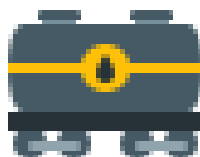




NATIONAL ACCOUNTS OF SRI LANKA 2018



**Department of Census and Statistics
Ministry of Finance**

National Accounts of Sri Lanka

2018

Department of Census and
Statistics

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Preface

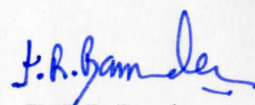
This is the 44th publication of the series of National Accounts Estimates (NAE) published by the National Accounts Division of the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS). Further, this is the fourth publication which contains the NAE's based on the new base year of 2010.

In the year of 2015, the National Accounts Division of the DCS revised the base year from 2002 to 2010. In addition to revising the base year from 2002 to 2010, in the compilation of National Accounts, many other improvements were also made, such as, conceptual changes as recommended by the international guidelines (SNA 2008) and best practices, improvements in the methodology of compilation, adoption of latest classification systems, expansion of the production boundary and inclusion of emerging activities, new and recent data sources. With these improvements in the national accounting system, from 2015 second quarter onwards the DCS compiled and released the annual and quarterly estimates of National Accounts from 2010 onwards using the new base year of 2010. Accordingly, this publication is prepared based on National Accounts Estimates produced for the year 2018 with the new base year of 2010.

This publication includes tables on Production Accounts prepared according to the activities on International Standard Industrial Classification of all economic activities (ISIC Rev 4), General Government Expenditure based on the Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG), and Private Consumption Expenditure based on Classification of Individual Consumption according to the purpose (COICOP).

Further, this publication consists of "Annual data series of GDP estimates from 2010 to 2018" in Production approach. In addition, GDP estimates compiled based on the Income and Expenditure approaches, are also included.

I hope that this publication would be benefitted for data users, including policy makers, economic planners of the country as well as for academicians, researchers and other data users, who are working for and interested in the economy of Sri Lanka.



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30th September 2020

Acknowledgements

The “National Accounts of Sri Lanka – 2018” report was prepared under the direction of Mrs. K.M.D.S.D. Karunaratne, Additional Director General (Statistics), of the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS) and with the guidance of Mr. H.W.M. Jayaweera, Deputy Director and Mr. W.M.A.U.B. Weerathunga, Deputy Director of the National Accounts Division.

The report was prepared by the team of officers of Mrs. I.C. Premaratne, Mr.B.A.U. Warnasiri, Mrs. U.V.R.S. Gunawardana, Mrs. S. Jeyagowry, Mr. M.A.S. Laksiri, Mr. H.K.S. Indrapriya, Mrs.W.H. Manjula, Statisticians, Mrs. Y.G.R.I. Kulathilaka, Mr. W.R.R. Premathilake, Senior Statisticians of the National Accounts Division. The team were assisted by the officers of Mr. S.T.T. Warapitiya, Mrs. T.P.G.W.K. Thennakoon, Ms. M.P.M. Priyadarshani and Mrs. K.A. Wijesekara, Ms. C.N. Balasooriya, Mrs. K.A.M.W. Kumari, Mrs. I.G.V.L. Dasanayaka, Ms. R.K. Tharanga, Mr. M.M.T. Dasanayaka, Mrs. S.N.P. Warnamali and Mrs. W.A.R. Mangalika, Statistical Officers and Mrs. S.G.P. Sandya Kumari, Development Officer and other staff of the National Accounts Division.

At this time we thankfully acknowledge the contributions provided by the staff of the DCS at different stages of compiling macroeconomic indicators of the country.

The field staff of the DCS is responsible for many statistical activities, including survey enumerations and price collections which provides data for compiling indicators, output and intermediate consumption of economic activities. Their contributions in conducting all those statistical activities are highly appreciated.

Further, we thankful all the officers of the divisions of the DCS, such as Agriculture Division, Industry, Construction, Trade and Services Division and Prices and Wages Division for their hard work in providing more accurate and timely data needed for the compilation of macroeconomic indicators.

In addition, the continued assistance given by the private and public sector organizations through furnishing primary data to compile these estimations and make this annual publication a success is very much appreciated.

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Chapter 1 : ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE – 2018

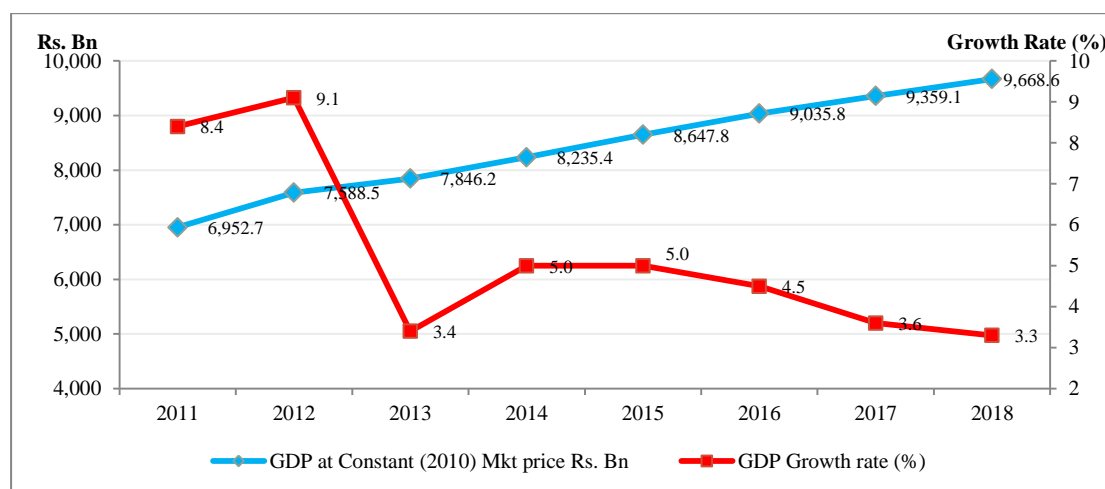
OVERVIEW

The economic growth rate in the country for the year 2018, further grew by 3.3 percent, compared to the 3.6 percent growth reported in the previous year. The estimated annual Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at constant price (2010) for Sri Lanka for the year 2018 (January to December) reportedly reached up to Rs.9,668,600 million. In 2017, the annual GDP value at constant price (2010) was reported as Rs.9,359,147 million.

Figure 1.1 clearly shows the continuous expansion of Sri Lanka economy based on

the annual GDP estimates at constant (2010) prices, by the upward trend pattern during the period of 2011 to 2018. When look at the economic growth rate of the country in the past five years, showed an increase from 3.4 percent to 5.0 percent in 2013 to 2014 and continued as 5.0 percent in 2015. Thereafter, the economy has grown at a slower phase and the growth rates were recorded as 4.5 percent, 3.6 percent and 3.3 percent in 2016, 2017 and 2018 respectively (Figure 1.1).

FIGURE 1.1 : ANNUAL TRENDS IN THE GDP, 2011-2018



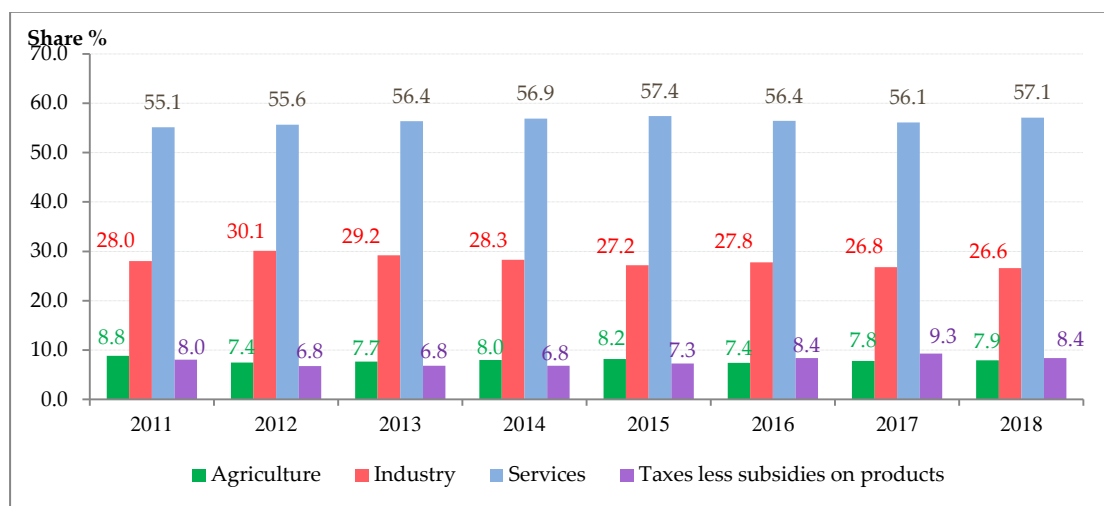
With the new National Accounting framework, (New Base year =2010), the composition of the GDP was changed as Agriculture, Industry, Services and Taxes less subsidies on products. This is due to the adjustment of 'Taxes less subsidies on products' to the total Gross Value Added to derive Gross Domestic Product at market price. The value added of the each economic activity is derived by deducting intermediate consumption from the gross

output value. Generally the, intermediate consumption is estimated at purchaser's price, the output of the economic activities is estimated at basic price. Consequently the value added is reported at basic price. In theoretical point of view, the GDP of an economy should be valued only at market price. Therefore to calculate the Gross Domestic Product at market price, the taxes should be added up to the gross value added of the total economy and then the

subsidies should be deducted. Accordingly, in the new series of national accounts, the Gross Domestic Product of the economy has

been derived by adjusting the 'taxes less subsidies on products' to the total Gross Value Added.

