



# NATIONAL ACCOUNTS OF SRI LANKA 2017



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Department of Census and Statistics

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# National Accounts of Sri Lanka

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## 2017

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Department of Census and  
Statistics

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## Preface

This is the 43<sup>rd</sup> publication of the series of National Accounts Estimates (NAE) published by the National Accounts Division of the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS). Further, this is the second publication which contains the NAE's based on the new base year of 2010.

In the year of 2015, the National Accounts Division of the DCS revised the base year from 2002 to 2010. In addition to revising the base year from 2002 to 2010, in the compilation of National Accounts, many other improvements were also made, such as, conceptual changes as recommended by the international guidelines (SNA 2008) and best practices, improvements in the methodology of compilation, adoption of latest classification systems, expansion of the production boundary and inclusion of emerging activities, new and recent data sources. With these improvements in the national accounting system, from 2015 second quarter onwards the DCS compiled and released the annual and quarterly estimates of National Accounts from 2010 to 2015 using the new base year of 2010. Accordingly, this publication is prepared based on National Accounts Estimates produced for the year 2017 with the new base year of 2010.

This publication includes tables on Production Accounts prepared according to the activities on International Standard Industrial Classification of all economic activities (ISIC Rev 4), General Government Expenditure based on the Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG), and Private Consumption Expenditure based on Classification of Individual Consumption according to the purpose (COICOP).

Further, this publication consists of "Annual data series of GDP estimates from 2010 to 2016" in Production approach. In addition, GDP estimates compiled based on the Income and Expenditure approaches, are also included.

I hope that this publication would be benefitted for data users, including policy makers, economic planners of the country as well as for academicians, researchers and other data users, who are working for and interested in the economy of Sri Lanka.

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## Acknowledgements

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The report was prepared by the team of officers of Mrs. N.W. Disanayaka, Mr. E.M.M.K. Ekanayake, Mrs. Y.P. Rajapaksha, Mrs. I.C. Premaratne, Mr. W.M.A.U.B. Weerathunga, Mr.B.A.U. Warnasiri, Mrs. U.V.R.S. Gunawardana, Mrs. S. Jeyagowry, Mr. M.A.S. Laksiri, Statisticians, Mrs. Y.G.R.I. Kulathilaka, Senior Statistician of the National Accounts Division and the team were assisted by the officers of Mr. S.T.T. Warapitiya, Mrs. H.M.N.K. Hennayaka, Mr. K.D.P. Priyadarshana, Mrs. T.P.G.W.K. Thennakoon, Ms. M.P.M. Priyadarshani and Mrs. K.A. Wijesekara, Ms. C.N. Balasooriya, Mrs. K.A.M.W. Kumari, Mrs. I.G.V.L. Dasanayaka, Statistical Officers and Ms. R.K. Tharanga, Mrs. S.N.P. Warnamali, Mrs. C.W.D.K. Chandrasekera and Mrs. W.A.R. Mangalika, Statistical Assistants and Mrs. S.G.P. Sandya Kumari, Development Officer and other staff of the National Accounts Division.

At this time we thankfully acknowledge the contributions provided by the staff of the DCS at different stages of compiling macroeconomic indicators of the country.

The field staff of the DCS is responsible for many statistics activities, including survey enumerations and price collections which provides data for compiling Indicators, Output and Intermediate consumption of economic activities. Their contributions in conducting all those statistical activities are highly appreciated.

Further, we thankful all the officers of the divisions of the DCS, such as Agriculture Division, Industry, Construction, Trade and Services Division and Prices and Wages Division for their hard work in providing more accurate and timely data needed for the compilation of macroeconomic indicators.

In addition, the continued assistance given by the private and public sector organizations through furnishing primary data to compile these estimations and make this annual publication a success is very much appreciated.

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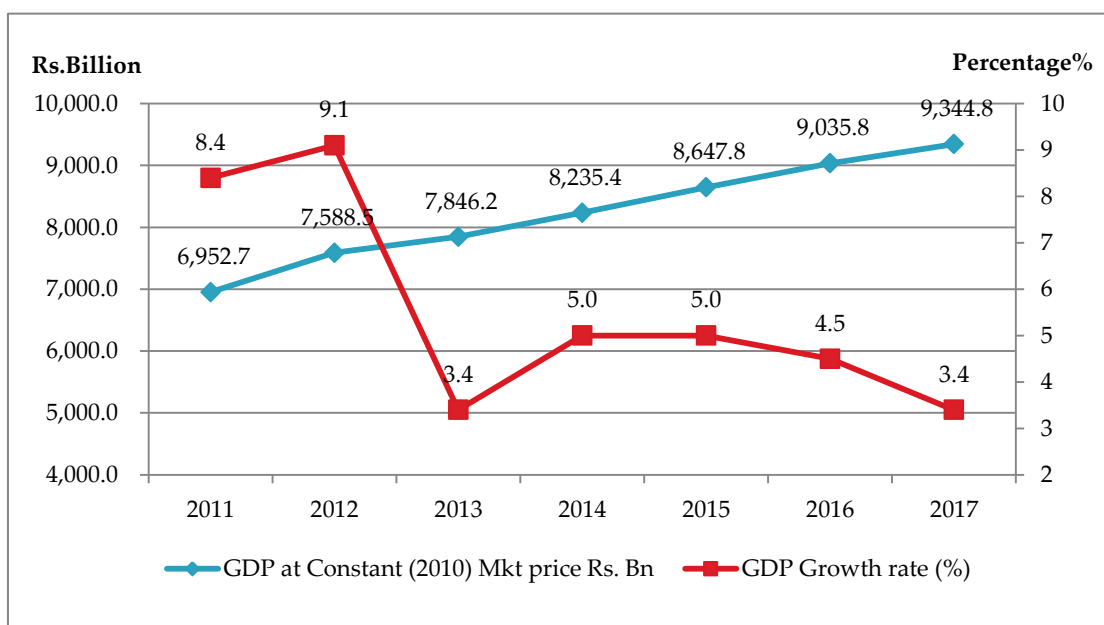
## Chapter 1 : Economic Performance – 2017

### Overview

The economic growth rate in the country for the year 2017, reported as 3.4 percent, indicating a slower growth rate when compared to the previous year. The estimated annual Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at constant price (2010) for Sri Lanka for the year 2017 (January to December) reportedly reached up to Rs.9,344,839 million. The annual GDP value at constant price (2010) reported for the year 2016 was Rs.9,035,830 million.

Figure 1.1 clearly shows the continuous expansion of Sri Lanka economy based on the annual GDP estimates at constant (2010) prices, by the upward trend pattern during the period of 2011 to 2017. The economic growth rate has increased continuously in a slower phase by 5.0 percent in both years 2014 and 2015, and by 4.5 percent and 3.4 percent in years 2016 and 2017 respectively (Figure 1.1).

Figure 1.1 : Annual Trends in the GDP, 2011-2017



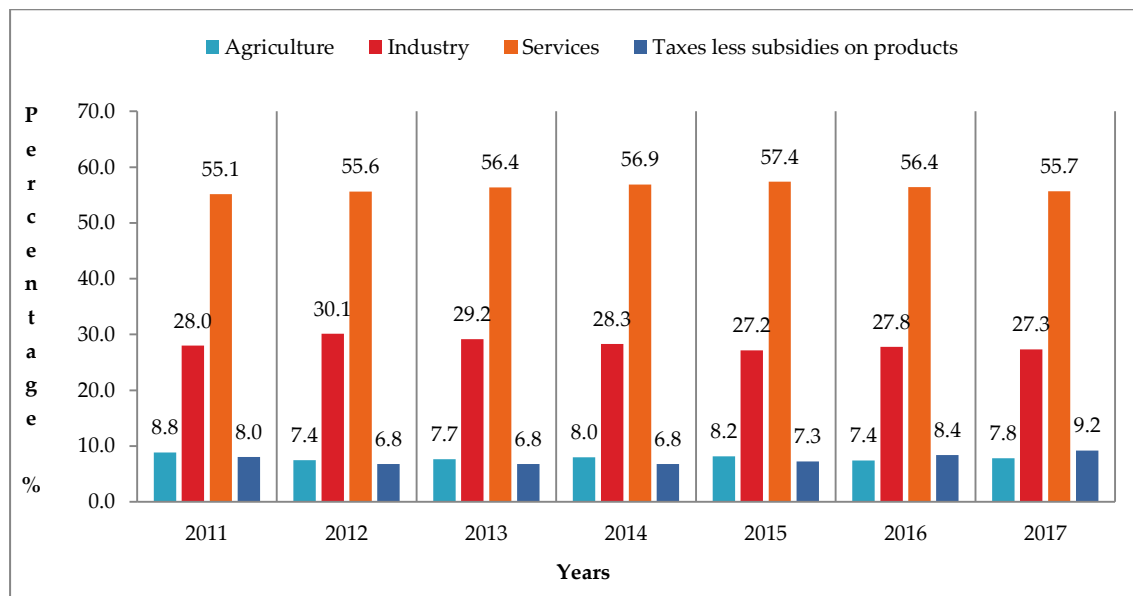
With the new National Accounting framework, (New Base year =2010), the composition of the GDP was changed as Agriculture, Industry, Services and Taxes less subsidies on products. This is due to the adjustment of 'taxes less subsidies on products' to the total Gross Value Added to derive Gross Domestic Product at market price. The value added of each economic activity is derived by deducting intermediate consumption from the gross

output value. Generally the, intermediate consumption is estimated at purchaser's price, the output of the economic activities is estimated at basic price. Consequently the value added is reported at basic price. In theoretical point of view, the GDP of an economy should be valued only at market price. Therefore to calculate the Gross Domestic Product at market price, the taxes should be added up to the gross value added of the total economy and then the

subsidies should be deducted. Accordingly, in the new series of national accounts, the Gross Domestic Product of the economy has

been derived by adjusting the 'taxes less subsidies on products' to the total Gross Value Added.

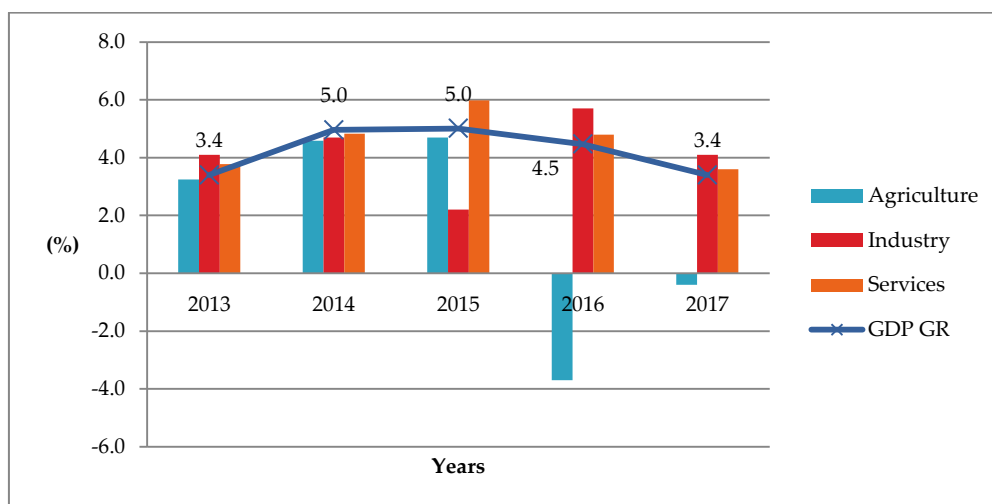
**Figure 1.2 : Contribution of Agriculture, Industry, Services & Taxes less subsidies on products to the GDP at current market price**



In the year 2017, the four major components of the economy: Agriculture, Industry, Services and Taxes less subsidies has contributed their share to the total GDP at current price (2010) by 7.8 percent, 27.3 percent, 55.7 percent and 9.2 percent respectively, (Figure 1.2). This show the contribution patterns are more or less similar to the previous years. As shown by the Figure 1.2, the Service activities shoulder the economy more than 50 percent followed by the Industrial and Agricultural activities.

The Figure 1.3 illustrates the growth rates of major economic activities and the annual GDP growth rate of Sri Lanka over the last five years. In 2017, the economy mostly buoyed on industrial and services activities while agricultural activities badly affected with the inclement weather conditions which continued since 2016. Moreover these severe weather conditions seriously affected on the whole economy, which resulted an annual growth rate of 3.4 in 2017.

Figure 1.3 : Annual Growth rates of agriculture, Industry, Services 2013-2017



## Contribution from the institutional sectors to the GVA

The Gross Value added (GVA) is comprised by contribution from the institutional sectors of Non-financial corporations (NFC), Financial Corporations (FC), General Government (GG), Households (HH) and Non-Profit

Institutions Serving Households (NPISH). In National Accounting framework in Sri Lanka, Households and Non-profit institutions serving households are considered as one sector. Based on that, national accounts are compiled.

Figure 1.4 : Percentage share of Institutional sectors to the GVA at current market price -2017

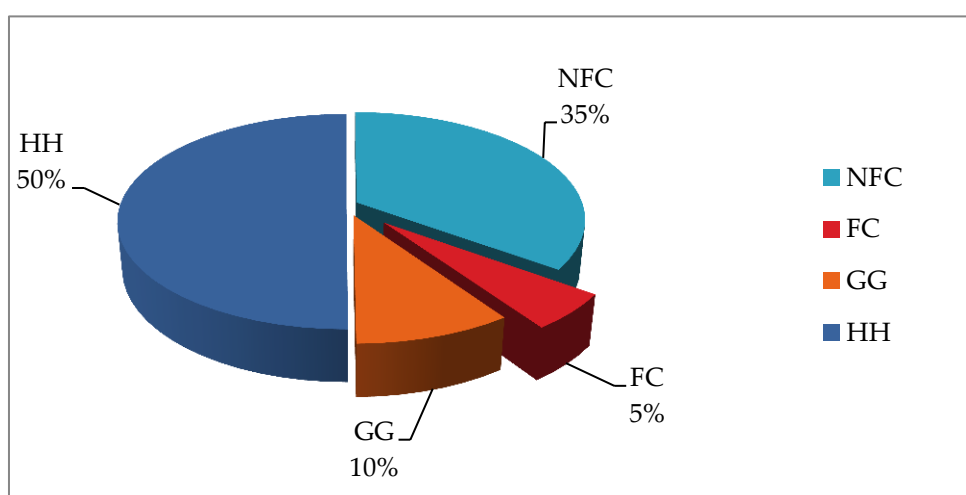
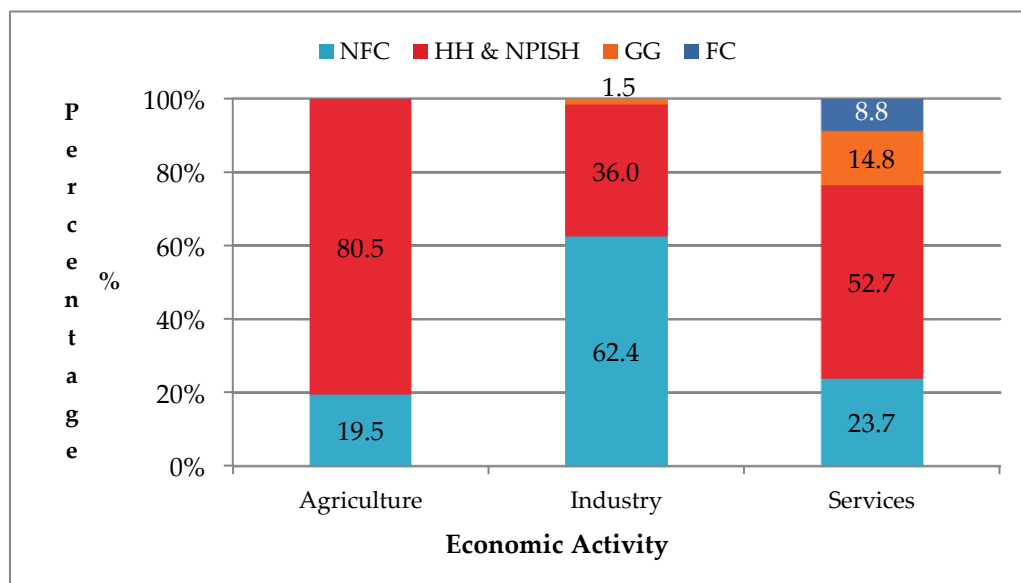


Figure 1.5: Percentage share of Institutional sectors to the GVA by Major economic Activities at current market price -2017



When consider the Institutional Sectors contribution to the total GVA, at national level, the half of the GVA is shared by the household sector and NPISH sector. (Figure 1.4). Around 35.0 percent is shared by the NFC sector. The General Government and Financial Corporation sectors contributions to the total GVA are relatively low (10 percent and 5.0 percent) when compared to the other two sectors. When consider the institutional sectors contribution to the major economic activities, (Figure 1.5) the agricultural activities were mainly driven by HH and NFC sectors. The major portion of 80.5

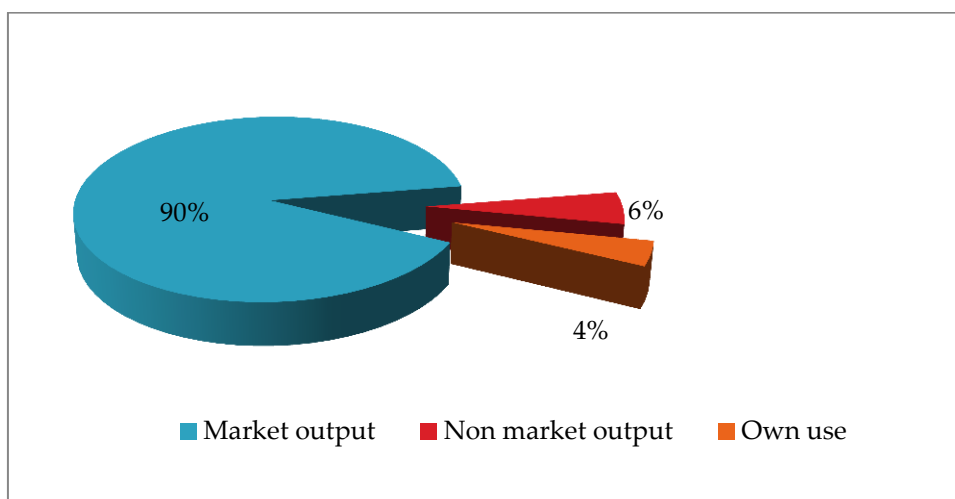
percent is contributed by HH sector while the rest of 19.5percent is contributed by NFC sector. Sixty two percent of industrial activities are shared by the NFC sector, while 36 percent is contributed by Household sector. The General Government sector contribution to the n Industry sector is very low (2.1 percent). All four sectors of the economy give contribution to generate the gross value added of the services activities. The HH and NPISH sectors contributed 52.7 percent to the total GVA of services activities while the rest are shared by the NFC, GG and FC sectors.

### Output of the economy (market output/non market output/ own use)

Total output of the economy is comprised by Market output, Non market output and Output for own final use. The total output value for the year 2017 is valued at current price as Rs. billion 21,512. Out of the total

output, 90.0 percent is represented by the market output and 6.0 percent and 4.0 percent is estimated as output for non-market output and own final use respectively (Figure 1.6).

Figure 1.6: Percentage share of Institutional sectors to the GVA at



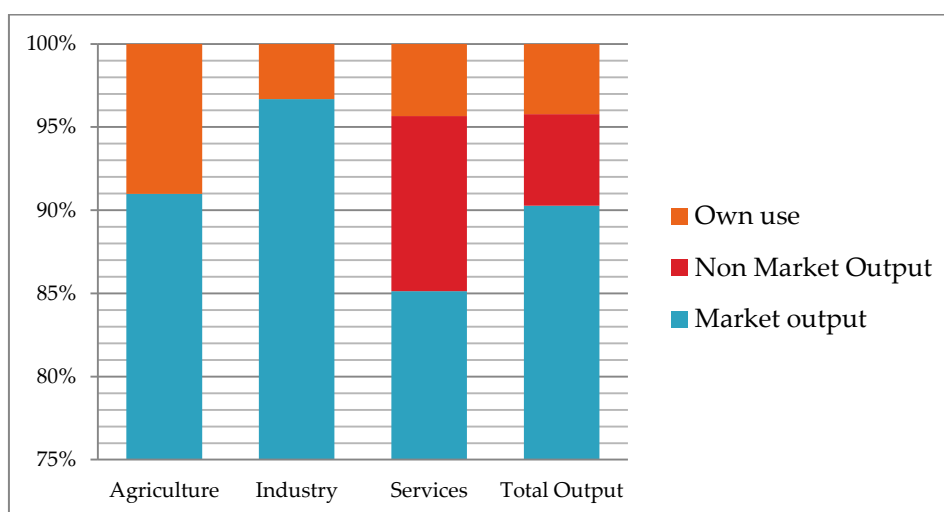
The output generated for their own consumption (household's or NFC's consumption) is considered as 'Output for own final use'. The non-market output is the output generated by the General government.

According to Figure 1.7, in agricultural activities, 91 percent of the output is produced as a market output. Compare with other economic activities the highest percentage of 9.0 percent of output will be

used for own consumption from the total agricultural output of the country. Out of the industrial production, 96.9 percent is a market output. When considering the service activities, the output is a combination of all three, the market output, non-market output and output for own consumption. Compared to the agriculture and industry activities, in service activities, one tenth of output is derived through the general government as non-market output.

## Output by institutional sectors

Figure 1.7 : : Output generation by economic activity – 2017

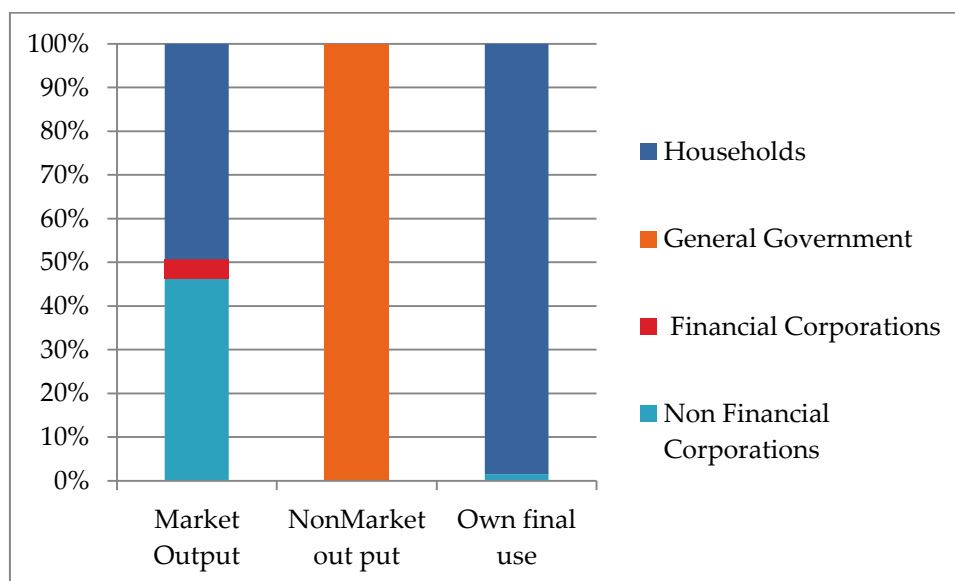


The contribution of the institutional sectors to the total output in each category of the economy is clearly showing in

Figure 1.8. The market output is generated mainly through NFC, FC and HH/NPISH sectors by 46 percent, 4 percent and 50 percent respectively. Hundred percent of

the output of Financial corporations contributed to the Market output. Non market output is totally driven by the General Government sector. In 'Own final use', 98.5 percent is generated by Households and remained 1.5 percent provided by NFCs.

**Figure 1.8 : Output by Institutional sectors at current price -2017**



### GDP implicit price deflator

The GDP implicit price deflator which measures the price change in the economy with respect to a specific base year (2010=100), increased to 143.6 in the year 2017 from 132.8 recorded in the year 2016, indicating 8.2 percent of inflation rate for the

year 2017. According to the Colombo Consumer Price Index (CCPI) (2013 = 100), it has increased to 119.0 in year 2017, from 111.7 recorded in the year 2016, indicating a 6.5 percent of inflation rate.

## Performance of major Economic activities in 2017

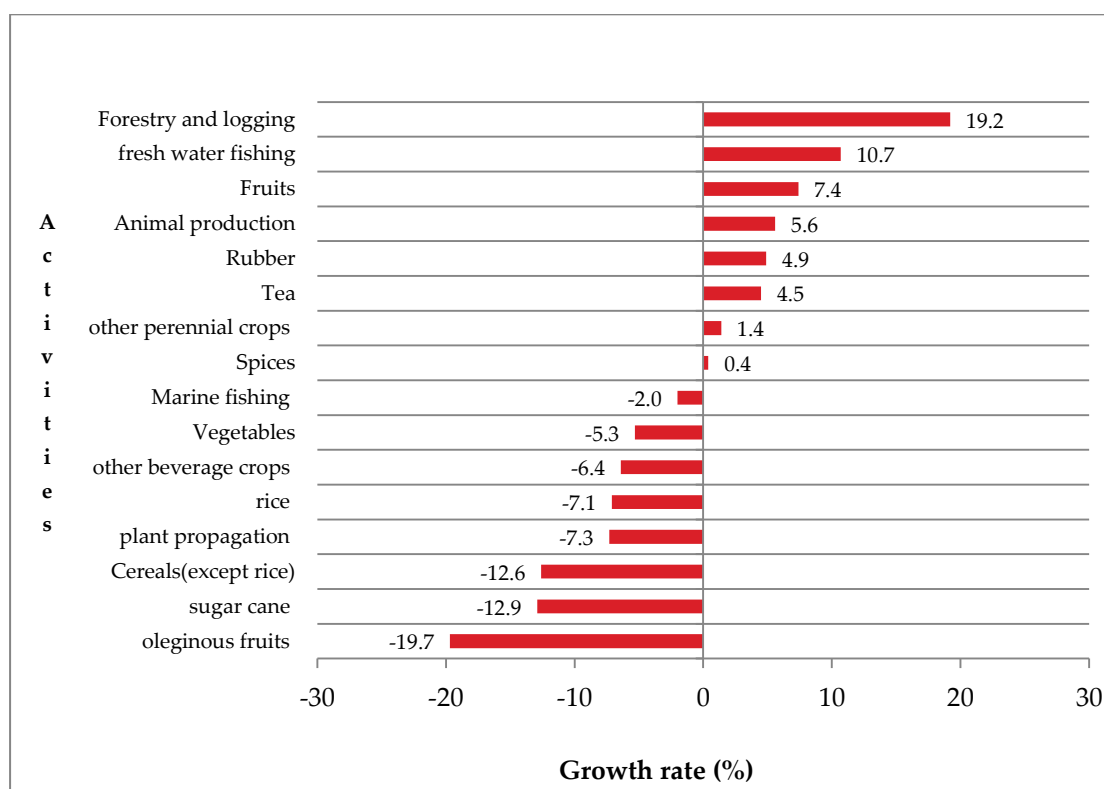
### Agriculture Activities

In the year of 2017 the main activity of 'Agriculture, forestry and fishing' shrank by 0.4 percent, when compared with the respective year of 2016. In the year 2017, the share of the Agriculture, forestry and fishing has contributed 7.8 percent to the total GDP at current price and this share is relatively low when compared with the Industry and Services activities. The sub activities of, 'Growing of vegetables', 'Growing of tea' and 'Growing of oleaginous fruits including coconut', 'Growing of spices', 'Animal production', 'Forestry and logging', and 'Marine Fishing' have contributions in a range of 0.6 to 1.2 percent to the total GDP.

The highest share of 1.2 percent was reported by Marine fishing and marine aquaculture activity.

Annual growth rates of agricultural sub activities are shown in Figure 1.9. 'Forestry and logging', 'Fresh water fishing', 'Growing of fruits', 'Animal production', 'Growing of rubber' and 'Growing of tea' have recorded striking positive growth rates. In the meantime the sub activities of, 'Growing of oleaginous fruits including coconut', 'Growing of other cereals', 'Growing of rice', 'Growing of vegetables', and 'Marine Fishing' activities reported negative growth rates.

Figure 1.9 : Agriculture - Growth rates by economic activity ( 2017)



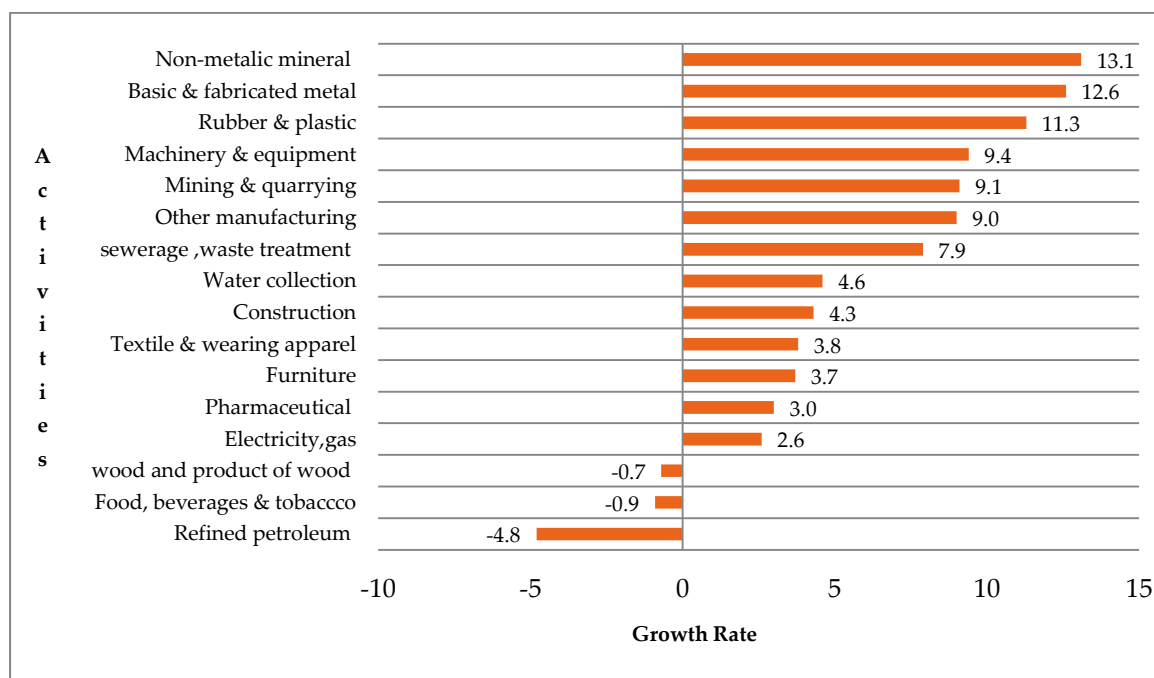
## Industry Activities

The Industry activity, which is the second largest contributor towards in expanding the economy and it contribute nearly 27.3 percent to the total GDP in 2017, recorded a striking growth rate of 4.1 percent. Mining and quarrying activities has expanded by 9.1 percent in 2017 compared to 2016. Construction sector has expanded further by 4.3 percent in 2017. Overall manufacture activities have reported an increase of 3.3 percent, while 'Non Metallic Mineral Products', 'Basic metals and fabricated metals', 'Rubber and plastics', reported striking growth rates of

13.1 percent, 12.6 percent and 11.3 percent in 2017. The major contributors in manufacturing sector, 'Food Beverages and Tobacco' and 'Textile and wearing apparels' have reported a contraction of 0.9 percent and an expansion of 3.8 percent respectively in 2017 compared to 2016. Refined petroleum shows the highest contraction in industrial activities in 2017.

The 'Sewerage and waste treatments', 'Water collection and treatments' and Electricity' activities showed an increase in growth rates by 7.9 percent, 4.6 percent and 2.6 percent respectively (figure 1.10)

Figure 1.10 : Industry - Growth Rates Of Economic Activity For 2017

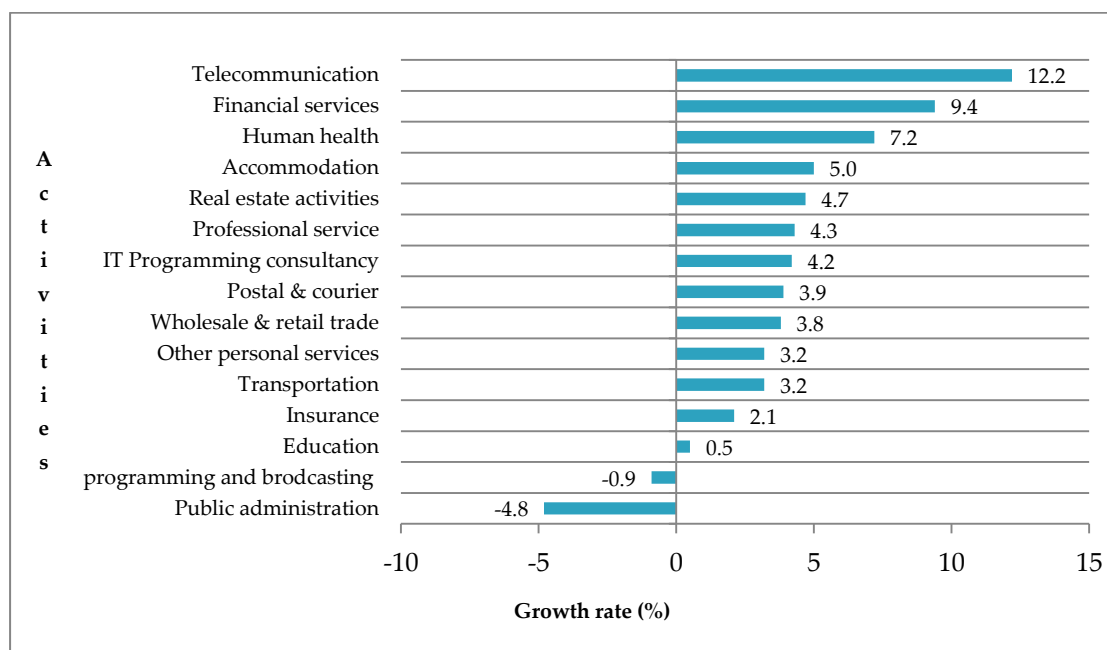


## Services Activities

The Service activity, which is the major contributor to the GDP, has reported a growth rate of 3.6 percent for the year 2017 compared to the growth rate of 4.8 reported in 2016. In the year 2017, an outstanding growth rate of 12.2 percent is recorded by

'Telecommunication 'services. Both 'Financial service activities' and 'Health' services also reported striking growth rates of 9.4 percent and 7.2 percent respectively in 2017 compared to the 2016 (Figure 1.11)

Figure 1.11 : Services - Growth rates of economic activity for 2017



The major contributors of service sector, 'Wholesale and retail trade', 'Transportation' and 'Other Personal services' has further expanded by 3.8 percent, 3.2 percent and 3.2 percent in year 2017. The wholesale and retail trade contributes nearly 10.5 percent to the overall GDP in year 2017. It's one of the largest economic activity which generate a considerable amount of value addition to the economy, has expanded continuously over the last few years. The wholesale and retail trade activity considers the valued addition created through the domestic trading activities.

