605	10,405,872
Government final consumption expenditure	318,957	379,473	351,861	366,697	1,416,989
Individual consumption expenditure	101,657	134,656	126,837	112,632	475,782
Collective consumption expenditure	217,300	244,817	225,024	254,065	941,207
Gross capital formation	1,013,300	1,083,279	910,571	1,105,540	4,112,690
Gross fixed capital formation	1,003,022	985,053	998,116	1,083,829	4,070,020
Changes in inventories ^b	(2,687)	87,315	(100,654)	8,314	(7,712)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	12,965	10,911	13,109	13,398	50,382
External balance of goods and services	(77,001)	(285,582)	(252,370)	(304,457)	(919,410)
Exports of goods and services	1,007,636	757,562	838,918	868,221	3,472,337
Imports of goods and services	1,084,637	1,043,144	1,091,288	1,172,678	4,391,746
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	3,773,551	3,589,246	3,833,960	3,819,385	15,016,142
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs Source: Department of Census and Statistics b. Includes statistical discrepancy @ - Provisional					

Table B - 8: Quartely Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2019

Rs. Million					
Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2019@
Final consumption expenditure	1,919,041	1,811,137	2,060,154	1,902,215	7,692,548
Household final consumption expenditure ^a	1,757,796	1,647,809	1,893,772	1,734,752	7,034,129
Government final consumption expenditure	161,245	163,329	166,383	167,462	658,419
Individual consumption expenditure	51,793	57,152	60,265	51,649	220,859
Collective consumption expenditure	109,452	106,177	106,118	115,813	437,560
Gross capital formation	601,785	724,206	722,195	1,127,698	3,175,883
Gross fixed capital formation	621,314	625,523	626,424	712,964	2,586,225
Changes in inventories ^b	(28,168)	91,559	87,324	406,168	556,883
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	8,639	7,124	8,447	8,566	32,775
External balance of goods and services	(190,773)	(223,266)	(272,931)	(292,082)	(979,052)
Exports of goods and services	490,272	436,661	432,590	485,268	1,844,791
Imports of goods and services	681,045	659,927	705,521	777,350	2,823,843
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	2,330,053	2,312,078	2,509,418	2,737,830	9,889,379
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs Source: Department of Census and Statistics b. Includes statistical discrepancy @ - Provisional					

Table B - 9: Point to Point change in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices by quarters, 2019

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2019@
Final consumption expenditure	3.9	7.6	8.8	7.4	6.9
Household final consumption expenditure ^a	3.6	5.8	8.2	9.4	6.8
Government final consumption expenditure	6.0	21.3	13.8	(5.4)	8.1
Individual consumption expenditure	15.4	47.7	38.2	12.0	28.0
Collective consumption expenditure	2.1	10.4	3.5	(11.5)	0.2
Gross capital formation	(11.9)	(7.1)	3.2	(5.8)	(5.9)
Gross fixed capital formation	11.2	4.6	16.1	11.9	10.8
Changes in inventories ^b	(101.4)	(56.1)	(958.8)	(95.7)	(101.3)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	(79.0)	(57.1)	18.5	18.6	(54.0)
External balance of goods and services	72.5	9.7	(20.9)	(18.4)	13.4
Exports of goods and services	21.7	3.7	(1.2)	(1.8)	5.5
Imports of goods and services	(2.1)	(0.4)	3.2	2.7	0.9
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	4.8	4.2	6.7	2.5	4.5
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs Source: Department of Census and Statistics b. Includes statistical discrepancy @ - Provisional					

Table B - 10: Point to Point Growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant (2010=100) market prices by quarters, 2019