FIGURE 1.2 : CONTRIBUTION OF AGRICULTURE, INDUSTRY, SERVICES & TAXES LESS SUBSIDIES ON PRODUCTS TO THE GDP AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE

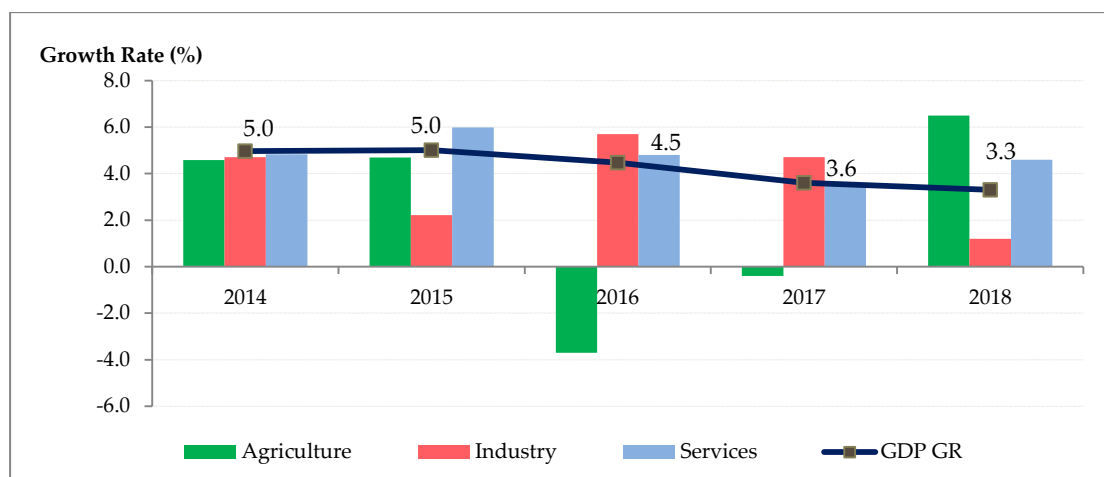


In the year 2018, the four major components of the economy: Agriculture, Industry, Services and Taxes less subsidies has contributed their share to the total GDP at current price (2010) by 7.9 percent, 26.6 percent, 57.1 percent and 8.4 percent respectively. The 50 percent of the economy is shouldered by the Service sector while Industrial and Agricultural sectors trailing behind. This pattern is more or less similar throughout the period of 2011-2018 (Figure 1.2).

The Figure 1.3 shows the growth rates of major economic activities and the trend in annual GDP growth rates of Sri Lanka

over the last five years. In 2018, healthy expansions were recorded for most of the agricultural activities which reported an overall growth rate of 6.5 percent when compared to the slight negative growth rate of 0.4 percent recorded in 2017. The Contraction of construction activities and mining activities has slowed the growth of Industry sector and restricted to 1.2 percent growth rate compared to 4.7 percent of growth rate recorded in 2017. The Service sector grew further by 4.6 percent in 2018. The overall GDP growth rate was reported as 3.3 percent in 2018, compared to 3.6 percent in 2017.

FIGURE 1.3 : ANNUAL GROWTH RATES OF AGRICULTURE, INDUSTRY, SERVICES 2014-2018



CONTRIBUTION FROM THE INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS TO THE GVA

The Gross Value added (GVA) is comprised by contribution of five institutional sectors: Non-financial corporations (NFC), Financial Corporations (FC), General Government (GG), Households (HH) and Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (NPISH). The National Accounting framework of Sri Lanka based by four categories where Households and Non-profit institutions serving households are considered together as a one sector.

When consider the Institutional Sectors contribution to the total GVA, at national level, the half of the GVA is shared by the Household and NPISH sector. (Figure 1.4). Around 35.0 percent is shared by the NFC sector. The General Government and Financial Corporation sectors shared relatively low percentages of one tenth and one twentieth of the total GVA.

FIGURE 1.4 : PERCENTAGE SHARE OF INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS TO THE GVA AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE -2018

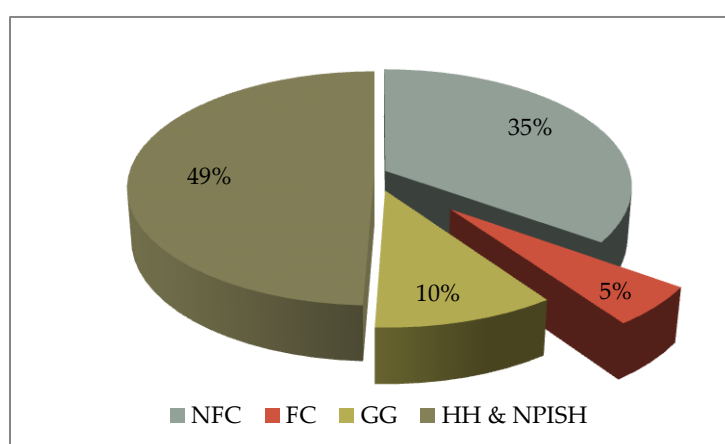
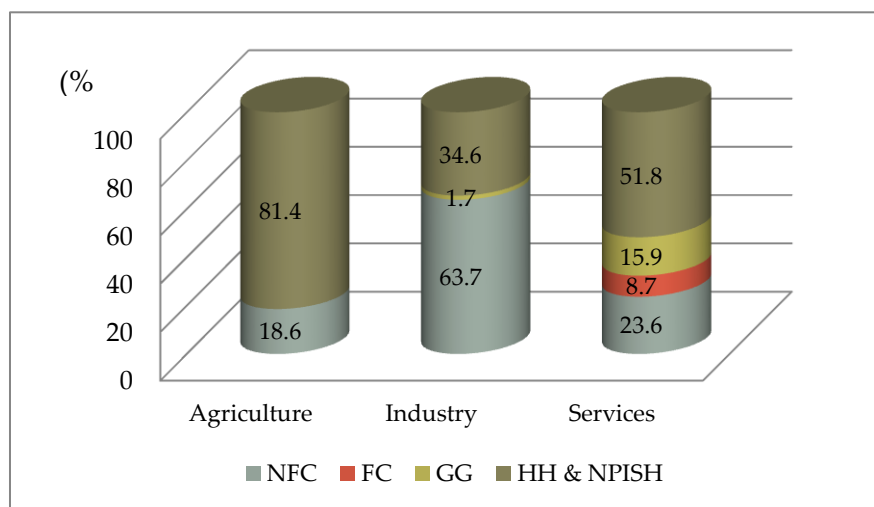


FIGURE 1.5: PERCENTAGE SHARE OF INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS TO THE GVA BY MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES AT CURRENT MARKET PRICE -2018



When consider the Institutional Sectors contribution, to the major economic activities, (Figure 1.5) the agricultural activities has mainly driven by HH and NFC sectors. The major portion of 81.4 percent has contributed by HH sector while the rest has been contributed by the NFC sector. Sixty four percent of industrial activities has driven by the NFC sector, while 35 percent has contributed by Household /NPISH sector.

The General Government sector contribution to the Industry sector has been very low (1.7 percent). All four sectors of the economy have given their contributions to generate the gross value added of the services activities. The HH /NPISH sector contributed 51.8 percent to the total GVA of services activities while the rest have shared by the NFC, GG and FC sectors.

OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY (MARKET OUTPUT/NON MARKET OUTPUT/ OWN USE)

Total output of the economy is comprised by Market output, Non market output and Output of own final use. The total output of year 2018 is reported as Rs. 14,948 billion at constant (2010). Out of this, 90.0 percent is represented by the market output and 6.0 percent and 4.0 percent are estimated as non-market output and own final use respectively.

FIGURE 1.6: PERCENTAGE SHARE OF OUTPUT TYPES 2018

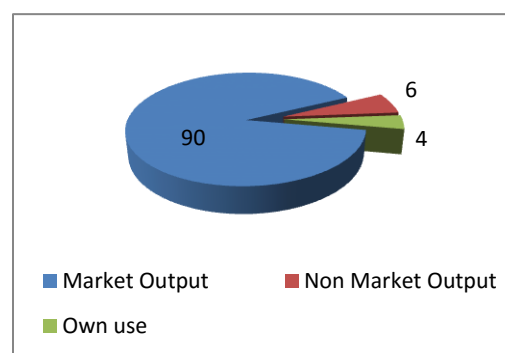
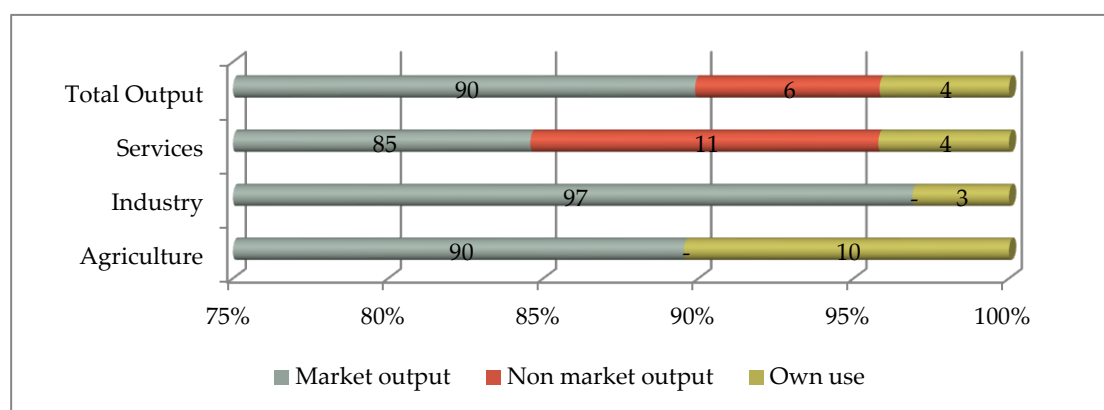


FIGURE 1.7 : OUTPUT GENERATION BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY – 2018



The market output is mainly generated by Non Financial Corporations, Financial Corporations and major part of the Households. Private Education and Private health are also considered as “Market Output”. The non-market output basically comes through the General Government including Health and Education provided by the GG. The major portion of ‘Output of own final use’ goes to the own consumption of household’s and slight portion goes to the own consumption of NFC’s.

Total Agriculture and Industry outputs consisted with “Market Output” and “Output of own final use” only. The Service output involved with all three categories including “Non market output” also. In agricultural activities, 90 percent of the output is produced as a market output and 10.0 percent of the output is used for own consumption.

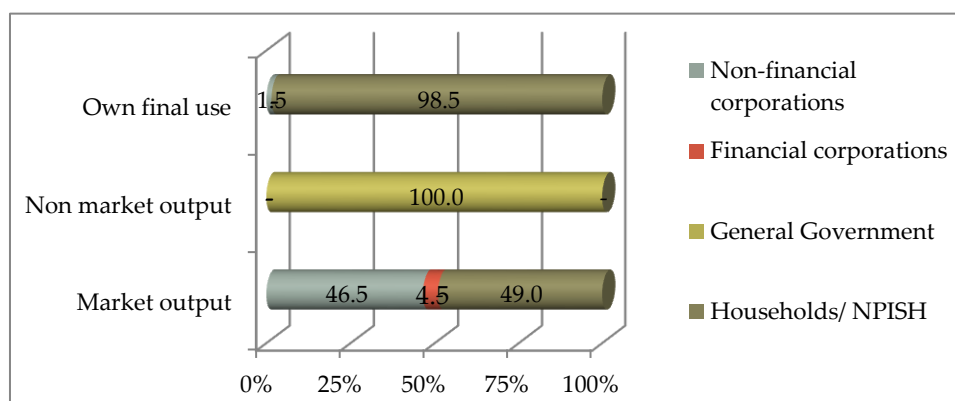
OUTPUT BY INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS

The contribution of the institutional sectors to the total output in each category of the economy is clearly showing in Figure 1.8. The market output is generated mainly through NFC, FC and HH/NPISH sectors by 46.5 percent, 4.5 percent and 49 percent respectively. Hundred percent of the output

In service activities, 85 percent produced for the market output, 11 percent produced for non-market output and 4 percent produced for own consumption. Out of this 11 percent of non market output, 8 percent is produced from the General Government.