According to the Balance of Payment Statistics of Central Bank of Sri Lanka, the annual total import expenditure for the year 2017 has increased up to Rs.3,198,572 million from Rs.2,794,393 million recorded in the year 2016, indicating an increase of 14.5 percent in annual total import expenditure. According to the trade indices, the import

volume index of consumer goods has increased by 6.9 percent, during the year 2017. In addition, the total trading output value of Agriculture, forestry and fishing activity has increased by 9.6 percent in the year of 2017 when compared with the year 2016. The total trading output value of Industrial activities has increased up to Rs. 835,875 million from Rs.781,922 million in the year 2017 indicating an increase of 6.9 percent.

Accommodation and Food and Beverage Serving activity grew by 5 percent in this year compared to 2016. Real estate activities, Professional services, IT programming and consultancy, Postal and courier services also have expanded in 2017 compared to 2016

Only two activities has reported contractions in the service sector in 2017 compared to the previous year of 2016, the service of 'programming and broadcasting by 0.9 percent and 'public administration' by 4.8 percent.



## Chapter 2 : Detailed Review of Economic Activities

In this chapter the performances of economic activities in Agriculture, Industry and Service sectors in year 2017 are broadly discussed. Mostly, they are compared with 2016 annual data. In many data tables the base year (2010) values are also included for the reference.

Overall Agricultural activities has added Rs 642,366 million to the Sri Lankan Economy in 2017, reporting further contraction of 0.4 percent compared to the considerable contraction of 3.7 percent recorded in 2016. The contraction of few agricultural activities in year 2017 has been the main reason for this trivial contraction .

Among them, the sub activity of 'Growing of rice' has declined substantially by 7.1 percent during the year 2017. 'Growing of oleaginous fruits, including Coconut' has severely affected by dry wheather prevailed in the coconut growing areas including the coconut triangle, which reported a heavy contraction of 19.7 percent in 2017. 'Growing of vegetables' also heavily affected with bad wheather and recorded a considerable drop of 5.3 percent. 'Marine Fishing' which carried out the highest share of 1.2 percent in agriculture activities, also reported a contraction of 2.0 percent in 2017 due to unfavourable marine wheather conditions. In addition, compared to year 2016, the growth rates of 'Growing of other non perennial crops including suger cane and tobacco', 'Growing of cereals (except rice)', 'Growing of other beverage crops' have declined substantially by 12.9 percent, 12.6 percent and 6.4 percent respectively in year 2017.

Meanwhile, several major agriculture activities reported expansions in this year .

Mainly 'Growing of Tea', 'Growing of Rubber', 'Growing of Fruits', 'Forestry and Logging', 'Animal production' and 'Freshwater fishing' have reported considerable growth rates as 4.5 percent, 4.9 percent, 19.2 percent, 5.6 percent and 10.7 percent respectively in 2017 compared to 2016. Ninty percent of the total output of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing sector is produced for the market and 10 percent is used the 'own use'. Only 'Growing of rice', 'Growing of coconut' and 'Forestry and logging' activities reported more than 20 percent of the output used for own use. Generally 80 percent of the gross value added of agricultural activities comes through the household sector. However 35 percent and 66 percent of value additions of 'Growing of tea' and 'Animal production' come through the NFCs .

The industrial activities have healthily expanded further by 4.1 percent in 2017 compared to 2016. The total contribution of Industry activities to the GDP is recorded as Rs. 2,495,721 million. The 'Construction' activity, the highest shareholder of industrial activities, has further grew by 4.3 percent in 2017. The sub activity of 'Mining and quarrying' also has expanded further by 9.1 percent in 2017 compared to the high growth rate of 13.8 percent recorded in 2016.

During the year of 2017, the manufacturing activities alone has contributed Rs.1,448,383 million to the total GDP, indicating a growth of 3.3 percent compared to 2016. Among the manufacturing activities, 'Manufacture of non metallic mineral products', 'Manufacture of basic metal and fabricated metal products', 'Manufacture of rubber and plastic products', 'Manufacture of

machinery and equipment', 'Other manufacturing' and 'Manufacture of textile and wearing apparels' reported an outstanding growth rates of 13.1 percent, 12.6 percent, 11.3 percent, 9.4 percent, 9.0 percent and 3.8 percent respectively.

However, 'Manufacture of food, beverages and tobacco products' which is the highest contributor of manufacturing sector, has recorded a slight contraction of 0.9 percent in year 2017. Similarly 'Manufacture of wood and products of wood' and 'Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products' showed contractions of 0.7 percent and 4.8 percent respectively compared to the high growth rates of 20.3 percent and 7.5 percent respectively recorded in 2016. The value added of 'Electricity', 'Water collection, treatment and supply' and 'Sewerage, waste, treatment and disposal activities' also have expanded by 4.1 percent, 4.0 percent and 7.0 percent respectively over the period of 2017.

The service activities has contributed Rs. 5,311,307 million to the total GDP in 2017.

All the service activities except 'Public administration and defence' have expanded during 2017 which make an overall increase of 3.6 percent when compared to the year 2016.

The outstanding performances were reported by 'Telecommunication', 'Financial service activities', and 'Health activities' which grew by 12.2 percent, 9.4 and 7.2 percent respectively in 2017 when compared to 2016. The other main activities underpinned the service sector are 'Accommodation', 'Real estate', 'Professional services' and 'IT programming, consultancy and related activities' which reported significant growth rates of 5.0 percent, 4.7 percent, 4.3 percent, 4.2 percent respectively compared to previous year. The highest contributors to the service sector, the 'Whole sale and retail trade' and 'Transportation of goods and passengers including ware houses' have recorded expansions of 3.8 percent and 3.2 percent respectively.

## Performance of Agricultural Activities

### Growing of Cereals

In year 2017, the activity of 'Growing of Cereals' has contributed Rs. 18,241 million and Rs. 11,503 million to the gross domestic product at current market prices and constant (2010) market prices of the country sharing 0.1 percent of GDP at current market price, Figure 2.1 shows the comparison of production and value added given by main cereals in 2017. The highest Production of 74 percent is recorded by 'Maize' in cereal

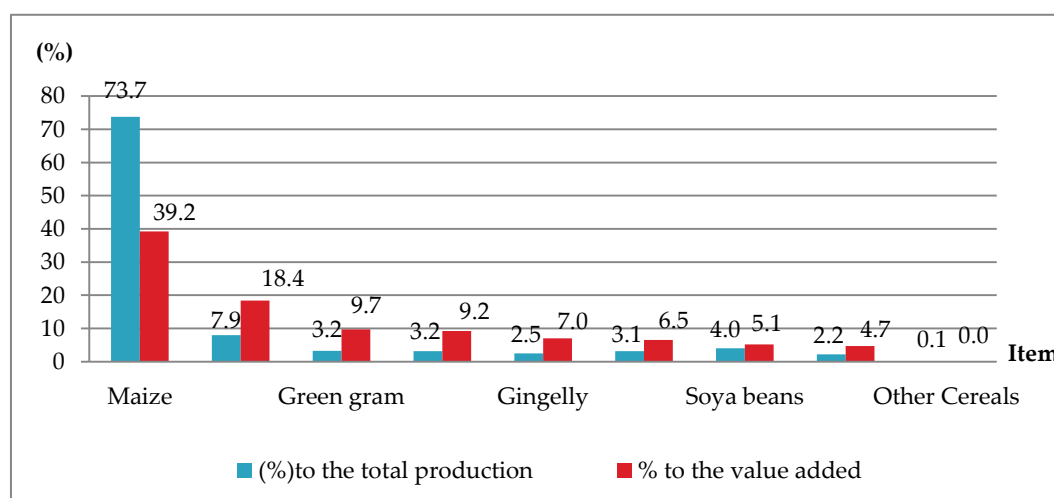
production. But compared to 2016 where the maize production has heavily declined by 12.2 percent in 2016, and it has further dropped by 12.6 percent in 2017. Percentage change in GDP implicit price deflator which indicates the impact of price effect on the activity has also reported a significant increase of 26.4 percent in 2017 compared to 2016 (

Table 2.1).

Table 2.1: Major economic indicators of 'Growing of Cereals' (2010, 2016 and 2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	10,548	16,503	18,241
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	10,548	13,158	11,503
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.2	0.1	0.1
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	12.2	12.6
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	-7.8	26.4
@ Provisional			

Figure 2.1: Comparison of percentage production and the value addition of cereals - 2017



## Growing of Rice

Rice is the staple food in the country. It's a non-perennial crop, growing in all districts of the country. Rice is regarded as a seasonal crop based on North-East and South-West monsoon rains. The share of 'growing of rice' has been increased to 0.7

percent to the total GDP in 2017. The value added of 'Growing of Rice' has reported a further decrease of 7.1 percent in year 2017 compared to the heavy decrease of 31.3 percent reported in 2016 (

Table 2.2).

Table 2.2 : Major economic indicators of 'Growing of Rice' (2010, 2016 and 2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	60,086	72,811	88,564
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	60,086	52,388	48,647
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.9	0.6	0.7
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-31.3	-7.1
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	-10.2	31.0
@ Provisional			

Figure 2.2: Paddy Production by Province in 2016 and 2017

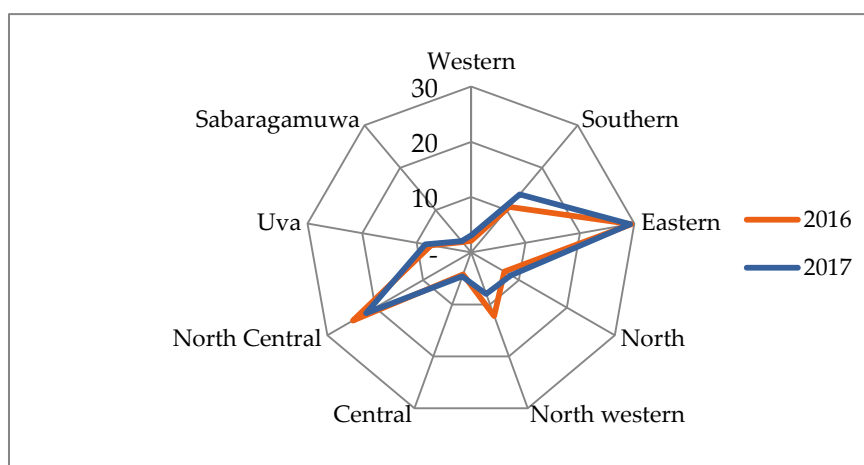


Figure 2.2 shows the comparison of paddy production by province in 2016 and 2017. Though the Southern province reported an expansion of 19 percent of paddy production in 2017 compared to 2016, heavy

contractions of 39 percent and 17 percent reported in North-Western and North-Central provinces respectively which has been the main reason for further drop of production reported in 2017 compared to

2016. The highest paddy production in 2017 is reported from the Eastern Province of Sri Lanka.

### Growing of vegetables

The gross value added of 'Growing of vegetables' contributed 0.7 percent of the GDP in 2017 but reported a contraction by 5.3 percent in its real gross value added. Further, this activity added Rs. 55, 240 million to the total GDP in real terms in

2017 (Table 2.3). According to the quantity produced in 2017, the five main vegetable items reported were Manioc, Green leaves (mugunuwenna and gotukola collectively), Brinjals, Cabbage and Red pumpkin.

**Table 2.3: Major economic indicators of 'Growing of Vegetables' (2010, 2016, 2017)**

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	47,704	85,843	100,037
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	47,704	58,349	55,240
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.7	0.7	0.7
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price		2.9	-5.3
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		-7.8	23.1
@ - Provisional			

### Growing of Oleaginous Fruits

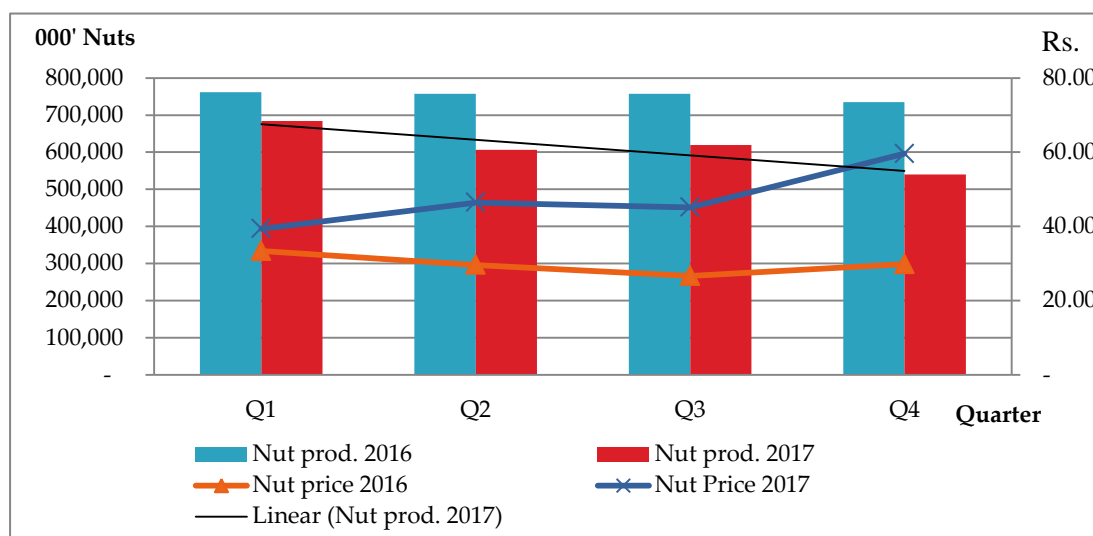
The activity of 'Growing of oleaginous fruits' mainly consists of growing of coconut. The gross value added to the GDP in this activity decreased from Rs.66,971 million reported in 2016 to Rs.53,773 million in 2017, recording a huge decrease of 19.7 percent. The percentage share of this activity to the GDP in 2017 increased to 0.8 percent compared to 0.6 percent stated in 2016 (Table 2.4). Total coconut production of the country has

gradually contracted from the first quarter to the fourth quarter of 2017 (Figure 2.3) and reported a reduction of 561,470 thousand nuts in year 2017, compared to year 2016. The main reason was the drought started in mid-2015 in coconut growing areas which was negatively affected on coconut production and resulted a downward trend in 2017 (Figure 2.3)

**Table 2.4: Major economic indicators of 'Growing of Oleaginous Fruits' (2010, 2016, 2017)**

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	60,231	75,805	103,772
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	60,231	66,971	53,773
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.9	0.6	0.8
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price		-0.8	-19.7
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		13.8	-20.05
@ - Provisional			

Figure 2.3: Coconut production and price changes within the quarters of 2016-2017



### Growing of tea

The growth rate of 'Growing of Tea' has increased by 4.5 percent in year 2017 compared to 2016. The favourable weather conditions prevailed throughout the tea growing areas was the main reason for this increase. The gross value added at

constant (2010) market prices was estimated as Rs. 66,876 million in 2017. GDP implicit price deflator showed a 35.7 percent increase compared to 2016 (Table 2.5).

Table 2.5: Major economic indicators of 'Growing of Tea' (2010, 2016 and 2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2016@	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	72,208	82,136	116,543
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	72,208	63,972	66,876
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	1.1	0.7	0.9
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-11.2	4.5
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	22.1	35.7
@ Provisional			

Figure 2.4: Annual Tea production and prices (2010 -2017)

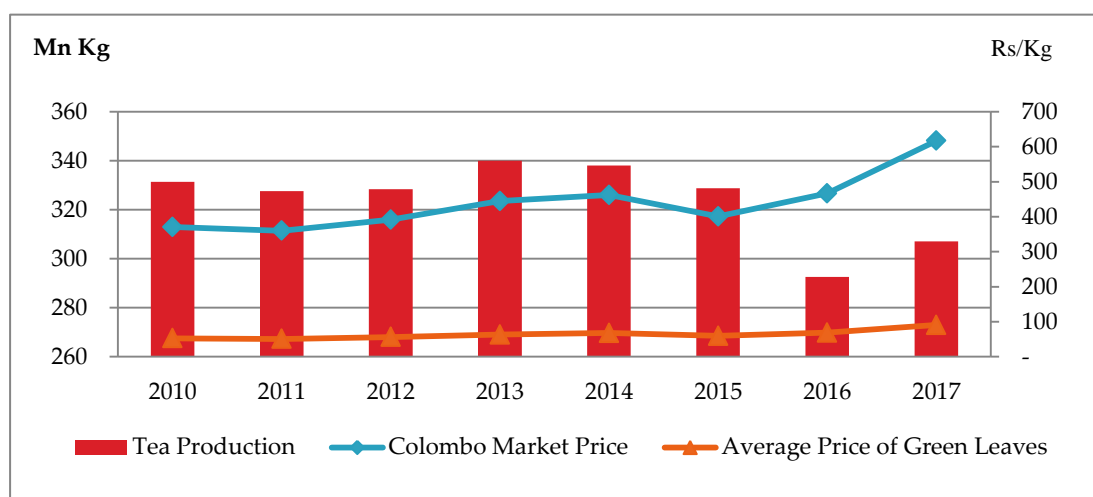
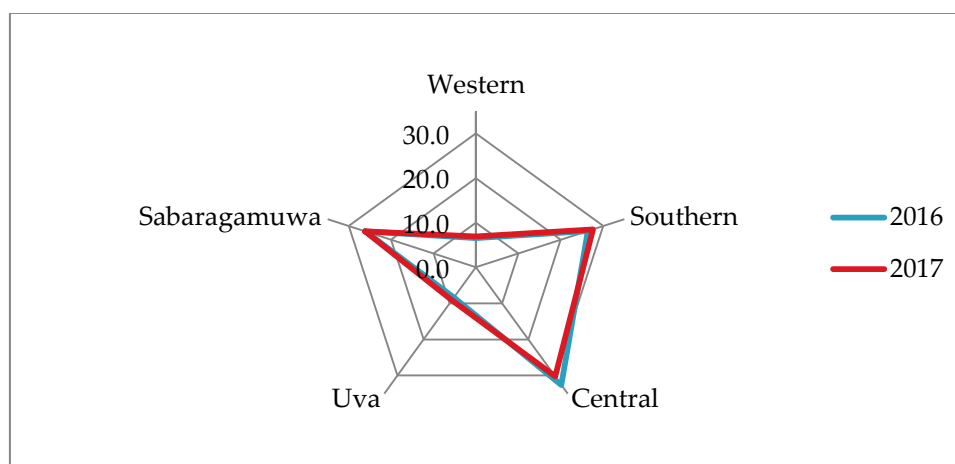


Figure 2.4 shows that in 2017, only 289 million kilograms of tea has been exported and it was registered as an increase of 0.1 percent. The average tea price of one

kilogram of Tea at Colombo Tea Auction in 2017 has increased to Rs.617.17 from Rs. 466.43 as reported in 2016 indicating 32.3 percent price increase in 2017. In year 2017 except Central province, Western, Southern, Uva and Sabaragamuwa provinces reported an increase in tea leaves production (Figure 2.5). Central province which is the main tea producing province in Sri Lanka, reported 7.4 percent contraction in 2017 compared to 2016.

Figure 2.5: Comparison of Tea production by province in 2016 and 2017



### Growing of rubber

In year 2017, the activity of 'Growing of Rubber' has contributed Rs. 24,165 million to the gross domestic product of the country, which denote an increase of 4.9 percent compared to the year 2016. According to Table 2.6 percentage change

in GDP implicit price deflator has reported a positive value of 68.0 in 2017. The contribution to the GDP by this activity has lowered from 0.7 percent in 2010 to 0.1 percent in both 2016 and 2017.

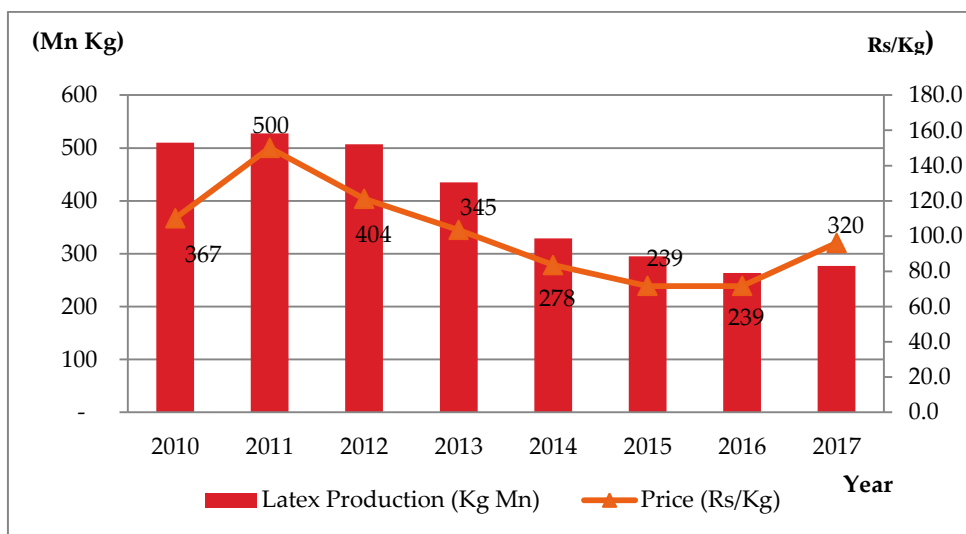
Table 2.6: Major economic indicators of 'Growing of Rubber'(2010,2016 and 2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	44,411	10,718	18,899
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price(Rs. Mn)	44,411	23,028	24,165
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.7	0.1	0.1
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-10.7	4.9
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	-15.6	68.0
@ - Provisional			

Figure 2.6 shows the changes in production and prices of Rubber in the country from 2010-2017. It clearly depicts the gradual contraction of production and the prices within 2010-2016. In 2017 the

rubber production of the country recorded a slight increase by 5 percent and prices also reported an increased by 34 percent locally. In 2017 the average price for one kilogram of rubber at the global market reported an increase by 16.7 percent compared to year 2016.

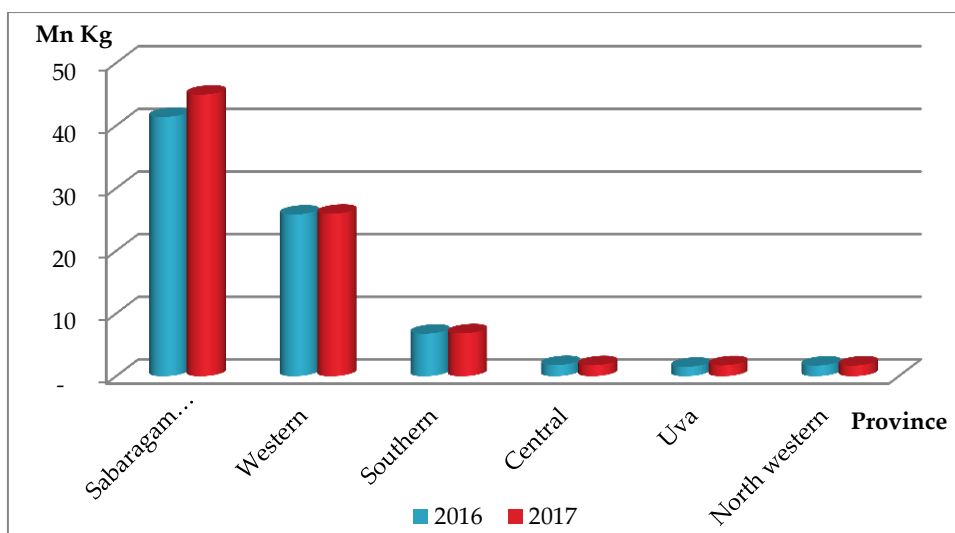
Figure 2.6 : Rubber Production and price change (2010 -2017)



Rubber grows in six provinces out of nine in Sri Lanka and 'Sabaragamuwa' is the main province trailed by Western province. The rubber production in

Sabaragamuwa province reported an increase by 8.0 percent in 2017 compared to 2016. (Figure 2.7).

Figure 2.7 : Comparison of Rubber Production by province (2016 and 2017)



### Growing of other perennial crops

The 'Growing of other perennial crops' has expanded by 1.4 percent during 2017 compared to 2016, contributing Rs.16,717 million to the total GDP at constant market prices against the recorded value

added of Rs.16,484 million in 2016 (Table 2.7).

This activity consisted with six perennial crops: 'Growing of betel', 'Growing of Areca-nut', 'Raising of Palmyra tubers

from seeds', 'Toddy Tapping', 'Growing of Jak fruit, and 'Growing of Bread fruit'. All

these activities belong to household sector and 98% of them produce for the market.

Table 2.7 : Major economic indicators of 'Other Perennial crops' (2010, 2016, 2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	14,496	25,674	24,165
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs.Mn)	14,496	16,484	16,717
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.2	0.2	0.2
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-2.1	1.4
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	7.0	7.2
@ - Provisional			

The composition of the sub activities to the current value added of 2017 was given in

Figure 2.8. Out of these six sub categories, the highest contribution of 50 percent was provided from toddy tapping activity. Toddy tapping activity included three sub categories as Coconut, Kithul and Palmyra toddy tapping.

The favorable weather conditions prevailed in 2017 expanded many perennial crops, including the activities of growing of betel, growing of areca-nut and palmyrah toddy tapping. The bad weather conditions prevailed throughout the coconut growing areas has flattened

coconut toddy production by 39 percent during 2017 compared to 2016.

The betel production of the country has expanded by 16.5 percent in 2017 compared to 2016. In 2017, the average price for thousand leaves of betel has decreased by 34.5 percent compared to year 2016. The satisfactory climatic conditions prevailed throughout the betel growing areas mainly in Kurunegala, Gampaha, Kegalle and Kaluthara has become the main factor contributed for this increase. indicates the changes in Production and prices in betel from 2010 to 2017.

Figure 2.8 : Composition of the sub activities to the current value added of Growing of other perennial crops in 2017

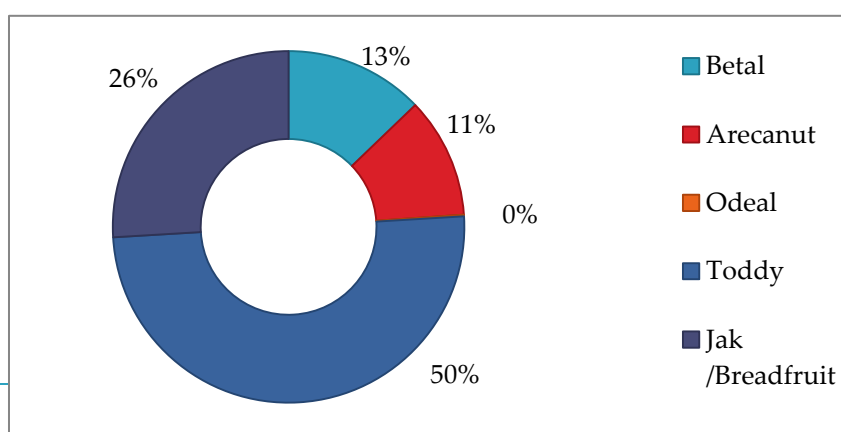
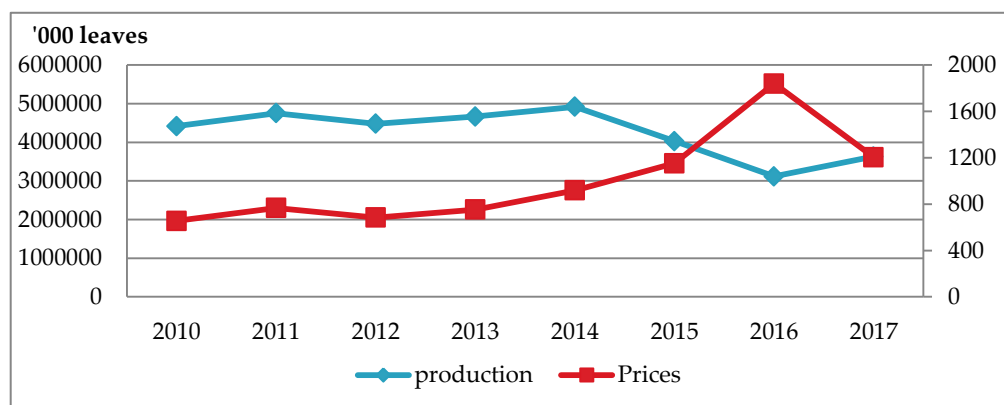


Figure 2.9 : Price change and Production change in Betal (2010-2017)



### Animal production

The activity of 'Animal Production' comprises with three sub sections viz. Rearing animals for meat, Milk production and Eggs production. Rearing animals covered cattle, goats, swine and poultry farming. In 2017, the animal production

activity further grew by 5.6 percent in real terms compared to the year 2016 and added Rs. 58,726 million to the total GDP, representing a share of 0.8 percent at current market price (Table 2.8).

Table 2.8: Major economic indicators of 'Animal Production' (2010, 2016, 2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	27,230	92,501	103,725
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	27,230	55,631	58,726
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.4	0.8	0.8
Percentage Growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price		7.3	5.6
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		31.6	6.2
@ - Provisional			

Table 2.9: Comparison of Producer Prices in Animal Production in 2010, 2016, 2017

Item	Unit	2010	2016	2017@	Price Change (%) (2016/2017)
Cow	Rs./Animal	32,509	47,889	52,703	10.1
Goat	Rs./Animal	7,766	15,245	17,834	17.0
Swine	Rs./Animal	9,914	23,125	23,288	0.7
Poultry	Rs./Animal	333	450	488	8.39

<b>Eggs</b>	Rs. /Egg	13.1	14.85	12.98	-12.6
<b>Milk</b>	Rs./Liter	36.7	68.6	77.41	12.8
@-Provisional					

Table 2.9 shows the producer prices of each item in 2010, 2016 and 2017 and the price change between 2016 and 2017. Price of a cow has increased by Rs.20, 000 from 2010 to 2017. The price change of a cow between year 2016 and 2017 is around 10 percent. When compared to 2016, the highest price change occurred in Goat by 17 percent. Prices of Goat tend to increase rapidly throughout the period from 2010. In 2017, The average price change of an egg has decreased by 12.6 percent compared to year 2016. The producer price of one liter of milk in 2010 has

almost doubled in 2017. The price increase between 2016 and 2017 was reported as 12.8 percent.

The pattern of milk production and eggs production of the country in the period of 2010-2017 is given in

Figure 2.10. These two industries have shown a gradual increase within the period of 2010-2017. When compared to 2016, in year 2017 both Milk and Eggs production of the country has expanded healthily by 3.2 percent and 0.6 percent respectively.

Figure 2.10 : Milk and Eggs Production (2010-2017)

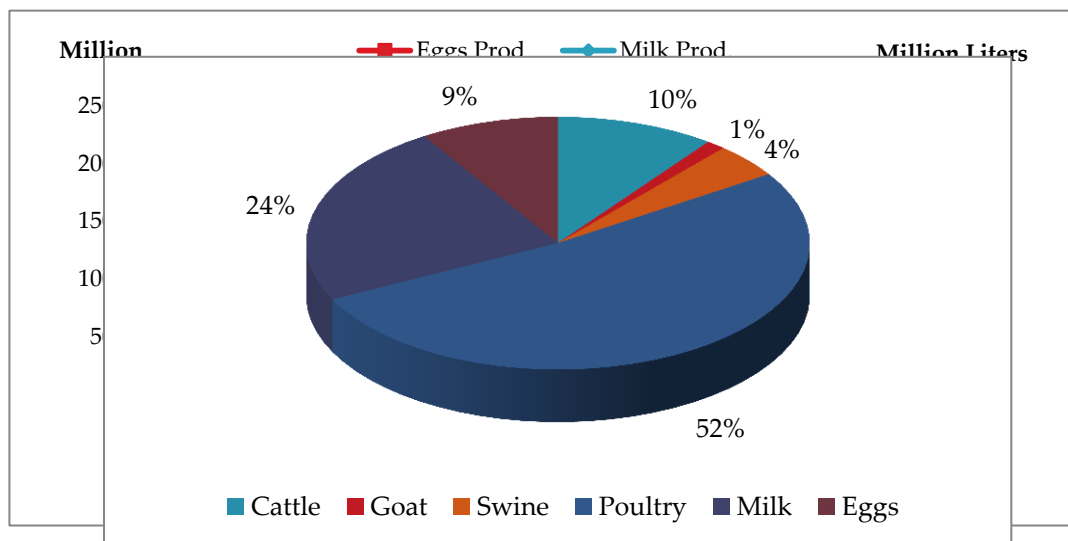


Figure 2.11 : Share of sub activities of animal production to the GDP in 2017

Figure 2.11 shows the share of sub activities to the 'Animal Production' in 2017. Almost fifty percent of the current

value added of Animal production is shouldered by the poultry industry. Poultry industry reported an increase of

10 percent during 2017 compared to 2016. It is interesting to note that cattle slaughtering has reduced by 4 percent during the period of 2016-2017. Milk and Eggs production shoulder 33 percent of

### services to the agriculture

The activity of 'Plant propagation' and activity of 'Support services to the agriculture' jointly added Rs.14, 374 million and Rs.9,459 million to the GDP in nominal and real terms respectively in year 2017 (

Table 2.10). Both these activities reported further contraction in 2017 compared to 2016, where both activities together furnished a negative growth rate of 7.3 percent.

The activity of 'Plant Propagation' mainly includes the nursery productions of Coconut, Rubber, Tea, Fruits, Flowers and

value added of animal production activity (Figure 2.11).

### Plant propagation and support

main Minor Export Crops: Cinnoman and Pepper, that used for propagation activities in the country. Large amount of plant saplings produced from respective government nurseries have been used for many government projects. Compared to year 2016, the dry weather conditions prevailed throughout the country, adversely affected the production of plant saplings of all items in 2016.

The Support services to the agriculture also has reported a decrease in 2017 when compared to 2016. The down-turn production of maize in this year was the main reason for this drop.

**Table 2.10: Major economic indicators of 'Plant Propagation and Support services to the Agriculture' (2010-2017)**

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	8,533	14,889	14,374
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	8,533	10,210	9,459
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.1	0.1	0.1
Percentage Growth of value added at constant (2010) market price		(2.0)	(7.3)
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		10.1	4.2
@ - Provisional			

### Forestry and logging

In 2017, the gross value added of 'Forestry and Logging' activity at real terms was estimated as Rs. 62,545 million to the total GDP. The current share to the GDP of this activity remained same at 0.7 percent.