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2019@
Final consumption expenditure	1.0	2.4	5.2	5.2	3.5
Household final consumption expenditure ^a	0.6	1.8	4.7	4.7	2.9
Government final consumption expenditure	6.2	9.5	11.3	11.3	9.6
Individual consumption expenditure	17.9	33.0	36.2	34.8	30.3
Collective consumption expenditure	1.5	(0.1)	0.8	3.3	1.4
Gross capital formation	(15.6)	(14.5)	(6.1)	(4.5)	(9.5)
Gross fixed capital formation	1.1	0.1	11.4	11.7	6.0
Changes in inventories ^b	(150.9)	(55.1)	(56.2)	(24.1)	(44.0)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	(79.8)	(58.9)	14.1	13.1	(56.4)
External balance of goods and services	47.9	31.8	1.1	4.5	23.2
Exports of goods and services	11.6	10.7	(1.8)	8.2	7.1
Imports of goods and services	(15.4)	(8.6)	(1.5)	3.1	(5.8)
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	3.7	1.1	2.4	2.0	2.3
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs Source: Department of Census and Statistics b. Includes statistical discrepancy @ - Provisional					

Table B - 11: Household Final Consumption expenditure by COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption according to Purpose) @ current market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million							
Code	COICOP main categories	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure		4,544,979	7,695,295	8,842,169	9,297,792	10,116,584	10,881,654
Household Final Consumption Expenditure		4,390,215	7,376,176	8,514,456	8,942,501	9,744,969	10,405,872
1-12	Individual consumption expenditure of households	4,402,019	7,582,122	8,797,387	9,291,596	10,181,202	10,749,393
1	Food and non-alcoholic beverages;	1,252,043	2,337,710	2,881,219	2,638,074	2,861,223	2,926,266
2	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics;	168,024	141,466	151,916	303,621	341,562	357,382
3	Clothing and footwear;	265,840	401,991	419,049	366,878	399,932	418,089
4	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels;	434,570	769,723	877,269	932,854	1,002,508	1,081,758
5	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household	66,947	94,717	127,438	94,648	104,595	107,984
6	Health;	132,203	208,437	233,233	236,033	261,770	293,423
7	Transport;	858,404	1,363,318	1,674,661	2,070,724	2,328,656	2,515,015
8	Communication;	45,522	77,317	85,973	92,151	88,250	91,036
9	Recreation and culture;	78,776	167,778	162,828	152,376	168,481	176,617
10	Education;	73,578	101,800	99,969	108,320	118,939	130,599
11	Restaurants and hotels;	161,459	312,315	337,099	377,306	415,038	415,764
12	Miscellaneous goods and services;	864,654	1,605,553	1,746,734	1,918,612	2,090,248	2,235,460
	Direct Purchases Abroad by Residents	55,551	203,723	234,285	254,216	281,361	306,640
	Direct Purchases in Domestic Market by Non-Residents	67,355	409,670	517,216	603,311	717,593	650,161
13	Individual consumption expenditure of NPISHs;				-	-	-
14	Individual consumption expenditure of general	154,764	319,119	327,713	355,291	371,615	475,782
R - Revised, @ - Provisional							

Table B - 12: Household Final Consumption expenditure by COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption according to Purpose) @ constant market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million							
Code	COICOP main categories	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure		4,544,979	6,139,456	6,580,645	6,788,679	7,002,595	7,254,988
Household Final Consumption Expenditure		4,390,215	5,926,299	6,362,682	6,591,380	6,833,136	7,034,129
1-12	Individual consumption expenditure of households	4,402,019	6,088,974	6,575,733	6,836,531	7,126,698	7,260,427
1	Food and non-alcoholic beverages;	1,252,043	1,747,779	2,063,769	2,054,003	2,155,065	2,187,459
2	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics;	168,024	81,636	77,306	90,562	100,642	101,417
3	Clothing and footwear;	265,840	264,219	257,464	232,807	236,975	240,078
4	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels;	434,570	662,462	757,757	857,122	911,199	948,329
5	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance;	66,947	73,746	95,560	85,131	87,274	84,770
6	Health;	132,203	156,562	157,851	141,988	143,536	144,702
7	Transport;	858,404	1,041,309	1,250,402	1,482,302	1,526,715	1,552,075
8	Communication;	45,522	74,274	77,247	76,025	73,917	82,547
9	Recreation and culture;	78,776	136,838	128,584	142,925	153,832	155,610
10	Education;	73,578	93,351	87,537	83,012	83,630	79,404
11	Restaurants and hotels;	161,459	237,097	250,287	257,999	258,282	245,126
12	Miscellaneous goods and services;	864,654	1,519,701	1,371,968	1,332,656	1,395,631	1,438,912
	Direct Purchases Abroad by Residents	55,551	160,919	176,419	178,522	189,341	202,002
	Direct Purchases in Domestic Market by Non-Residents	67,355	323,594	389,470	423,674	482,903	428,301
13	Individual consumption expenditure of NPISHs;						
14	Individual consumption expenditure of general government	154,764	213,157	217,963	197,300	169,458	220,859
R - Revised, @ - Provisional							