The contribution of the institutional sectors to the total output in each category of the economy is clearly showing in Figure 1.7. The market output is generated mainly through NFC, FC and HH/NPISH sectors by 46 percent, 4 percent and 50 percent respectively. Hundred percent of the output of Financial corporations contributed to the Market output. Non market output is totally driven by the General Government sector. In ‘Own final use’, 98.5 percent is generated by Households and remained 1.5 percent provided by NFCs.

of Financial corporations contributed to the Market output. Non market output is totally driven by the General Government sector. In ‘Own final use’, 98.5 percent is generated by Households and remained 1.5 percent provided by NFCs.

FIGURE 1.8 : OUTPUT BY INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS AT CURRENT PRICE -2018


GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR

The GDP implicit price deflator which measures the price change in the economy with respect to a specific base year (2010=100), increased to 148.6 in year 2018 from 142.4 recorded in year 2017, indicating 4.3 percent of inflation rate for the year 2018.

According to the Colombo Consumer Price Index (CCPI) (2013 = 100), it has increased to 124.2 in year 2018, from 119.0 recorded in the year 2017, indicating a 4.3 percent of inflation rate.

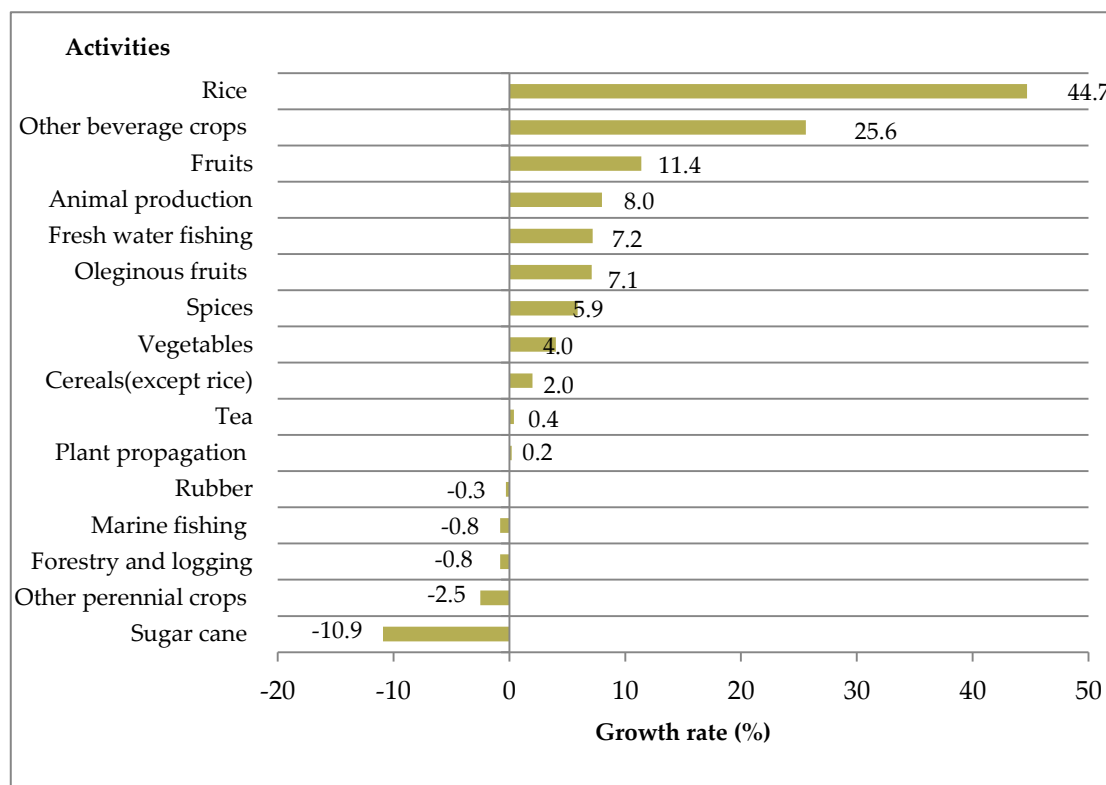
PERFORMANCE OF MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES IN 2018

AGRICULTURE ACTIVITIES

The year 2018 is a very favourable year for Agriculture activities and reported an expansion of 6.5 percent compared to 0.4 percent contraction reported by 2017. In 2018, the share of the 'Agriculture, forestry and fishing' has increased up- to 7.9 percent of the total GDP at current price. The highest share of 1.1 percent was reported by 'Marine fishing and marine aquaculture' activity. The main items including rice, coconut, tea, animal production, vegetables , fruits and forestry and logging have contributed by 0.7-0.9 percent to the GDP in 2018.

Annual growth rates of agricultural sub activities are shown in Figure 1.9. The sub activities of 'Growing of rice'(44.7 percent), 'Growing of other beverage crops'(25.6 percent), 'Growing of fruits'(11.4 percent) reported an outstanding growth rates when

compared to 2017. 'Animal production', 'Fresh water fishing', 'Growing of oleaginous fruits including coconut', 'Growing of spices', 'Growing of vegetables' have reported considerable growth rates of 8.0 percent, 7.2 percent, 7.1 percent, 5.9 percent, 4.0 percent respectively, compared to 2017. 'Growing of other cereals', 'Growing of tea' and 'Plant Propagation and Supportive services to agriculture' also have expanded by 2.0 percent, 0.4 percent and 0.2 percent respectively. The activities that recorded contractions are 'Growing of rubber'(0.3 percent), 'Marine Fishing'(0.8 percent), 'Forestry and logging'(0.8 percent), 'Growing of other perennial crops'(2.5 percent) and 'Growing of sugarcane ,tobacco and other non perennial crops'(10.9 percent).

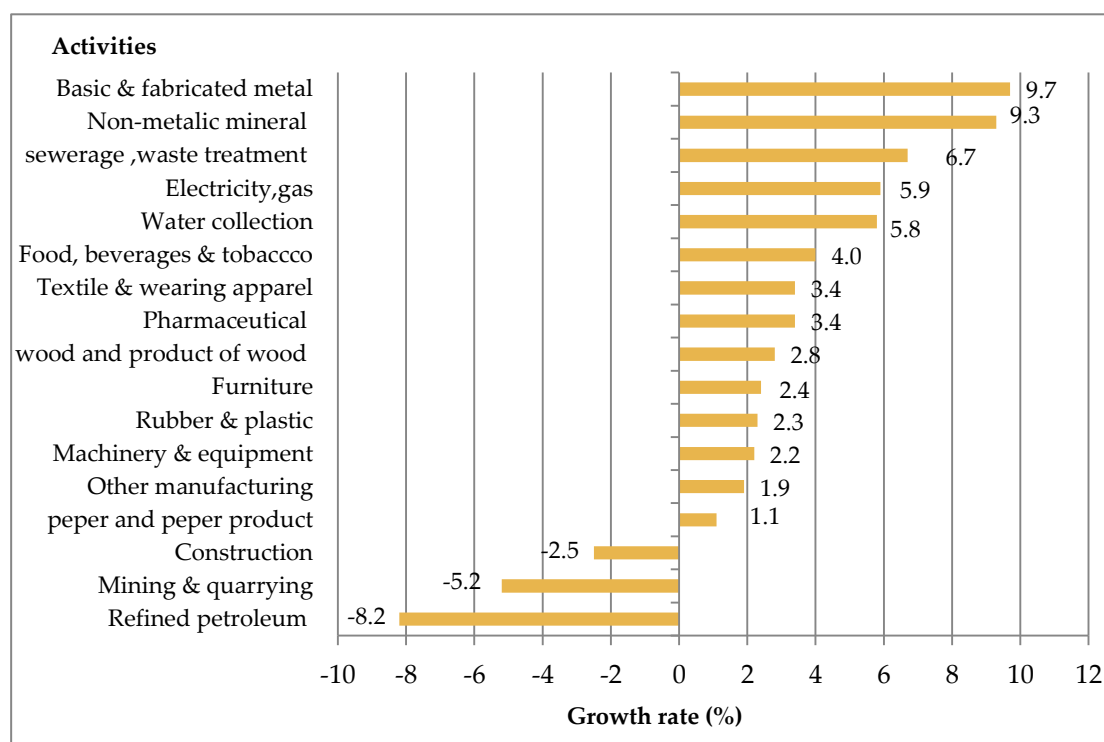
FIGURE 1.9 : AGRICULTURE - GROWTH RATES BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY (2018)


INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES

The Industry sector, is the second largest contributor of the economy which shared 26.6 percent of total GDP in 2018. The industry sector has further expanded at slower phase by 1.2 percent in 2018, compared to healthy growth rate of 4.7 percent in 2017.

Overall manufacture activities have reported an expansion of 3.6 percent in 2018. The second and third highest shareholders of the industry sector

'Manufacture of food beverages and tobacco products' and 'Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparals and leather products' have showed considerable expansions of 4.0 percent and 3.4 percent respectively in 2018. The sub activities of 'Manufacture of Other non metallic mineral products' and 'Manufacture of Basic metals and fabricated metals' have expanded strikingly further by 9.3 percent and 9.7 percent respectively.

FIGURE 1.10 : INDUSTRY - GROWTH RATES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY FOR 2018


The 'Construction' activity, which is the highest shareholder of industry sector shared 7.3 percent of GDP in 2018 recorded a considerable contraction of 2.5percent along with 'Mining and quarrying' activity which reported a contraction by 5.2 percent. In 2017 both these activities recorded substantial growth rates of 4.4 percent and 9.3 percent respectively.

Similar to 2017, in 2018 also, 'Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum' reported the highest contraction in industrial activities which recorded a contraction by 8.2 percent.

The 'Electricity' and 'Water collection and treatments' activities showed further increases by 5.9 percent, 5.8 percent respectively in 2018 compared to 2017.