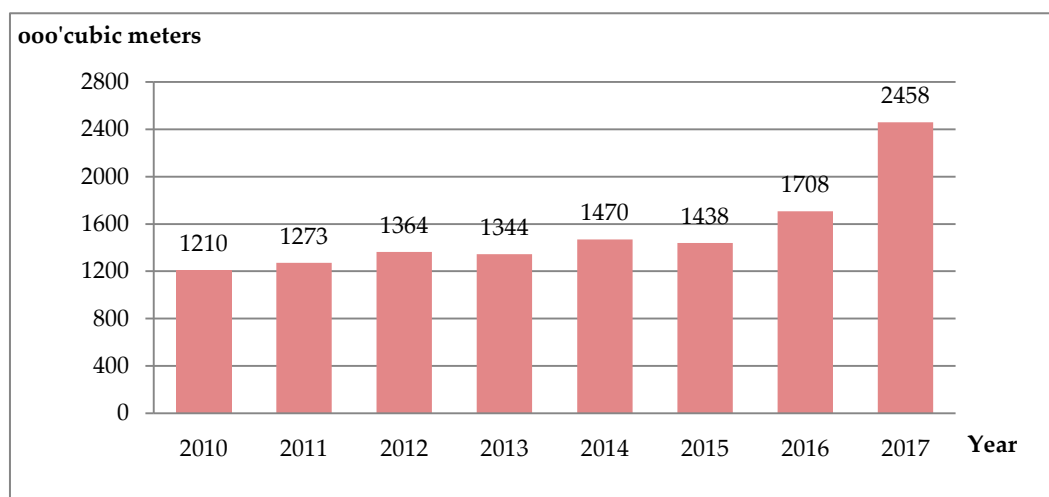
Annual growth rate of 'Forestry and Logging' in 2017 reported a sharp increase of 19.2 percent compared to 8.5 percent increase recorded in 2016 (

Table 2.11).

**Table 2.11: Major economic indicators of 'Forestry and Logging' (2010-2017)**

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current (2010) market prices (Rs.Mn)	43,339	83,816	100,597
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices (Rs.Mn)	43,339	52,485	62,545
Percentage share to the total GDP at current market prices (%)	0.7	0.7	0.7
Percentage growth at constant (2010) market prices (%)		8.5	19.2
Percentage change in GDP implicit price deflator		2.2	0.7
@ Provisional			

**Figure 2.12 : Annual log production of Sri Lanka (2010-2017)**



Annual log production of State Timber Corporation alone usually remained within the range of 100,000- 150,000 cubic

meters during the period of 2010-2017. Based on this value, the estimated total

timber production of the country is 2,458,000 cubic meters in 2017 (

Figure 2.12).

## Marine and fresh water fishing And aquaculture

Marine Fishing involved 85 percent of total fishing industry in the country. The value addition of the marine fishery activity was reported as Rs.103,037 million in real terms to the total Gross Domestic Product in the year 2017, showed a slight decrease of 2.0 percent when compared to

year 2016 (Table 2.12). This activity mainly comprised with two sub items, 'Off shore Fishing' and 'Coastal water fishing'. The 60 percent of total marine fish production in Sri Lanka comes through the coastal fishery production which usually operated by using motor boats, canoes and etc.

**Table 2.12: Major economic indicators of 'Marine Fishing' (2010,2016,2017)**

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	77,579	159,310	159,132
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	77,579	105,100	103,037
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	1.2	1.3	1.2
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	0.6	-2.0
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-		1.8
@ Provisional			

Figure 2.13 shows the deep sea production and coastal production of marine fishing during 2010-2017. In year 2017 coastal fish production has decreased by 3.5 percent while the deep sea fish production has increased by 3.8 percent.

'Inland fishing and inland aquaculture' activity has also increased considerably by

10.7 percent in year 2017. According to the reports of Ministry of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Development, high production in the dry zone was reported in year 2017 was a result of dry whether conditions prevailed in inland tank areas in the respective districts.

Figure 2.13 : Coastal and Deep sea fish production (2010-2017)

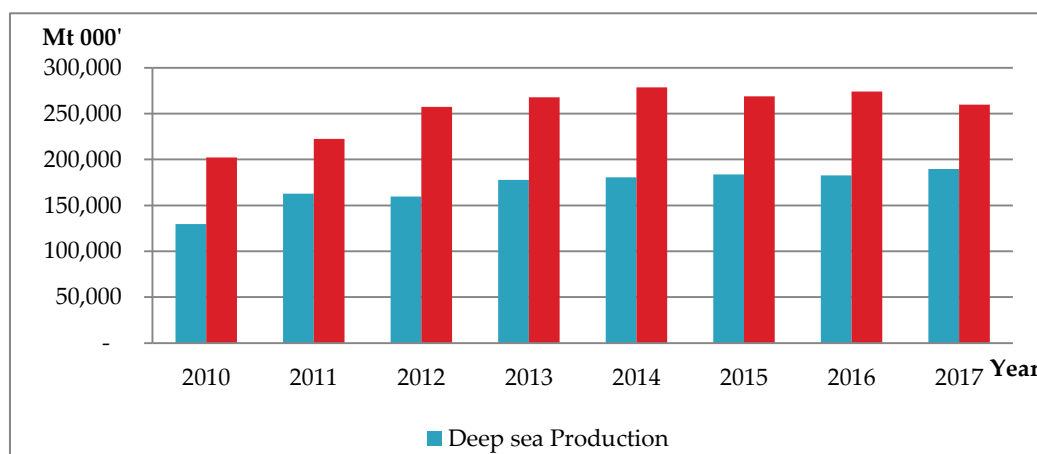
## Performance of Industry activities

A one third of the Sri Lankan economy was completed by the industry sector. These industry activities comprised with 'Manufacturing activities' the principal shareholder of industry sharing 58.5 percent along with 'Construction', 'Mining and quarrying', 'Electricity and related activities' and 'water and sewerage collection, treatment and supply'. Industry activities altogether grew by 4.1 percent in 2017 and added Rs. 2,495,721 million to the gross domestic product in real terms. The share to the GDP in 2017 was reported as 27.3 percent (Table 2.13). When considering the sector wise performances,

Non-financial corporations were the main performer in industry sector, which grew by 10.0 percent in 2017 (Table 2.14). Government sector showed a recession of -21.6 percent in 2017 when compared to 2016. The highest share of 62.4 percent of industry is hold by NFCs' while 'Households and NPISH' together shared 36.0 percent. The remaining 1.5 percent was shared by the government sector. The Lion's share of the output of the industries is produced for market 96.7 percent and only residual 3.3 percent produced for own use in 2017.

Table 2.13 : General Performance of Industrial Activities (2010-2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	1,708,867	2,797,328	2,931,998	2,975,232	3,337,428	3,661,945
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs. Mn)	1,708,867	2,119,080	2,218,711	2,267,725	2,396,833	2,495,721
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	26.6	29.2	28.3	27.2	27.8	27.3



Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	4.1	4.7	2.2	5.7	4.1
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	2.1	0.1	-0.7	6.1	5.4
@Revised						

**Table 2.14: Percentage Growth GVA in Industrial activities by institutional sectors; (2010-2017)**

Sector	2011/2010	2014/2013	2015/2014	2016/2015	2017/2016@
<b>NFC</b>	15.1	1.3	2.2	15.7	10.0
<b>GG</b>	12.1	26.3	43.3	-44.1	-21.6
<b>HH</b>	19.8	4.4	1.5	13.0	11.2
<b>Total</b>	18.3	3.0	3.2	12.2	9.7
@ Revised					

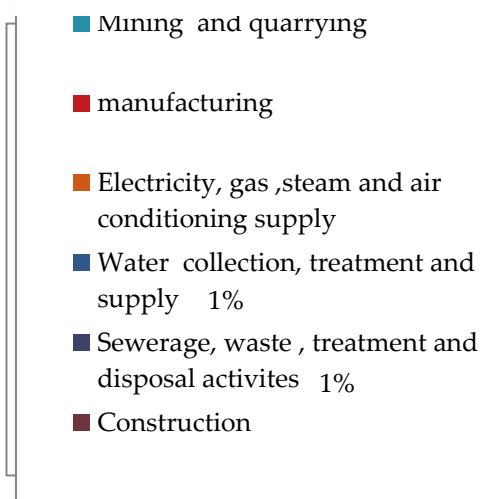
**Figure 2.14 : Main components of Industrial Activities**

## Mining and Quarrying

Mining and quarrying sector consist with three main sub activities 'Quarrying of stone/granite, sand and clay', 'Mining of Gems' and 'Other mining and quarrying not elsewhere classified'. The GDP contribution was Rs.237,381 million in

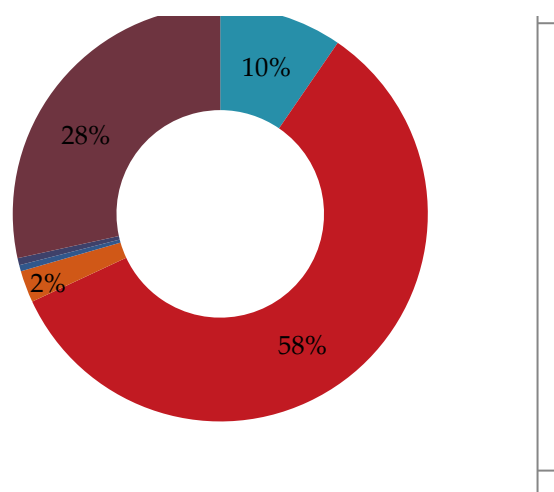
The sub sector of Minerals which includes phosphate, graphite, salt, gypsum, lime stone, rutile, ilmenite, zircon, hi ilmenite etc. Altogether was recorded a negative growth of 10.7 percent in year 2017, due to decrease in gypsum, salt, graphite, rutile

Figure 2.15 : Institutional sector wise proportion in industry 2017



year 2017 and when compared to year 2016, a growth of 9.1 percent was recorded in real terms. 'Quarrying of stone/granite, sand/sea sand and clay' contains mainly construction material is the major sub sector which covered the 90 percent of the total output of 'Mining and Quarrying' activity. The value added of this activity was estimated indirectly, based on cement availability of country, recorded 8.3 percent high growth in year 2017 compared to year 2016. This substantially high growth may due to performance of construction activities in this year.

Figure 2.16 : Output by type in Industry 2017



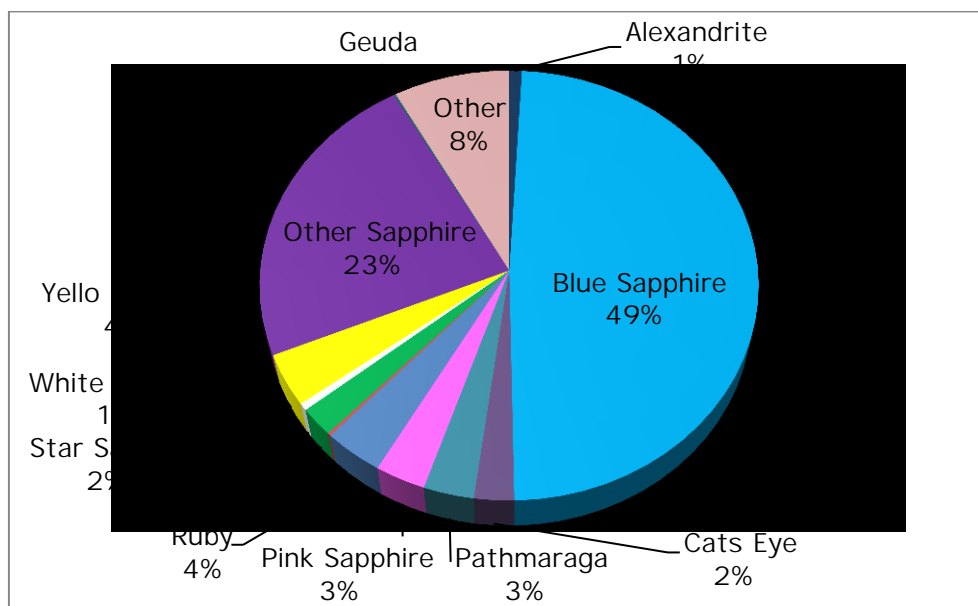
and limestone productions.

Mining of Gems' perform a prominent role in earning foreign exchange to the country, reported a 39.1 percent considerable increase in export earnings in 2017 compared to 2016. Which includes eleven of 'high expensive gem varieties' (blue, pink, star, white and yellow sapphires, pathmaraga, alexandrite, cats eye etc.), 'geuda' and 'other gems not elsewhere classified'. Forty eight percent of the gem earning was owing to blue sapphire in 2017.

Table 2.15: Mineral sand production : 2016 and 2017

Mineral Item	2016 Quantity(MT)	2017@	2017/2016 %
Ilmenite	14,288	53,923	277.40
Rutile	2,237	2,174	-2.82
Zircon	628	1,061	68.97
Hi-Ilmenite	3,269	4,282	30.97
@ Revised			

Figure 2.17 : Gem earnings by variety in 2017



## Manufacturing industry

Manufacturing industry sector comprises with 24 ISIC categories. Data was collected by 'Quarterly Survey of Industries' and 'Annual Survey of Industry. The dissemination categories were 'Manufacture of Food, beverages & Tobacco products', 'Manufacture of Textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products', 'Manufacture of Wood and products of wood and cork, except furniture', 'Manufacture of Paper products, printing and reproduction of media products', 'Manufacture of Coke and refined petroleum products', 'Manufacture of Chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products', 'Manufacture of Rubber and plastic products', 'Manufacture of Other non- metallic mineral products', 'Manufacture of Basic metals and fabricated

metal products', 'Manufacture of Machinery and equipment etc.', 'Manufacture of Furniture, Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment'.

The major economic indicators are shown in Table 2.16. The share of these activities to the total GDP was reported as 16.0 percent in year 2017.

The overall Manufacturing industry sector contributed Rs 1,448,383 millions of value addition at real terms to the total GDP in 2017.

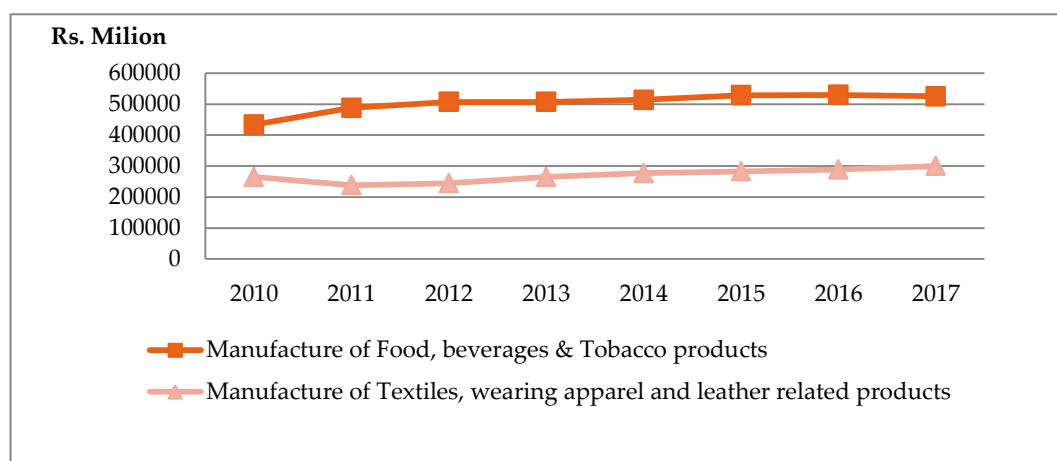
It indicated a 3.3 percent growth in 2017 compared to 3.0 percent growth in 2016. The major manufacturing category of

Manufacture of Food, beverages & Tobacco products, which showed a recession of 0.9 percent in 2017 as opposed to 0.2 percent growth in recorded in 2016. In year 2016, the sub sector of manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related

products, reported 2.2 percent growth rate. It further grew 3.8 percent in 2017.

**Table 2.16: Major Economic Indicators in Manufacturing industry Sector; 2010-2017**

Economic Indicator	2010	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs.Mn)	1,157,975	1,723,092	1,758,714	1,780,786	1,964,786	2,141,365
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.Mn)	1,157,975	1,263,921	1,296,100	1,360,976	1,402,395	1,448,383

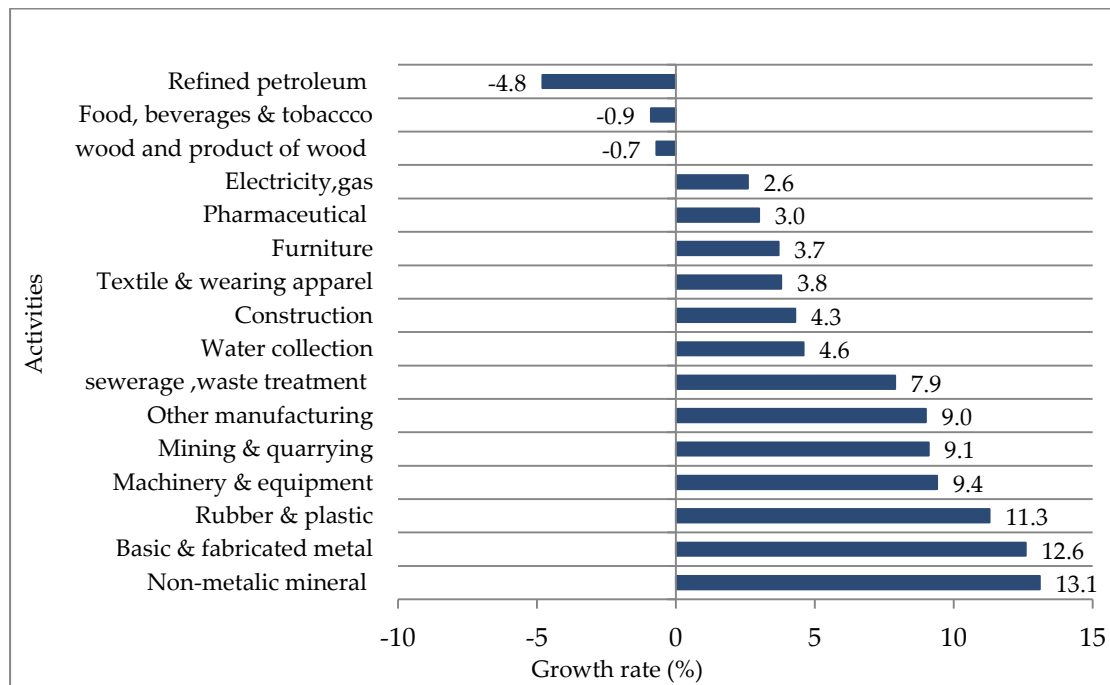


Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	18.1	18.0	17.0	16.3	16.4	16.0
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	2.3	2.5	5.0	3.0	3.3
@Revised						

**Figure 2.18 : Gross value added of manufacturing of food beverages and textiles and wearing apparel industries at constant (2010) market prices (2010 – 2017)**

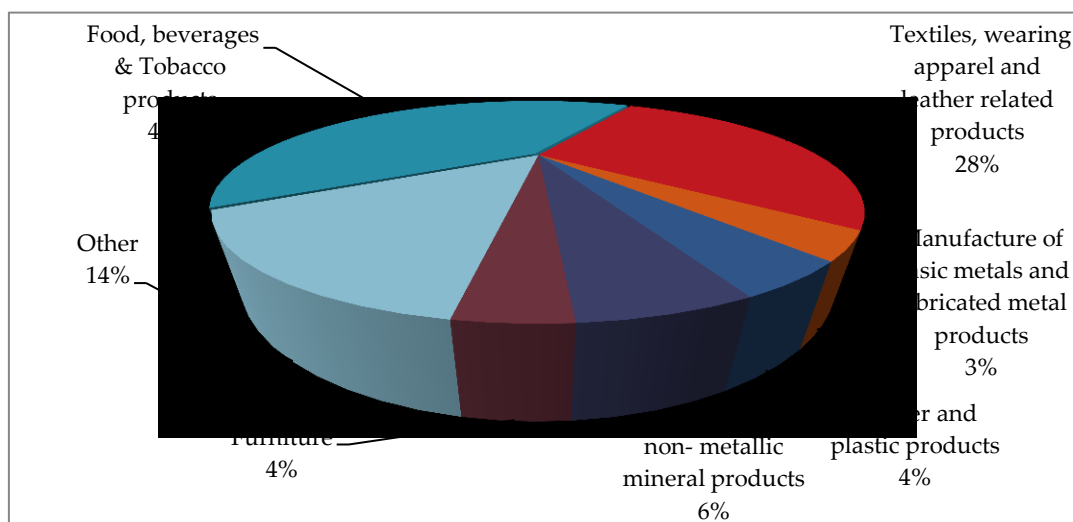
Figure 2.19 : Share of main manufacturing Items to the total value added of manufacturing sector – 2017

Figure 2.20 : Comparison of growth rates of main manufacturing activities 2016-2017



Comparison of growth rates of main manufacturing activities were shown in Figure 2.20. When compared to the 2016, the sub activity of 'Manufacture of rubber and plastic products further grew by 11.3 percent in 2017 from 1.2 percent in 2016. 'Manufacture of chemical products and

basic pharmaceutical products' showed a positive growth of 3.0 percent in 2017 in comparison to the growth of 8.3 percent reported in 2016. 'Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal product' grew by 12.6 percent in 2017 compared to high growth rate of 33.2 percent reported in



2016.

When compared with year 2016, the sub activity of ‘Manufacture of machinery and equipment products’ further expanded by 9.4 percent in year 2017. In year 2016, this activity reported as 20.0 percent high growth rate.

### Electricity

Electricity, generation, transmission and distribution activity further grew by 2.6 percent in year 2017 along with 8.4 percent growth reported in year 2016. The share of this activity to the total GDP was reported as 0.7 percent in year 2017.

This growth in GVA was clearly reflected by the generation increase which reported as 8.8 percent in 2016 and 2.9 percent in 2017. The total electricity generation of the country increased to 14,671 GWH in 2017 from 14,250 GWH in 2016. CEB contributed 75.6 per cent to the total power generation in 2017, while the remainder was purchased

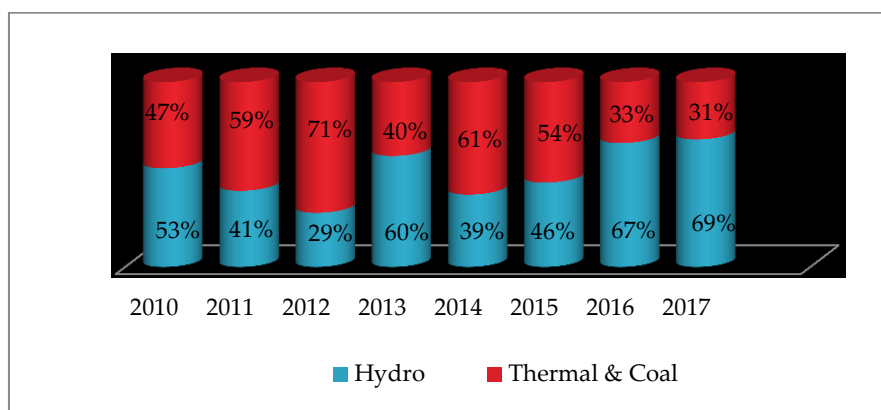
The significant growth rate of ‘Manufacture of rubber and plastic products’ has increased in 11.3 percent in year 2017, compared to 1.2 percent increase reported in 2016.

from the independent power producers (IPPs). Electricity generation continued to expand with a higher dependence on thermal power generation during 2017. The excited ratio of 33:67 hydro and thermal power generation in the year 2016 has changed 31:69 in this year. The fuel and coal based power generation has grown by 6.7 percent in 2017. The hydro power generation contracted by 2.54 percent in 2017. Electricity sales grew by 26.1 percent during the year. The increase in electricity sales was mainly driven by the industry, general-purpose and domestic sectors.

Table 2.17: Major economic indicators in ‘Electricity Generation’

Economic Indicator	2010	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. million)	68,491	90,539	77,639	82,966	86,882	90,944
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.million)	68,491	76,789	80,298	85,202	92,356	94,796
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	2.0	4.6	6.1	8.4	2.6
@ Revised						

Figure 2.21 : Proportion of Hydro: Thermal electricity generation in 2010-2017



## Construction

The second largest activity of the industry sector, 'Construction' has shared 7.8 percent of total gross domestic product of the country in year 2017. It has reported positive growth rate of 4.3 percent in real terms in 2017. In nominal terms the gross value added of construction industry has increased by 11.3 percent. Construction activities included the construction of

buildings, highways, bridges, water supply and drainage systems, irrigation and land, dredging and reclamation and other activities regarding construction. The total cement availability of the country grew by 6.26 in 2017. Local cement production grew by 4.58 percent while cement imports has increased by 7.12 percent.

Table 2.18: Major economic indicators in construction 2010-2017

Economic Indicator	2010	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	336,381	715,455	813,689	830,412	934,787	1,040,876
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.Mn)	336,381	553,438	611,842	596,697	645,994	674,025
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	5.2	7.5	7.9	7.6	7.8	7.8
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	7.5	10.6	-2.5	8.3	4.3
Percentage change in GDP Implicit price deflator (2010=100)	-	7.1	2.9	4.6	4.0	6.7

'@ Revised

## Performances of Services

### Activities

The Service sector was the key benefactor of the economy, sharing 56.8 percent of the total GDP, grew by 3.2 percent in the year 2017. Fifteen major sectors from section G to section U which contain 55 sub-groups

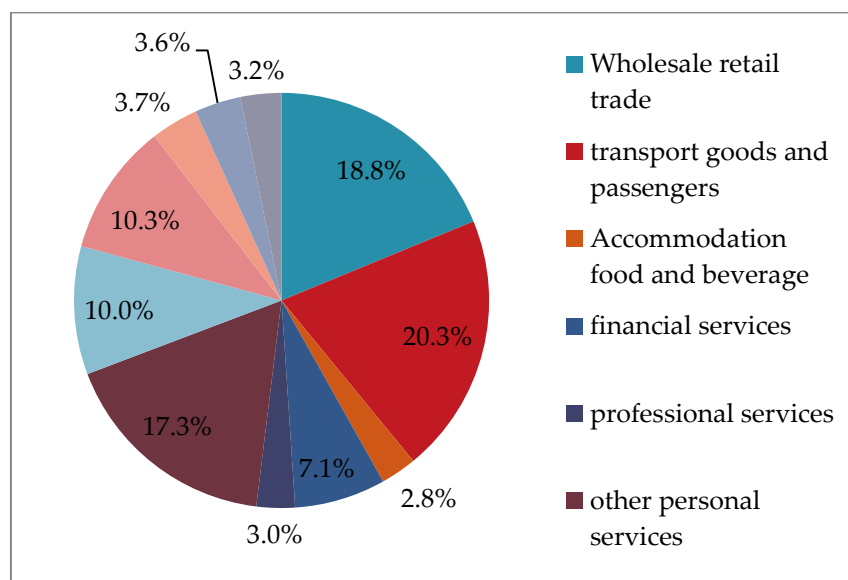
under ISIC classification revision 4.0 were formally amalgamate together and disseminated under 15 service activity groups in the GDP production account in the new series. The total value added of

service sector was reported as Rs. 8,211,616 terms respectively in year 2016. and Rs. 5,560,849 million at nominal and real

Table 2.19: General Performance of Service Sector

Economic Indicator	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	3,980,500	4,858,292	5,406,544	5,895,618	6,283,379	6,771,236	8,211,616
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.Mn)	3,817,155	4,245,461	4,405,644	4,618,501	4,894,717	5,127,616	5,560,849
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	55.1	55.6	56.4	56.9	57.4	56.4	56.8
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	8.9	11.2	3.8	4.8	6.0	4.8	57.7
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	4.3	9.7	7.2	4.0	0.6	2.9	4.9
@ - Revised							

Figure 2.22 : share of main services activities to the total GVA of Service sector 2017



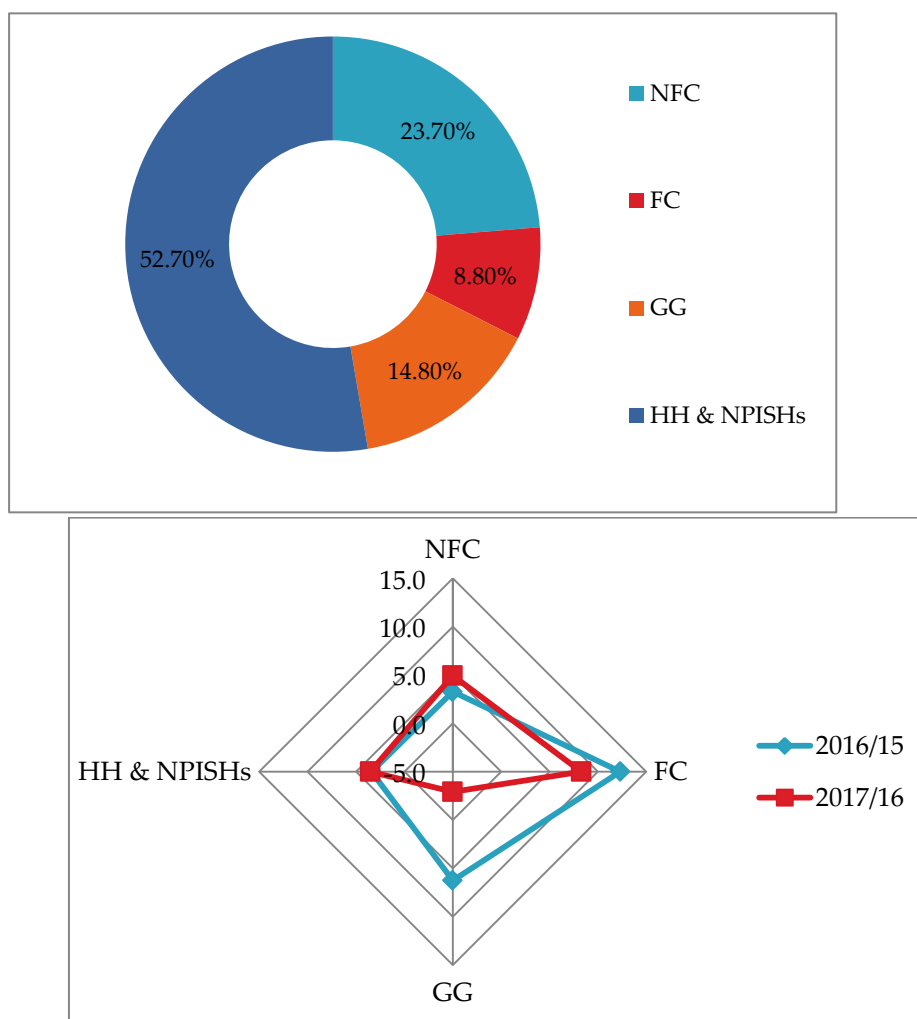
The 'Transportations of goods and services including warehousing' comprises the highest share of 20.3 percent of total gross value added generated by service sector trailed with 'wholesale and retail trade'

services with 18.8 percent and 'Other personal services activities' with 17.3 percent (Figure 2.22). The other main components were 'public administration and defense; compulsory social security'

'real estate activities including ownership of dwelling' and 'financial services and auxiliary service activities' which encompasses of 10 percent, 10.3 percent and

7.1 percent respectively. All other service activities collectively share 16.2 percent of gross value added of service sector in nominal terms in year 2017.

Figure 2.23: Percentage growth in GDP by institutional sectors, 2017



The institutional sector breakdown in service sector showed that 52.7 percent of value added generated from household/NPISH (

Figure 2.24) in year 2017. 23.7 percent of the GVA generated by services sector, is shared by the NFC sector. The gross value added generated by financial institutions grown by

8.3 percent in year 2017, compared to the 12.3 percent of growth recorded in the year 2016 (Figure 2.23).

Figure 2.24 : Sectorial share in service sector , 2017

### Wholesale and retail trade

The wholesale and retail trade which contributes nearly 10.5 percent to the overall GDP, grew by 3.8 percent in the year 2017. It's one of the largest economic activity which generate a considerable amount of value addition to the economy, has expanded continuously over the last few years.

The wholesale and retail trade activity considers the value addition created through the domestic trading activities. Domestic trading activity is consisted by the trade of imported goods and trade of domestically produced goods. Accordingly, the value addition is generated through the trading of these goods domestically. Hence, the value added of wholesale and retail trade activity is affected by fluctuations in total imports and total domestic production. Consequently the growth rate of this activity is depended on the variations in the three variables of Imports, Agricultural production and Industrial production.

According to the Balance of Payment Statistics of Central Bank of Sri Lanka, the

annual total import expenditure for the year 2017 has increased up to Rs. million 3,198,572 from Rs. million 2,794,393 recorded in the year 2016, indicating an increase of 14.5 percent. According to the trade indices, the import volume index of consumer goods has increased by 6.9 percent, during the year 2017. However among the consumer goods, import volume indices of these categories namely cereals, dairy products, oils & fats, fruits, telecommunication devices and household and furniture items have increased during this period, when compared with the year 2016. Increase in the imported consumer goods may have direct impact on domestic trading activities.

In addition, the total trading Output value of Agriculture, forestry and fishing activity has increased by 9.6 percent in the year of 2017 when compared with the year 2016. The total trading output value of industrial activities has increased up to Rs. Mn. 835,875 from Rs. Mn. 781,922 in the year 2017 indicating an increase of 6.9 percent.

Table 2.20: Major Economic Indicators of Wholesale and retail trade

Economic	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016@	2017@
Gross value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	975,056	1,047,793	1,117,234	1,193,649	1,270,056	1,404,494
Gross value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	848,686	859,977	884,094	933,216	957,088	993,471
Percentage share at current price	11.2	10.9	10.8	10.9	10.6	10.5

Percentage growth	7.7	1.3	2.8	5.6	2.6	3.8
@ Revised						

Accordingly, wholesale and retail trade activity generated Rs. Mn. 993,471 worth of gross value added at constant price to the economy in the year 2017. It contributed to

the overall GDP by 10.5 percent and when compared with the previous year, the GVA of this activity grew by 3.8 percent.

### Transportation and storage

Transportation and storage activity has expanded by 3.2 percent in 2017 compared to the 5.5 percent growth reported in 2016 adding Rs.1,013,792 million to the gross domestic product of the country in real terms. The share was stated as 11.3 in 2017.