Table B - 13: General Government Collective Final Consumption Expenditure by COFOG (Classification of the Functions of Government) @ current market prices, 2015 to 2019

*Values Rs. Million

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
General Government Final Consumption Expenditure		542,330	984,755	1,014,746	1,137,406	1,310,655	1,416,989
	Collective Final Consumption Expenditure	387,566	665,636	687,032	782,115	939,040	941,207
	Individual Final Consumption Expenditure	154,764	319,119	327,713	355,291	371,615	475,782
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Government Collective Consumption Expenditure		387,566	665,636	687,032	782,115	939,040	941,207
1	General public services	43,199	100,557	94,405	135,158	286,944	208,355
2	Defense	160,992	267,520	243,480	259,499	252,563	285,964
3	Public order and safety	44,183	68,694	75,525	85,098	88,020	92,024
4	Economic affairs	40,336	69,631	88,200	95,585	88,402	94,330
5	Environmental protection	487	3,942	3,841	4,455	4,216	4,158
6	Housing and community amenities	312	873	757	1,409	847	5,061
7	Health						
8	Recreation, culture and religion	4,368	3,913	3,727	7,041	6,840	6,313
9	Education						
10	Social protection	93,690	150,506	177,098	193,869	211,208	245,002
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Government Individual Consumption Expenditure		154,764	319,119	327,713	355,291	371,615	475,782
1	General public services						
2	Defense						
3	Public order and safety						
4	Economic affairs						
5	Environmental protection						
6	Housing and community amenities						
7	Health	65,104	143,992	150,450	163,401	177,960	232,768
8	Recreation, culture and religion						
9	Education	89,660	175,127	177,263	191,890	193,656	243,014
10	Social protection						
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

Table B - 14: General Government Individual Final Consumption Expenditure by COFOG (Classification of the Functions of Government) @ constant market prices, 2015 to 2019

*Values Rs.Million

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
General Government Final Consumption Expenditure		542,330	658,392	673,400	633,025	600,861	658,419
	Collective Final Consumption Expenditure	387,566	445,235	455,437	435,726	431,403	437,560
	Individual Final Consumption Expenditure	154,764	213,157	217,963	197,300	169,458	220,859
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Government Collective Consumption Expenditure		387,566	445,235	455,437	435,726	431,403	437,560
1	General public services	43,199	67,168	62,789	75,056	130,848	97,792
2	Defense	160,992	178,692	161,939	144,105	115,170	134,218
3	Public order and safety	44,183	45,885	50,232	47,256	40,137	43,192
4	Economic affairs	40,336	47,130	57,152	54,483	43,508	42,270
5	Environmental protection	487	2,633	2,554	2,474	1,922	1,951
6	Housing and community amenities	312	583	504	783	386	2,376
7	Health						
8	Recreation, culture and religion	4,368	2,613	2,479	3,910	3,119	2,963
9	Education						
10	Social protection	93,690	100,531	117,788	107,659	96,312	112,798
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Government Individual Consumption Expenditure		154,764	213,157	217,963	197,300	169,458	220,859
1	General public services						
2	Defense						
3	Public order and safety						
4	Economic affairs						
5	Environmental protection						
6	Housing and community amenities						
7	Health	65,104	96,180	100,065	90,740	81,150	109,250
8	Recreation, culture and religion						
9	Education	89,660	116,977	117,898	106,560	88,308	111,608
10	Social protection						
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