SERVICES ACTIVITIES

The Service activity, which shared more than 50 percent of GDP, has healthily expanded by 4.6 percent in 2018 compared

to the year 2017 which recorded an expansion of 3.6 percent.

The 'Wholesale and retail trade', 'Transportation of goods and passengers including ware houses' and 'Other Personal services' have shared 10.7 percent, 11.4 percent and 9.6 percent of GDP have recorded further expansions of 4.7 percent, 2.1 percent and 2.7 percent respectively in 2018 compared to 2017. The 'Wholesale and retail trade' is one of the largest economic activity which generated a considerable amount of value addition to the economy, has expanded continuously over the last few years. The wholesale and retail trade activity considers the valued addition created through the domestic trading activities.

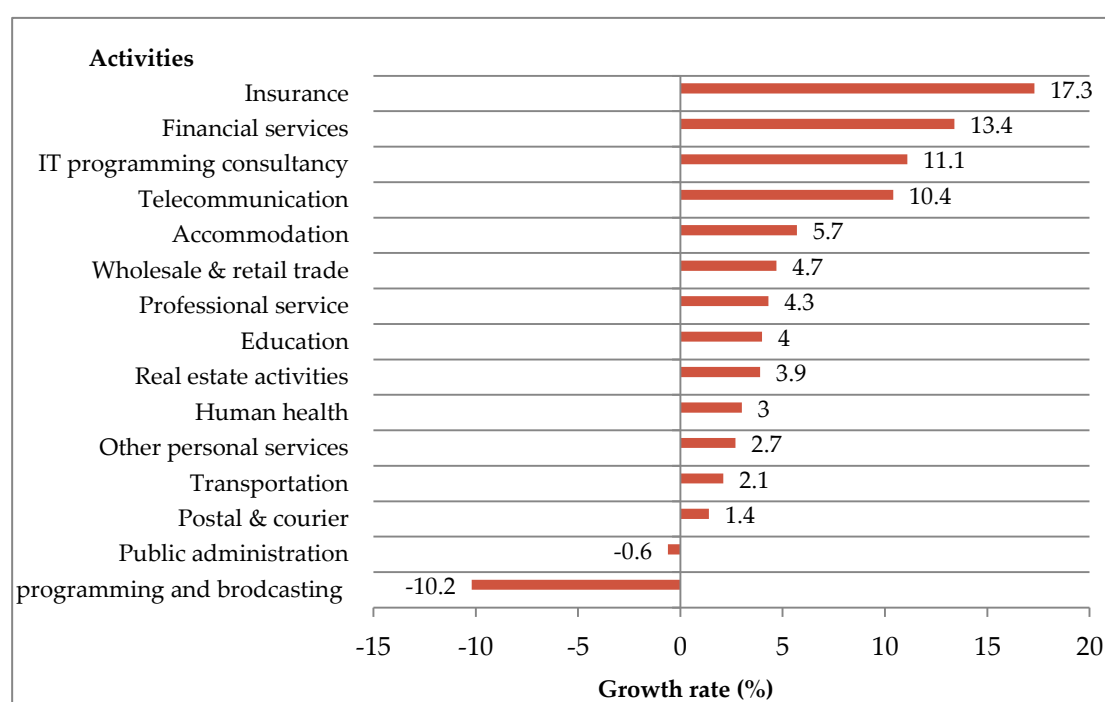
According to the Balance of Payment Statistics of Central Bank of Sri Lanka, the annual total import expenditure for the year 2018 has increased up to to Rs. 3,606,643.7 million from Rs 3,198,572.2 million recorded

in year 2017, indicating an increase of 12.8 percent annual growth. According to the trade indices, the import volume index of consumer goods has increased by 9.6 percent, during the year 2018. In addition, the total trading output value of Agriculture, forestry and fishing activity has increased by 5.9 percent in year 2018 when compared to the year 2017. The total trading output value of Industrial activities has

increased up to Rs. 904,416 million in year 2018 from Rs.835,875 million in year 2017 indicating an increase of 8.2 percent.

Outstanding growth rates of 17.3 percent, 13.4 percent, 11.1 percent and 10.4 percent were recorded for 'Insurance, reinsurance and pension fundings', 'Financial service activities', 'IT programming consultancy and related activities' and 'Telecommunication services' in 2018 compared to 2017.

FIGURE 1.11 : SERVICES - GROWTH RATES OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY FOR 2018



'Accommodation and food and beverage serving' activity grew by 5.7 percent in this year compared to 2017. 'Real estate activities', 'Professional services', 'Education' and 'Health' also have expanded favourably in 2018 compared to 2017

Only two activities has reported contractions in the service sector in 2018 compared to the previous year of 2017, the service of 'programming and broadcasting by 10.2 percent and 'public administration' by 0.6 percent.

Chapter 2 : DETAILED REVIEW OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES

In this chapter the performances of economic activities in Agriculture, Industry and Service sectors in year 2018 are broadly discussed. Mostly, they are compared with 2017 annual data. In many data tables the base year (2010) values are also included for the reference.

Overall Agricultural activities has added Rs 683,816 million to the Sri Lankan Economy in 2018, reporting expansion of 6.5 percent compared to the contraction of 0.4 percent recorded in 2017. The expansion of several agricultural activities in year 2018 has been the main reason for this expansion .

Among them, the sub activity of 'Growing of rice' has increased substantially by 44.7 percent during the year 2018 compared to 7.1 percent decreased reported in 2017. 'Growing of oleaginous fruits, including coconut' has reported an expansion by 7.1 percent in 2018, favorable weather condition throughout the coconut growing areas caused for this increase.. Also Growing of fruits, 'Growing of other beverage crops' have increased by 11.4 percent, 25.6 percent respectively in 2018. 'Animal production', 'Fresh water fishing', 'Growing of vegetable' have increased by 8.0 percent, 7.2 percent' 4.0 percent. But several major agriculture activities reported moderate increase in year 2018. Growing of Tea has increased by 0.4 percent compared to 4.5 percent increase in 2017.

Meanwhile several major agriculture activities have shown contractions in 2018 compared to 2017. 'Growing of rubber', 'Forestry and logging', 'marine fishing and marine aquaculture' declined 0.3 percent, 0.8 percent and 0.8 percent respectively in 2018

compared to 2017. The growth rates of 'Growing of other non perennial crops including sugar cane and tobacco', Growing of other perennial crops have declined substantially by 10.9 percent, 2.5 percent respectively in year 2018.

Ninety percent of the total output of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing sector is produced for the market and 10 percent is used the 'own use'. Only 'Growing of rice', 'Growing of coconut' activities reported 20 percent of the output used for own use, and 'Forestry and logging' activity reported more than 30 percent. Generally 80 percent of the gross value added of agricultural activities comes through the household sector. However 35 percent and 60 percent of value additions of 'Growing of tea' and 'Animal production' come through the NFCs .

The industrial activities have expanded further by 1.2 percent in 2018 compared to 2017. The total contribution of Industry activities to the GDP is recorded as Rs. 2,54,0315 million. During the year of 2018, the manufacturing activities alone has contributed Rs.1,512,800 million to the total GDP, indicating a growth of 3.6 percent compared to 2017.

Among the manufacturing activities, 'Manufacture of basic metal and fabricated metal products' 'Manufacture of other non metallic mineral products' reported an outstanding growth rates of 9.7 percent, 9.3 percent respectively.

Also, 'Manufacture of food, beverages and tobacco products' which is the highest contributor of manufacturing sector, has recorded an expansion of 4.0 percent in year

2018. Similarly 'Manufacture of textile, wearing apparel and leather relat', 'Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products', 'Manufacture of wood and of products of wood' showed expansion of 3.4 percent, 3.4 percent and 2.8 percent respectively compared to the growth rates of 5.2 percent and 3.8 percent and 0.2 respectively recorded in 2017. However, Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products' has recorded a contraction of 8.2 percent in year 2018.

The 'Construction' activity, the highest shareholder of industrial activities, has declined by 2.5 percent in 2018 The sub activity of 'Mining and quarrying' also has declined by 5.2 percent in 2018 compared to the high growth rates of 4.4 percent, 9.3 percent recorded in 2017.

The value added of 'Electricity', 'Water collection, treatment and supply' and 'Sewerage, waste, treatment and disposal activities' also have expanded by 5.9 percent, 5.8 percent and 6.7 percent respectively over the period of 2018.

PERFORMANCE OF AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

GROWING OF CEREALS

In year 2018, the activity of "Growing of Cereals" has contributed Rs. 11,736 million to the gross domestic product at constant (2010) market prices of the country. Production of 'Maize' contributed the highest proportions of 81% out of the total cereal production. The growth rate of this

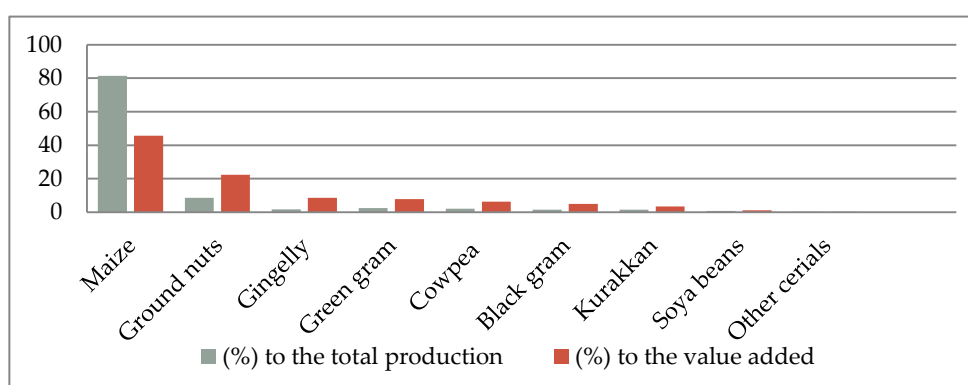
The service activities have contributed Rs. 5,555,303 million to the total GDP in 2018. All the service activities except 'Programming and broadcasting activities, 'Public administration and defense' have expanded during 2018 which make an overall increase of 4.6 percent when compared to the year 2017.

The outstanding performances were reported by 'Insurance', 'Financial service activities', 'IT programming consultancy and related activities, 'Telecommunication' which grew by 17.3 percent 13.4 percent, 11.1 percent and 10.4 percent respectively in 2018 when compared to 2017. The other main activities underpinned the service sector are 'Accommodation', 'Professional services' Education, 'Real estate' which reported significant growth rates of 5.7 percent, 4.3 percent, 4.0 percent, 3.9 percent respectively compared to previous year. The highest contributors to the service sector, the 'Whole sale and retail trade' and 'Transportation of goods and passengers including warehouses' have recorded expansions of 4.7 percent and 2.1 percent respectively.

activity showed a heavy decline by 12.6 percent in 2017, but it has increased by 2.0 percent in 2018. Percentage change in GDP implicit price deflator which indicates the impact of price effect on the activity has also reported a 10.4 representing a significant increase of prices in 2018.