The number of new registration of buses showed 24.1 percent increase in year 2017. Registration of lorries increased by 55.6 percent. New registration of motor cars displayed a negative growth rate of 13.3 percent in year 2017. Three wheeler registrations also reported a 58.7 percent decrease within the 2017. (Figure 2.25).

The public transport mainly comprise with railway, SLTB and private buses and three wheelers. The passenger kilometers operated by Sri Lanka Railway and Sri Lanka Transport Board decreased by 3.2 percent and 2.5 percent respectively during the year 2017. An 1.3 percent decrease was reported for daily operated SLTB buses in year 2017.

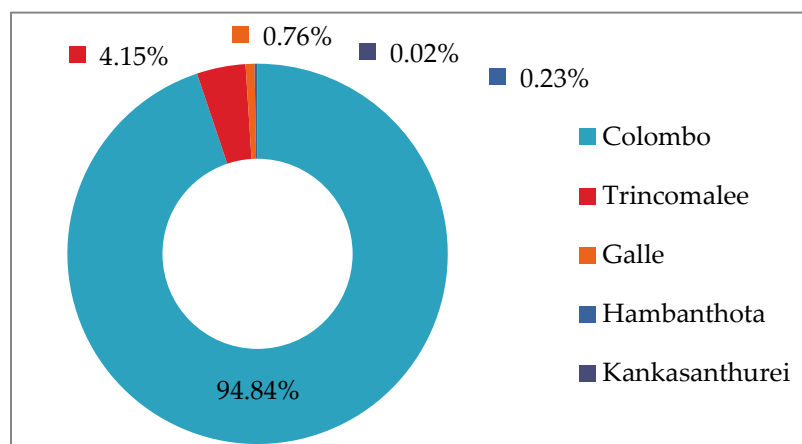
The passenger kilometers operated by Sri Lankan airways increased by 8.6 percent in year 2017, against the 0.8 percent decrease reported in year 2016.

**Table 2.21: Major Economic Indicators of Transportation and Warehouse, 2010-2016**

Economic Indicator	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	784,011	1,057,477	1,162,834	1,288,124	1,302,310	1,425,988	1,516,276
Gross value added at constant(2010)	745,891	805,391	849,539	885,506	931,529	982,703	1,013,792
Percentage share at current price	10.9	12.1	12.1	12.4	11.9	11.9	11.3
Percentage growth	12.6	8.0	5.5	4.2	5.2	5.5	3.2
@ Revised							

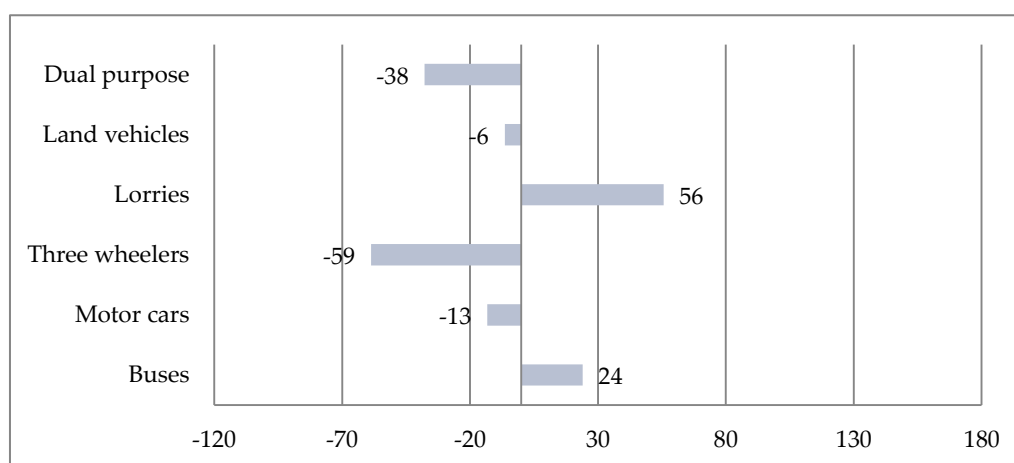
Figure 2.25: Percentage increase/decrease of vehicle registration, 2017

Figure 2.26: Percentage freight handling by ports 2017



The cargo handling was mainly operated by five commercial ports: Colombo, Trincomalee, Galle, Hambantota, Kankasanthurei and the total number of

Meanwhile the trans-shipment containers (Twenty Foot Equivalent Units-TEUs '000) expanded from 4,355 in year 2016 to 4,742 in year 2017 indicating 8.9 percent increase



ships arrived to these ports were dropped from 4,405 in 2016 to 4,329 in 2017, denoting 1.7 percent decrease. The total cargo handled by these ports was expanded by 8.5 percent in year 2017. Colombo the premier port handled 95 percent of total cargo.

throughout the period. Further, freight ton transported by Sri-Lanka Railway showed an increased of 0.7 percent. The freight tons kilometers flown by Sri Lankan Air lines by 5.3 percent in year 2017, compared to year 2016

### Accommodation, food and beverage serving activities

Under the new National Accounting framework (Base year, 2010) this activity is being compiled considering two main economic activities. According to the

International Standard of Industrial classification Revision 4, this industry is identified in two major economic categories. One is Accommodation activities and the

other one is food and beverage service activities. However in the compilation process, these were compiled as one category due to insufficient data sources related to domestic food and beverage serving activities.

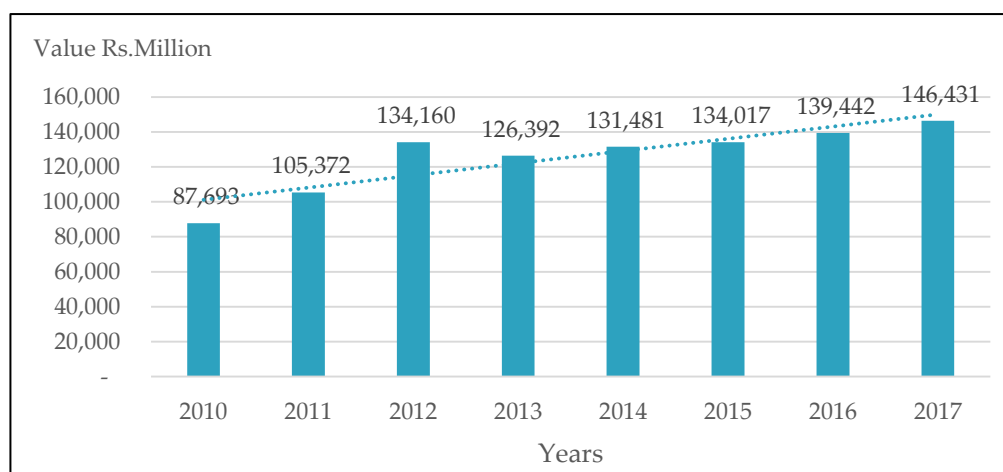
The Output of Accommodation, food and beverage serving activity is estimated based on the Output related data of quarterly and annual value added tax, which is provided by the Department of Inland Revenue, related to this economic activity. In addition, some important indicators related to the tourism industry in Sri Lanka, like room occupancy rate in tourist hotels, total of foreign and local guest nights, monthly and annual tourists arrivals, total number of tourists hotel units, total supply of supplementary accommodation units and accommodation capacity which are provided by the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority, are also being considered.

The Accommodation, food and beverage serving activity altogether contributed to the

economy Rs. 146,431 Million worth of gross value added at constant price, during the year 2017. It is 5.0 percent of growth, when compared with the previous year. The estimated output of this industry has expanded over the past six years.

When observe the performance of the other leading indicators in tourism industry the number of tourist arrivals, during the year 2017, has increased by 3.2 percent. However, the room occupancy rate calculated related to the graded hotels, motels and guest houses which are registered members under the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority, have decreased slightly up to 73.3 in the year 2017, from 74.8 recorded in 2016. In addition, total foreign guest nights and local guest nights recorded at all tourist's hotel have been grown substantially by 9.6 percent and 4.5 percent respectively during the year 2017, when compared with year 2016. During this period, room capacity of tourist hotels and supplementary accommodation units have also been increased remarkably, recording 6.1 percent and 8.4 percent growth rates respectively.

Figure 2.27: GVA of Accommodation, food & beverage serving at Constant Prices



## Telecommunication

The telecommunication industry significantly grew by 12.2 percent in 2017,

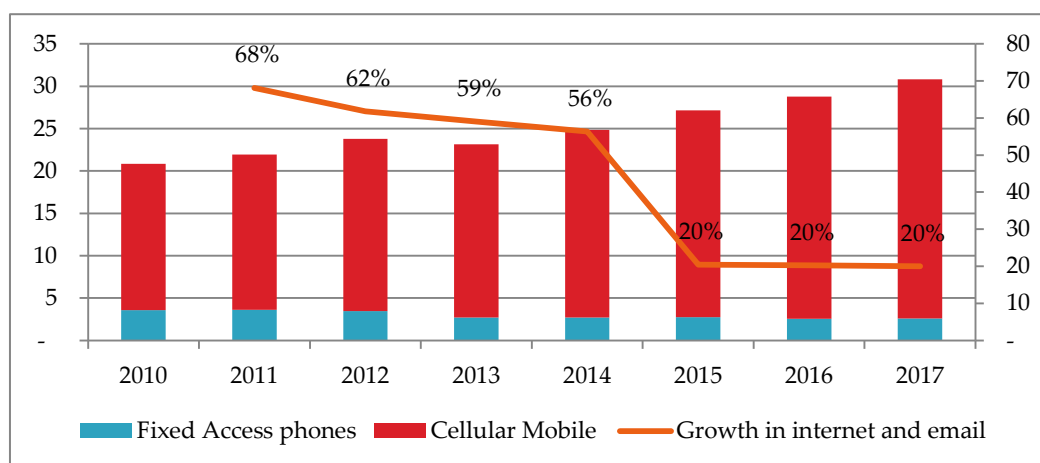
beside 8.3 percent growth reported in 2016. The total values added to the GDP in

nominal and real terms were Rs.67,355 million and Rs. 41,502 million, respectively. The share to GDP was reported as 0.5 percent.

Table 2.22: Major Economic Indicators of telecommunication sub activity

Economic Indicator	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@
Gross Value Added (Current, Rs. Mn)	22,931	27,224	33,257	41,986	44,733	56,181	66,807	67,355
Gross Value Added (constant 2010, Rs. Mn)	22,931	24,420	26,450	27,395	30,986	34,146	36,984	41,502
Share to the GDP (%)		0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5
Growth rate (%)		6.5	8.3	3.6	13.1	10.2	8.3	12.2
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Figure 2.28 :Total number of telephones, mobile and fixed (2010-2017)



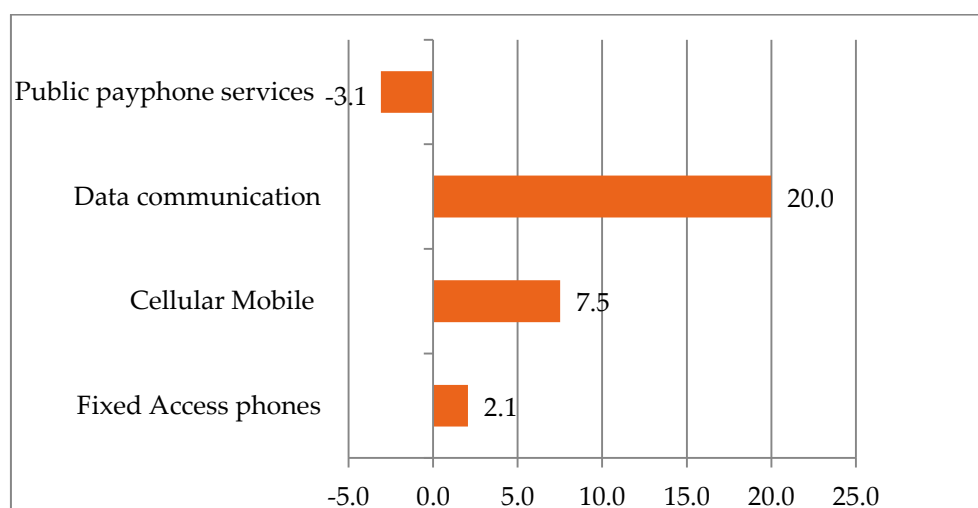
Telecommunication activity experiences a relatively high growth in the past four years. The total telephone penetration has almost clocked the 30 million milestone. The

demand generated mainly through cellular mobiles where the proportion of fixed phones to cellular mobiles were reported as 08:92 in year 2017. The use of cellular mobile

phones in 2017 has increased by 7.5 percent, while fixed access telephones showed a 2.1 percent increase compared to year 2016 (Figure 2.26). The internet and email subscribers are continually increasing from 0.5 million in 2010 to approximately 5

million in 2017 while registering 20.0 percent growth in 2017.

Figure 2.29: Percentage change in telephone usage 2017/2016



### IT programming consultancy and related activities

Information and communication industry is one of the most emerging industry in Sri Lanka. Over the last decade, it has made significant progress in the industry. The export revenue earned, total employment engaged and the number of companies in the industry have been grown remarkably during the past decade. In addition, in the recent past, the global ranking position for Sri Lanka in the information technology industry has improved significantly.

In the year 2015, during the National Accounts Estimates Rebasing project (Base year 2010), new compilation categories were introduced to the GDP compilation process under the production boundary expansion of GDP. IT programming consultancy and related activities was a key compilation category among the

newly introduced compilation categories to the GDP system.

According to the ISIC Rev.4, this industry mainly covers two broader areas of IT industry. ISIC code 62 constitutes all the activities related to computer programming and consultancy related activities. ISIC 63 covers information services activities. Accordingly, this activity mainly constitute by computer programming activities, computer consultancy and computer facilities management activities, other information technology and computer service activities, data processing, hosting and related activities and web portals. Based on Value Added Tax data provided by the Department of Inland Revenue, related to

IT industry in Sri Lanka, the national level total output was estimated.

Accordingly estimated output for the year 2017 was Rs. Mn. 25,051 at nominal term.

The generated value added for this industry increased up to Rs. Mn. 13,564 in the year 2017, from Rs. Mn. 13,015, resulting a positive growth rate of 4.2 percent.

### Financial services and auxiliary financial Services

Financial and auxiliary financial activities showed a significant growth of 9.4 percent in the year 2017 compared to 12.3 percent growth reported for the year 2016. The generated gross value added at real terms was recorded as Rs.606459 million.

The banking sector is the most important sub sector in this activity, consisted with 25 Licensed Commercial Banks, including 13 domestic and 12 foreign banks and 7 licensed specialized banks.

**Table 2.23: Major economic indicators of Financial and Auxiliary Service**

Economic Indicator	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	282,003	308,810	340,727	347,909	406,826	531,166
Gross value added at constant(2010)price (Rs. Mn)	364,688	386,009	420,223	493,785	554,564.	606,549
Percentage share at current price	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.4	4.0
Percentage growth	15.9	5.8	8.9	17.5	12.3	9.4

**Table 2.24: Distribution of banks and bank branches (2017-2016)**

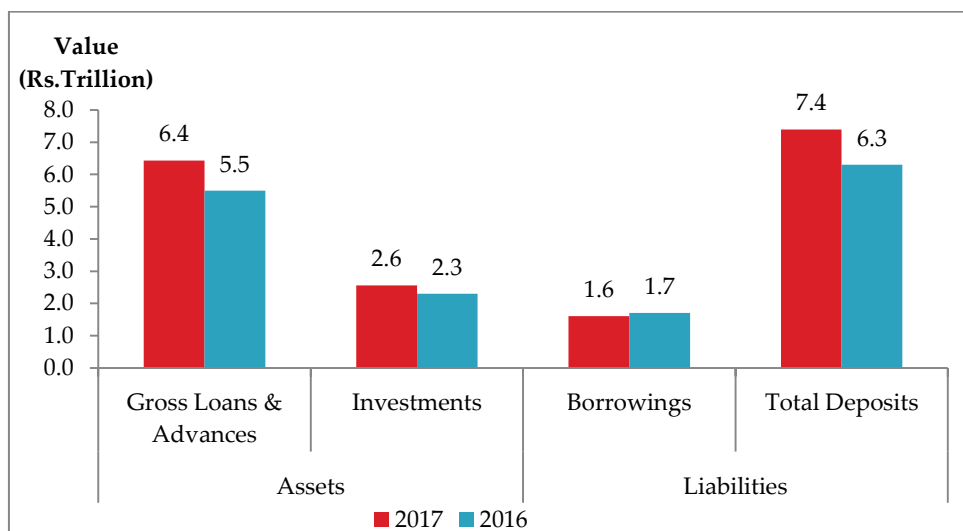
Category	2016	2017	Change%
Total number of Banks	34	32	-2
Total No. of LCBs	24	25	0
Domestic Banks	13	13	0
Foreign Banks	12	12	0
Total number of LSBs	7	7	0
Total No. of Bank Branches Other Outlets	6017	6213	106
LCB Branches	2841	2855	14
LCB Students savings unit	2556	2639	83
LSB Branches	683	691	8
LSB Students savings unit	27	28	1

Automated Teller Machines	3851	4419	568
Source: CBSL			

Total number of bank branches and other outlets operative throughout the island were reported a increse and recorded as 6213 for the year 2017. The automated

teller machine services have expanded virtually by 568 new machines by year 2017.

Figure 2.30: Comparison of main items in assets and liabilities 2016-2017



The assets of the banking sector has reported 13.8 percent expansion over the past year reaching 8.9 trillion in year 2017 compared to 7.8 trillion recorded for year 2016 (Figure 2.30). Sixty three percent of the assets comprises with Gross loans and advances which extended to all major activities in the economy covering agriculture and fisheries, manufacturing, construction and trade services, extended by 16.1 percent in year 2017 compared to year 2016. Investment

which accounted for 24.8 percent of total assets grew by 13.8 percent during the year 2017. Total borrowings recorded a 15.6 percent growth during year 2017. When considering bank deposits, which consist mainly with time deposits, saving deposits and demand deposits, grew by 17.6 percent in year 2017. The 9.3 percent growth rate was reported by saving deposits and 3.5 percent growth reported by demand deposits.

### Insurance and pension funding

Insurance and pension funding activity grew by 2.1 percent in the 2017 compared to 12.4 percent growth recorded in the 2016. The value added generated by this activity in nominal and real terms were Rs.143,844 million and Rs.94,088 million respectively during the 2017.

This activity comprises with local and foreign insurance companies and pension funding boards. Consequently twenty three local insurance companies, four foreign companies, Employee's Provident Fund and Employees Trust Fund were belong to this activity in 2017.

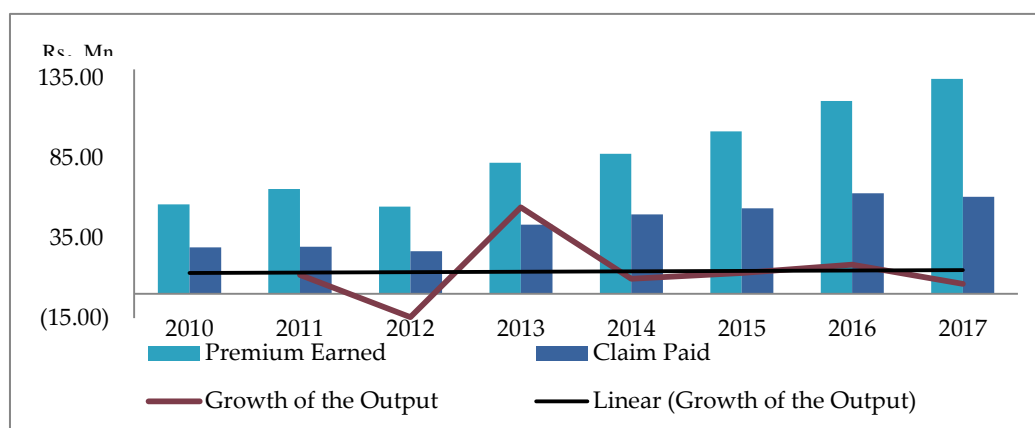
The premium earned in insurance activity grew by 11.5 percent where as claims incurred dropped by 3.6 percent in year 2017 compared to 2016. The gross output of this industry mainly based on the difference

between premiums earned and claims paid. The investment income and the other income generated by insurance companies were also accounted for the gross output.

Table 2.25: Major economic indicators of Insurance and Pension funding (2010-2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2016	2017@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	67,830	120,724	143,844
Gross Value added at constant (2010) Price(Rs. Mn)	67,830	92,172	94,088
Percentage Share at current price	1.1	1.0	1.1
Percentage growth	-	12.4	2.1
@ Revised			

Figure 2.31: Premium earned, claims paid and output of Insurance activity (2010-2017)



## Real estate activities including ownership of dwellings

The 'Real estate activities including ownership of dwellings' consist with two sub activities 'Real estate activity' and 'Ownership of dwellings'. This activity further expanded by 4.7 percent at constant (2010) during the year 2017. It has added Rs.770,243 million and Rs.544,726 million in nominal and in real terms respectively to the total GDP in 2017, compared to Rs.690,146 million in nominal and Rs.520,080 million in real terms respectively in 2016 (Table 2.26). In sector wise comparison, value addition of

household: non-financial companies reported as 82:18 percent in 2017.

The ownership of dwellings was estimated using the average monthly housing rent. The highest percentage increase of 7.1 percent was reported in estate sector trailed by rural and estate sectors by 6.6 percent and 5.1 percent respectively. The average housing rent for Sri Lanka was estimated as Rs.7,100 in year 2017 and the annual increase is

reported as 6.8 percent when compared to year 2016.(Figure 2.32).

Figure 2.32: Percentage increase in the average monthly housing rent 2016-2017

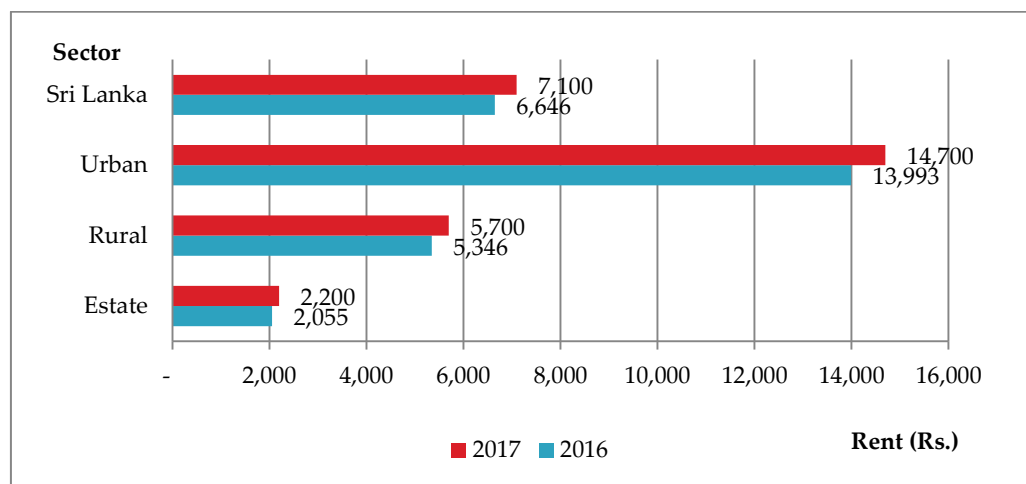


Table 2.26: Major Economic Indicators in Real Estate including ownership of dwellings, 2010-2017

Economic Indicator	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	307,112	424,415	512,063	562,687	625,695	690,146	770,244
Gross value added at constant(2010) price (Rs.Mn)	307,112	369,719	417,024	444,049	489,352	520,080	544,727
Percentage share at current price	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8
Percentage growth	-	12.7	12.8	6.5	10.2	6.3	4.7

@ Revised

### Professional services

Professional services are another new compilation category introduced to the national accounting system under the rebasing project (Base year 2010). The sub activity of 'Professional service' is a combination of eight compilation categories. It is mainly comprised by 'Legal and accounting activities', 'Architectural and engineering activities', 'Scientific research and development', 'advertising and market research, other professional, scientific and technical activities and publishing activities', 'Veterinary activities', 'Rental and leasing

activities', 'Employment, travel agency, security and investigation activities' and 'Services to building and landscape activities'. Professional services take into account the value addition generated through all these economic activities. The total output values of these economic activities are estimated based on the value added tax national level data released by the Department of Inland Revenue.

All these economic activities which are coming under professional services contributed to the overall GDP averagely by

1.7 percent. Accordingly the reported gross value added for the year 2017 was Rs. Mn. 158,754. It has grown by 4.3 percent when

compared the GVA generated in the year 2016.

### **Other personal services**

The Other personal services activity is one of a largest sub sector among service industry activities and has grown by 3.2 percent during the year 2017. The sub activity of 'Other personal service activities' which is also a combination of two compilation categories' and is comprised by 'Arts entertainment and other recreation activities' and 'other personal service activities' mainly. These activities are mainly constitute by creative, arts and entertainment activities, gambling, betting, sports activities and recreation activities, repair of computers and personal household goods, washing, dry cleaning, hair dressing, other beauty treatment, funeral related activities and other personal service activities.

The output value of this activity was also estimated by using the national level value added tax data released by the Department of Inland Revenue. The other personal services, all together contributed nearly 9.6 percent to the overall GDP and in past few years it has expended continuously. All these activities have generated Rs. Mn 913,573 million worth of value added to the overall economy in the year 2017.



## Chapter 3 :The Expenditure Approach

### Introduction

The expenditure approach measures total expenditure on final goods and services produced in the domestic economy plus exports less imports of goods and services. The total is obtained from the sum of final consumption expenditure by households, non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH) and government on goods and services; gross capital formation (capital expenditure on fixed and intangible assets, changes in inventories and acquisitions less disposals of valuables); and net exports of goods and services.

GDP expenditure is a sum of the following expenses;

$$GDP(E) = C + G + I + (X - M)$$

C – consumption expenditure

G - government expenditure

I – investment/capital formation

(x-m) – net exports

### ☒ Consumption Expenditure

Consumption expenditure is the major expenditure component of the economy, Thus, final consumption is broken down into:

- a) Final consumption expenditure of households;
- b) Final consumption expenditure of general government;
- c) Final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households.

Note that, in the SNA, 'final consumption' by the corporate sector is not admissible.

### ☒ Final consumption expenditure of households

The final consumption expenditure of households encompasses all domestic costs (by residents and non-residents) for individual needs. Among other things, it includes expenditure on goods and services, the consumption of garden produce, rent for owner-occupied dwellings and imports. Information on consumption expenditure contains according to the Classification of individual consumption by purpose (COICOP).

### ✱ Actual Final Household Consumption Expenditure

The value of goods and services that the household consumed or used.

This includes:

- a) Household consumption expenditure.
- b) Social transfer in kind from general government and nonprofit institutions.

### ☒ Final consumption expenditure of general government

Final consumption expenditure of general government is classified into two parts;

1. Individual Final Consumption Expenditure;
2. Collective Final Consumption Expenditure;

Individual services are essentially 'private' and are available to certain individuals.

Collective services are delivered to the entire community such as security and defense, maintenance of law and order and others. Information on consumption expenditure, according to the Classification of Functions of Government (COFOG).

☞ Final consumption expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISHs)

No information is available to help measure the individual consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH)

Balance of payments data on transfers to nongovernment institutions may be an important indicator in countries where foreign aid is a major source of funding for NPISHs.

☞ Gross Capital Formation

Gross Capital Formation (GCF) includes:

- a) Gross fixed capital formation;
- b) Changes in inventories;
- c) Acquisition less disposals of valuables (such as jewelry and works of art).

☞ Change in Inventories (CII)

In National Accounts, the difference between the stocks at the end and at the beginning of the accounting period is called 'Change in Inventories'. Inventories includes:

- unsold finished products
- goods for sale with the traders
- unused raw materials (inventories) - materials and supplies
- work-in-progress (growing crops, maturing trees and livestock,

uncompleted structures, uncompleted other fixed assets, partially completed film productions and software) and statistical discrepancy between Production GDP and Expenditure GDP.

☞ Net acquisitions of valuables

This item is very small (see Table 1) and is therefore no more than a curiosity for the macroeconomist. Valuables are goods that are bought not to be consumed or used in production.

☞ Exports / Imports

Exports and imports between the domestic economy and the rest of the world are transactions between residents and non-residents of an economic territory, regardless of whether there are corresponding physical movements of goods across borders.

## Consumption expenditure

Consumption expenditure is the major expenditure component of the economy, which includes Household final consumption expenditure and Government final consumption expenditure. The Final consumption expenditure in real terms recorded the positive growth of 1.8 percent in 2017.

It grew by 10.3 per cent at current prices in 2017 amounting to Rs. 10,513.1 billion compared to 14.0 percent growth recorded in 2016 and 78.3 percent contributes to the GDP. This attributes from Household final consumption expenditure about 69.9 percent.

## Household final consumption expenditure

### Data Sources and Value indicators

Household final consumption is usually the largest component of GDP by expenditure. The main sources of data on household consumption are household income & expenditure surveys, imports of consumption goods, domestic production of consumption goods. For estimating the consumption of electricity, water and gas, data is available with the relevant authorities. The DCS conducts household Consumption and expenditure surveys at 3 year intervals. Expenditure estimates may have to be adjusted to take account of expenditure by residents abroad and expenditure by non-residents in the domestic economy. The balance of payments statistics record these

expenditures in the travel account as travel credits (expenditures by non-residents in the domestic economy) and travel debits (expenditures by residents abroad). Commodity flow methods can be used in cases where there are good data on the supply of products.

### Price indicators

CPI components usually provide appropriate deflators for household consumption. Deflation should be carried out at a COICOP level to ensure that. For expenditures by residents abroad and expenditures by non resident in the domestic economy, we have used as the GDP implicit deflator.

Figure 3.1: Final Expenditure pattern with GDP

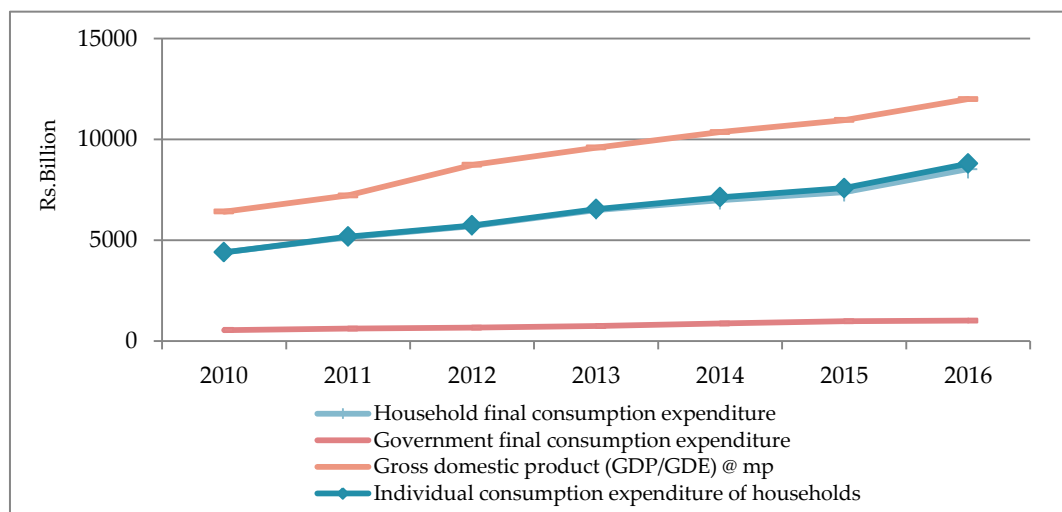


Table 3.1 shows that the largest component, household final consumption, represented 69.9 % of GDP in 2017. When adding 'individual' government expenditure such as public education and public health care (2.6 % of GDP), the result is households' actual individual

consumption (73.1 % of GDP). After adding 'collective' government consumption (5.8 % of GDP), covering items as administration, justice, defense or the police, the result is total final consumption expenditure, which accounted for 78.3 % of GDP in 2017.

Table 3.1: Change in GNI and Actual HFCE Per Capita

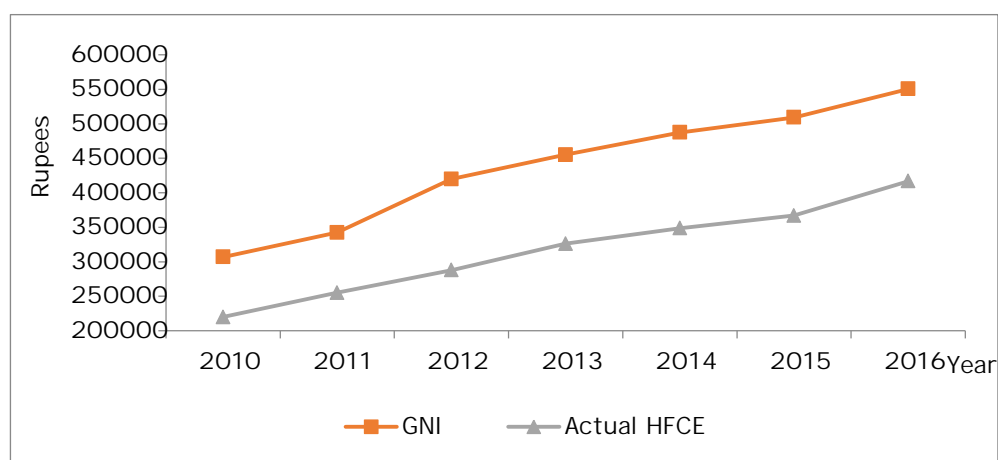
Component	2016	2017@	2017/16 Change %)
Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure (Rs Mn.)	8,842,169	9,737,759	10.1
Per capita Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure at Current Prices (Rs.)	417,024	454,102	8.9
GNI Per Capita at Current Prices (Rs.)	550,697	609,281	10.6
@ - Revised			

While GNI per capita is often considered as an indicator of a country's living standard, it is actually the sum of all goods and services produced in that country. Actual individual consumption per capita is an alternative indicator better suited to describe the material welfare situation of households in the shares of public financing for the provision of education and health services to individuals.

Food, beverages and tobacco category, the major contributor to the HFCE increased

by 6.2 percent in current prices during 2017; compared to 22.3 percent growth in 2016, share of this category is little decreased to 33.1 percent of the HFCE from 34.5 percent in the previous year. But Consumer imported goods for the Food and beverages increased to 18.1 percent during the year compared to the previous year 7.3 percent. Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing activity value added change also significantly increased from negative 0.6 percent to 17.2 percent. Expenditure on Clothing and footwear decreased by 0.4 percent, but this is slight increase in 2016.