Table B - 15: Gross Capital Formation @ current market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million						
Component	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	3,414,556	3,341,171	4,210,997	4,372,357	4,112,690
Gross fixed capital formation by asset	1,522,847	2,814,288	3,210,061	3,516,741	3,671,712	4,070,020
Construction	589,708	1,160,410	1,368,928	1,547,232	1,555,109	1,796,257
Machinery and equipment and weapons systems	678,656	1,152,229	1,292,498	1,381,680	1,478,398	1,592,234
Transport equipment	215,357	420,229	460,137	489,272	526,946	556,982
Information and communication technology (ICT) equipment	16,798	42,114	46,828	52,005	60,222	71,062
Cultivated biological resources	5,013	8,239	8,191	9,600	10,464	10,234
Intellectual property products	17,316	31,067	33,479	36,952	40,574	43,251
Changes in inventories and acquisition less disposals of valuables	423,860	600,267	131,109	694,256	700,645	42,671
Change in inventories	377,652	563,196	43,722	559,619	591,028	(7,712)
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	37,071	87,388	134,638	109,618	50,382
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

Table B - 16: Gross Capital Formation @ constant (2010=100) market prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million						
Component	2010	2015	2016	2017R	2018R	2019@
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	3,006,450	3,156,162	3,366,348	3,509,874	3,175,883
Gross fixed capital formation by asset	1,522,847	2,138,922	2,334,584	2,452,812	2,440,665	2,586,225
Construction	589,708	870,171	991,168	1,064,350	1,026,301	1,134,054
Machinery and equipment and weapons systems	678,656	878,230	928,230	971,646	982,977	1,009,660
Transport equipment	215,357	327,356	348,446	347,695	356,844	361,911
Information and communication technology (ICT) equipment	16,798	32,807	35,462	36,957	40,782	46,174
Cultivated biological resources	5,013	6,157	5,927	5,906	6,285	6,321
Intellectual property products	17,316	24,201	25,352	26,260	27,476	28,104
Changes in inventories and acquisition less disposals of valuables	423,860	867,527	821,578	913,536	1,069,209	589,658
Change in inventories	377,651	780,139	755,873	818,533	994,047	556,883
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	87,388	65,705	95,003	75,162	32,775
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

Table C - 1: Value of Income components @ current prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million							
#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,678,523	3,179,519	3,477,645	3,717,734	4,287,840	4,436,789
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,049,686	6,934,960	7,477,233	8,330,583	8,835,822	9,476,074
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	3,251,152	5,448,270	5,885,654	6,545,819	6,902,076	7,536,342
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	411,777	723,723	763,487	812,537	906,021	867,289
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	386,757	762,967	828,092	972,227	1,027,725	1,072,443
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	29,895	40,360	44,710	41,385	41,665	59,728
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	5,758,104	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327	13,972,591
	(+) Taxes on Products	687,833	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114	1,247,468
	(-) Subsidies on Products	32,269	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338	203,917
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	6,413,668	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103	15,016,142

Table C - 2: Value of Income components @ constant(2010) prices, 2015 to 2019

Rs. Million							
#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,678,523	2,450,779	2,571,114	2,528,769	2,651,309	2,765,478
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,049,686	5,344,139	5,558,992	5,895,910	6,087,543	6,169,684
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	3,251,152	4,233,331	4,474,888	4,691,563	4,881,401	4,931,057
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	411,777	543,591	596,300	542,257	545,683	570,307
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	386,757	567,217	487,803	662,089	660,459	668,320
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	29,895	37,248	38,998	40,337	40,582	41,664
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	5,758,104	7,832,167	8,169,104	8,465,015	8,779,434	8,976,825
	(+) Taxes on Products	687,833	857,040	894,210	920,927	927,445	950,026
	(-) Subsidies on Products	32,269	41,373	27,483	26,795	38,279	37,473
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	6,413,668	8,647,833	9,035,831	9,359,147	9,668,600	9,889,379

Table C - 3: Percentage change in Income components of GDP @ current prices, 2011 to 2019