TABLE 2.1: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF CEREALS' (2010, 2017 AND 2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	10,548	18,242	20,554
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	10,548	11,503	11,736
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.2	0.1	0.1
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-12.6	2.0
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	26.4	10.4
@ Revised			

FIGURE 2.1: COMPARISON OF PERCENTAGE PRODUCTION AND THE VALUE ADDITION OF CEREALS – 2018


GROWING OF RICE

Rice is the staple food in the country. It's a non-perennial crop, growing in all districts of the country. Rice is regarded as a seasonal crop based on North-East and South-West monsoon rains. The share of 'Growing of rice' has been increased to 0.9

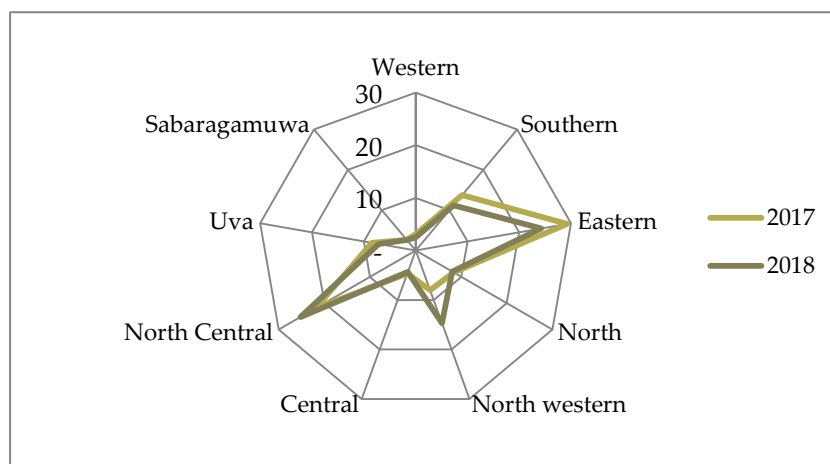
percent to the total GDP in 2018. The value added of 'Growing of Rice' has reported an increase of 44.7 percent in the year 2018 compared to 7.1 percent decrease reported in 2017 (Table 2.2).

TABLE 2.2 : MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF RICE' (2010, 2017 AND 2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	60,086	88,565	132,726
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs.	60,086	48,648	70,380
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.9	0.7	0.9
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-7.1	44.7
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	31.0	3.6
@ Revised			

Figure 2.2 shows the comparison of paddy production by province in 2017 and 2018. North-Western and North-Central provinces reported an expansion of 164 percent and 66 percent of paddy production in 2018 compared to 2017. The highest paddy production in 2018 is reported from the North-Central Province of Sri Lanka.

FIGURE 2.2: PADDY PRODUCTION BY PROVINCE IN 2017 AND 2018



GROWING OF VEGETABLES

The gross value added of 'Growing of vegetables' contributed 0.7 percent of the GDP in 2018. The gross value added of growing of vegetable recorded a 4.0 percent increase in 2018 compared to 5.3 percent decrease reported in 2017. This activity added Rs. 57,439 million to the total GDP in real terms in 2018 (Table 2.3).

According to the quantity produced in 2018, the five main vegetable items reported were Manioc, Green leaves (mugunuwenna and gotukola collectively), Brinjals, Cabbage and Red pumpking.

TABLE 2.3: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF VEGETABLES' (2010, 2017 AND 2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	47,704	100,037	102,002
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	47,704	55,240	57,439
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.7	0.8	0.7
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price		-5.3	4.0
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		23.1	-1.9
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GROWING OF OLEAGINOUS FRUITS

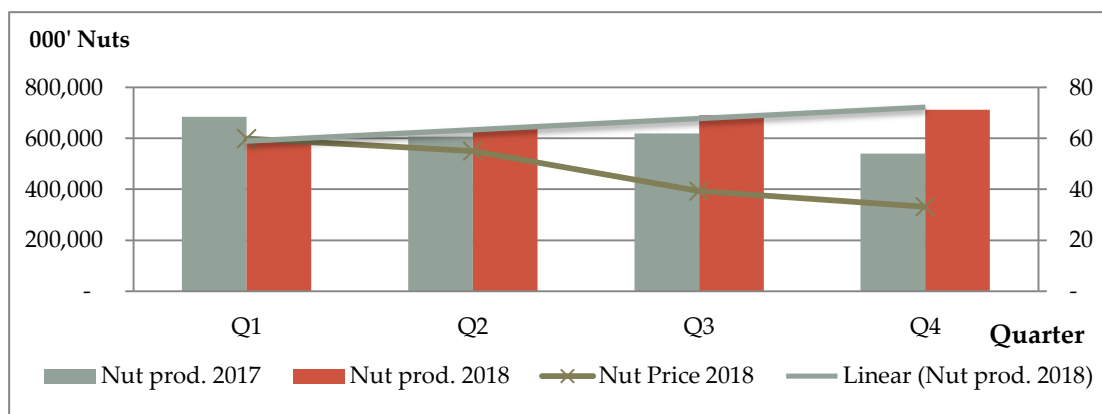
The activity of “Growing of oleaginous fruits” mainly consists of growing of coconut. The gross value added to the GDP in this activity increased from Rs.53,773 million reported in 2017 to Rs.57,577 million in 2018, recording a increase of 7.1 percent. The percentage share of this activity to the GDP in 2018 remained at 0.8 percent compared to 2017

(Table 2.4). Total coconut production of the country has gradually increased from the first quarter to the fourth quarter of 2018 and reported an incline of 173,570 thousand nuts in year 2018, compared to year 2017. The favorable weather conditions prevailed throughout the coconut growing areas has become the main factor contributed for this increase.

TABLE 2.4: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF ‘GROWING OF OLEAGINOUS FRUITS’ (2010,2017,2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	60,231	103,773	110,736
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	60,231	53,773	57,577
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.9	0.8	0.8
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price		-19.7	7.1
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		70.5	-0.3
@ Revised			

FIGURE 2.3: COCONUT PRODUCTION AND PRICE CHANGES WITHIN THE QUARTERS OF 2017-2018



GROWING OF TEA

The growth rate of ‘Growing of Tea’ has increased by 0.4 percent in year 2018 compared to 2017. The favorable weather conditions prevailed throughout the tea growing areas was the main reason for this increase. The gross value added at

constant (2010) market prices was estimated as Rs. 67,141 million in 2018. GDP implicit price deflator showed a 7.4 percent decrease compared to 2017 (Table 2.5).

TABLE 2.5: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF TEA (2010, 2017 AND 2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	72,208	116,548	108,290
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	72,208	66,879	67,141
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	1.1	0.9	0.8
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	4.5	0.4
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	35.7	-7.4
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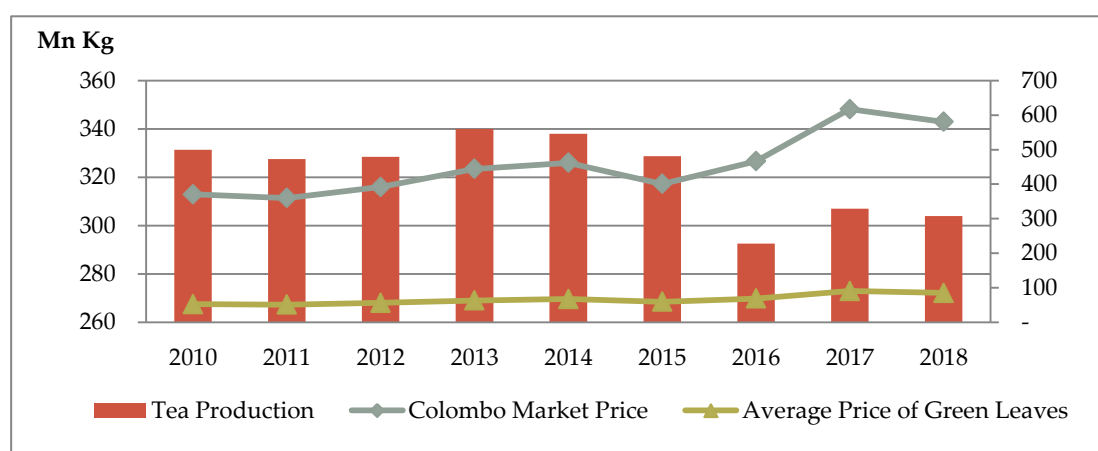
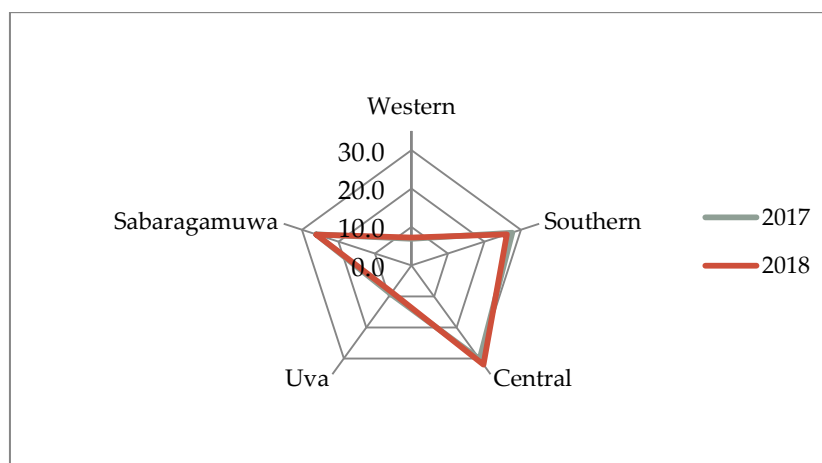
FIGURE 2.4: ANNUAL TEA PRODUCTION AND PRICES (2010 -2018)


Figure 2.4 shows that the average tea price of one kilogram of Tea at Colombo Tea Auction in 2018 has decreased to Rs.580.71 from Rs. Rs.617.17 as reported in 2017 indicating 5.9 percent price decrease in 2018. In 2018, only 282 million kilograms of tea has been exported and it was registered as a decrease of 2.3 percent. In year 2018 except

Western and Central provinces, Southern, Uva and Sabaragamuwa provinces reported a decrease in tea leaves production (Figure 2.5). Central province which is the main tea producing province in Sri Lanka, reported 4.6 percent increase in 2018 compared to 2017.