Figure 3.2: Per capita GNI &amp; Actual HFCE



Expenditure on Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance showed increase by 5.9 percent compared to the previous year high increase 34.5 percent. Consumption on Health increased by 7.4 percent in 2017, It was increased by 11.9 percent in 2016. Imports of Medical and Pharmaceutical Products increased by 3.6 percent where it was 22.5 percent in the year 2016. In the Production approach value added in human health activity increased from 3.5 percent in 2016 to 3.7 percent in 2017 and education expenses also significant increase from 1.2 percent to

8.3 percent for the years 2016, 2017 respectively by the government and expenses for the private Education increased by 8.4 as same percent but Restaurants and hotels expenditure increased by 11.9 percent. Intermediate Imports of fuel showed high increase by 44.4 percent.

Household expenditure on communication continued increasing a 6.9 per cent change in 2017 when compared to 11.2 percent change in 2016. Production of Telecommunication services increased by 18.9 percent to 0.8 percent from 2016 to 2017.

**Table 3.2 :Composition of Individual Final Consumption Expenditure of Households classified by Type (At Current prices) 2013 – 2017**

	Rs.Mn				
Items	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1. Durable goods	90,961	87,111	88,234	116,718	88,300
2. Semi-durable goods	591,841	578,096	603,286	626,921	436,774
3. Non-durable goods	2,229,056	2,491,039	2,925,836	3,514,711	3,587,195
A4. Services	3,634,315	3,972,409	3,964,766	4,539,037	5,619,293
Individual Final consumption expenditure of households	6,546,173	7,128,655	7,582,122	8,797,387	9,731,563
@ - Provisional					

### Government final consumption expenditure (GFCE)

The share of Final consumption Expenditure of the Government to GDP remained 8.4 percent in 2017. The change of GFCE in 2017 was 11.4 percent and 3.0 percent in 2016. The growth of GFCE was decreased 5.4 percent from 2016 to 2017.–The GFCE for the year under review was Rs. 1.130,674 million at current market prices compared to Rs. 1,014,746 million in 2016, showing an increase of 11.4 percent in the year 2017. In constant terms, it was Rs. 637,174 million in 2017 in contrast to Rs. 673,400 million in

2016 indicating a negative growth rate of 5.4 percent for 2017.

In nominal terms the share of collective Final consumption Expenditure of the Government (General public services, Defense, Public order & Safety, Economic Affairs, Environmental protection, Housing and community amenities, Recreation, culture and religion and Social protection) contributed 68.6 percent to GFCE and showed by 12.9 percent growth in 2017.

Meanwhile ‘individual consumption’, which is the amount spent by general government and the NPISHs (non-profit institutions serving households) on things that directly benefit households, such as healthcare and education. Households do not pay directly for these services (they pay for them indirectly through taxes), but they benefit from them. Individual Final consumption Expenditure of the Government (Health and Education) grew by negative 8.3 percent in 2017, compared to 2.3 percent in 2016 which is contributed by 31.4 percent in the recent year. Expenditure on Education and Health sector have increased by 8.3 percent and 8.6 percent during this period compared with

the previous year. The share of Government Expenditure on both Education & Health to GFCE was recorded 17.0 percent, 14.5 percent.

By the table 3.3 In particular, the largest share of the Government final consumption was from the expenditure for defense 23.0 percent in 2017. The expenditure for ‘Education’ 17.0 percent ‘Social protection’ 16.6 percent, and ‘Health’ 14.5 percent placed the second, third and fourth respectively, in the reference year. The defense expenditure as a percentage share to total government consumption expenditure in 2017 was 23.0 percent where as it was 24.0 percent in 2016.

**Table 3.3: Percentage Distribution for GFCE by COFOG (Classification of the Functions of the Government)**

Function	2016	2017@
General public services	9.3	12.0
Defense	24.0	23.0
Public order & Safety	7.4	7.5
Economic Affairs	8.7	8.5
Environmental protection	0.4	0.4
Housing and community amenities	0.1	0.1
Health	14.8	14.5
Recreation, culture and religion	0.4	0.6
Education	17.5	17.0
Social protection	17.5	16.6
Total	100.0	100.0
@ - Revised		

## Gross capital formation

(Investment)

Gross capital formation (GCF) is one of the principal component of final expenditures, typically accounting for around 32 percent of GDP.

The share of capital formation (28.8 percent) to GDP in the year 2017 and showed a positive change of 15.8 percent.

The rate of Gross Capital Formation at constant 2010 prices is 36.6 percent and It has recorded a moderate growth rate (8.2 percent) in the year 2017.

### Gross fixed capital formation (GFCF)

Table 3.4 shows that the Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GCF) as a percentage of GDP and in current terms showed a 26.5 percent in 2017. The Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GFCF) which stood at Rs. 3,210,061 million at current price in 2016 has increased to Rs 3,553,236 million in 2017 indicating an increase of 10.7 percent. At constant terms, it

recorded a value of Rs 2,447,693 million in 2017 as compared with Rs. 2,334,584 million in 2016, indicating a growth rate of 4.8 percent. The ratio of GFCF to GDP at current prices was 26.5 percent comprising from the private sector and Public sector for the year 2017.

The Gross fixed capital formation by construction increased by 13.0 percent in 2017, 18.0 percent in 2016. At the same time Machinery and equipment and weapons systems grow by 9.7 percent in 2017 compared to 12.2 percent change in previous year and Transport equipment increased by 6.3 percent which is 9.5 percent in 2016. Imports of investment goods increased by 23.3 percent. Information and communication technology (ICT) equipment, Intellectual property products increased by 11.1 percent and 10.4 percent respectively. At the sametime cultivated biological resources showed a considerable growth 17.2 percent.

Table 3.4: Gross Fixed Capital formation (GFCF)

Year	Current Value (Rs. Mn.)	Constant Value (Rs.Mn.)	Share of GDP	Imported Capital Goods as a share of total imports
2012	2,533,056	2,060,075	29.0	25.1
2013	2,809,789	2,174,090	29.3	23.6
2014	2,874,377	2,137,668	27.7	21.4
2015	2,814,288	2,138,922	25.7	24.1
2016	3,210,061	2,334,584	26.8	26.0
2017@	3,553,236	2,447,693	26.5	23.3

## Exports and imports of goods and Services

Exports and imports are key aggregates in the analysis of a country's economic situation. Exchange rates play an important role here. The openness indices for the years 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 are 51.5 percent, 49.3 percent, 49.6 percent, 50.3 percent, 49.6 percent, 50.9 percent and 52.9

percent respectively. It measures the extent to which a country is dependent on foreign trade flows with its trading partners.

### Imports

The total payment of merchandised imports increased by 13.2 percent in 2017 as against the 9.9 percent in 2016, imports of consumer goods which consist nearly one fifth of the total imports increased by 9.2 percent in 2016 (Figure 3.3). The share of imports of consumer goods showed a decrease from 22.3 percent in 2015 to 21.5 percent in 2017. Imports of Intermediate goods which is the largest subsector in Imports increased by 21.2 percent in 2017. This sector has increased by 9.8 percent in 2016 as well. The share of this sector also increased to 54.5 percent the previous year. Fuel is the largest sector, within Intermediate goods Imports increased by 44.4 percent in 2017. Imports of

Chemical Products and Textiles & Textile Articles have increased by 2.0 percent and 5.5 percent respectively in the year 2017. Imports of Fertilizer has decreased by 21.1 percent in 2017 compared with previous year decrease 49.7 percent.

Investment goods hold one fourth of total Imports has increased by 2.9 percent in 2017 as against the increase of 16.9 percent recorded in 2016. Transport equipment under Investment goods decreased significantly by 19.9 percent in year 2017, Building Materials and Machinery and Equipment increased by 6.2 percent and 0.1 percent respectively.

### Exports

Earnings from exports at current terms, which increased by 4.8 percent in 2016, it is further increased by 15.4 percent in 2017, to Rs. 1,732,440 million, a 12.7 percent up in industrial and 24.6 percent, considerable increase in agricultural exports.

By table 3.5, the composition of exports for the year 2017 indicated by 75.2 percent from Industrial exports, 24.4 percent from Agricultural exports, 0.3 from Mineral exports and 0.1 percent from other exports.

Within the total exports, Agricultural exports indicated a significant increase of 24.6 percent compared with 0.5 percent increase in 2016. Within the Agricultural exports, export income of coconut recorded a negative change of 0.5 percent but tea and rubber exports shows significantly high increase 26.3 percent and 24.4 percent, while Export earnings from tea, the largest export commodity in Sri Lanka, which accounts for about 13.5 percent of total exports. Spices and Minor agricultural crops indicated high increases 34.1 percent and 27.5 percent

respectively. Exports of Industrial products increased by 12.7 percent in 2017, mainly led by the petroleum products, Textiles and Garments, Other Industrial and Rubber Products. Gems, Diamonds & Jewellery exports marginal decreased by 1.5 percent

compared with 11.4 percent decrease of previous year. Textiles and Garments sector contributes 58.9 percent to the Industrial exports sector. Export earnings from Mineral exports increased by 24.7 per cent, to 5263 Rs. million in 2017.

Table 3.5: Exports at Current Prices 2016 – 2017

Category	Composition (%)		Increase(%)	
	2016	2017@	2016	2017@
Industrial exports	76.0	75.2	0.9	12.7
Agricultural exports	23.5	24.4	-7.6	24.6
Mineral exports	0.3	0.3	-50.7	24.7
Other exports	0.2	0.1	38.3	21.5

Table 3.6 : Trade Direction

Major Exporters	Exports Value (Rs. Mn.)		
	2016	2017@	Change%
1. United States of America	408,814	443,927	8.6
2. United Kingdom	151,940	157,815	3.9
3. India	80,257	105,117	31.0
4. Germany	73,615	82,129	11.6
5. Italy	62,341	80,781	29.6
Major Importers	Imports Value (Rs. Mn.)		
	2016	2017@	Change%
1. India	557,290	685,447	23.0
2. China	622,241	638,983	2.7
3. UAE	185,500	238,529	28.6
4. Singapore	150,115	197,071	31.3
5. Japan	138,388	158,331	14.4
6. Malaysia	69,591	93,543	34.4

Figure 3.3 : Imports by Major Categories - 2017

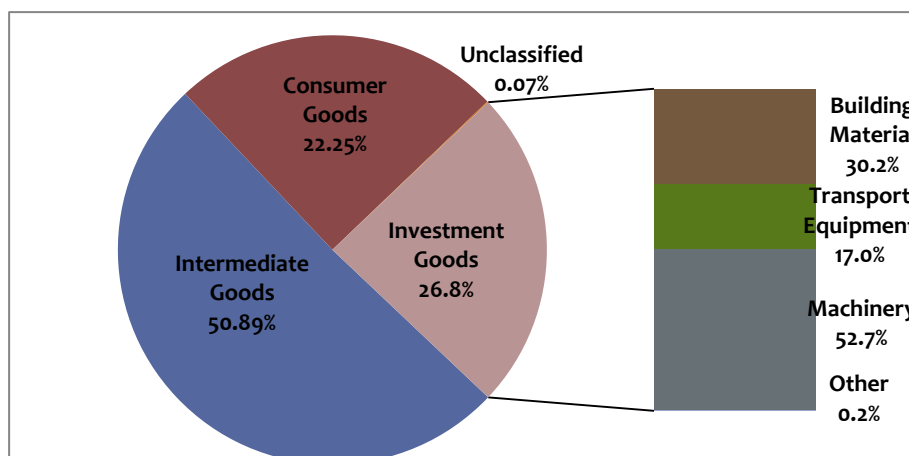


Table 3.6 shows that India continued major trading country with Sri Lanka. United States of America continued to be the largest trade of exports with a share of 25.5 percent in total exports in 2017. Exports from United States of America increased by 8.6 percent from Rs. 408,814 million to Rs. 443,927 million. UK and India are the second and third buyer countries with the shares 9.1 percent and 6.0 percent of total exports for the year 2017. In 2017, total exports to the UK is recorded marginally by 3.9 percent

with Rs. Mn. 157,815. While India's exports significantly increased by 31.0 percent compared with the decrease of previous year 2016. First five largest export countries USA, UK, India, Germany and Italy accounted by 50 percent of total exports. India is the largest trade of imports with a share of 21.1 percent in total imports in 2017. Imports from India increased by 23.0 percent from Rs. 557,290 million to Rs.685,447 million.

### Balance of trade

The balance of trade is the difference between exports and imports. When exports exceed imports this is referred to as a trade surplus, when imports exceed exports this is referred to as a trade deficit.

Balance of trade for Sri Lanka has recorded a deficit for the year 2017. Trade balance can be briefly defined as the difference between export income and expenditure on imports. According to the structures of exports and imports of Sri Lanka and prices in the world market, expenditure on imports higher than the export income. Accordingly, the trade deficit expanded marginally by 10.6 per cent

Table 3.7: Trade Balance 2016-2017

Type of Trade	2016	2017@
Import Outlay(Rs.Mn)	2,826,260	3,198,572
Export Earnings(Rs.Mn)	1,500,766	1,732,440
Trade Balance(Rs.Mn)	-1,325,494	-1,466,133
@- Revised		

to -1,466,133 Rs. million in 2016, from the -1,325,494 Rs. Million recorded in 2015. However, as a per cent of GDP, the deficit in the trade balance decreased to 10.9 per cent in 2017 from 11.0 per cent in 2016 (Table 3.7).



## Chapter 4 : Income perspective of the GDP

### Introduction

The income approach of measuring gross domestic product (GDP) is based on the circular flow of an economy, which displays that total value added in the entire production process of the economy should be equal to the total income generated by production process. Therefore, by summing all the primary incomes which are generated by production process together, an estimate for the total value added of an economy for a given period can be made. Subsequent adjustments must then be made for taxes, less subsidies on products to get GDP at market price.

### Distribution of the income components of GDP

#### Compensation of employees

Compensation of Employees is the total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable by an enterprise to an employee in return for work done during the accounting period. Compensation of employees is recorded on an accrual basis; that is, it is measured by the value of the remuneration in cash or in kind that an employee become entitled to recover from an employer with respect to work done during the relevant period, whether paid in advance, simultaneously or in arrears of the work itself. No compensation of employees is payable in respect of unpaid work undertaken voluntarily, including the work done by members of a household within an unincorporated enterprise owned by the same household. Compensation of employees does not include any taxes payable by the employer on the wage and salary bill, for example, a payroll tax; such taxes are treated as taxes on production in the same way as taxes on buildings, land or other assets used in production.

Compensation of employees has two main components:

- a. Wages and salaries payable in cash or in kind;
- . Social insurance contributions payable by employers, which include contributions to social security schemes.

#### Operating surplus and mixed income

Operating surplus or mixed income is a measure of the surplus accruing from processes of production before deducting any explicit or implicit interest charges, rent or other property incomes payable on the financial assets, land or other natural resources required to carry on the production.

The balancing item described as operating surplus except for unincorporated enterprises owned by households in which the owner(s) or members of the same household may contribute unpaid labour inputs of a similar kind to those that could be provided by paid employees. In the latter case, the balancing item is described as mixed income because it implicitly contains an element of remuneration for work done by the owner, or other members of the household, that cannot be separately identified from the return to the owners as an entrepreneur. In many cases, though, the element of remuneration may dominate the value of mixed income.

The preferred measure of value added is after deducting consumption of fixed capital, that is, net value added. However, provision is made in the accounts of the SNA for value added, and all subsequent balancing items that depend on value added, to be measured gross or net of consumption of fixed capital. Operating surplus and mixed income may therefore both be expressed as gross or net.

## Consumption of fixed capital (CFC)

Consumption of fixed capital is the decline, during the course of the accounting period, in the current value of the stock of fixed assets owned and used by a producer as a result of physical deterioration, normal obsolescence or normal accidental damage. The term depreciation is often used in place of consumption of fixed capital, but it is avoided in the SNA because in commercial accounting the term depreciation is often used in the context of writing off historic costs, whereas in the SNA consumption of fixed capital is dependent on the current value of the asset.

Consumption of fixed capital is calculated for all fixed assets owned by producers, but not for valuables. That are acquired precisely because their value, in real terms, is not expected to decline over time. Fixed assets must have been produced as outputs from processes of production as defined in the SNA. Consumption of fixed capital does not, therefore, cover the depletion or degradation of natural assets such as land, minerals or other deposits, coal, oil or natural gas, or contract, leases and licenses.

## Taxes on production and on imports (less subsidies)

Taxes are compulsory, unrequited payments, in cash or in kind, made by institutional units to government units.

They are described as unrequited because the government provides nothing in return to the individual unit, making the payment, although governments may use the funds raised in taxes to provide goods or services to other units, either individually or collectively, or to the community as a whole.

At the highest level of the classification, taxes on production and on imports consist two components;

1. Taxes on products (less subsidies)
2. Other taxes on production (less subsidies).

Taxes on products consist of taxes on goods and services that become payable as a result of the production, sale, transfer, leasing or delivery of those goods or services, or as a result of their use for own consumption or own capital formation.

Other taxes on production consist mainly of taxes on the ownership of land, buildings or other assets used in production or in the labour employed, or compensation of employees paid. Whatever the valuation of output used, other taxes on production are always recorded as a charge on the value added in the generation of income.

Table 4.1 : Annual GDP estimates (Current Prices) by Income Approach 2011 to 2017

#	Components (Income Generated)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CoE)	1,884,086	2,272,091	2,551,513	2,786,394	3,179,519	3,431,025	3,686,953
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,730,289	5,841,628	6,357,836	6,832,465	6,934,960	7,434,521	8,322,727
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS)	3,809,838	4,710,315	5,051,310	5,392,946	5,448,270	5,823,269	6,499,669
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	457,855	565,050	644,982	681,589	723,723	768,220	839,670
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	462,596	566,263	661,545	757,930	762,967	843,032	983,389
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	24,729	25,850	29,905	38,334	40,360	44,710	41,385
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,910,257	12,051,065
	(+) Taxes on Products	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211
	(-) Subsidies on Products	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,906,752	13,289,466
@- Revised								

At current prices, Compensation of Employees (CoE) is estimated at Rs. 3,686,953 million for the year 2017. It has increased by 7.5 percent compared to the recorded Rs. 3,431,025 million CoE in the year 2016. At constant prices, Rs. 2,586,373 million CoE recorded for the year 2017 and it grew by 0.4 percent compared to the recorded Rs. 2,575,534 million CoE in the year 2016.

Gross Operating Surplus recorded at Rs. 8,322,727 million in 2017 compared to Rs. 7,434,521 million in 2016. The GOS increased by 11.9 percent in nominal terms and grew

by 4.3 percent in real terms. Hence, estimated GOS at Constant prices for the years 2016 and 2017 were Rs. 5,553,031 and Rs. 5,794,024 million, respectively.

Mixed income totally generates through Household sector and Estimated for the year 2017 as Rs. 839,670 million and It was 9.3 percent more than the Rs. 768,220 million of MI, recorded in 2016. Meanwhile MI in 2017 grew by 0.5 percent. Further, other taxes less subsidies on production decreased by 7.4 percent in 2017 while accounting for a 3.6 percent growth in real terms.

Table 4.2 : Share of Income Components to the GDP

#	Income Generated	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.1	26.0	26.6	26.9	29.0	28.8	27.7
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	65.5	66.9	66.3	65.9	63.3	62.4	62.6
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	52.8	53.9	52.7	52.0	49.8	48.9	48.9
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.3
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.4	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.0	7.1	7.4
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</u>	92.0	93.2	93.2	93.2	92.7	91.6	90.7
	(+) Taxes on Products	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.2
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
@-Revised								

The Gross Operating Surplus has been the biggest income component of the GDP. Compensation of Employees accounted for 27.7 percent of GDP in 2017 and Net operating surplus, Mixed income and CFC collectively accounted for 62.6 percent of the GDP in 2017. Those primary income components represented 90.4 percent of Gross Domestic Product at current prices

in 2017 and the remaining 9.6 percent estimated as other taxes, less subsidies on production and taxes less subsidies on products.

## PART II



## NATIONAL ACCOUNTS TABLES

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**Table A - 1: Summary Indicators**

Indicator	2010	2011	2011/ 2010 %	2014	2014/ 2013 %	2015	2015/ 2014 %	2016	2016/ 2015 %	2017	2017/ 2016 %
<b>A. Global Aggregates at Current Market prices (Rs.)</b>											
1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	6,413,668	7,219,106	12.6	10,361,151	8.0	10,950,621	5.7	11,996,083	9.5	13,418,287	11.9
2. Gross National Income (GNI)	6,343,892	7,147,065	12.7	10,125,078	8.1	10,675,880	5.4	11,676,431	9.4	13,065,431	11.9
<b>3. Three Major economic activities of GDP (Value Added)</b>											
Agriculture	544,914	637,567	17.0	829,577	12.8	896,229	8.0	890,925	(0.6)	1,044,218	17.2
Industry	1,708,867	2,021,037	18.3	2,931,998	4.8	2,975,232	1.5	3,337,428	12.2	3,661,945	9.7
Services	3,504,323	3,980,500	13.6	5,895,618	9.0	6,283,379	6.6	6,771,236	7.8	7,473,723	10.4
<b>B. Global Aggregates at Constant (2010) Prices (Rs.)</b>											
1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	6,413,668	6,952,720	8.4	8,235,429	5.0	8,647,833	5.0	9,035,830	4.5	9,344,839	3.4
2. Gross National Income (GNI)	6,343,892	6,885,232	8.5	8,049,085	5.1	8,432,998	4.8	8,794,903	4.3	9,095,222	3.4
<b>3. Three Major economic activities of GDP (Value Added)</b>											
Agriculture	544,914	569,954	4.6	639,696	4.6	669,725	4.7	644,655	(3.7)	642,366	(0.4)
Industry	1,708,867	1,866,947	9.3	2,218,711	4.7	2,267,725	2.2	2,396,833	5.7	2,495,721	4.1
Services	3,504,323	3,817,155	8.9	4,618,501	4.8	4,894,717	6.0	5,127,616	4.8	5,311,107	3.6
<b>C. Per-capita Gross Domestic Product</b>											
1. At Current Prices (Rs.)	310,214	345,925	11.5	498,828	7.0	522,304	4.7	565,773	8.3	625,736	10.6
2. At Current Prices (US\$)	2,744	3,129	14.0	3,821	5.8	3,842	0.6	3,886	1.1	4,104	5.6
3. At Constant (2010) Prices (Rs.)	310,214	333,160	7.4	396,487	4.0	412,469	4.0	426,158	3.3	435,779	2.3
<b>D. Per-Capita Gross National Income</b>											
1. At Current Prices (Rs.)	306,839	342,473	11.6	487,462	7.1	509,200	4.5	550,697	8.1	609,281	10.6
2. At Current Prices (US\$)	2,714	3,097	14.1	3,734	5.9	3,746	0.3	3,782	1.0	3,996	5.7
3. At Constant (2010) Prices (Rs.)	306,839	329,926	7.5	387,516	4.1	402,223	3.8	414,795	3.1	424,138	2.3
<b>E. GDP Implicit Price Deflator (2010=100)</b>											
1. Change in GDP Implicit Price Deflator (2010=100)	100.0	103.8	3.8	125.8	2.9	126.6	0.6	132.8	4.8	143.6	8.2
<b>F. Colombo Consumers' Price Index (CCPI), 2013=100</b>											
1. Change in GDP Implicit Price Deflator (2010=100)		3.83		2.91		0.65		4.84		8.16	
<b>G. Selected Components in Current Prices (Rs. Million)</b>											
1. Exports of Goods and Non Factor Services	1,254,021	1,508,565	20.3	2,185,039	12.1	2,301,065	5.3	2,540,049	10.4	2,915,178	14.8
2. Imports of Goods and Non Factor Services	1,719,605	2,460,830	43.1	3,021,530	8.9	3,125,931	3.5	3,414,338	9.2	3,872,521	13.4
3. Primary Income Received from Abroad	36,508	51,102	40.0	20,263	19.2	17,253	(14.9)	18,499	7.2	26,394	42.7
4. Primary Income Paid to Abroad	106,284	123,143	15.9	256,336	5.4	291,994	13.9	338,151	15.8	379,250	12.2
G.D.P. Growth Rate		8.4		5.0		5.0		4.5		3.4	
Annual Average Price Change % (GDP- Implicit)		3.8		2.9		0.6		4.8		8.2	
Exchange Rate:- One US Dollar (US \$) = Rupees	113.1	110.6	(2.2)	130.6	1.1	136	4.1	146	7.1	152	4.7
Mid Year Population (000')	20,675	20,869	0.9	20,771	0.9	20,966	0.9	21,203	1.1	21,444	1.1
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics, Central Bank of Sri Lanka											



**Table A - 2: Gross Domestic Product(A10) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Rs. Million										
#	ISI C	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017R
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	544,914	637,567	650,510	735,382	829,577	896,229	890,925	1,044,218
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industries	1,372,486	1,569,323	2,009,626	2,081,873	2,118,309	2,144,820	2,402,640	2,621,069
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	1,157,975	1,330,067	1,697,818	1,723,093	1,758,713	1,780,785	1,964,786	2,141,366
3	F	Construction	336,381	451,714	621,140	715,455	813,689	830,412	934,787	1,040,876
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	1,459,691	1,746,884	2,191,057	2,370,519	2,576,789	2,672,316	2,885,975	3,132,860
5	J	Information and communication	31,650	37,819	45,560	58,085	61,818	76,139	88,886	90,483
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	342,763	283,544	361,537	390,522	433,665	450,227	527,550	675,010
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	307,112	350,090	424,415	512,063	562,687	625,695	690,153	770,244
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	112,062	135,904	178,781	198,873	210,966	197,247	201,976	224,429
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	658,950	740,119	818,584	889,849	985,732	1,144,852	1,201,741	1,288,891
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own- services)	592,095	686,140	838,358	986,633	1,063,962	1,116,902	1,174,954	1,291,805
		<b>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>5,758,104</b>	<b>6,639,104</b>	<b>8,139,568</b>	<b>8,939,254</b>	<b>9,657,194</b>	<b>10,154,839</b>	<b>10,999,589</b>	<b>12,179,886</b>
		(+) Taxes on products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211
		(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810
		<b>Equals GDP at mp</b>	<b>6,413,668</b>	<b>7,219,106</b>	<b>8,732,463</b>	<b>9,592,125</b>	<b>10,361,151</b>	<b>10,950,621</b>	<b>11,996,083</b>	<b>13,418,287</b>
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b> <i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>										

**Table A - 3: Gross Domestic Product(A10) @ constant (2010=100) market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Rs. Million										
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 R
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	544,914	569,954	592,443	611,676	639,696	669,725	644,655	642,366
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industries	1,372,486	1,442,149	1,520,844	1,565,642	1,606,869	1,671,028	1,750,839	1,821,696
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	1,157,975	1,198,135	1,235,988	1,263,921	1,296,100	1,360,977	1,402,395	1,448,383
3	F	Construction	336,381	424,798	514,757	553,438	611,842	596,697	645,994	674,025
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	1,459,691	1,643,379	1,792,678	1,840,272	1,905,136	2,002,814	2,083,494	2,158,118
5	J	Information and communication	31,650	33,813	36,674	39,510	44,078	48,917	52,829	57,870
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	342,763	382,274	433,714	456,863	495,201	575,798	646,736	700,547
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	307,112	328,076	369,719	417,024	444,049	489,352	520,085	544,727
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	112,062	127,358	155,741	161,963	166,486	154,266	152,229	158,754
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	658,950	659,260	726,619	686,499	723,918	750,036	786,822	777,518
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	592,095	642,995	730,316	803,514	839,633	873,534	885,421	913,573
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	5,758,104	6,254,056	6,873,506	7,136,401	7,476,908	7,832,167	8,169,103	8,449,194
		(+) Taxes on products	687,833	737,357	748,362	744,923	791,696	857,040	894,210	922,441
		(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	38,693	33,351	35,121	33,174	41,373	27,483	26,795
		Equals GDP at mp	6,413,668	6,952,720	7,588,517	7,846,202	8,235,429	8,647,833	9,035,830	9,344,839
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 4: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017