#	Components (Income Generated)	2011 /10	2012 /11	2013 /12	2014 /13	2015 /14	2016 /15	2017 /16	2018 /17	2019 /18
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	12.2	20.6	12.3	9.2	14.1	9.4	6.9	15.3	3.5
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	16.8	23.5	8.8	7.5	1.5	7.8	11.4	6.1	7.2
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	17.2	23.6	7.2	6.8	1.0	8.0	11.2	5.4	9.2
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	11.2	23.4	14.1	5.7	6.2	5.5	6.4	11.5	-4.3
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	19.6	22.4	16.8	14.6	0.7	8.5	17.4	5.7	4.4
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	-17.3	4.5	15.7	28.2	5.3	10.8	-7.4	0.7	43.4
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	15.3	22.6	9.8	8.0	5.2	8.3	9.9	8.9	6.1
	(+) Taxes on Products	-10.0	3.4	7.5	9.2	20.8	27.9	16.7	0.4	-8.3
	(-) Subsidies on Products	20.4	21.0	-25.6	34.0	137.4	47.1	-29.2	37.6	28.0
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	12.6	21.0	9.8	8.0	5.7	9.5	11.1	7.8	4.5

Table C - 4: Percentage Growth in Income components of GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2011 to 2019

#	Components (Income Generated)	2011 /10	2012 /11	2013 /12	2014 /13	2015 /14	2016 /15	2017 /16	2018 /17	2019 /18
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	5.9	13.0	4.0	5.0	11.7	4.9	-1.6	4.8	4.3
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	9.7	8.7	3.8	4.7	1.8	4.0	6.1	3.3	1.3
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	10.9	7.2	2.8	4.3	2.2	5.7	4.8	4.0	1.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	2.5	17.5	6.8	0.0	2.7	9.7	-9.1	0.6	4.5
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	8.0	12.6	8.6	12.6	-1.4	-14.0	35.7	-0.2	1.2
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	7.2	1.5	-0.5	6.3	8.3	4.7	3.4	0.6	2.7
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	8.6	9.9	3.8	4.8	4.8	4.3	3.6	3.7	2.2
	(+) Taxes on Products	7.2	1.5	-0.5	6.3	8.3	4.3	3.0	0.7	2.4
	(-) Subsidies on Products	19.9	-13.8	5.3	-5.5	24.7	-33.6	-2.5	42.9	-2.1
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	8.4	9.1	3.4	5.0	5.0	4.5	3.6	3.3	2.3

Table C - 5: Percentage share of Income components to GDP @ current prices, 2010 to 2019

#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.2	26.1	26.0	26.6	26.9	29.0	29.0	27.9	29.8	29.5
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	63.1	65.5	66.9	66.3	65.9	63.3	62.3	62.5	61.5	63.1
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	50.7	52.8	53.9	52.7	52.0	49.8	49.1	49.1	48.0	50.2
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.3	5.8
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.0	6.9	7.3	7.2	7.1
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	89.8	92.0	93.2	93.2	93.2	92.7	91.7	90.7	91.6	93.1
	(+) Taxes on Products	10.7	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.2	9.5	8.3
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.1	1.4
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table C - 6: Percentage share of Income components to GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2010 to 2019

#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.2	25.6	26.5	26.6	26.7	28.3	28.5	27.0	27.4	28.0
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	63.1	63.9	63.7	63.9	63.7	61.8	61.5	63.0	63.0	62.4
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	50.7	51.8	50.9	50.6	50.3	49.0	49.5	50.1	50.5	49.9
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.4	6.3	6.6	5.8	5.6	5.8
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.5	7.0	6.6	5.4	7.1	6.8	6.8
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	89.8	90.0	90.6	91.0	90.8	90.6	90.4	90.4	90.8	90.8
	(+) Taxes on Products	10.7	10.6	9.9	9.5	9.6	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.6	9.6
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table C - 7: Income components of GDP @ current prices, 2019

Rs. Million						
#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,536,439	295,104	1,249,667	1,355,579	4,436,789
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	3,357,724	474,300	180,361	5,463,689	9,476,074
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	2,911,304	440,570	44,541	4,139,928	7,536,342
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)				867,289	867,289
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	446,420	33,730	135,821	456,472	1,072,443
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	54,415	5,135	-	178	59,728
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	4,948,578	774,539	1,430,028	6,819,446	13,972,591
	(+) Taxes on Products					1,247,468
	(-) Subsidies on Products					203,917
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>					15,016,142

Table C - 8: Income components of GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2019