FIGURE 2.5: COMPARISON OF TEA PRODUCTION BY PROVINCE IN 2017 AND 2018


GROWING OF RUBBER

In year 2018, the activity of 'Growing of Rubber' has contributed Rs. 24,085 million to the gross domestic product of the country, which denote a decrease of 0.3 percent compared to the year 2017. According to Table 2.6 percentage change

in GDP implicit price deflator has reported a positive value of 14.5 in 2018. The contribution to the GDP by this activity has lowered from 0.7 percent in 2010 to 0.2 percent in 2018.

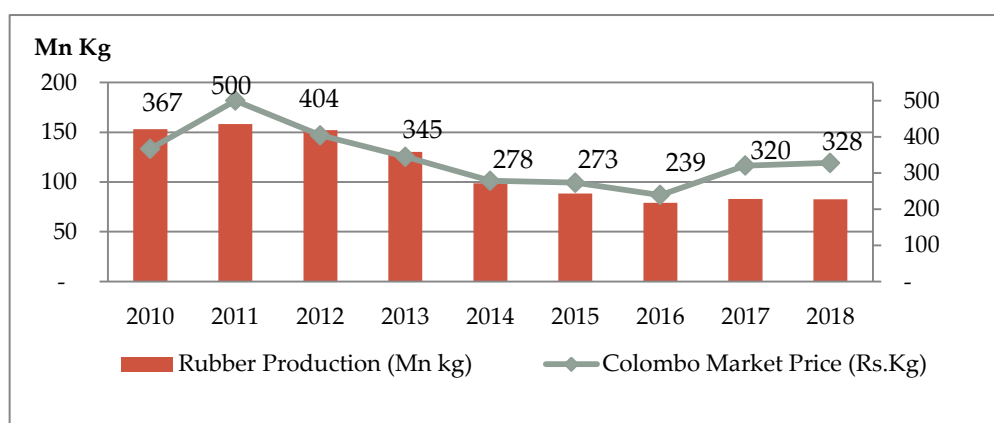
TABLE 2.6: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'GROWING OF RUBBER'(2010,2017 AND 2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	44,411	18,962	21,643
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price(Rs. Mn)	44,411	24,165	24,085
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.7	0.1	0.2
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	4.9	-0.3
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	68.6	14.5

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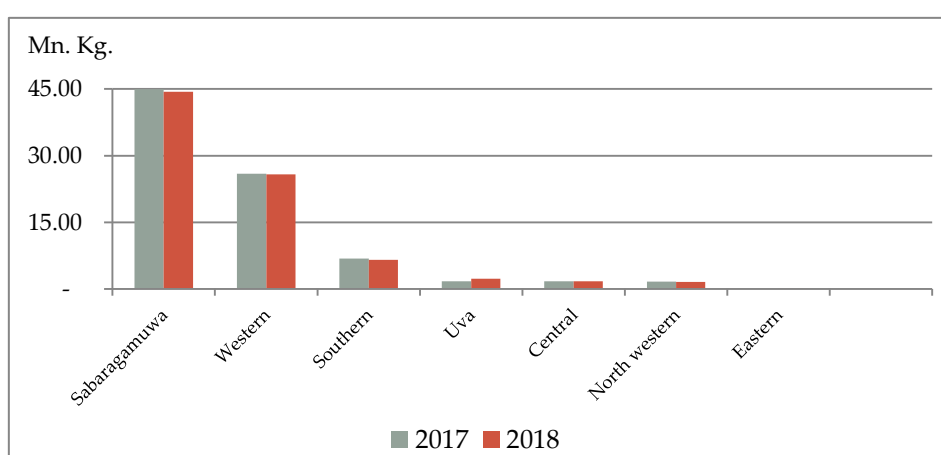
Figure 2.6 shows the changes in production and prices of Rubber in the country from 2010-2018. It clearly depicts the gradual contraction of production and the prices within 2010-2016. In 2018 the rubber production of the country recorded

a slight decrease by 0.6 percent and prices reported an increased by 2.4 percent locally. In 2018 the average price for one kilogram of rubber at the global market reported an increase by 5.9 percent compared to the year 2018.

FIGURE 2.6 : RUBBER PRODUCTION AND PRICE (CHANGE) (2010 -2018)


Rubber grows in seven provinces out of nine in Sri Lanka and ‘Sabaragamuwa’ is the main province trailed by Western province. The rubber production in

Sabaragamuwa province reported a decrease by 1.2 percent in 2018 compared to 2017.(Figure 2.7)

FIGURE 2.7 : COMPARISON OF RUBBER PRODUCTION BY PROVINCE (2017 AND 2018)


GROWING OF OTHER PERENNIAL CROPS

The ‘Growing of other perennial crops’ shrank by 2.5 percent during 2018 compared to 2017, contributing Rs.16,303 million to the total GDP at constant market price compared to the recorded value added of Rs.16,717 million in 2017 (Table 2.7). This activity consisted with six main perennial crops: ‘Growing of betel’, ‘Growing of areca-nut’, ‘Raising of palmyra tubers from seeds’, ‘Toddy tapping’, ‘Growing of jak fruit, and

‘Growing of bread fruit’. All these activities belonged to household sector and 98% of them produce for the market.

TABLE 2.7 : MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'OTHER PERENNIAL CROPS' (2010, 2017 AND 2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	14,496	24,165	24,323
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs.Mn)	14,496	16,717	16,303
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.2	0.2	0.2
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	1.4	-2.5
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	-7.2	3.2
@ Revised			

The composition of the sub activities to the current value added of 2018 was given in Figure 2.8. Out of these six sub categories, the highest contribution of 49 percent was provided from toddy tapping activity. Toddy tapping activity included three sub categories as coconut toddy, civil toddy and Palmyra toddy tapping. Even though the coconut production has reported an expansion, the coconut toddy production has decreased by 22 percent in 2018, compared to 2017.

The weather conditions prevailed in 2018, slightly affected on some perennial crops especially jak fruit and bread fruit productions. The betel production has expanded by 3.4 percent in 2018 compared to 2017. The main reason reported is, the satisfactory climatic conditions prevailed in Kurunegala, Gampaha, Kegalle and Kaluthara districts. The average price for thousand leaves of betel has increased by 5 percent compared to year 2017. Figure 2.9 indicates the changes in Production and prices in betel from 2010 to 2018.

FIGURE 2.8 : COMPOSITION OF THE SUB ACTIVITIES TO THE CURRENT VALUE ADDED OF GROWING OF OTHER PERENNIAL CROPS IN 2018

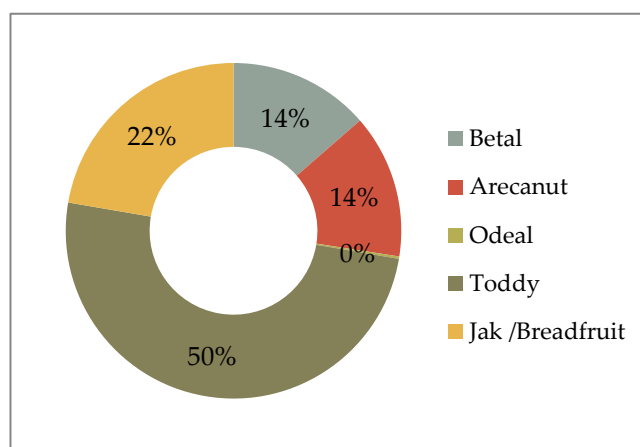
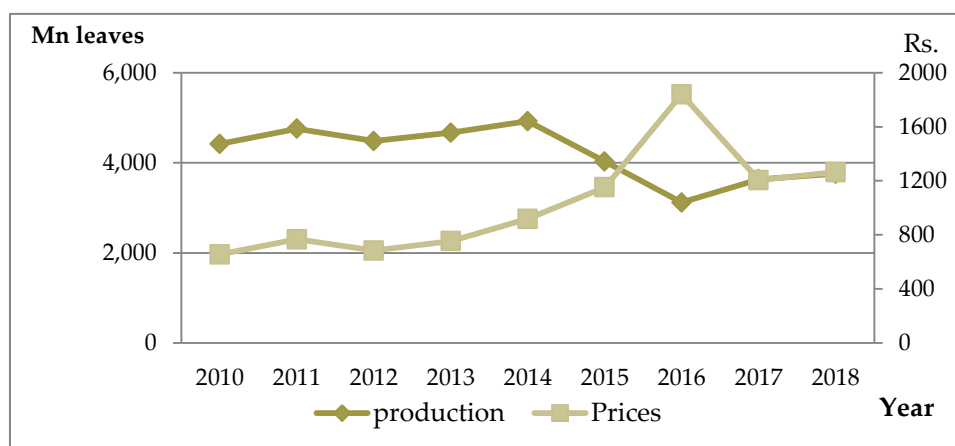


FIGURE 2.9 : PRICE CHANGE AND PRODUCTION CHANGE IN BETAL (2010-2018)


ANIMAL PRODUCTION

The activity of “Animal Production” comprises with three sub sections viz. Rearing animals for meat, Milk production and Eggs production. Rearing animals covered cattle, goats, swine and poultry farming. In 2018, the animal production

activity further grew by 8.0 percent in real terms compared to the year 2017 and added Rs. 63,418 million to the total GDP, representing a share of 0.9 percent at current market price (Table 2.8).

TABLE 2.8: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF ‘ANIMAL PRODUCTION’ (2010, 2017 & 2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	27,230	103,728	123,174
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	27,230	58,729	63,418
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.4	0.8	0.9
Percentage Growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price		5.6	8.0
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		6.2	10.0
@ Revised			

TABLE 2.9: COMPARISON OF PRODUCER PRICES IN ANIMAL PRODUCTION IN 2010, 2017 AND 2018

Item	Unit	2010	2017	2018@	Price Change (%) (2017-2018)
Cow	Rs./Animal	32,509	52,703	65,377	24.0
Goat	Rs./Animal	7,766	17,834	18,372	3.02
Swine	Rs./Animal	9,914	23,288	22,821	-2.00
Poultry	Rs./Animal	333	488	528	8.26
Eggs	Rs. /Egg	13.1	12.98	14.75	13.68
Milk	Rs./Liter	36.7	77.41	75.01	-3.10
@ Revised					

Table 2.9 shows the producer prices of each item in 2010, 2017 and 2018 and the price change between 2017 and 2018. Price of a cow has increased by Rs.32,868 from 2010 to 2018. The price change of a cow between the two consecutive years, 2017 and 2018 is around 24 percent. In 2018, the average price change of an egg has increased by 13.7 percent compared to year 2017. The producer price of one liter of milk in 2010 has almost doubled in 2018. The pattern of milk production and eggs production of the country in the period of 2010-2018 is given in Figure 2.10. These two industries have shown a gradual increase within the period of

2010-2018. When compared to 2017, in year 2018 milk production of the country has expanded by 19.03 percent.