Rs. Million									
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017R
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>544,914</b>	<b>637,567</b>	<b>650,510</b>	<b>735,382</b>	<b>829,577</b>	<b>896,229</b>	<b>890,925</b>	<b>1,044,218</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	10,548	11,811	14,196	17,592	18,454	20,385	16,503	18,241
2	Growing of Rice	60,086	68,034	61,921	66,851	100,931	118,098	72,811	88,564
3	Growing of Vegetables	47,704	58,512	58,219	69,065	73,091	90,546	85,843	100,037
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and	2,442	2,319	2,623	3,263	3,431	2,801	3,499	3,518
5	Growing of fruits	36,610	38,452	40,185	44,839	45,697	55,258	64,559	84,328
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut,	60,231	70,123	59,795	74,654	79,820	95,586	75,805	103,772
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	72,208	70,064	76,362	90,921	91,533	75,789	82,136	116,543
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee	1,295	1,388	1,488	1,263	1,622	1,366	2,096	2,044
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	28,468	42,400	48,960	49,507	75,735	80,564	86,460	87,677
10	Growing of rubber	44,411	66,722	46,938	31,493	17,437	14,226	10,718	18,899
11	Growing of other perennial crops	14,496	16,277	18,474	19,251	22,636	24,507	25,674	24,165
12	Animal Production	27,230	27,320	28,956	40,334	57,284	65,517	92,501	103,725
13	Plant propagation and agricultural	8,533	8,920	10,504	11,166	12,110	13,808	14,889	14,374
14	Forestry and Logging	43,339	46,681	51,152	64,072	71,767	75,549	83,816	100,597
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	77,579	96,627	117,495	137,651	141,987	146,923	159,310	159,132
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh	9,737	11,916	13,244	13,460	16,043	15,305	14,307	18,603
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>1,708,867</b>	<b>2,021,037</b>	<b>2,630,766</b>	<b>2,797,328</b>	<b>2,931,998</b>	<b>2,975,232</b>	<b>3,337,428</b>	<b>3,661,945</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	124,926	153,772	213,318	245,382	254,392	249,098	313,635	350,794
18	Manufacture of food, beverages &	433,769	604,367	798,849	801,748	759,354	823,461	856,778	884,099
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing	264,905	289,134	346,377	365,685	415,363	399,291	576,089	595,303
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of	26,318	28,203	23,397	27,365	22,269	29,023	24,230	17,153
21	Manufacture of paper products,	26,094	28,325	26,989	28,261	36,585	39,575	48,768	40,133
22	Manufacture of coke and refined	22,281	5,872	40,339	66,064	66,690	20,399	5,049	30,496
23	Manufacture of chemical products and	69,450	41,293	54,254	62,740	74,134	73,804	85,182	70,492
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic	63,257	66,871	85,188	74,995	77,754	81,853	80,909	89,297
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic	79,267	102,811	143,788	124,831	110,571	92,862	105,854	117,645
26	Manufacture of basic metals and	31,665	29,705	32,086	34,300	33,635	39,298	41,259	75,244
27	Manufacture of machinery and	35,909	34,119	33,735	34,584	33,421	46,309	51,765	62,820
28	Manufacture of furniture	56,402	56,841	59,516	57,966	78,967	78,569	43,015	74,566
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and	48,660	42,526	53,300	44,553	49,971	56,342	45,888	84,117
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air	68,491	67,665	78,833	90,539	77,639	82,966	86,882	90,944
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	9,381	8,367	9,413	11,189	14,425	15,098	17,820	17,733
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and	11,712	9,452	10,244	11,671	13,140	16,873	19,517	20,231
33	Construction	336,381	451,714	621,140	715,455	813,689	830,412	934,787	1,040,876
	<b>Services</b>	<b>3,504,323</b>	<b>3,980,500</b>	<b>4,858,292</b>	<b>5,406,544</b>	<b>5,895,618</b>	<b>6,283,379</b>	<b>6,771,236</b>	<b>7,473,723</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	705,778	846,106	975,056	1,047,793	1,117,234	1,193,649	1,270,056	1,404,494
35	Transportation of goods and passengers	662,153	784,011	1,057,477	1,162,834	1,288,124	1,302,310	1,425,988	1,516,276
36	Postal and courier activities	4,066	4,324	4,517	4,695	4,821	5,001	4,890	5,036
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage	87,693	112,442	154,007	155,197	166,608	171,356	185,041	207,053
38	Programming and broadcasting	2,526	2,895	3,151	4,198	3,680	4,426	4,809	3,948
39	Telecommunication	22,931	27,224	33,257	41,986	44,733	56,181	66,807	67,355
40	IT programming consultancy and	6,194	7,700	9,151	11,902	13,405	15,532	17,271	19,180
41	Financial Service activities and	274,933	223,467	282,003	308,810	340,727	347,909	406,826	531,166
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension	67,830	60,077	79,534	81,712	92,938	102,319	120,724	143,844
43	Real estate activities, Including	307,112	350,090	424,415	512,063	562,687	625,695	690,153	770,244
44	Professional services	112,062	135,904	178,781	198,873	210,966	197,247	201,976	224,429
45	Public administration and defense;	383,823	422,494	455,798	501,755	563,280	637,473	678,675	746,439
46	Education	138,553	148,184	171,532	189,298	212,148	250,174	256,889	266,318
47	Human health activities, Residential	136,574	169,441	191,255	198,796	210,304	257,206	266,177	276,134
48	Other personal service activities	592,095	686,140	838,358	986,633	1,063,962	1,116,902	1,174,954	1,291,805
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>5,758,104</b>	<b>6,639,104</b>	<b>8,139,568</b>	<b>8,939,254</b>	<b>9,657,194</b>	<b>10,154,839</b>	<b>10,999,589</b>	<b>12,179,886</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211
	(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP),</b>	<b>6,413,668</b>	<b>7,219,106</b>	<b>8,732,463</b>	<b>9,592,125</b>	<b>10,361,151</b>	<b>10,950,621</b>	<b>11,996,083</b>	<b>13,418,287</b>
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**Table A - 5: Percentage shares of GDP @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 R
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>7.8</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.7
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.8
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.9
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
10	Growing of rubber	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>30.1</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>27.2</b>	<b>27.8</b>	<b>27.3</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.6
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	6.8	8.4	9.1	8.4	7.3	7.5	7.1	6.6
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.6	4.8	4.4
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.2
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.6
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.6
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
33	Construction	5.2	6.3	7.1	7.5	7.9	7.6	7.8	7.8
	<b>Services</b>	<b>54.6</b>	<b>55.1</b>	<b>55.6</b>	<b>56.4</b>	<b>56.9</b>	<b>57.4</b>	<b>56.4</b>	<b>55.7</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.0	11.7	11.2	10.9	10.8	10.9	10.6	10.5
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	10.3	10.9	12.1	12.1	12.4	11.9	11.9	11.3
36	Postal and courier activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	4.3	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.4	4.0
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.7
44	Professional services	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	6.0	5.9	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.8	5.7	5.6
46	Education	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.0
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.1
48	Other personal service activities	9.2	9.5	9.6	10.3	10.3	10.2	9.8	9.6
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>89.8</b>	<b>92.0</b>	<b>93.2</b>	<b>93.2</b>	<b>93.2</b>	<b>92.7</b>	<b>91.7</b>	<b>90.8</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	10.7	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.1
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
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**Table A - 6: Percentage increase of GDP @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017R
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>17.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>(0.6)</b>	<b>17.2</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	12.0	20.2	23.9	4.9	10.5	(19.0)	10.5
2	Growing of Rice	13.2	(9.0)	8.0	51.0	17.0	(38.3)	21.6
3	Growing of Vegetables	22.7	(0.5)	18.6	5.8	23.9	(5.2)	16.5
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	(5.0)	13.1	24.4	5.1	(18.4)	24.9	0.6
5	Growing of fruits	5.0	4.5	11.6	1.9	20.9	16.8	30.6
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut,	16.4	(14.7)	24.9	6.9	19.8	(20.7)	36.9
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(3.0)	9.0	19.1	0.7	(17.2)	8.4	41.9
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	7.2	7.2	(15.1)	28.5	(15.8)	53.4	(2.5)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical	48.9	15.5	1.1	53.0	6.4	7.3	1.4
10	Growing of rubber	50.2	(29.7)	(32.9)	(44.6)	(18.4)	(24.7)	76.3
11	Growing of other perennial crops	12.3	13.5	4.2	17.6	8.3	4.8	(5.9)
12	Animal Production	0.3	6.0	39.3	42.0	14.4	41.2	12.1
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	4.5	17.7	6.3	8.5	14.0	7.8	(3.5)
14	Forestry and Logging	7.7	9.6	25.3	12.0	5.3	10.9	20.0
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	24.6	21.6	17.2	3.1	3.5	8.4	(0.1)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	22.4	11.1	1.6	19.2	(4.6)	(6.5)	30.0
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>30.2</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>9.7</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	23.1	38.7	15.0	3.7	(2.1)	25.9	11.8
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	39.3	32.2	0.4	(5.3)	8.4	4.0	3.2
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	9.1	19.8	5.6	13.6	(3.9)	44.3	3.3
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	7.2	(17.0)	17.0	(18.6)	30.3	(16.5)	(29.2)
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	8.6	(4.7)	4.7	29.5	8.2	23.2	(17.7)
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(73.6)	586.9	63.8	0.9	(69.4)	(75.2)	504.0
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	(40.5)	31.4	15.6	18.2	(0.4)	15.4	(17.2)
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	5.7	27.4	(12.0)	3.7	5.3	(1.2)	10.4
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	29.7	39.9	(13.2)	(11.4)	(16.0)	14.0	11.1
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal	(6.2)	8.0	6.9	(1.9)	16.8	5.0	82.4
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(5.0)	(1.1)	2.5	(3.4)	38.6	11.8	21.4
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.8	4.7	(2.6)	36.2	(0.5)	(45.3)	73.4
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	(12.6)	25.3	(16.4)	12.2	12.7	(18.6)	83.3
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	(1.2)	16.5	14.8	(14.2)	6.9	4.7	4.7
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	(10.8)	12.5	18.9	28.9	4.7	18.0	(0.5)
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	(19.3)	8.4	13.9	12.6	28.4	15.7	3.7
33	Construction	34.3	37.5	15.2	13.7	2.1	12.6	11.3
	<b>Services</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>22.1</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>10.4</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	19.9	15.2	7.5	6.6	6.8	6.4	10.6
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	18.4	34.9	10.0	10.8	1.1	9.5	6.3
36	Postal and courier activities	6.3	4.5	3.9	2.7	3.7	(2.2)	3.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	28.2	37.0	0.8	7.4	2.8	8.0	11.9
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio	14.6	8.9	33.2	(12.3)	20.3	8.7	(17.9)
39	Telecommunication	18.7	22.2	26.2	6.5	25.6	18.9	0.8
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	24.3	18.8	30.1	12.6	15.9	11.2	11.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial	(18.7)	26.2	9.5	10.3	2.1	16.9	30.6
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(11.4)	32.4	2.7	13.7	10.1	18.0	19.2
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	14.0	21.2	20.7	9.9	11.2	10.3	11.6
44	Professional services	21.3	31.5	11.2	6.1	(6.5)	2.4	11.1
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	10.1	7.9	10.1	12.3	13.2	6.5	10.0
46	Education	7.0	15.8	10.4	12.1	17.9	2.7	3.7
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social	24.1	12.9	3.9	5.8	22.3	3.5	3.7
48	Other personal service activities	15.9	22.2	17.7	7.8	5.0	5.2	9.9
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>10.7</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	(10.0)	3.4	7.5	9.2	20.8	27.9	16.7
	(-) Subsidies on products	20.4	21.0	(25.6)	34.0	137.4	47.1	(29.2)
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>21.0</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>11.9</b>
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**Table A - 7: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Rs. Million									
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017R
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and</b>	<b>544,914</b>	<b>569,954</b>	<b>592,443</b>	<b>611,676</b>	<b>639,696</b>	<b>669,725</b>	<b>644,655</b>	<b>642,366</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except	10,548	10,593	12,521	14,307	13,969	14,984	13,158	11,503
2	Growing of Rice	60,086	70,205	62,289	65,607	61,019	76,293	52,388	48,647
3	Growing of Vegetables	47,704	52,349	51,244	54,153	55,244	56,730	58,349	55,240
4	Growing of Sugar cane,	2,442	2,142	2,254	2,441	2,287	1,882	2,347	2,044
5	Growing of fruits	36,610	37,791	38,248	37,385	40,888	48,038	46,512	49,960
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits	60,231	57,110	62,201	53,424	64,158	67,514	66,971	53,773
7	Growing of Tea (Green	72,208	71,769	72,100	74,734	73,936	72,051	63,972	66,876
8	Growing of other beverage	1,295	1,287	1,319	1,321	1,538	1,259	1,354	1,268
9	Growing of spices, aromatic,	28,468	28,147	44,426	50,833	57,505	60,797	62,931	63,199
10	Growing of rubber	44,411	45,956	44,249	37,987	28,688	25,783	23,028	24,165
11	Growing of other perennial	14,496	14,666	15,167	14,344	15,402	16,839	16,484	16,717
12	Animal Production	27,230	26,359	29,511	36,599	47,950	51,857	55,631	58,726
13	Plant propagation and	8,533	8,436	9,105	9,183	9,767	10,421	10,210	9,459
14	Forestry and Logging	43,339	42,505	38,188	43,044	47,450	48,362	52,485	62,545
15	Marine fishing and Marine	77,579	89,575	97,063	103,879	105,822	104,413	105,100	103,037
16	Fresh water fishing and	9,737	11,065	12,560	12,435	14,072	12,503	13,735	15,208
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>1,708,867</b>	<b>1,866,947</b>	<b>2,035,601</b>	<b>2,119,080</b>	<b>2,218,711</b>	<b>2,267,725</b>	<b>2,396,833</b>	<b>2,495,721</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	124,926	148,100	184,468	198,447	201,613	191,145	217,577	237,381
18	Manufacture of food,	433,769	487,943	507,121	507,127	513,960	528,821	529,786	525,211
19	Manufacture of textiles,	264,905	238,254	244,496	264,527	276,800	282,719	289,001	300,122
20	Manufacture of wood and of	26,318	31,521	23,472	25,258	23,139	27,320	32,855	32,617
21	Manufacture of paper	26,094	27,605	24,738	24,925	24,968	27,728	30,283	31,839
22	Manufacture of coke and	22,281	35,457	28,858	27,514	28,723	29,075	31,245	29,743
23	Manufacture of chemical	69,450	67,644	75,582	81,982	82,243	83,179	90,095	92,758
24	Manufacture of rubber and	63,257	75,656	83,307	82,187	71,909	76,144	77,055	85,730
25	Manufacture of other non-	79,267	86,204	87,090	81,037	78,671	75,191	69,660	78,782
26	Manufacture of basic metals	31,665	26,295	24,591	26,589	24,882	28,953	38,577	43,430
27	Manufacture of machinery	35,909	33,650	30,849	30,845	32,064	38,848	46,610	50,971
28	Manufacture of furniture	56,402	53,352	63,922	67,488	82,748	94,489	96,303	99,889
29	Other manufacturing, and	48,660	34,555	41,962	44,443	55,993	68,509	70,923	77,291
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air	68,491	73,927	75,262	76,789	80,298	85,202	92,356	94,796
31	Water collection, treatment	9,381	9,846	10,554	10,975	11,504	12,023	12,972	13,569
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment	11,712	12,141	14,572	15,511	17,355	21,681	25,539	27,567
33	Construction	336,381	424,798	514,757	553,438	611,842	596,697	645,994	674,025
	<b>Services</b>	<b>3,504,323</b>	<b>3,817,155</b>	<b>4,245,461</b>	<b>4,405,644</b>	<b>4,618,501</b>	<b>4,894,717</b>	<b>5,127,616</b>	<b>5,311,107</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	705,778	788,048	848,686	859,977	884,094	933,216	957,088	993,471
35	Transportation of goods and	662,153	745,891	805,391	849,539	885,506	931,529	982,703	1,013,792
36	Postal and courier activities	4,066	4,068	4,441	4,364	4,056	4,052	4,260	4,425
37	Accommodation, Food and	87,693	105,372	134,160	126,392	131,481	134,017	139,443	146,431
38	Programming and	2,526	2,178	2,252	2,422	2,513	2,624	2,831	2,804
39	Telecommunication	22,931	24,420	26,450	27,395	30,986	34,146	36,984	41,502
40	IT programming consultancy	6,194	7,216	7,972	9,693	10,579	12,148	13,015	13,564
41	Financial Service activities	274,933	314,678	364,688	386,009	420,223	493,785	554,564	606,459
42	Insurance, reinsurance and	67,830	67,596	69,026	70,854	74,978	82,013	92,172	94,088
43	Real estate activities,	307,112	328,076	369,719	417,024	444,049	489,352	520,085	544,727
44	Professional services	112,062	127,358	155,741	161,963	166,486	154,266	152,229	158,754
45	Public administration and	383,823	367,093	385,615	382,470	402,205	430,105	452,586	430,671
46	Education	138,553	136,172	167,107	157,477	173,751	159,875	171,830	172,697
47	Human health activities,	136,574	155,994	173,898	146,551	147,962	160,056	162,405	174,150
48	Other personal service	592,095	642,995	730,316	803,514	839,633	873,534	885,421	913,573
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA),</b>	<b>5,758,104</b>	<b>6,254,056</b>	<b>6,873,506</b>	<b>7,136,401</b>	<b>7,476,908</b>	<b>7,832,167</b>	<b>8,169,103</b>	<b>8,449,194</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	687,833	737,357	748,362	744,923	791,696	857,040	894,210	922,441
	(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	38,693	33,351	35,121	33,174	41,373	27,483	26,795
	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>	<b>6,413,668</b>	<b>6,952,720</b>	<b>7,588,517</b>	<b>7,846,202</b>	<b>8,235,429</b>	<b>8,647,833</b>	<b>9,035,830</b>	<b>9,344,839</b>
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b>									
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>									

**Table A - 8: Percentage shares of GDP @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2017**

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 R
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>6.9</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.5
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
10	Growing of rubber	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>26.9</b>	<b>26.8</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>26.9</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>26.5</b>	<b>26.7</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco	6.8	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.6
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and	4.1	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
33	Construction	5.2	6.1	6.8	7.1	7.4	6.9	7.1	7.2
	<b>Services</b>	<b>54.6</b>	<b>54.9</b>	<b>55.9</b>	<b>56.2</b>	<b>56.1</b>	<b>56.6</b>	<b>56.7</b>	<b>56.8</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.0	11.3	11.2	11.0	10.7	10.8	10.6	10.6
35	Transportation of goods and passengers	10.3	10.7	10.6	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.8
36	Postal and courier activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
40	IT programming consultancy and related	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.7	6.1	6.5
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8
44	Professional services	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory	6.0	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.6
46	Education	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.8
47	Human health activities, Residential care and	2.1	2.2	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9
48	Other personal service activities	9.2	9.2	9.6	10.2	10.2	10.1	9.8	9.8
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>89.8</b>	<b>90.0</b>	<b>90.6</b>	<b>91.0</b>	<b>90.8</b>	<b>90.6</b>	<b>90.4</b>	<b>90.4</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	10.7	10.6	9.9	9.5	9.6	9.9	9.9	9.9
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics									

**Table A - 9: Percentage Growth of GDP @ constant market prices, 2011 to 2017**

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 R
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>(3.7)</b>	<b>(0.4)</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.4	18.2	14.3	(2.4)	7.3	(12.2)	(12.6)
2	Growing of Rice	16.8	(11.3)	5.3	(7.0)	25.0	(31.3)	(7.1)
3	Growing of Vegetables	9.7	(2.1)	5.7	2.0	2.7	2.9	(5.3)
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	(12.3)	5.2	8.3	(6.3)	(17.7)	24.7	(12.9)
5	Growing of fruits	3.2	1.2	(2.3)	9.4	17.5	(3.2)	7.4
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	(5.2)	8.9	(14.1)	20.1	5.2	(0.8)	(19.7)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(0.6)	0.5	3.7	(1.1)	(2.5)	(11.2)	4.5
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	(0.6)	2.5	0.1	16.4	(18.1)	7.5	(6.4)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	(1.1)	57.8	14.4	13.1	5.7	3.5	0.4
10	Growing of rubber	3.5	(3.7)	(14.2)	(24.5)	(10.1)	(10.7)	4.9
11	Growing of other perennial crops	1.2	3.4	(5.4)	7.4	9.3	(2.1)	1.4
12	Animal Production	(3.2)	12.0	24.0	31.0	8.1	7.3	5.6
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(1.1)	7.9	0.9	6.4	6.7	(2.0)	(7.3)
14	Forestry and Logging	(1.9)	(10.2)	12.7	10.2	1.9	8.5	19.2
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	15.5	8.4	7.0	1.9	(1.3)	0.7	(2.0)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	13.6	13.5	(1.0)	13.2	(11.2)	9.9	10.7
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>4.1</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	18.6	24.6	7.6	1.6	(5.2)	13.8	9.1
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	12.5	3.9	0.0	1.3	2.9	0.2	(0.9)
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	(10.1)	2.6	8.2	4.6	2.1	2.2	3.8
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except	19.8	(25.5)	7.6	(8.4)	18.1	20.3	(0.7)
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	5.8	(10.4)	0.8	0.2	11.1	9.2	5.1
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	59.1	(18.6)	(4.7)	4.4	1.2	7.5	(4.8)
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	(2.6)	11.7	8.5	0.3	1.1	8.3	3.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	19.6	10.1	(1.3)	(12.5)	5.9	1.2	11.3
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	8.8	1.0	(7.0)	(2.9)	(4.4)	(7.4)	13.1
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	(17.0)	(6.5)	8.1	(6.4)	16.4	33.2	12.6
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(6.3)	(8.3)	(0.0)	4.0	21.2	20.0	9.4
28	Manufacture of furniture	(5.4)	19.8	5.6	22.6	14.2	1.9	3.7
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery	(29.0)	21.4	5.9	26.0	22.4	3.5	9.0
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	7.9	1.8	2.0	4.6	6.1	8.4	2.6
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	5.0	7.2	4.0	4.8	4.5	7.9	4.6
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	3.7	20.0	6.4	11.9	24.9	17.8	7.9
33	Construction	26.3	21.2	7.5	10.6	(2.5)	8.3	4.3
	<b>Services</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>3.6</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.7	7.7	1.3	2.8	5.6	2.6	3.8
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	12.6	8.0	5.5	4.2	5.2	5.5	3.2
36	Postal and courier activities	0.0	9.2	(1.7)	(7.1)	(0.1)	5.1	3.9
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	20.2	27.3	(5.8)	4.0	1.9	4.0	5.0
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	(13.8)	3.4	7.6	3.8	4.4	7.9	(0.9)
39	Telecommunication	6.5	8.3	3.6	13.1	10.2	8.3	12.2
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	16.5	10.5	21.6	9.1	14.8	7.1	4.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	14.5	15.9	5.8	8.9	17.5	12.3	9.4
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(0.3)	2.1	2.6	5.8	9.4	12.4	2.1
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.8	12.7	12.8	6.5	10.2	6.3	4.7
44	Professional services	13.7	22.3	4.0	2.8	(7.3)	(1.3)	4.3
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	(4.4)	5.0	(0.8)	5.2	6.9	5.2	(4.8)
46	Education	(1.7)	22.7	(5.8)	10.3	(8.0)	7.5	0.5
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	14.2	11.5	(15.7)	1.0	8.2	1.5	7.2
48	Other personal service activities	8.6	13.6	10.0	4.5	4.0	1.4	3.2
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>3.4</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	7.2	1.5	(0.5)	6.3	8.3	4.3	3.2
	(-) Subsidies on products	19.9	(13.8)	5.3	(5.5)	24.7	(33.6)	(2.5)
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>3.4</b>
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics								

**Table A - 10: GDP Implicit Price Deplator (2010=100), 2010 to 2017**

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017R
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>111.9</b>	<b>109.8</b>	<b>120.2</b>	<b>129.7</b>	<b>133.8</b>	<b>138.2</b>	<b>162.6</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	100.0	111.5	113.4	123.0	132.1	136.0	125.4	158.6
2	Growing of Rice	100.0	96.9	99.4	101.9	165.4	154.8	139.0	182.1
3	Growing of Vegetables	100.0	111.8	113.6	127.5	132.3	159.6	147.1	181.1
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	100.0	108.3	116.4	133.7	150.0	148.9	149.1	172.1
5	Growing of fruits	100.0	101.7	105.1	119.9	111.8	115.0	138.8	168.8
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut,	100.0	122.8	96.1	139.7	124.4	141.6	113.2	193.0
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	100.0	97.6	105.9	121.7	123.8	105.2	128.4	174.3
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	100.0	107.9	112.8	95.6	105.5	108.5	154.8	161.3
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical	100.0	150.6	110.2	97.4	131.7	132.5	137.4	138.7
10	Growing of rubber	100.0	145.2	106.1	82.9	60.8	55.2	46.5	78.2
11	Growing of other perennial crops	100.0	111.0	121.8	134.2	147.0	145.5	155.8	144.6
12	Animal Production	100.0	103.6	98.1	110.2	119.5	126.3	166.3	176.6
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	100.0	105.7	115.4	121.6	124.0	132.5	145.8	151.9
14	Forestry and Logging	100.0	109.8	133.9	148.9	151.2	156.2	159.7	160.8
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	100.0	107.9	121.0	132.5	134.2	140.7	151.6	154.4
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	100.0	107.7	105.5	108.2	114.0	122.4	104.2	122.3
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>108.3</b>	<b>129.2</b>	<b>132.0</b>	<b>132.1</b>	<b>131.2</b>	<b>139.2</b>	<b>146.7</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	100.0	103.8	115.6	123.7	126.2	130.3	144.1	147.8
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	100.0	123.9	157.5	158.1	147.7	155.7	161.7	168.3
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	100.0	121.4	141.7	138.2	150.1	141.2	199.3	198.4
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	100.0	89.5	99.7	108.3	96.2	106.2	73.7	52.6
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	100.0	102.6	109.1	113.4	146.5	142.7	161.0	126.0
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	100.0	16.6	139.8	240.1	232.2	70.2	16.2	102.5
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	100.0	61.0	71.8	76.5	90.1	88.7	94.5	76.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	100.0	88.4	102.3	91.2	108.1	107.5	105.0	104.2
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	100.0	119.3	165.1	154.0	140.5	123.5	152.0	149.3
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal	100.0	113.0	130.5	129.0	135.2	135.7	107.0	173.3
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	100.0	101.4	109.4	112.1	104.2	119.2	111.1	123.2
28	Manufacture of furniture	100.0	106.5	93.1	85.9	95.4	83.2	44.7	74.6
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	100.0	123.1	127.0	100.2	89.2	82.2	64.7	108.8
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	100.0	91.5	104.7	117.9	96.7	97.4	94.1	95.9
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	100.0	85.0	89.2	102.0	125.4	125.6	137.4	130.7
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	100.0	77.8	70.3	75.2	75.7	77.8	76.4	73.4
33	Construction	100.0	106.3	120.7	129.3	133.0	139.2	144.7	154.4
	<b>Services</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>104.3</b>	<b>114.4</b>	<b>122.7</b>	<b>127.7</b>	<b>128.4</b>	<b>132.1</b>	<b>140.7</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	100.0	107.4	114.9	121.8	126.4	127.9	132.7	141.4
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	100.0	105.1	131.3	136.9	145.5	139.8	145.1	149.6
36	Postal and courier activities	100.0	106.3	101.7	107.6	118.9	123.4	114.8	113.8
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio	100.0	132.9	140.0	173.3	146.4	168.7	169.9	140.8
39	Telecommunication	100.0	111.5	125.7	153.3	144.4	164.5	180.6	162.3
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial	100.0	71.0	77.3	80.0	81.1	70.5	73.4	87.6
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	100.0	88.9	115.2	115.3	124.0	124.8	131.0	152.9
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4
44	Professional services	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	100.0	115.1	118.2	131.2	140.0	148.2	150.0	173.3
46	Education	100.0	108.8	102.6	120.2	122.1	156.5	149.5	154.2
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social	100.0	108.6	110.0	135.6	142.1	160.7	163.9	158.6
48	Other personal service activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>106.2</b>	<b>118.4</b>	<b>125.3</b>	<b>129.2</b>	<b>129.7</b>	<b>134.6</b>	<b>144.2</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	100.0	83.9	85.5	92.3	94.8	105.8	129.7	146.8
	(-) Subsidies on products	100.0	100.4	140.9	99.5	141.2	268.8	595.3	432.2
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>103.8</b>	<b>115.1</b>	<b>122.3</b>	<b>125.8</b>	<b>126.6</b>	<b>132.8</b>	<b>143.6</b>
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics									

**Table A - 11: Percentage change in GDP Implicit Price Deplator (2010=100), 2011 to 2017**

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017R
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>(1.8)</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>17.6</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	11.5	1.7	8.5	7.4	3.0	(7.8)	26.4
2	Growing of Rice	(3.1)	2.6	2.5	62.3	(6.4)	(10.2)	31.0
3	Growing of Vegetables	11.8	1.6	12.3	3.7	20.6	(7.8)	23.1
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	8.3	7.5	14.9	12.2	(0.8)	0.1	15.5
5	Growing of fruits	1.7	3.3	14.2	(6.8)	2.9	20.7	21.6
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	22.8	(21.7)	45.4	(11.0)	13.8	(20.1)	70.5
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(2.4)	8.5	14.9	1.8	(15.0)	22.1	35.7
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	7.9	4.5	(15.2)	10.3	2.8	42.7	4.2
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical	50.6	(26.8)	(11.6)	35.2	0.6	3.7	1.0
10	Growing of rubber	45.2	(26.9)	(21.8)	(26.7)	(9.2)	(15.6)	68.0
11	Growing of other perennial crops	11.0	9.7	10.2	9.5	(1.0)	7.0	(7.2)
12	Animal Production	3.6	(5.3)	12.3	8.4	5.8	31.6	6.2
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	5.7	9.1	5.4	2.0	6.9	10.1	4.2
14	Forestry and Logging	9.8	22.0	11.1	1.6	3.3	2.2	0.7
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	7.9	12.2	9.5	1.3	4.9	7.7	1.9
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	7.7	(2.1)	2.6	5.3	7.4	(14.9)	17.4
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>19.4</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>(0.7)</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>5.4</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	3.8	11.4	6.9	2.0	3.3	10.6	2.5
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	23.9	27.2	0.4	(6.5)	5.4	3.9	4.1
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	21.4	16.7	(2.4)	8.5	(5.9)	41.1	(0.5)
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	(10.5)	11.4	8.7	(11.2)	10.4	(30.6)	(28.7)
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction	2.6	6.3	3.9	29.2	(2.6)	12.8	(21.7)
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(83.4)	744.0	71.8	(3.3)	(69.8)	(77.0)	534.5
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	(39.0)	17.6	6.6	17.8	(1.6)	6.6	(19.6)
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	(11.6)	15.7	(10.8)	18.5	(0.6)	(2.3)	(0.8)
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	19.3	38.4	(6.7)	(8.8)	(12.1)	23.0	(1.7)
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	13.0	15.5	(1.1)	4.8	0.4	(21.2)	62.0
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	1.4	7.9	2.5	(7.0)	14.4	(6.8)	11.0
28	Manufacture of furniture	6.5	(12.6)	(7.8)	11.1	(12.9)	(46.3)	67.1
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	23.1	3.2	(21.1)	(11.0)	(7.9)	(21.3)	68.2
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	(8.5)	14.4	12.6	(18.0)	0.7	(3.4)	2.0
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	(15.0)	4.9	14.3	23.0	0.1	9.4	(4.9)
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	(22.2)	(9.7)	7.0	0.6	2.8	(1.8)	(4.0)
33	Construction	6.3	13.5	7.1	2.9	4.6	4.0	6.7
	<b>Services</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>6.6</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	7.4	7.0	6.0	3.7	1.2	3.7	6.5
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	5.1	24.9	4.2	6.3	(3.9)	3.8	3.1
36	Postal and courier activities	6.3	(4.3)	5.8	10.5	3.8	(7.0)	(0.9)
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	32.9	5.3	23.8	(15.5)	15.2	0.7	(17.1)
39	Telecommunication	11.5	12.8	21.9	(5.8)	14.0	9.8	(10.2)
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	(29.0)	8.9	3.5	1.4	(13.1)	4.1	19.4
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(11.1)	29.6	0.1	7.5	0.6	5.0	16.7
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6
44	Professional services	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.5
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	15.1	2.7	11.0	6.8	5.8	1.2	15.6
46	Education	8.8	(5.7)	17.1	1.6	28.2	(4.5)	3.2
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	8.6	1.3	23.3	4.8	13.1	2.0	(3.3)
48	Other personal service activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>7.1</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	(16.1)	1.9	8.0	2.7	11.6	22.6	13.2
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.4	40.4	(29.4)	41.8	90.4	121.5	(27.4)
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>8.2</b>
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics								

**Table A - 12: Gross Value added (A10) by quarters @ current prices in 2017**

Rs. Million						
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Value Added			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	222,834	257,770	256,655	306,959
2	B,C,D &	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	755,779	567,560	694,681	603,049
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	639,122	451,824	580,897	469,523
3	F	Construction	257,254	246,577	236,955	300,090
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	714,234	764,810	816,922	836,895
5	J	Information and communication	20,980	23,156	21,722	24,624
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	119,791	178,863	235,660	140,696
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	184,418	189,915	192,920	202,991
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	53,199	54,637	57,532	59,062
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	305,704	300,031	322,652	360,504
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	303,997	321,955	325,942	339,912
		<b>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>2,938,191</b>	<b>2,905,273</b>	<b>3,161,642</b>	<b>3,174,781</b>
		(+) Taxes on products	331,884	325,540	320,889	375,898
		(-) Subsidies on products	13,217	32,525	48,099	21,969
		<b>Equals GDP at market price</b>	<b>3,256,858</b>	<b>3,198,288</b>	<b>3,434,432</b>	<b>3,528,710</b>
Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

**Table A - 13: Gross Value added (A10) by quarters @ constant (2010) prices in 2017**

Rs. Million						
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Value Added			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	146,535	153,509	163,535	178,787
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	519,435	390,358	467,369	444,534
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	426,967	299,778	378,308	343,330
3	F	Construction	172,561	159,144	151,947	190,372
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	502,314	518,876	559,489	577,439
5	J	Information and communication	13,304	15,264	13,957	15,344
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	134,305	194,701	193,993	177,547
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	133,943	134,484	136,011	140,289
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	38,045	38,867	40,660	41,182
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	172,632	194,515	189,364	221,007
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	221,978	225,837	229,630	236,128
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	2,055,05	2,025,556	2,145,955	2,222,631
		(+) Taxes on products	102,542	173,218	220,204	426,476
		(-) Subsidies on products	1,649	3,453	5,830	15,863
		Equals GDP at market price	2,155,94	2,195,320	2,360,329	2,633,244
Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

**Table A - 14: Percentage change of Gross Value Added (A10) by quarter @ current prices, 2017**

#	ISIC	Economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point Percentage Change			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	6.2	14.7	17.5	29.0
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	9.0	8.7	9.0	9.7
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	8.2	7.5	10.3	10.0
3	F	Construction	7.5	13.0	15.6	10.2
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	9.6	9.1	11.8	4.3
5	J	Information and communication	(6.7)	8.3	(6.0)	12.5
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	6.2	61.3	69.6	(14.7)
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	10.5	13.8	10.1	12.1
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	10.1	5.6	11.3	17.6
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	10.2	2.2	3.7	12.7
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	10.0	10.4	9.2	10.2
		<b>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>9.1</b>
		(+) Taxes on products	25.4	1.0	37.2	10.8
		(-) Subsidies on products	27.9	(2.5)	(6.4)	(67.9)
		<b>Equals GDP at market price</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>11.0</b>

*Source: Department of Census and Statistics*

**Table A - 15: Percentage Growth of Gross Value Added (A10) by quarter @ constant (2010) prices, 2017**

#	ISIC	Economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point Percentage Change			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	(4.4)	(2.6)	(2.0)	7.2
2	B,C,D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	3.5	4.2	3.7	5.0
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	2.1	2.0	4.4	4.7
3	F	Construction	1.4	6.0	8.2	2.8
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	5.4	1.9	2.6	4.6
5	J	Information and communication	1.5	15.0	11.6	10.0
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	8.4	9.6	9.4	5.8
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	3.7	7.1	4.0	4.2
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	1.8	(0.2)	5.4	10.4
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	0.7	1.9	(4.6)	(2.2)
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	3.5	3.8	3.0	2.4
		<b>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>
		(+) Taxes on products	0.7	1.9	3.9	3.9
		(-) Subsidies on products	(49.2)	(40.1)	(33.1)	62.6
		<b>Equals GDP at market price</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.7</b>

*Source: Department of Census and Statistics*

**Table A - 16: Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2017**

		Rs. Million			
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Value Added - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>222,834</b>	<b>257,770</b>	<b>256,655</b>	<b>306,959</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	4,334	3,702	3,422	6,783
2	Growing of Rice	6,677	13,085	14,181	54,621
3	Growing of Vegetables	17,913	25,211	26,491	30,422
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	826	1,032	930	730
5	Growing of fruits	20,657	21,410	22,251	20,009
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	23,498	25,317	25,021	29,936
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	24,735	34,274	28,584	28,949
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	501	538	514	491
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	22,001	22,724	21,342	21,609
10	Growing of rubber	4,516	4,250	4,845	5,289
11	Growing of other perennial crops	6,054	5,958	6,476	5,676
12	Animal Production	21,892	25,530	28,687	27,617
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	3,562	3,594	3,560	3,657
14	Forestry and Logging	22,346	25,465	27,018	25,767
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	40,746	43,112	37,584	37,690
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	2,574	2,568	5,748	7,713
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>1,013,033</b>	<b>814,137</b>	<b>931,636</b>	<b>903,139</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	86,420	82,728	80,130	101,516
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	262,140	189,990	240,095	191,874
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	207,112	114,571	191,294	82,327
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except	5,362	1,859	3,575	6,356
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media	14,085	7,061	7,328	11,659
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	9,071	6,484	5,636	9,306
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	15,907	19,347	15,503	19,735
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	11,102	25,357	23,263	29,575
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	31,513	30,882	24,250	30,999
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	21,857	10,744	16,907	25,737
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	18,300	9,283	13,434	21,804
28	Manufacture of furniture	20,377	17,259	17,675	19,255
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and	22,295	18,987	21,938	20,898
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	20,911	23,521	23,915	22,597
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	4,352	4,488	4,587	4,307
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	4,974	4,999	5,152	5,106
33	Construction	257,254	246,577	236,955	300,090
	<b>Services</b>	<b>1,702,323</b>	<b>1,833,366</b>	<b>1,973,350</b>	<b>1,964,684</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	334,796	392,021	350,735	326,941
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	328,751	321,619	413,484	452,422
36	Postal and courier activities	1,122	1,271	1,311	1,332
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	49,565	49,898	51,391	56,200
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	1,010	914	866	1,158
39	Telecommunication	15,544	17,389	16,103	18,319
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	4,426	4,853	4,753	5,147
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	88,983	156,276	205,254	80,653
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	30,807	22,587	30,407	60,043
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	184,418	189,915	192,920	202,991
44	Professional services	53,199	54,637	57,532	59,062
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	172,038	175,153	187,313	211,935
46	Education	66,873	59,464	68,373	71,608
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	66,793	65,414	66,966	76,962
48	Other personal service activities	303,997	321,955	325,942	339,912
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</b>	<b>2,938,191</b>	<b>2,905,273</b>	<b>3,161,642</b>	<b>3,174,781</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	331,884	325,540	320,889	375,898
	(-) Subsidies on products	13,217	32,525	48,099	21,969
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices</b>	<b>3,256,858</b>	<b>3,198,288</b>	<b>3,434,432</b>	<b>3,528,710</b>
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>					

**Table A - 17: Percentage shares of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2017**

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Percentage share - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>8.7</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
2	Growing of Rice	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.5
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	0.8	1.1	0.8	0.8
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
1	Growing of rubber	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
1	Animal Production	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
1	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
1	Forestry and Logging	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7
1	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1
1	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>31.1</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>27.1</b>	<b>25.6</b>
1	Mining and quarrying	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.9
1	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	8.0	5.9	7.0	5.4
1	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	6.4	3.6	5.6	2.3
2	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
2	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3
2	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
2	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6
2	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.8
2	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.9
2	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.7
2	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.6
2	Manufacture of furniture	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
2	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6
3	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6
3	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
3	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
3	Construction	7.9	7.7	6.9	8.5
	<b>Services</b>	<b>52.3</b>	<b>57.3</b>	<b>57.5</b>	<b>55.7</b>
3	Wholesale and retail trade	10.3	12.3	10.2	9.3
3	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	10.1	10.1	12.0	12.8
3	Postal and courier activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6
3	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	Telecommunication	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
4	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
4	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	2.7	4.9	6.0	2.3
4	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	0.9	0.7	0.9	1.7
4	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	5.7	5.9	5.6	5.8
4	Professional services	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
4	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	5.3	5.5	5.5	6.0
4	Education	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0
4	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.2
4	Other personal service activities	9.3	10.1	9.5	9.6
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</b>	<b>90.2</b>	<b>90.8</b>	<b>92.1</b>	<b>90.0</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	10.2	10.2	9.3	10.7
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.4	1.0	1.4	0.6
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