Rs. Million						
#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	958,291	306,272	616,541	884,375	2,765,478
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	2,109,839	484,361	78,993	3,496,491	6,169,684
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	1,814,515	455,530	11,727	2,649,286	4,931,057
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)				570,307	570,307
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	295,324	28,831	67,266	276,899	668,320
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	35,170	6,376	-	118	41,664
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	3,103,300	797,009	695,533	4,380,984	8,976,825
	(+) Taxes on Products					950,026
	(-) Subsidies on Products					37,473
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>					9,889,379

Table C - 9: Percentage share of income components of sectors to the total economy @ current prices, 2019

#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	34.6	6.7	28.2	30.6	100.0
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	35.4	5.0	1.9	57.7	100.0
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	38.6	5.8	0.6	54.9	100.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	-	-	-	100.0	100.0
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	41.6	3.1	12.7	42.6	100.0
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	91.1	8.6	-	0.3	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	35.4	5.5	10.2	48.8	100.0
	(+) Taxes on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	(-) Subsidies on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	-	-	-	-	100.0

Table C - 10: Percentage share of income components of sectors to the total economy @ constant(2010) prices, 2019

#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	34.7	11.1	22.3	32.0	100.0
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	34.2	7.9	1.3	56.7	100.0
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	36.8	9.2	0.2	53.7	100.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	-	-	-	100.0	100.0
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	44.2	4.3	10.1	41.4	100.0
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	84.4	15.3	-	0.3	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	34.6	8.9	7.7	48.8	100.0
	(+) Taxes on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	(-) Subsidies on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	-	-	-	-	100.0

Table C - 11: Gross National Income & other income related macroeconomic indicators, 2015 to 2019

Millions of Rupees, at current prices						
Classification	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019 @
Gross value of Output at basic price	9,807,278	18,411,077	19,765,926	21,585,955	23,351,775	24,772,788
Intermediate Consumption at purchaser price	4,049,174	8,256,238	8,766,337	9,496,253	10,186,448	10,800,197
Gross value Added at basic price	5,758,104	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327	13,972,591
Taxes on products	687,833	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114	1,247,468
Subsidies on products	32,269	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338	203,917
Gross domestic Product at current prices	6,413,668	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103	15,016,142
Compensation of employees	1,678,523	3,179,519	3,477,645	3,717,734	4,287,840	4,436,789
Net operating surplus	3,251,152	5,448,270	5,885,654	6,545,819	6,902,076	7,536,342
Consumption of fixed capital	386,757	762,967	828,092	972,227	1,027,725	1,072,443
Mixed income	411,777	723,723	763,487	812,537	906,021	867,289
Other taxes less subsidies on production	29,895	40,360	44,710	41,385	41,665	59,728
Taxes on products	687,833	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114	1,247,468
Subsidies on products	32,269	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338	203,917
Gross domestic product	6,413,668	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103	15,016,142
Primary income received from Rest Of The world	36,508	17,253	18,499	26,394	40,204	44,989
Primary income Paid to Rest Of The world	106,284	291,994	338,151	379,250	429,805	477,239
Gross national income (GNI)	6,343,892	10,675,880	11,676,431	12,975,247	13,976,502	14,583,892
Current transfers received from the Rest of the World	471,084	952,568	1,057,281	1,093,607	1,139,324	1,202,334
Current transfers paid to rest of the world	57,199	110,486	117,498	129,291	139,821	171,644
Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)	6,757,777	11,517,962	12,616,213	13,939,563	14,976,006	15,614,582
Household Final Consumption Expenditure (HFCE)	4,390,215	7,376,176	8,514,456	8,942,501	9,744,969	10,405,872
General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GFCE)	542,330	984,755	1,014,746	1,137,406	1,310,655	1,416,989
Gross Savings	1,825,232	3,157,032	3,087,012	3,859,656	3,920,382	3,791,721
Capital transfers received from the Rest of the World	20,599	9,562	8,269	6,125	6,702	9,054
Capital transfers paid to the rest of the world	2,078	3,306	4,525	4,458	4,437	4,959
Gross Domestic Capital Formation	1,946,707	3,414,556	3,341,171	4,210,997	4,372,357	4,112,690
Net lending/borrowing from/to the rest of the world	-102,954	-251,268	-250,414	-349,674	-449,710	-316,875
* Property income is consisted by investment income and interest income						