Figure 2.11 shows the share of sub activities of 'Animal Production' in 2018. Almost fifty percent of the current value added of this activity is shouldered by poultry industry. Poultry industry reported an increase of 6.6 percent during 2018 when compared to 2017. It is interesting to note that cattle slaughtering has reduced by 5.7 percent during the period of 2017-2018. Milk and Eggs production together shoulder 33 percent of the value added of animal production activity (Figure 2.11)

FIGURE 2.10 : MILK AND EGGS PRODUCTION (2010-2018)

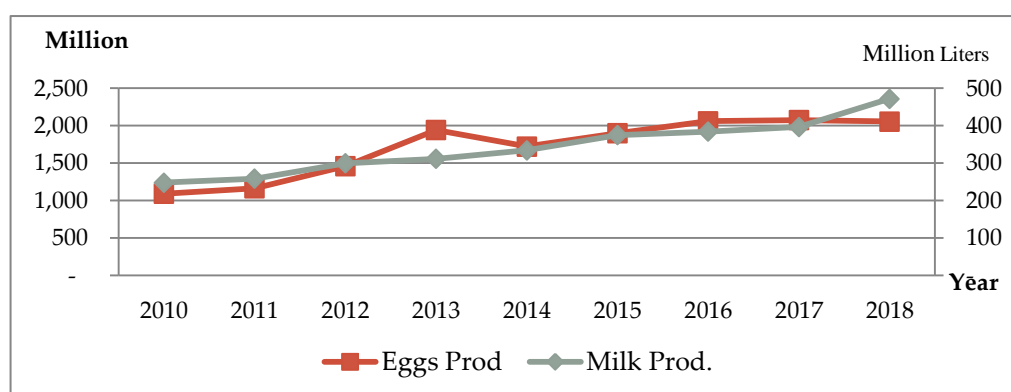
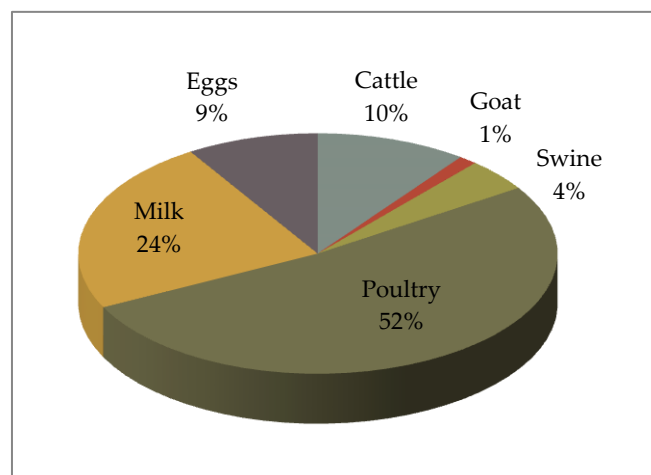


FIGURE 2.11 : SHARE OF SUB ACTIVITIES OF ANIMAL PRODUCTION TO THE GDP IN 2018



PLANT PROPAGATION AND SUPPORT SERVICES TO THE AGRICULTURE

The activity of 'Plant propagation' and activity of 'Support services to the agriculture' jointly added Rs.13,963 million and Rs.9,258 million to the GDP in nominal and real terms respectively in year 2017 (Table 2.10). Both these activities together reported a slight increase of 0.2 percent in 2018 compared to 2017. The activity of "Plant propagation" mainly includes the sapling production of Coconut, Rubber, Tea, Fruits, Flowers and main Minor Export Crops: Cinnamon and Pepper that used for propagation activities

in the country. Large amount of plant saplings were produced from respective government nurseries have been used for many government projects. Compared to year 2017, the bad weather conditions prevailed throughout the country, adversely affected the production of plant saplings of all items in 2018. Agriculture support services consist with many sub activities and the support service of coconut plucking has reported substantial increase by 21 percent in 2018 compared to year 2017.

TABLE 2.10: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'PLANT PROPAGATION AND SUPPORT SERVICES TO THE AGRICULTURE' (2010-2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	8,533	14,066	13,963
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	8,533	9,238	9,258
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	0.1	0.1	0.1
Percentage Growth of value added at constant (2010) market price		(9.5)	0.2
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator		4.4	-1.0
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FORESTRY AND LOGGING

In 2018, the gross value added of "Forestry and Logging" activity at real terms was

estimated as Rs. 62,020 million to the total GDP.

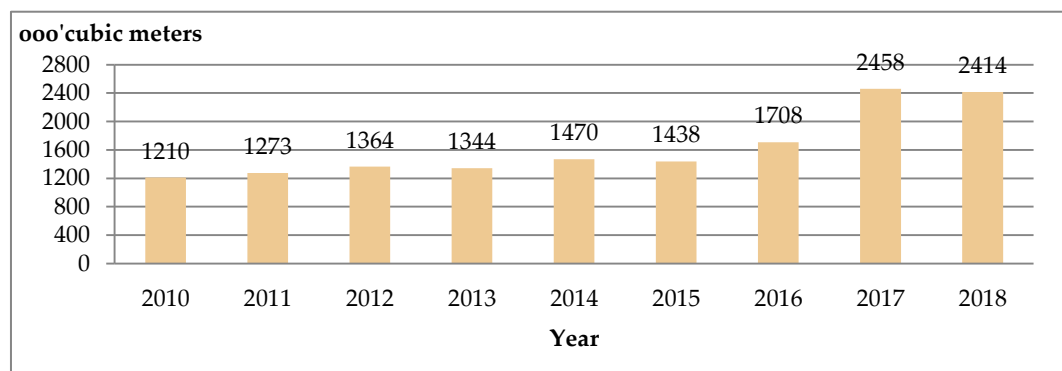
TABLE 2.11: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'FORESTRY AND LOGGING' (2010-2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current (2010) market prices (Rs.Mn)	43,339	100,597	108,828
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices (Rs.Mn)	43,339	62,545	62,020
Percentage share to the total GDP at current market prices (%)	0.7	0.8	0.8
Percentage growth at constant (2010) market prices (%)		19.2	-0.84
Percentage change in GDP implicit price deflator		0.7	9.1
@ Revised			

The current share to the GDP of this activity remained same at 0.8 percent in 2017 and 2018. Annual growth rate of 'Forestry and Logging' in 2018 reported a

decrease of 0.84 percent compared to 19.2 percent increase recorded in 2017 (Table 2.11).

FIGURE 2.12 : ANNUAL LOG PRODUCTION OF SRI LANKA (2010-2018)



Annual log production of State Timber Corporation usually remained within the range of 100,000- 150,000 cubic meters during the period of 2010-2018. Based on

this value, the estimated total timber production of the country is 2,414,492 cubic meters in 2018 (Figure 2.12).

MARINE AND FRESH WATER FISHING AND AQUACULTURE

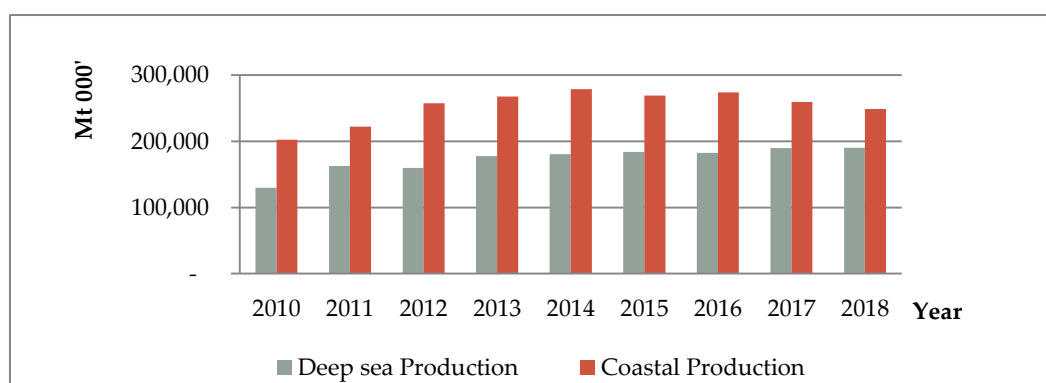
Marine Fishing comprised 85 percent of total fishing industry in the country. The value addition of the marine fishery activity reported as Rs.102,175 million in real terms to the total Gross Domestic Product in the year 2018, showed a slight decrease of 0.8 percent when compared to year 2017 (Table 2.12). This activity mainly comprised with two sub items, "Off shore Fishing" and "Coastal water fishing". The

60 percent of total marine fish production comes through the coastal fishery production which is usually operated by using motor boats, canoes and the pram etc. In year 2018 coastal fish production has decreased by 4.1 percent compared to year 2017 and the deep sea fish production has increased slightly by 0.3 percent (Figure 2.13).

TABLE 2.12: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF 'MARINE FISHING' (2010,2016,2017)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	77,579	159,141	152,549
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market price (Rs. Mn)	77,579	103,043	102,175
Percentage Share to GDP at current market price	1.2	1.2	1.1
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market price	-	-2.0	-0.8
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	1.9	-3.3
@ Revised			

FIGURE 2.13: COASTAL AND DEEP SEA FISH PRODUCTION (2010-2018)



“Inland fishing and inland aquaculture” activity has increased by 7.2 percent in year 2018. According to the reports of Ministry of Fisheries and Aquatic

Resources Development, the dry weather conditions prevailed in tank areas in 2018, has supported to get the high catchment of fish from inland fishery tanks.

PERFORMANCE OF INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES

A one third of the Sri Lankan economy was completed by the industry sector. These industry activities comprised with 'Manufacturing activities' the principal shareholder of industry sharing 59.5 percent along with 'Construction', 'Mining and quarrying', 'Electricity and related activities' and 'water and sewerage collection, treatment and supply'. Industry activities altogether grew at slower pace of 1.2 percent in 2018 and added Rs. 2,540,315 million to the gross domestic product in real terms. The share to the GDP in 2018 was reported as 26.6 percent.