**Table A - 18: Point to Point change of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2017**

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point change - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>17.5</b>	<b>29.0</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	(16.4)	(19.8)	(0.5)	107.7
2	Growing of Rice	(50.4)	(28.0)	(13.0)	119.7
3	Growing of Vegetables	3.2	(10.5)	69.6	23.2
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	3.5	4.3	(1.7)	(4.5)
5	Growing of fruits	23.5	35.4	41.8	22.5
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	7.4	33.1	53.7	60.7
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	43.7	57.0	56.7	16.5
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	44.6	(2.2)	(14.7)	(17.7)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	4.6	14.4	(6.4)	(5.0)
1	Growing of rubber	9.1	55.9	146.8	180.1
1	Growing of other perennial crops	(3.4)	(3.8)	0.1	(15.8)
1	Animal Production	8.6	24.5	10.8	6.4
1	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(1.9)	(1.0)	(4.5)	(6.2)
1	Forestry and Logging	17.0	19.9	13.6	30.9
1	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.2	10.7	(9.7)	(2.0)
1	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	16.5	4.0	16.0	65.1
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>9.8</b>
1	Mining and quarrying	17.5	17.5	1.7	11.7
1	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	1.7	(0.7)	6.2	5.7
1	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	1.3	4.7	4.2	4.8
2	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	(28.4)	(34.3)	(24.2)	(30.9)
2	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	(11.9)	(20.6)	(20.0)	(20.8)
2	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	464.8	509.6	429.0	608.3
2	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	(15.3)	(21.4)	(16.2)	(15.2)
2	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	2.0	10.1	10.9	13.6
2	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	28.5	17.9	10.8	(6.7)
2	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	82.3	78.5	86.6	81.3
2	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	41.1	17.4	23.8	8.8
2	Manufacture of furniture	63.8	98.5	80.0	59.7
2	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	87.5	83.9	99.7	64.7
3	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	6.1	8.2	5.6	(0.8)
3	Water collection, treatment and supply	1.4	(2.4)	1.9	(2.7)
3	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	5.2	2.9	3.5	3.1
3	Construction	7.5	13.0	15.6	10.2
	<b>Services</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>6.3</b>
3	Wholesale and retail trade	10.8	8.7	9.5	14.0
3	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	8.1	9.3	13.8	(2.6)
3	Postal and courier activities	4.4	6.3	0.4	1.4
3	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	11.8	11.4	12.0	12.3
3	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	(17.8)	(17.0)	(26.5)	(11.0)
3	Telecommunication	(9.7)	9.5	(8.9)	14.2
4	IT programming consultancy and related activities	9.3	10.3	11.3	13.1
4	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	5.5	67.7	93.8	(34.7)
4	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	8.3	27.3	(8.0)	44.7
4	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	10.5	13.8	10.1	12.1
4	Professional services	10.1	5.6	11.3	17.6
4	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	12.6	7.8	10.5	9.3
4	Education	9.3	(10.4)	1.1	16.2
4	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	5.5	1.1	(9.4)	19.7
4	Other personal service activities	10.0	10.4	9.2	10.2
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>9.1</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	25.4	1.0	37.2	10.8
	(-) Subsidies on products	27.9	(2.5)	(6.4)	(67.9)
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>11.0</b>

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

**Table A - 19: Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2017**

		Rs. Million			
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Value Added - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>146,535</b>	<b>153,509</b>	<b>163,535</b>	<b>178,787</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	2,992	2,256	1,944	4,311
2	Growing of Rice	5,375	7,552	8,009	27,710
3	Growing of Vegetables	9,033	13,447	16,679	16,081
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	476	649	527	393
5	Growing of fruits	12,149	11,353	13,919	12,540
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	15,020	13,312	13,588	11,852
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	14,511	19,513	16,609	16,242
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	317	317	317	317
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	15,900	15,615	15,597	16,087
10	Growing of rubber	6,798	6,317	5,710	5,340
11	Growing of other perennial crops	4,312	4,326	4,246	3,834
12	Animal Production	13,414	14,164	15,815	15,334
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	2,398	2,414	2,447	2,200
14	Forestry and Logging	13,456	15,689	18,264	15,135
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	27,993	24,325	24,559	26,160
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	2,390	2,260	5,305	5,253
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>691,996</b>	<b>549,503</b>	<b>619,316</b>	<b>634,906</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	59,699	56,693	53,784	67,204
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	156,311	108,903	139,573	120,423
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	104,997	55,778	98,815	40,532
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	10,365	3,628	6,818	11,806
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	11,518	5,587	5,582	9,152
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	11,739	4,444	6,157	7,403
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	21,370	24,842	20,468	26,077
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	10,786	24,339	22,090	28,515
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	20,271	19,936	16,104	22,471
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	13,304	6,127	9,517	14,483
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	15,420	7,615	10,782	17,154
28	Manufacture of furniture	29,527	22,284	20,333	27,746
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and	21,358	16,295	22,069	17,569
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	22,703	23,551	24,810	23,732
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	3,373	3,419	3,423	3,355
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	6,693	6,918	7,044	6,912
33	Construction	172,561	159,144	151,947	190,372
	<b>Services</b>	<b>1,216,522</b>	<b>1,322,544</b>	<b>1,363,104</b>	<b>1,408,937</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	244,726	274,906	246,784	227,054
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	220,560	207,676	275,387	310,168
36	Postal and courier activities	1,084	1,003	1,078	1,259
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	35,943	35,290	36,239	38,958
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	654	681	613	856
39	Telecommunication	9,434	11,145	9,992	10,930
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	3,216	3,438	3,352	3,559
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	118,088	177,028	156,714	154,629
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	16,217	17,673	37,279	22,919
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	133,943	134,484	136,011	140,289
44	Professional services	38,045	38,867	40,660	41,182
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	96,309	101,975	108,234	124,154
46	Education	42,799	41,777	41,075	47,046
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	33,524	50,763	40,055	49,807
48	Other personal service activities	221,978	225,837	229,630	236,128
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</b>	<b>2,055,052</b>	<b>2,025,556</b>	<b>2,145,955</b>	<b>2,222,631</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	102,542	173,218	220,204	426,476
	(-) Subsidies on products	1,649	3,453	5,830	15,863
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices</b>	<b>2,155,946</b>	<b>2,195,320</b>	<b>2,360,329</b>	<b>2,633,244</b>
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>					

**Table A - 20: Percentage shares of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2017**

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Percentage share - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>6.8</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
2	Growing of Rice	0.2	0.3	0.3	1.1
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.6
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.6
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
10	Growing of rubber	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
12	Animal Production	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.6
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>32.1</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>24.1</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.6
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	7.3	5.0	5.9	4.6
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	4.9	2.5	4.2	1.5
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.4
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	0.5	1.1	0.9	1.1
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.6
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.7
28	Manufacture of furniture	1.4	1.0	0.9	1.1
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.7
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
33	Construction	8.0	7.2	6.4	7.2
	<b>Services</b>	<b>56.4</b>	<b>60.2</b>	<b>57.8</b>	<b>53.5</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.4	12.5	10.5	8.6
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	10.2	9.5	11.7	11.8
36	Postal and courier activities	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	5.5	8.1	6.6	5.9
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	0.8	0.8	1.6	0.9
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.3
44	Professional services	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.7
46	Education	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.8
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	1.6	2.3	1.7	1.9
48	Other personal service activities	10.3	10.3	9.7	9.0
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</b>	<b>95.3</b>	<b>92.3</b>	<b>90.9</b>	<b>84.4</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	4.8	7.9	9.3	16.2
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.6
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>					

**Table A - 21: Point to Point Growth of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2017**

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point change - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>(4.4)</b>	<b>(2.6)</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>	<b>7.2</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	(31.7)	(35.7)	(23.4)	57.9
2	Growing of Rice	(49.5)	(40.4)	(33.4)	62.8
3	Growing of Vegetables	(3.4)	(7.2)	(14.2)	6.6
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	(14.3)	(13.5)	(11.0)	(12.9)
5	Growing of fruits	(1.4)	4.5	15.5	11.2
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	(10.8)	(21.0)	(19.6)	(27.6)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(6.0)	6.5	17.6	1.0
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	(6.4)	(6.4)	(6.4)	(6.4)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	1.9	1.1	(0.5)	(0.8)
10	Growing of rubber	(17.2)	10.2	22.7	20.7
11	Growing of other perennial crops	1.8	3.6	4.8	(4.7)
12	Animal Production	5.2	9.6	5.4	2.6
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(1.3)	(7.5)	(9.1)	(11.2)
14	Forestry and Logging	15.8	19.4	16.6	25.5
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	5.0	2.4	(5.9)	(8.5)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	21.5	9.0	4.8	13.4
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>4.3</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	13.3	17.9	(1.1)	7.7
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	(2.6)	(5.1)	(3.2)	9.2
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	1.0	3.7	7.9	2.3
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	1.8	(5.9)	6.0	(4.7)
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	12.2	2.5	6.5	(1.8)
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(13.5)	(14.4)	(0.3)	17.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	7.3	(4.4)	4.4	6.1
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	3.9	11.2	10.6	14.9
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	24.9	20.1	19.0	(3.5)
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	16.0	11.4	13.5	9.5
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	29.5	6.4	5.8	(1.2)
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.7	22.2	(1.2)	(1.5)
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	4.9	4.6	33.1	(4.6)
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.2	4.0	3.5	1.9
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	19.1	3.5	(0.4)	(1.2)
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	11.6	6.1	8.3	6.0
33	Construction	1.4	6.0	8.2	2.8
	<b>Services</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>3.4</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	4.3	2.3	3.3	5.7
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	6.9	0.8	1.5	3.8
36	Postal and courier activities	2.7	9.7	7.2	(1.9)
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	4.7	4.6	5.8	4.9
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	(7.1)	6.4	(10.3)	6.5
39	Telecommunication	1.8	19.6	15.7	12.0
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	2.7	3.7	5.2	5.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	9.1	10.6	9.8	7.7
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	3.4	0.4	7.4	(5.2)
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	3.7	7.1	4.0	4.2
44	Professional services	1.8	(0.2)	5.4	10.4
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	(4.9)	(4.6)	(4.9)	(5.0)
46	Education	4.5	3.6	(4.8)	(0.8)
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	14.8	16.1	(3.7)	4.0
48	Other personal service activities	3.5	3.8	3.0	2.4
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	0.7	1.9	3.9	3.9
	(-) Subsidies on products	(49.2)	(40.1)	(33.1)	62.6
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.7</b>

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

**Table A - 22: GDP implicit price deflator (2010 =100) by quarter, 2017**

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	GDP Deflators			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>152.1</b>	<b>167.9</b>	<b>156.9</b>	<b>171.7</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	144.8	164.1	176.0	157.3
2	Growing of Rice	124.2	173.3	177.1	197.1
3	Growing of Vegetables	198.3	187.5	158.8	189.2
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	173.5	159.1	176.6	185.9
5	Growing of fruits	170.0	188.6	159.9	159.6
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	156.4	190.2	184.1	252.6
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	170.5	175.6	172.1	178.2
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	158.1	169.8	162.3	154.9
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	138.4	145.5	136.8	134.3
10	Growing of rubber	66.4	67.3	84.9	99.0
11	Growing of other perennial crops	140.4	137.7	152.5	148.1
12	Animal Production	163.2	180.2	181.4	180.1
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	148.5	148.9	145.5	166.2
14	Forestry and Logging	166.1	162.3	147.9	170.2
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	145.6	177.2	153.0	144.1
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	107.7	113.6	108.4	146.8
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>146.4</b>	<b>148.2</b>	<b>150.4</b>	<b>142.2</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	144.8	145.9	149.0	151.1
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	167.7	174.5	172.0	159.3
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	197.3	205.4	193.6	203.1
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	51.7	51.2	52.4	53.8
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	122.3	126.4	131.3	127.4
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	77.3	145.9	91.5	125.7
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	74.4	77.9	75.7	75.7
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	102.9	104.2	105.3	103.7
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	155.5	154.9	150.6	138.0
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	164.3	175.4	177.7	177.7
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	118.7	121.9	124.6	127.1
28	Manufacture of furniture	69.0	77.4	86.9	69.4
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	104.4	116.5	99.4	118.9
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	92.1	99.9	96.4	95.2
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	129.0	131.3	134.0	128.4
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	74.3	72.3	73.1	73.9
33	Construction	149.1	154.9	155.9	157.6
	<b>Services</b>	<b>139.9</b>	<b>138.6</b>	<b>144.8</b>	<b>139.4</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	136.8	142.6	142.1	144.0
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	149.1	154.9	150.1	145.9
36	Postal and courier activities	103.5	126.7	121.6	105.8
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	137.9	141.4	141.8	144.3
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	154.3	134.3	141.2	135.3
39	Telecommunication	164.8	156.0	161.2	167.6
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	137.6	141.2	141.8	144.6
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	75.4	88.3	131.0	52.2
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	190.0	127.8	81.6	262.0
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	137.7	141.2	141.8	144.7
44	Professional services	139.8	140.6	141.5	143.4
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	178.6	171.8	173.1	170.7
46	Education	156.3	142.3	166.5	152.2
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	199.2	128.9	167.2	154.5
48	Other personal service activities	136.9	142.6	141.9	144.0
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</b>	<b>143.0</b>	<b>143.4</b>	<b>147.3</b>	<b>142.8</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	323.7	187.9	145.7	88.1
	(-) Subsidies on products	801.4	941.9	825.0	138.5
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices</b>	<b>151.1</b>	<b>145.7</b>	<b>145.5</b>	<b>134.0</b>

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

**Table A - 23: Point to Point change in GDP implicit price deflator (2010 =100) by quarter, 2017**

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point percentage change in GDP Deflators			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>26.8</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>24.1</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	22.5	24.7	29.9	31.6
2	Growing of Rice	(1.8)	20.9	30.7	35.0
3	Growing of Vegetables	6.8	(3.6)	97.6	15.5
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	20.7	20.5	10.4	9.6
5	Growing of fruits	25.2	29.6	22.8	10.2
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	20.5	68.4	91.2	122.1
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	52.8	47.5	33.3	15.4
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	54.4	4.5	(8.9)	(12.2)
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	2.7	13.1	(6.0)	(4.3)
10	Growing of rubber	31.8	41.5	101.2	132.1
11	Growing of other perennial crops	(5.1)	(7.2)	(4.5)	(11.6)
12	Animal Production	3.3	13.6	5.2	3.8
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(0.6)	7.1	5.0	5.6
14	Forestry and Logging	1.0	0.5	(2.6)	4.3
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	(3.6)	8.0	(4.0)	7.1
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	(4.1)	(4.5)	10.7	45.5
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>5.3</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	3.7	(0.4)	2.9	3.7
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	4.4	4.6	9.8	(3.2)
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	0.3	1.0	(3.4)	2.5
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	(29.7)	(30.1)	(28.5)	(27.5)
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	(21.5)	(22.5)	(24.9)	(19.3)
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	552.9	611.8	430.7	503.7
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	(21.0)	(17.8)	(19.7)	(20.1)
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	(1.8)	(0.9)	0.3	(1.2)
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	2.8	(1.8)	(6.9)	(3.3)
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	57.2	60.2	64.4	65.5
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	8.9	10.3	17.0	10.1
28	Manufacture of furniture	62.6	62.5	82.1	62.2
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	78.7	75.8	50.0	72.6
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	4.9	4.0	2.1	(2.7)
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	(14.8)	(5.7)	2.4	(1.5)
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	(5.8)	(3.0)	(4.4)	(2.8)
33	Construction	6.0	6.6	6.9	7.2
	<b>Services</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>2.8</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	6.2	6.2	6.0	7.8
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	1.2	8.5	12.1	(6.1)
36	Postal and courier activities	1.6	(3.1)	(6.3)	3.4
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	6.7	6.5	5.9	7.1
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	(11.6)	(21.9)	(18.1)	(16.4)
39	Telecommunication	(11.3)	(8.4)	(21.3)	1.9
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	6.5	6.3	5.8	7.5
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	(3.3)	51.7	76.5	(39.3)
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	4.8	26.8	(14.4)	52.7
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.5	6.3	5.9	7.5
44	Professional services	8.2	5.9	5.6	6.5
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	18.4	13.0	16.1	15.1
46	Education	4.5	(13.6)	6.2	17.1
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	(8.1)	(12.9)	(5.9)	15.2
48	Other personal service activities	6.3	6.3	6.0	7.6
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>5.0</b>
	(+) Taxes on products	24.6	(0.9)	32.1	6.6
	(-) Subsidies on products	151.9	62.7	39.9	(80.3)
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>7.0</b>

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

**Table A - 24: Gross Domestic Product by sectors @ current market prices, 2017**

						Rs. Million
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	NFC*	FC*	GG*	HH & NPISHs*	Total Economy
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>203,543</b>	-	-	<b>840,675</b>	<b>1,044,218</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	-	-	-	18,241	18,241
2	Growing of Rice	4,428	-	-	84,136	88,564
3	Growing of Vegetables	-	-	-	100,037	100,037
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	2,440	-	-	1,078	3,518
5	Growing of fruits	8,433	-	-	75,895	84,328
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	25,390	-	-	78,382	103,772
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	40,790	-	-	75,753	116,543
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	-	-	-	2,044	2,044
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	12,275	-	-	75,402	87,677
10	Growing of rubber	2,835	-	-	16,064	18,899
11	Growing of other perennial crops	7,666	-	-	16,499	24,165
12	Animal Production	60,215	-	-	43,510	103,725
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	678	-	-	13,695	14,374
14	Forestry and Logging	13,408	-	-	87,189	100,597
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	23,870	-	-	135,262	159,132
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	1,116	-	-	17,486	18,603
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>2,286,268</b>	-	<b>56,197</b>	<b>1,319,480</b>	<b>3,661,945</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	51,806	-	-	298,988	350,794
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	518,720	-	-	365,379	884,099
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	448,871	-	-	146,432	595,303
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except	4,738	-	-	12,415	17,153
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	31,762	-	-	8,371	40,133
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	30,496	-	-	-	30,496
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	44,180	-	-	26,312	70,492
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	85,417	-	-	3,880	89,297
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	59,200	-	-	58,444	117,645
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	34,860	-	-	40,384	75,244
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	54,523	-	-	8,298	62,820
28	Manufacture of furniture	24,632	-	-	49,934	74,566
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery	40,055	-	-	44,062	84,117
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	90,944	-	-	-	90,944
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	15,763	-	-	1,970	17,733
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	20,231	-	-	-	20,231
33	Construction	730,069	-	56,197	254,609	1,040,876
	<b>Services</b>	<b>1,772,492</b>	<b>657,264</b>	<b>1,103,03</b>	<b>3,940,933</b>	<b>7,473,723</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	490,346	-	-	914,148	1,404,494
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	450,220	-	8,956	1,057,100	1,516,276
36	Postal and courier activities	5,036	-	-	-	5,036
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	84,199	-	-	122,854	207,053
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	3,948	-	-	-	3,948
39	Telecommunication	67,355	-	-	-	67,355
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	15,692	-	-	3,488	19,180
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	-	513,420	-	17,746	531,166
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	-	143,844	-	-	143,844
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	141,504	-	-	628,741	770,244
44	Professional services	150,069	-	-	74,360	224,429
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	-	-	746,439	-	746,439
46	Education	28,763	-	187,437	50,118	266,318
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	64,210	-	160,201	51,724	276,134
48	Other personal service activities	271,151	-	-	1,020,655	1,291,805
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>4,262,304</b>	<b>657,264</b>	<b>1,159,23</b>	<b>6,101,088</b>	<b>12,179,886</b>
	(+) Taxes on products					1,354,211
	(-) Subsidies on products					115,810
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>					<b>13,418,287</b>
NFC - Non-Financial Corporations, FC - Financial Corporations, GG - General Government, HH - Households NPISHs - Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

**Table A - 25: Gross Domestic Product by sectors @ constant (2010) market prices, 2017**

Rs. Million						
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	NFC*	FC*	GG*	HH & NPISHs*	Total Economy
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>127,085</b>	-	-	<b>515,281</b>	<b>642,366</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	-	-	-	11,503	11,503
2	Growing of Rice	2,432	-	-	46,214	48,647
3	Growing of Vegetables	-	-	-	55,240	55,240
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	1,398	-	-	646	2,044
5	Growing of fruits	4,996	-	-	44,964	49,960
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	13,355	-	-	40,418	53,773
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	23,407	-	-	43,469	66,876
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	-	-	-	1,268	1,268
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	8,848	-	-	54,351	63,199
10	Growing of rubber	3,625	-	-	20,540	24,165
11	Growing of other perennial crops	-	-	-	16,717	16,717
12	Animal Production	39,467	-	-	19,260	58,726
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	228	-	-	9,231	9,459
14	Forestry and Logging	12,961	-	-	49,583	62,545
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	15,456	-	-	87,581	103,037
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	912	-	-	14,295	15,208
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>1,565,889</b>	-	<b>21,299</b>	<b>908,532</b>	<b>2,495,721</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	35,057	-	-	202,325	237,381
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	312,875	-	-	212,336	525,211
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	225,496	-	-	74,626	300,122
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except	9,009	-	-	23,608	32,617
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	25,499	-	-	6,340	31,839
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	29,743	-	-	-	29,743
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	56,575	-	-	36,183	92,758
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	82,005	-	-	3,725	85,730
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	39,644	-	-	39,138	78,782
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	17,651	-	-	25,779	43,430
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	44,238	-	-	6,733	50,971
28	Manufacture of furniture	32,997	-	-	66,892	99,889
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery	36,726	-	-	40,565	77,291
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	94,796	-	-	-	94,796
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	12,062	-	-	1,507	13,569
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	27,567	-	-	-	27,567
33	Construction	483,950	-	21,299	168,776	674,025
	<b>Services</b>	<b>1,214,153</b>	<b>680,062</b>	<b>656,821</b>	<b>2,760,072</b>	<b>5,311,107</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	346,847	-	-	646,624	993,471
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	289,730	-	6,324	717,738	1,013,792
36	Postal and courier activities	4,425	-	-	-	4,425
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	59,547	-	-	86,884	146,431
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	2,804	-	-	-	2,804
39	Telecommunication	41,502	-	-	-	41,502
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	11,098	-	-	2,467	13,564
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	-	585,974	-	20,485	606,459
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	-	94,088	-	-	94,088
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	100,073	-	-	444,654	544,727
44	Professional services	106,154	-	-	52,601	158,754
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	-	-	430,671	-	430,671
46	Education	19,540	-	119,109	34,048	172,697
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	40,673	-	100,718	32,759	174,150
48	Other personal service activities	191,760	-	-	721,814	913,573
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>2,907,126</b>	<b>680,062</b>	<b>678,120</b>	<b>4,183,885</b>	<b>8,449,194</b>
	(+) Taxes on products					922,441
	(-) Subsidies on products					26,795
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>					<b>9,344,839</b>
NFC - Non-Financial Corporations, FC - Financial Corporations, GG - General Government, HH - Households NPISHs - Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

**Table A - 26: Production Account by institutional sectors @ current market prices, 2017**

Rs. Million											
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4 = 1+2+3)	(5)	(6 = 4-5)	(7)	(8)	(9 = 6+7- 8)
#	Code	Sectors	Market Output	Non- mar ket outp ut	Outpu t for own final use	Total Output at basic price	IC at purchas ers' price	Value Added at basic price	Taxes on product s	Subsi dies on produ cts	Total/ GDP at market price
1	S11	Non- Financial Corporations	8,935,394	-	13,724	8,949,118	4,686,814	4,262,304			4,262,304
2	S12	Financial Corporations	847,197	-	-	847,197	189,933	657,264			657,264
3	S13	General Government	1,290,083	-	-	1,290,083	130,852	1,159,230			1,159,230
4	S14	Households	9,533,497	-	892,835	10,426,332	4,325,244	6,101,088			6,101,088
5	S15	NPISHs	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Total Economy						-			1,354,211	115,810	1,238,401
Total/GDP			20,606,170	-	906,559	21,512,729	9,332,843	12,179,886	1,354,211	115,810	13,418,287
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

**Table A - 27: Production Account by institutional sectors @ constant(2010=100) market prices, 2017**

Rs. Million											
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4 = 1+2+3)	(5)	(6 = 4-5)	(7)	(8)	(9 = 6+7- 8)
#	Code	Sectors	Market Output	Non-mar ket outp ut	Outpu t for own final use	Total Output at basic price	IC at purchas ers' price	Value Added at basic price	Taxes on product s	Subsi dies on produ cts	Total/ GDP at market price
1	S11	Non- Financial Corporations	5,916,575	-	7,989	5,924,563	3,017,437	2,907,126			2,907,126
2	S12	Financial Corporations	830,399	-	-	830,399	150,337	680,062			680,062
3	S13	General Government	745,797	-	-	745,797	67,677	678,120			678,120
4	S14	Households	6,313,539	-	615,668	6,929,207	2,745,322	4,183,885			4,183,885
5	S15	NPISHs	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Total Economy						-			922,441	26,795	895,645
Total/GDP			13,806,310	-	623,657	14,429,967	5,980,773	8,449,194	922,441	26,795	9,344,839
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

**Table A - 28: Production Account by economic activity @ current market prices, 2017**

Rs. Million							
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Output by type			Total output	Intermediate Consumption (IC)	Value Added
		Market Output	Non-market output	own use			
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>1,269,608</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>125,934</b>	<b>1,395,542</b>	<b>351,324</b>	<b>1,044,218</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	21,693	-	1,142	22,835	4,593	18,241
2	Growing of Rice	124,845	-	31,211	156,056	67,492	88,564
3	Growing of Vegetables	130,909	-	23,102	154,011	53,974	100,037
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other	5,595	-	41	5,636	2,117	3,518
5	Growing of fruits	109,464	-	5,763	115,227	30,899	84,328
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut,	96,360	-	24,165	120,526	16,753	103,772
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	129,210	-	2,684	131,894	15,351	116,543
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee,	1,931	-	525	2,456	412	2,044
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	100,131	-	4,405	104,536	16,859	87,677
10	Growing of rubber	28,609	-	1,645	30,254	11,355	18,899
11	Growing of other perennial crops	25,465	-	12	25,477	1,312	24,165
12	Animal Production	148,414	-	83	148,497	44,772	103,725
13	Plant propagation and agricultural	15,027	-	15	15,042	668	14,374
14	Forestry and Logging	96,456	-	24,919	121,374	20,778	100,597
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	214,176	-	5,271	219,447	60,315	159,132
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water	21,324	-	953	22,277	3,674	18,603
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>8,574,626</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>293,530</b>	<b>8,868,156</b>	<b>5,206,211</b>	<b>3,661,945</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	438,954	-	-	438,954	88,160	350,794
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco	2,483,799	-	-	2,483,799	1,599,700	884,099
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel	1,604,250	-	-	1,604,250	1,008,947	595,303
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of	70,071	-	-	70,071	52,918	17,153
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing	117,688	-	-	117,688	77,555	40,133
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum	156,300	-	-	156,300	125,804	30,496
23	Manufacture of chemical products and	196,330	-	-	196,330	125,838	70,492
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	185,252	-	-	185,252	95,954	89,297
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral	455,506	-	-	455,506	337,862	117,645
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated	179,895	-	-	179,895	104,651	75,244
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment	152,608	-	-	152,608	89,787	62,820
28	Manufacture of furniture	164,689	-	-	164,689	90,123	74,566
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and	154,163	-	-	154,163	70,046	84,117
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	264,984	-	-	264,984	174,040	90,944
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	28,559	-	-	28,559	10,826	17,733
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal	26,042	-	-	26,042	5,811	20,231
33	Construction	1,895,535	-	293,530	2,189,065	1,148,189	1,040,876
	<b>Services</b>	<b>10,761,936</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>487,095</b>	<b>11,249,031</b>	<b>3,775,307</b>	<b>7,473,723</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	1,831,698	-	-	1,831,698	427,204	1,404,494
35	Transportation of goods and passengers	2,655,021	-	-	2,655,021	1,138,745	1,516,276
36	Postal and courier activities	12,592	-	-	12,592	7,556	5,036
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service	404,696	-	-	404,696	197,642	207,053
38	Programming and broadcasting activities	12,107	-	-	12,107	8,159	3,948
39	Telecommunication	201,577	-	-	201,577	134,222	67,355
40	IT programming consultancy and related	25,051	-	-	25,051	5,871	19,180
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary	697,796	-	-	697,796	166,630	531,166
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	171,273	-	-	171,273	27,429	143,844
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership	470,932	-	487,095	958,027	187,783	770,244
44	Professional services	373,953	-	-	373,953	149,524	224,429
45	Public administration and defense;	812,145	-	-	812,145	65,706	746,439
46	Education	302,628	-	-	302,628	36,310	266,318
47	Human health activities, Residential care	310,185	-	-	310,185	34,051	276,134
48	Other personal service activities	2,480,282	-	-	2,480,282	1,188,477	1,291,805
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>20,606,170</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>906,559</b>	<b>21,512,729</b>	<b>9,332,843</b>	<b>12,179,886</b>
	(+) Taxes on products						1,354,211
	(-) Subsidies on products						115,810
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>						<b>13,418,287</b>
Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

**Table A - 29: Production Account by economic activity @ constant (2010 =100) market prices, 2017**

Rs. Million						
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Output by type			Total output	Intermediate Consumption (IC)
		Market Output	Non market output	own use		
	<b>Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing</b>	<b>782,122</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>74,981</b>	<b>857,102</b>	<b>214,736</b>
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	13,366	-	703	14,069	2,566
2	Growing of Rice	70,735	-	17,684	88,418	39,772
3	Growing of Vegetables	64,641	-	11,407	76,048	20,808
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other	3,221	-	24	3,246	1,202
5	Growing of fruits	61,377	-	3,237	64,614	14,654
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	47,311	-	16,910	64,221	10,449
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	77,905	-	754	78,659	11,783
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee,	1,310	-	303	1,613	346
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	73,163	-	3,219	76,382	13,183
10	Growing of rubber	30,934	-	656	31,590	7,425
11	Growing of other perennial crops	17,577	-	4	17,581	864
12	Animal Production	98,666	-	39	98,706	39,979
13	Plant propagation and agricultural	9,963	-	6	9,969	510
14	Forestry and Logging	55,842	-	15,787	71,629	9,084
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	138,681	-	3,466	142,147	39,111
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water	17,430	-	779	18,209	3,001
	<b>Industries</b>	<b>5,347,295</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>204,196</b>	<b>5,551,491</b>	<b>3,055,770</b>
17	Mining and quarrying	296,860	-	-	296,860	59,479
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco	1,310,885	-	-	1,310,885	785,674
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel	754,783	-	-	754,783	454,662
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of	60,017	-	-	60,017	27,399
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing	79,659	-	-	79,659	47,820
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum	158,373	-	-	158,373	128,630
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	199,839	-	-	199,839	107,081
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	196,649	-	-	196,649	110,920
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral	198,769	-	-	198,769	119,987
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated	118,190	-	-	118,190	74,761
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment	115,847	-	-	115,847	64,876
28	Manufacture of furniture	163,521	-	-	163,521	63,632
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and	163,890	-	-	163,890	86,599
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	172,917	-	-	172,917	78,121
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	21,323	-	-	21,323	7,754
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal	34,096	-	-	34,096	6,529
33	Construction	1,301,675	-	204,196	1,505,871	831,847
	<b>Services</b>	<b>7,676,894</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>344,480</b>	<b>8,021,374</b>	<b>2,710,267</b>
34	Wholesale and retail trade	1,295,654	-	-	1,295,654	302,184
35	Transportation of goods and passengers	1,817,902	-	-	1,817,902	804,111
36	Postal and courier activities	8,192	-	-	8,192	3,768
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service	286,206	-	-	286,206	139,775
38	Programming and broadcasting activities	9,270	-	-	9,270	6,466
39	Telecommunication	196,391	-	-	196,391	154,889
40	IT programming consultancy and related	17,716	-	-	17,716	4,152
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary	745,199	-	-	745,199	138,740
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	109,159	-	-	109,159	15,071
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership	333,050	-	344,480	677,530	132,803
44	Professional services	264,533	-	-	264,533	105,779
45	Public administration and defense;	457,476	-	-	457,476	26,805
46	Education	187,280	-	-	187,280	14,582
47	Human health activities, Residential care	194,775	-	-	194,775	20,626
48	Other personal service activities	1,754,089	-	-	1,754,089	840,516
	<b>Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp</b>	<b>13,806,310</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>623,657</b>	<b>14,429,967</b>	<b>5,980,773</b>
	(+) Taxes on products					
	(-) Subsidies on products					
	<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp</b>					

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

**Table B - 1: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Rs.Million								
Component at Current prices	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	4,932,545	5,762,798	6,357,545	7,229,352	7,850,006	8,360,930	9,529,202	10,513,141
Household final consumption expenditure	4,390,215	5,144,879	5,691,714	6,483,669	6,981,947	7,376,176	8,514,456	9,382,467
Government final consumption expenditure	542,330	617,918	665,831	745,684	868,059	984,755	1,014,746	1,130,674
Individual consumption expenditure	154,764	181,451	188,298	226,234	260,395	319,119	327,713	355,291
Collective consumption expenditure	387,566	436,467	477,533	519,450	607,664	665,636	687,032	775,383
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	2,408,574	3,410,511	3,189,326	3,347,638	3,414,556	3,341,171	3,862,489
Gross fixed capital formation	1,522,847	1,896,225	2,533,056	2,809,789	2,874,377	2,814,288	3,210,061	3,553,236
Changes in inventories	377,652	369,934	800,232	305,057	428,615	563,196	43,722	174,616
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	142,414	77,222	74,479	44,646	37,071	87,388	134,638
External balance of goods and services	(465,584)	(952,265)	(1,035,593)	(826,553)	(836,493)	(824,865)	(874,289)	(957,343)
Exports of goods and services	1,254,021	1,508,565	1,730,467	1,949,158	2,185,039	2,301,065	2,540,049	2,915,178
Imports of goods and services	1,719,605	2,460,830	2,766,060	2,775,711	3,021,531	3,125,931	3,414,338	3,872,521
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,418,287
R-Revised								

**Table B - 2: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Rs.Million								
Component at Constant prices	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	4,932,545	5,355,454	5,496,156	5,881,197	6,109,435	6,584,691	7,036,082	7,160,351
Household final consumption expenditure	4,390,215	4,824,505	4,933,104	5,317,618	5,512,177	5,926,299	6,362,682	6,523,177
Government final consumption expenditure	542,330	530,948	563,052	563,579	597,258	658,392	673,400	637,174
Individual consumption expenditure	154,764	155,437	158,577	170,333	178,606	213,157	217,963	199,807
Collective consumption expenditure	387,566	375,511	404,475	393,246	418,652	445,235	455,437	437,367
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	2,340,767	2,848,686	2,597,115	2,896,597	3,006,450	3,156,162	3,416,093
Gross fixed capital formation	1,522,847	1,774,951	2,060,075	2,174,090	2,137,668	2,138,922	2,334,584	2,447,693
Changes in inventories	377,651	432,380	721,339	362,376	723,666	780,139	755,873	873,397
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	133,437	67,272	60,649	35,263	87,388	65,705	95,003
External balance of goods and services	(465,584)	(743,500)	(756,326)	(632,110)	(770,603)	(943,307)	(1,156,414)	(1,231,605)
Exports of goods and services	1,254,021	1,381,932	1,379,424	1,470,967	1,533,668	1,605,147	1,593,234	1,714,147
Imports of goods and services	1,719,605	2,125,432	2,135,750	2,103,077	2,304,271	2,548,455	2,749,649	2,945,752
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	6,413,668	6,952,720	7,588,517	7,846,202	8,235,429	8,647,833	9,035,830	9,344,839
R- Revised								

**Table B - 3: Percentage change in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

% Change at Current prices	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	<b>16.8</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>10.3</b>
Household final consumption expenditure	17.2	10.6	13.9	7.7	5.6	15.4	10.2
Government final consumption expenditure	<b>13.9</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>11.4</b>
Individual consumption expenditure	17.2	3.8	20.1	15.1	22.6	2.7	8.4
Collective consumption expenditure	12.6	9.4	8.8	17.0	9.5	3.2	12.9
Gross capital formation	<b>23.7</b>	<b>41.6</b>	<b>(6.5)</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>(2.1)</b>	<b>15.6</b>
Gross fixed capital formation	24.5	33.6	10.9	2.3	(2.1)	14.1	10.7
Changes in inventories	(2.0)	116.3	(61.9)	40.5	31.4	(92.2)	299.4
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	208.2	(45.8)	(3.6)	(40.1)	(17.0)	135.7	54.1
External balance of goods and services	<b>(104.5)</b>	<b>(8.8)</b>	<b>20.2</b>	<b>(1.2)</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>(6.0)</b>	<b>(9.5)</b>
Exports of goods and services	20.3	14.7	12.6	12.1	5.3	10.4	14.8
Imports of goods and services	43.1	12.4	0.3	8.9	3.5	9.2	13.4
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	<b>12.6</b>	<b>21.0</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>11.9</b>
R-Revised							

**Table B - 4: Percentage shares of expenditure components in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

% Shares at Current prices	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	<b>76.9</b>	<b>79.8</b>	<b>72.8</b>	<b>75.4</b>	<b>75.8</b>	<b>76.4</b>	<b>79.4</b>	<b>78.3</b>
Household final consumption expenditure	68.5	71.3	65.2	67.6	67.4	67.4	71.0	69.9
Government final consumption expenditure	8.5	8.6	7.6	7.8	8.4	9.0	8.5	8.4
Individual consumption expenditure	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.6
Collective consumption expenditure	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.4	5.9	6.1	5.7	5.8
Gross capital formation	<b>30.4</b>	<b>33.4</b>	<b>39.1</b>	<b>33.2</b>	<b>32.3</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>28.8</b>
Gross fixed capital formation	23.7	26.3	29.0	29.3	27.7	25.7	26.8	26.5
Changes in inventories	5.9	5.1	9.2	3.2	4.1	5.1	0.4	1.3
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0.7	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.7	1.0
External balance of goods and services	<b>(7.3)</b>	<b>(13.2)</b>	<b>(11.9)</b>	<b>(8.6)</b>	<b>(8.1)</b>	<b>(7.5)</b>	<b>(7.3)</b>	<b>(7.1)</b>
Exports of goods and services	19.6	20.9	19.8	20.3	21.1	21.0	21.2	21.7
Imports of goods and services	26.8	34.1	31.7	28.9	29.2	28.5	28.5	28.9
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
R-Revised								

**Table B - 5: Percentage Growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2011 to 2017**

% Change at Constant prices	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	<b>8.6</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>1.8</b>
<b>Household final consumption expenditure</b>	9.9	2.3	7.8	3.7	7.5	7.4	2.5
<b>Government final consumption expenditure</b>	<b>(2.1)</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>(5.4)</b>
<b>Individual consumption expenditure</b>	0.4	2.0	7.4	4.9	19.3	2.3	(8.3)
<b>Collective consumption expenditure</b>	(3.1)	7.7	(2.8)	6.5	6.3	2.3	(4.0)
Gross capital formation	<b>20.2</b>	<b>21.7</b>	<b>(8.8)</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>8.2</b>
<b>Gross fixed capital formation</b>	16.6	16.1	5.5	(1.7)	0.1	9.1	4.8
<b>Changes in inventories</b>	14.5	66.8	(49.8)	99.7	7.8	(3.1)	15.5
<b>Acquisitions less disposals of valuables</b>	188.8	(49.6)	(9.8)	(41.9)	147.8	(24.8)	44.6
External balance of goods and services	<b>(59.7)</b>	<b>(1.7)</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>(21.9)</b>	<b>(22.4)</b>	<b>(22.6)</b>	<b>(6.5)</b>
<b>Exports of goods and services</b>	10.2	(0.2)	6.6	4.3	4.7	(0.7)	7.6
<b>Imports of goods and services</b>	23.6	0.5	(1.5)	9.6	10.6	7.9	7.1
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	<b>8.4</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>3.4</b>
R-Revised							

**Table B - 6: Percentage shares of expenditure components in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2017**

% Shares at Constant prices	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	<b>76.9</b>	<b>77.0</b>	<b>72.4</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>77.9</b>	<b>76.6</b>
<b>Household final consumption expenditure</b>	68.5	69.4	65.0	67.8	66.9	68.5	70.4	69.8
<b>Government final consumption expenditure</b>	8.5	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.6	7.5	6.8
<b>Individual consumption expenditure</b>	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.1
<b>Collective consumption expenditure</b>	6.0	5.4	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.7
Gross capital formation	<b>30.4</b>	<b>33.7</b>	<b>37.5</b>	<b>33.1</b>	<b>35.2</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>34.9</b>	<b>36.6</b>
<b>Gross fixed capital formation</b>	23.7	25.5	27.1	27.7	26.0	24.7	25.8	26.2
<b>Changes in inventories</b>	5.9	6.2	9.5	4.6	8.8	9.0	8.4	9.3
<b>Acquisitions less disposals of valuables</b>	0.7	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.4	1.0	0.7	1.0
External balance of goods and services	<b>(7.3)</b>	<b>(10.7)</b>	<b>(10.0)</b>	<b>(8.1)</b>	<b>(9.4)</b>	<b>(10.9)</b>	<b>(12.8)</b>	<b>(13.2)</b>
<b>Exports of goods and services</b>	19.6	19.9	18.2	18.7	18.6	18.6	17.6	18.3
<b>Imports of goods and services</b>	26.8	30.6	28.1	26.8	28.0	29.5	30.4	31.5
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
R-Revised								

**Table B - 7: Quartely Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2017**

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	<b>2,557,087</b>	<b>2,449,715</b>	<b>2,830,798</b>	<b>2,675,542</b>	<b>10,513,141</b>
Household final consumption expenditure <sup>a</sup>	2,299,406	2,193,986	2,543,594	2,345,481	9,382,467
Government final consumption expenditure	257,680	255,730	287,203	330,061	1,130,674
Individual consumption expenditure	83,324	78,940	89,306	103,722	355,291
Collective consumption expenditure	174,356	176,790	197,897	226,339	775,383
Gross capital formation	<b>934,704</b>	<b>1,003,680</b>	<b>788,653</b>	<b>1,140,909</b>	<b>3,867,947</b>
Gross fixed capital formation	880,898	847,802	839,701	984,835	3,553,236
Changes in inventories <sup>b</sup>	23,147	128,409	(84,243)	112,761	180,073
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	30,660	27,470	33,195	43,313	134,638
External balance of goods and services	<b>(234,934)</b>	<b>(255,107)</b>	<b>(185,019)</b>	<b>(287,741)</b>	<b>(962,801)</b>
Exports of goods and services	731,810	655,521	765,200	757,190	2,909,720
Imports of goods and services	966,743	910,628	950,219	1,044,931	3,872,521
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	<b>3,256,858</b>	<b>3,198,288</b>	<b>3,434,432</b>	<b>3,528,710</b>	<b>13,418,287</b>
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs					
b. Includes statistical discrepancy					
R - Revised					
Source: Department of Census and Statistics					

**Table B - 8: Point to Point change in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices by quarters, 2017**

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	<b>8.4</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>10.3</b>
Household final consumption expenditure <sup>a</sup>	8.3	7.2	14.6	10.4	10.2
Government final consumption expenditure	9.4	1.3	9.5	24.8	11.4
Individual consumption expenditure	5.8	(7.2)	3.9	33.2	8.4
Collective consumption expenditure	11.2	5.6	12.3	21.3	12.9
Gross capital formation	<b>26.5</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>15.8</b>
Gross fixed capital formation	9.2	15.0	12.5	7.0	10.7
Changes in inventories <sup>b</sup>	127.5	23.8	24.3	(16.7)	311.9
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	88.7	27.3	50.7	57.3	54.1
External balance of goods and services	<b>(61.1)</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>(11.4)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>(10.1)</b>
Exports of goods and services	8.9	14.3	17.5	17.6	14.6
Imports of goods and services	18.2	7.9	16.3	11.7	13.4
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	<b>10.3</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>11.9</b>
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs					
b. Includes statistical discrepancy					
R - Revised					
Source: Department of Census and Statistics					

**Table B - 9: Quartely Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2017**

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	<b>1,798,399</b>	<b>1,722,644</b>	<b>1,917,652</b>	<b>1,721,655</b>	<b>7,160,351</b>
Household final consumption expenditure <sup>a</sup>	1,638,465	1,562,683	1,757,717	1,564,312	6,523,177
Government final consumption expenditure	159,935	159,960	159,936	157,343	637,174
Individual consumption expenditure	51,760	49,203	49,594	49,251	199,807
Collective consumption expenditure	108,175	110,758	110,342	108,092	437,367
Gross capital formation	<b>681,883</b>	<b>744,118</b>	<b>721,785</b>	<b>1,268,308</b>	<b>3,416,093</b>
Gross fixed capital formation	611,741	580,555	575,267	680,131	2,447,693
Changes in inventories <sup>b</sup>	47,892	144,109	123,135	558,261	873,397
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	22,250	19,455	23,383	29,916	95,003
External balance of goods and services	<b>(324,337)</b>	<b>(271,442)</b>	<b>(279,108)</b>	<b>(356,719)</b>	<b>(1,231,605)</b>
Exports of goods and services	429,926	398,664	431,481	454,076	1,714,147
Imports of goods and services	754,263	670,105	710,589	810,795	2,945,752
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	<b>2,155,946</b>	<b>2,195,320</b>	<b>2,360,329</b>	<b>2,633,244</b>	<b>9,344,839</b>
<b>a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs</b> <b>b. Includes statistical discrepancy</b> <b>R – Revised</b> <b>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</b>					

**Table B - 10: Point to Point Growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant (2010=100) market prices by quarters, 2017**

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2017R
Final consumption expenditure	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.8</b>
Household final consumption expenditure <sup>a</sup>	0.6	1.5	7.0	0.8	2.5
Government final consumption expenditure	0.2	(8.7)	(9.1)	(3.1)	(5.4)
Individual consumption expenditure	(3.1)	(16.5)	(14.0)	2.8	(8.3)
Collective consumption expenditure	1.8	(4.8)	(6.7)	(5.6)	(4.0)
Gross capital formation	<b>23.8</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>8.2</b>
Gross fixed capital formation	4.1	11.6	5.5	(0.2)	4.8
Changes in inventories <sup>b</sup>	196.8	(8.2)	(15.6)	11.1	15.5
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	77.1	19.6	42.2	46.4	44.6
External balance of goods and services	<b>(30.2)</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>(17.2)</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>(6.5)</b>
Exports of goods and services	3.8	6.5	7.3	12.8	7.6
Imports of goods and services	13.7	1.0	11.0	3.6	7.1
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.4</b>
<b>a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs</b> <b>b. Includes statistical discrepancy</b> <b>R - Revised</b> <b>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</b>					

**Table B - 11: Household Final Consumption expenditure by COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption according to Purpose) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Code	COICOP main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
	Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure	4,544,979	5,326,330	5,880,012	6,709,903	7,242,342	7,695,295	8,842,169	9,737,759
	Household Final Consumption Expenditure	4,390,215	5,144,879	5,691,714	6,483,669	6,981,947	7,376,176	8,514,456	9,382,467
1-12	Individual consumption expenditure of households	4,402,019	5,179,516	5,730,362	6,546,173	7,128,655	7,582,122	8,797,387	9,731,563
1	Food and non-alcoholic beverages;	1,252,043	1,560,395	1,493,620	1,705,716	1,796,837	2,337,710	2,881,219	3,058,580
2	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics;	168,024	189,844	111,240	121,724	132,665	141,466	151,916	161,746
3	Clothing and footwear;	265,840	272,085	239,493	280,409	275,522	401,991	419,049	417,339
4	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels;	434,570	495,737	587,210	688,512	749,919	769,723	877,269	933,980
5	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance;	66,947	92,848	92,229	82,313	90,709	94,717	127,438	134,926
6	Health;	132,203	195,009	207,851	179,631	181,913	208,437	233,233	250,401
7	Transport;	858,404	954,787	1,208,047	1,353,718	1,548,476	1,363,318	1,674,661	2,077,167
8	Communication;	45,522	49,046	57,240	61,308	65,331	77,317	85,973	91,899
9	Recreation and culture;	78,776	91,722	81,666	73,558	89,919	167,778	162,828	170,681
10	Education;	73,578	89,045	104,542	105,562	123,691	101,800	99,969	108,320
11	Restaurants and hotels;	161,459	206,750	283,302	285,457	306,230	312,315	337,099	377,306
12	Miscellaneous goods and services;	864,654	982,248	1,263,922	1,608,264	1,767,442	1,605,553	1,746,734	1,949,219
	Direct Purchases Abroad by Residents	55,551	59,720	97,187	162,890	174,842	203,723	234,285	254,216
	Direct Purchases in Domestic Market by Non-Residents	67,355	94,357	135,835	225,394	321,550	409,670	517,216	603,311
13	Individual consumption expenditure of NPISHs;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Individual consumption expenditure of general government	154,764	181,451	188,298	226,234	260,395	319,119	327,713	355,291
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b>									

**Table B - 12: Household Final Consumption expenditure by COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption according to Purpose) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Code	COICOP main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
	Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure	4,544,979	4,979,943	5,091,681	5,487,951	5,690,783	6,139,456	6,580,645	6,722,984
	Household Final Consumption Expenditure	4,390,215	4,824,505	4,933,104	5,317,618	5,512,177	5,926,299	6,362,682	6,523,177
1-12	Individual consumption expenditure of households	4,402,019	4,857,810	4,966,711	5,368,851	5,628,797	6,088,974	6,575,733	6,766,279
1	Food and non-alcoholic beverages;	1,252,043	1,434,804	1,311,149	1,387,642	1,409,075	1,747,779	2,063,769	2,005,235
2	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics;	168,024	181,645	98,968	108,296	84,641	81,636	77,306	79,294
3	Clothing and footwear;	265,840	243,075	197,902	216,784	212,420	264,219	257,464	245,940
4	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels;	434,570	475,015	513,163	543,514	585,399	662,462	757,757	806,010
5	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance;	66,947	88,967	82,670	70,950	76,437	73,746	95,560	92,343
6	Health;	132,203	189,895	196,430	166,927	155,802	156,562	157,851	148,080
7	Transport;	858,404	891,603	927,785	994,293	1,087,592	1,041,309	1,250,402	1,486,914
8	Communication;	45,522	49,046	57,240	61,308	62,826	74,274	77,247	75,817
9	Recreation and culture;	78,776	86,971	74,488	64,461	77,057	136,838	128,584	131,720
10	Education;	73,578	86,069	100,618	100,603	117,304	93,351	87,537	83,012
11	Restaurants and hotels;	161,459	184,437	236,821	225,636	239,618	237,097	250,287	257,999
12	Miscellaneous goods and services;	864,654	946,285	1,169,475	1,428,437	1,520,626	1,519,701	1,371,968	1,353,915
	Direct Purchases Abroad by Residents	55,551	57,423	84,510	133,516	138,984	160,919	176,419	177,031
	Direct Purchases in Domestic Market by Non-Residents	67,355	90,728	118,117	184,749	255,604	323,594	389,470	420,133
13	Individual consumption expenditure of NPISHs;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Individual consumption expenditure of general government	154,764	155,437	158,577	170,333	178,606	213,157	217,963	199,807
R - Revised, @ - Provisional									

**Table B - 13: General Government Collective Final Consumption Expenditure by COFOG  
(Classification of the Functions of Government) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
	General Government Final Consumption Expenditure	<b>542,330</b>	<b>617,918</b>	<b>665,831</b>	<b>745,684</b>	<b>868,059</b>	<b>984,755</b>	<b>1,014,746</b>	<b>1,130,674</b>
	Collective Final Consumption Expenditure	387,566	436,467	477,533	519,450	607,664	665,636	687,032	775,383
	Individual Final Consumption Expenditure	154,764	181,451	188,298	226,234	260,395	319,119	327,713	355,291
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b>									

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
	Government Collective Consumption Expenditure	<b>387,566</b>	<b>436,467</b>	<b>477,533</b>	<b>519,450</b>	<b>607,664</b>	<b>665,636</b>	<b>687,032</b>	<b>775,383</b>
1	General public services	43,199	50,898	59,808	65,245	75,252	100,557	94,405	135,158
2	Defense	160,992	186,973	196,358	208,271	256,772	267,520	243,480	259,499
3	Public order and safety	44,183	44,143	47,851	53,066	64,292	68,694	75,525	85,098
4	Economic affairs	40,336	45,858	52,131	59,386	71,107	69,631	88,200	95,585
5	Environmental protection	487	610	675	709	964	3,942	3,841	4,455
6	Housing and community amenities	312	519	643	632	692	873	757	1,409
7	Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Recreation, culture and religion	4,368	5,472	6,219	6,191	8,194	3,913	3,727	7,041
9	Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Social protection	93,690	101,994	113,848	125,950	130,391	150,506	177,098	187,137
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b>									

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
	Government Individual Consumption Expenditure	<b>154,764</b>	<b>181,451</b>	<b>188,298</b>	<b>226,234</b>	<b>260,395</b>	<b>319,119</b>	<b>327,713</b>	<b>355,291</b>
1	General public services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Defense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Public order and safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Economic affairs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Housing and community amenities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Health	65,104	77,138	83,111	105,000	123,996	143,992	150,450	163,401
8	Recreation, culture and religion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Education	89,660	104,313	105,187	121,234	136,400	175,127	177,263	191,890
10	Social protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b>									

**Table B - 14: General Government Individual Final Consumption Expenditure by COFOG  
( Classification of the Functions of Government) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2017**

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
	<b>General Government Final Consumption Expenditure</b>	<b>542,330</b>	<b>530,948</b>	<b>563,052</b>	<b>563,579</b>	<b>597,258</b>	<b>658,392</b>	<b>673,400</b>	<b>637,174</b>
	Collective Final Consumption Expenditure	387,566	375,511	404,475	393,246	418,652	445,235	455,437	437,367
	Individual Final Consumption Expenditure	154,764	155,437	158,577	170,333	178,606	213,157	217,963	199,807
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b>									

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
	<b>Government Collective Consumption Expenditure</b>	<b>387,566</b>	<b>375,511</b>	<b>404,475</b>	<b>393,246</b>	<b>418,652</b>	<b>445,235</b>	<b>455,437</b>	<b>437,367</b>
1	General public services	43,199	43,601	50,368	49,124	51,616	67,168	62,789	76,010
2	Defense	160,992	160,167	165,365	156,809	176,121	178,692	161,939	145,936
3	Public order and safety	44,183	37,815	40,299	39,954	44,098	45,885	50,232	47,857
4	Economic affairs	40,336	40,901	46,218	46,860	50,626	47,130	57,152	55,065
5	Environmental protection	487	522	569	534	661	2,633	2,554	2,505
6	Housing and community amenities	312	445	541	476	475	583	504	793
7	Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Recreation, culture and religion	4,368	4,687	5,237	4,661	5,620	2,613	2,479	3,960
9	Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Social protection	93,690	87,372	95,878	94,829	89,436	100,531	117,788	105,241
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b>									

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
	<b>Government Individual Consumption Expenditure</b>	<b>154,764</b>	<b>155,437</b>	<b>158,577</b>	<b>170,333</b>	<b>178,606</b>	<b>213,157</b>	<b>217,963</b>	<b>199,807</b>
1	General public services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Defense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Public order and safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Economic affairs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Housing and community amenities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Health	65,104	66,079	69,992	79,055	85,049	96,180	100,065	91,893
8	Recreation, culture and religion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Education	89,660	89,358	88,585	91,278	93,557	116,977	117,898	107,914
10	Social protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>R - Revised, @ - Provisional</b>									

**Table B - 15: Gross Capital Formation @ current market prices, 2010 to 2017**

	Rs. Million							
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	2,408,574	3,410,511	3,189,326	3,347,638	3,414,556	3,341,171	3,862,489
Gross fixed capital formation by asset	1,522,847	1,896,225	2,533,056	2,809,789	2,874,377	2,814,288	3,210,061	3,553,236
<b>Construction</b>	589,708	791,978	1,088,969	1,254,493	1,250,116	1,160,410	1,368,928	1,547,232
<b>Machinery and equipment and weapons systems</b>	678,656	802,850	1,045,311	1,111,166	1,135,486	1,152,229	1,292,498	1,418,175
<b>Transport equipment</b>	215,357	254,982	343,971	378,368	415,652	420,229	460,137	489,272
<b>Information and communication technology</b>	16,798	20,879	24,805	32,271	36,347	42,114	46,828	52,005
<b>Cultivated biological resources</b>	5,013	5,866	5,983	6,761	7,627	8,239	8,191	9,600
<b>Intellectual property products</b>	17,316	19,670	24,018	26,732	29,150	31,067	33,479	36,952
Changes in inventories and acquisition less disposals of	423,860	512,348	877,455	379,536	473,260	600,267	131,109	309,254
<b>Change in inventories</b>	377,652	369,934	800,232	305,057	428,615	563,196	43,722	174,616
<b>Acquisitions less disposals of valuables</b>	46,209	142,414	77,222	74,479	44,646	37,071	87,388	134,638
R - Revised, @ - Provisional								

**Table B - 16: Gross Capital Formation @ constant (2010=100) market prices, 2010 to 2017**

	Rs. Million							
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016R	2017R
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	2,340,767	2,848,686	2,597,115	2,896,597	3,006,450	3,156,162	3,416,093
Gross fixed capital formation by asset	1,522,847	1,774,951	2,060,075	2,174,090	2,137,668	2,138,922	2,334,584	2,447,693
<b>Construction</b>	589,708	745,040	902,211	970,219	895,618	870,171	991,168	1,064,350
<b>Machinery and equipment and weapons systems</b>	678,656	741,321	809,064	841,792	859,248	878,230	928,230	966,527
<b>Transport equipment</b>	215,357	244,470	300,674	308,368	325,613	327,356	348,446	347,695
<b>Information and communication technology</b>	16,798	20,019	21,682	26,301	28,474	32,807	35,462	36,957
<b>Cultivated biological resources</b>	5,013	5,242	5,449	5,624	5,881	6,157	5,927	5,906
<b>Intellectual property products</b>	17,316	18,859	20,994	21,786	22,835	24,201	25,352	26,260
Changes in inventories and acquisition less disposals of	423,860	565,816	788,611	423,025	758,928	867,527	821,578	968,400
<b>Change in inventories</b>	377,651	432,380	721,339	362,376	723,666	780,139	755,873	873,397
<b>Acquisitions less disposals of valuables</b>	46,209	133,437	67,272	60,649	35,263	87,388	65,705	95,003
R - Revised, @ - Provisional								

**Table C - 1: Value of Income components @ current prices, 2010 to 2017**

Rs.Million									
#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,678,523	1,884,086	2,272,091	2,551,513	2,786,394	3,179,519	3,431,025	3,686,953
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,049,686	4,730,289	5,841,628	6,357,836	6,832,465	6,934,960	7,434,521	8,322,727
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	3,251,152	3,809,838	4,710,315	5,051,310	5,392,946	5,448,270	5,823,269	6,499,669
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	411,777	457,855	565,050	644,982	681,589	723,723	768,220	839,670
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	386,757	462,596	566,263	661,545	757,930	762,967	843,032	983,389
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	29,895	24,729	25,850	29,905	38,334	40,360	44,710	41,385
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	5,758,104	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,910,257	12,051,065
	(+) Taxes on Products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211
	(-) Subsidies on Products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,906,752	13,289,466

**Table C - 2: Value of Income components @ constant(2010) prices, 2010 to 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,678,523	1,777,727	2,008,874	2,089,513	2,194,755	2,450,779	2,575,534	2,586,373
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,049,686	4,444,282	4,832,106	5,014,513	5,247,744	5,344,139	5,553,031	5,794,024
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	3,251,152	3,604,417	3,865,637	3,973,801	4,142,805	4,233,331	4,371,811	4,555,990
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	411,777	422,179	495,968	529,634	529,404	543,591	553,380	556,410
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	386,757	417,686	470,501	511,078	575,536	567,217	627,840	681,624
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on	29,895	32,047	32,525	32,376	34,408	37,248	38,998	40,389
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic</u>	5,758,104	6,254,056	6,873,506	7,136,401	7,476,908	7,832,167	8,167,563	8,420,786
	(+) Taxes on Products	687,833	737,357	748,362	744,923	791,696	857,040	894,210	922,441
	(-) Subsidies on Products	32,269	38,693	33,351	35,121	33,174	41,373	27,483	27,739
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	6,413,668	6,952,720	7,588,517	7,846,202	8,235,429	8,647,833	9,034,290	9,315,488

**Table C - 3: Percentage change in Income components of GDP @ current prices, 2010 to 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	2011/10	2012/11	2013/12	2014/13	2015/14	2016/15	2017/16
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	12.2	20.6	12.3	9.2	14.1	7.9	7.5
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	16.8	23.5	8.8	7.5	1.5	7.2	11.9
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	17.2	23.6	7.2	6.8	1.0	6.9	11.6
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	11.2	23.4	14.1	5.7	6.2	6.1	9.3
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	19.6	22.4	16.8	14.6	0.7	10.5	16.6
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	-17.3	4.5	15.7	28.2	5.3	10.8	-7.4
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	15.3	22.6	9.8	8.0	5.2	7.4	10.5
	(+) Taxes on Products	-10.0	3.4	7.5	9.2	20.8	27.9	16.7
	(-) Subsidies on Products	20.4	21.0	-25.6	34.0	137.4	47.1	-29.2
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	12.6	21.0	9.8	8.0	5.7	8.7	11.6

**Table C - 4: Percentage Growth in Income components of GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2010 to 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	2011/10	2012/11	2013/12	2014/13	2015/14	2016/15	2017/16
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	5.9	13.0	4.0	5.0	11.7	5.1	0.4
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	9.7	8.7	3.8	4.7	1.8	3.9	4.3
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	10.9	7.2	2.8	4.3	2.2	3.3	4.2
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	2.5	17.5	6.8	0.0	2.7	1.8	0.5
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	8.0	12.6	8.6	12.6	-1.4	10.7	8.6
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	7.2	1.5	-0.5	6.3	8.3	4.7	3.6
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	8.6	9.9	3.8	4.8	4.8	4.3	3.1
	(+) Taxes on Products	7.2	1.5	-0.5	6.3	8.3	4.3	3.2
	(-) Subsidies on Products	19.9	-13.8	5.3	-5.5	24.7	-33.6	0.9
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	8.4	9.1	3.4	5.0	5.0	4.5	3.1

**Table C - 5: Percentage share of Income components to GDP @ current prices, 2010 to 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.2	26.1	26.0	26.6	26.9	29.0	28.8	27.7
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	63.1	65.5	66.9	66.3	65.9	63.3	62.4	62.6
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	50.7	52.8	53.9	52.7	52.0	49.8	48.9	48.9
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.3
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.0	7.1	7.4
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	89.8	92.0	93.2	93.2	93.2	92.7	91.6	90.7
	(+) Taxes on Products	10.7	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.2
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

**Table C - 6: Percentage share of Income components to GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2010 to 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.2	25.6	26.5	26.6	26.7	28.3	28.5	27.8
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	63.1	63.9	63.7	63.9	63.7	61.8	61.5	62.2
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	50.7	51.8	50.9	50.6	50.3	49.0	48.4	48.9
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.4	6.3	6.1	6.0
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.5	7.0	6.6	6.9	7.3
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	89.8	90.0	90.6	91.0	90.8	90.6	90.4	90.4
	(+) Taxes on Products	10.7	10.6	9.9	9.5	9.6	9.9	9.9	9.9
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

**Table C - 7: Income components of GDP @ current prices, 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,231,038	230,507	990,170	1,235,238	3,686,953
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	2,939,484	391,159	178,035	4,814,049	8,322,727
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	2,516,367	368,525	45,636	3,569,141	6,499,669
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)				839,670	839,670
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	423,117	22,635	132,399	405,238	983,389
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	37,679	3,582	-	124	41,385
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	4,208,201	625,249	1,168,204	6,049,411	12,051,065
	(+) Taxes on Products					1,354,211
	(-) Subsidies on Products					115,810
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>					<b>13,289,466</b>

**Table C - 8: Income components of GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	884,748	239,722	592,531	869,371	2,586,373
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	1,984,325	434,117	107,673	3,267,909	5,794,024
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	1,668,343	409,801	29,541	2,448,305	4,555,990
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)				556,410	556,410
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	315,982	24,316	78,132	263,194	681,624
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	34,063	6,211	-	115	40,389
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	2,903,136	680,051	700,204	4,137,395	8,420,786
	(+) Taxes on Products					922,441
	(-) Subsidies on Products					27,739
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>					<b>9,315,488</b>

**Table C - 9: Percentage share of income components of sectors to the total economy @ current prices, 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	33.4	6.3	26.9	33.5	100.0
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	35.3	4.7	2.1	57.8	100.0
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	38.7	5.7	0.7	54.9	100.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	-	-	-	100.0	100.0
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	43.0	2.3	13.5	41.2	100.0
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	91.0	8.7	-	0.3	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	34.9	5.2	9.7	50.2	100.0
	(+) Taxes on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	(-) Subsidies on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	-	-	-	-	100.0

**Table C - 10: Percentage share of income components of sectors to the total economy @ constant(2010) prices, 2017**

#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	34.2	9.3	22.9	33.6	100.0
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	34.2	7.5	1.9	56.4	100.0
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	36.6	9.0	0.6	53.7	100.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	-	-	-	100.0	100.0
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	46.4	3.6	11.5	38.6	100.0
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	84.3	15.4	-	0.3	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	34.5	8.1	8.3	49.1	100.0
	(+) Taxes on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	(-) Subsidies on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	-	-	-	-	100.0

**Table C - 11: Gross National Income & other income related macroeconomic indicators, 2010 to 2017**

Millions of Rupees, at current prices								
Classification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 @
Gross value of Output at basic price	9,807,278	11,369,495	13,536,627	15,073,833	16,297,735	18,411,077	19,690,733	21,377,714
Intermediate Consumption at purchaser price	4,049,174	4,730,391	5,397,059	6,134,579	6,640,541	8,256,238	8,780,476	9,326,649
Gross value Added at basic price	5,758,104	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,910,257	12,051,065
Taxes on products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211
Subsidies on products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810
Gross domestic Product at current prices	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,906,752	13,289,466
Compensation of employees	1,678,523	1,884,086	2,272,091	2,551,513	2,786,394	3,179,519	3,431,025	3,686,953
Net operating surplus	3,251,152	3,809,838	4,710,315	5,051,310	5,392,946	5,448,270	5,823,269	6,499,669
Consumption of fixed capital	386,757	462,596	566,263	661,545	757,930	762,967	843,032	983,389
Mixed income	411,777	457,855	565,050	644,982	681,589	723,723	768,220	839,670
Other taxes less subsidies on production	29,895	24,729	25,850	29,905	38,334	40,360	44,710	41,385
Taxes on products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211
Subsidies on products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810
Gross domestic product	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,906,752	13,289,466
Primary income received from Rest Of The world	36,508	51,102	18,137	17,003	20,263	17,253	18,194	24,402
Primary income Paid to Rest Of The world	106,284	123,143	173,027	243,090	256,336	291,994	339,454	380,684
Gross national income (GNI)	6,343,892	7,147,065	8,577,574	9,366,039	10,125,078	10,675,880	11,585,492	12,933,185
Current transfers received from the Rest of the World	471,084	575,689	770,879	830,407	920,035	952,568	1,057,281	1,093,607
Current transfers paid to rest of the world	57,199	62,473	82,266	101,728	106,906	110,486	117,498	130,650
Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)	6,757,777	7,660,281	9,266,187	10,094,718	10,938,207	11,517,962	12,525,274	13,896,141
Household Final Consumption Expenditure (HFCE)	4,390,215	5,144,879	5,691,714	6,483,669	6,981,947	7,376,176	7,601,405	8,262,817
General Government Final Consumption Expenditure	542,330	617,918	665,831	745,684	868,059	984,755	1,014,746	1,130,673.9
Gross Savings	1,825,232	1,897,484	2,908,642	2,865,365	3,088,201	3,157,032	3,909,124	4,502,650
Capital transfers received from the Rest of the World	20,599	20,383	18,884	11,596	9,586	9,562	8,269	6,125
Capital transfers paid to the rest of the world	2,078	2,256	1,933	2,409	1,903	3,306	4,525	4,458
Gross Domestic Capital Formation	1,946,707	2,408,573	3,410,511	3,189,326	3,347,638	3,414,556	4,164,590	4,854,187
Net lending/borrowing from/to the rest of the world	-102,954	-492,962	-484,918	-314,774	-251,753	-251,268	-251,722	-349,870
* Property income is consisted by investment income and interest income								