When considering the sector wise performances, Non-financial corporations were the main performer in industry sector, which grew by 7.7 percent in 2018. Government sector grew by 15.9 percent in 2018 when compared to 2017. The highest share of 63.7 percent of industry is hold by NFCs' while 'Households and NPISH' together shared 34.6 percent. The remaining 1.7 percent was shared by the government sector. The Lion's share of the output of the industries is produced for market 96.9 percent and only residual 3.1 percent produced for own use in 2018.

TABLE 2.13: GENERAL PERFORMANCE OF INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES (2010-2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	1,708,867	2,931,998	2,975,232	3,337,428	3,568,560	3,819,811
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs. Mn)	1,708,867	2,218,711	2,267,725	2,396,833	2,509,421	2,540,315
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	26.6	28.3	27.2	27.8	26.8	26..6
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	4.7	2.2	5.7	4.7	1.2
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	-	0.1	-0.7	6.1	2.1	5.7
@Revised						

TABLE 2.14: PERCENTAGE GROWTH GVA IN INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES BY INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS; (2010-2018)

Sector	2011/2010	2015/2014	2016/2015	2017/2016	2018/2017@
NFC	10.4	34.8	-0.4	15.7	7.7
GG	-39.8	450	33.2	-44.1	15.9
HH	9.1	35.1	1.8	13.0	5.5
Total	9.3	38.4	1.5	12.2	7.0
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FIGURE 2.14 : MAIN COMPONENTS OF INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES(2018)

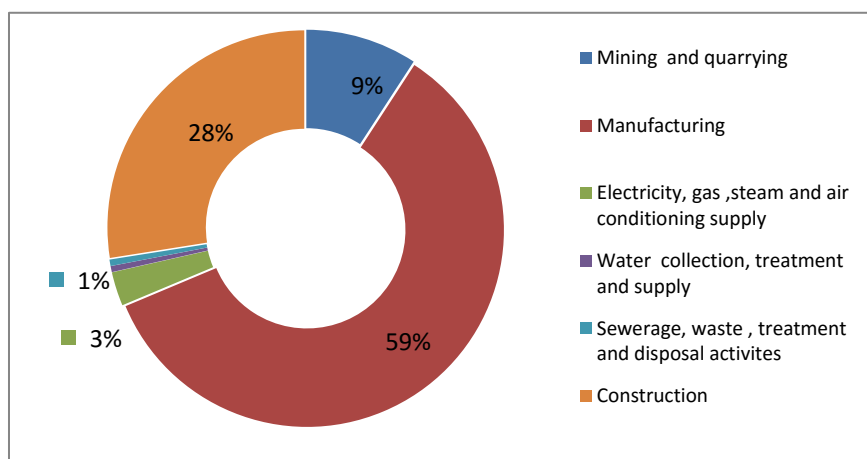


FIGURE 2.15 : INSTITUTIONAL SECTOR WISE PROPORTION IN INDUSTRY 2018

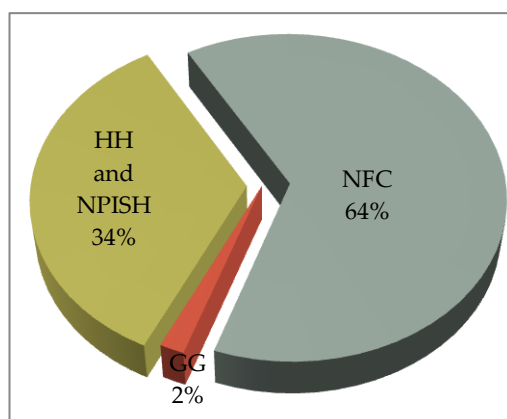
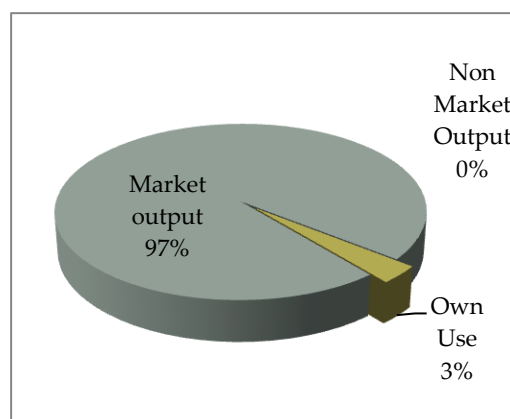


FIGURE 2.16 : OUTPUT BY TYPE IN INDUSTRY 2018



MINING AND QUARRYING

Mining and quarrying sector consist with three main sub activities “Quarrying of stone/granite, sand and clay”, “Mining of Gems” and “Other mining and quarrying not elsewhere classified”. The GDP contribution was Rs.225,505 million in year 2018 and when compared to year 2017, a negative growth of 5.2 percent was recorded in real terms.

“Quarrying of stone/granite, sand/sea sand and clay” contains mainly construction material is the major sub sector which covered the 90 percent of the total output of “Mining and Quarrying”

activity. The value added of this activity was estimated indirectly, based on cement availability of country, recorded negative growth of 5.5 percent in year 2018 compared to year 2017. The slowdown of the construction industry has affected to this decline.

The sub sector of Minerals which includes phosphate, graphite, salt, gypsum, lime stone, rutile, ilmenite, zircon, hi ilmenite etc. Altogether was recorded a growth of 0.8 percent in year 2018.

Mining of Gems” perform a prominent role in earning foreign exchange to the

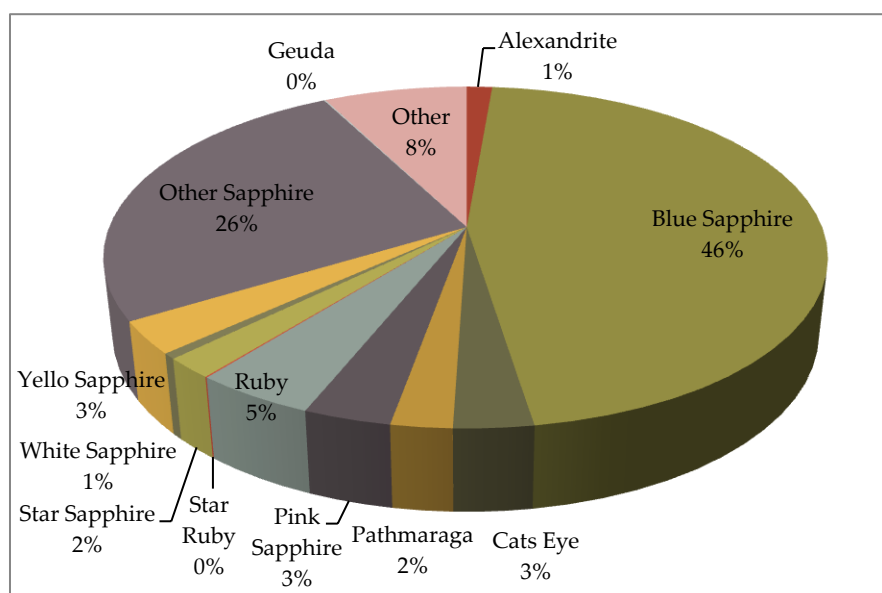
country, reported a 2.8 decrease in export earnings in 2018 compared to 2017. Which includes eleven of “high expensive gem varieties” (blue, pink, star, white and yellow sapphires, pathmaraga,

alexandrite, cats eye etc.), “geuda” and “other gems not elsewhere classified”. Forty six percent of the gem earning was owing to blue sapphire in 2018.

TABLE 2.15: MINERAL SAND PRODUCTION : 2017 AND 2018

Mineral Item	2017 Quantity(MT)	2018@ Quantity(MT)	2018/2017% Change@
Ilmenite	53,923	50,098	-7.1
Rutile	2,174	2,319	6.7
Zircon	1,061	784	-26.1
Hi-Ilmenite	4,282	10,749	151.0
@ Revised			

FIGURE 2.17 : GEM EARNINGS BY VARIETY IN 2018



MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

Manufacturing industry sector comprises with 24 ISIC categories. Data was collected by “Quarterly Survey of Industries” and “Annual Survey of Industry. The dissemination categories were “Manufacture of Food, beverages & Tobacco products”, “Manufacture of Textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products”, “Manufacture of Wood and products of wood and cork, except furniture”, “Manufacture of Paper products, printing and reproduction of

media products”, “Manufacture of Coke and refined petroleum products”, “Manufacture of Chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products”, “Manufacture of Rubber and plastic products”, “Manufacture of Other non-metallic mineral products”, “Manufacture of Basic metals and fabricated metal products”, “Manufacture of Machinery and equipment etc.”, “Manufacture of Furniture, Other manufacturing, and

Repair and installation of machinery and equipment”.

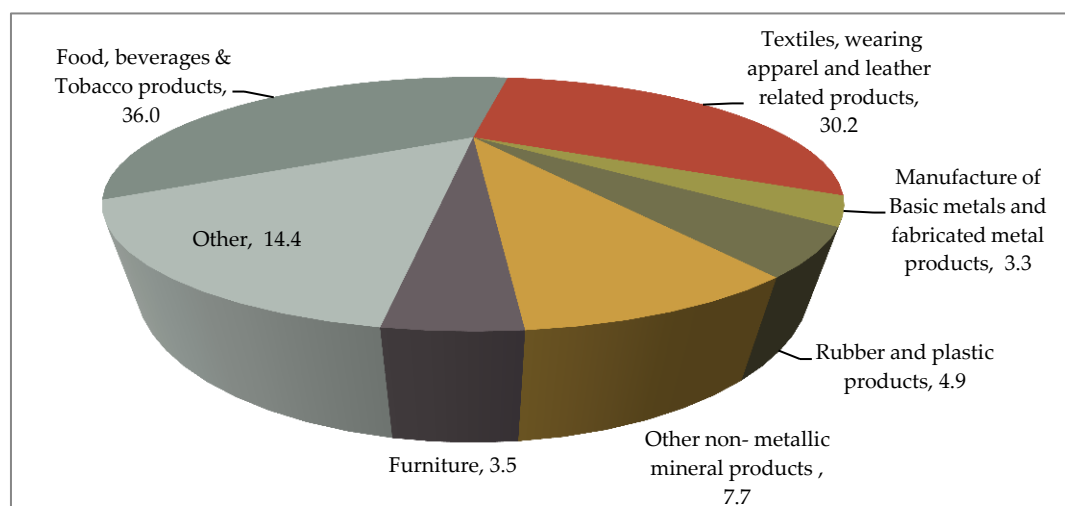
The major economic indicators are shown in Table 2.16. The share of these activities to the total GDP was reported as 15.8 percent in year 2018. The overall Manufacturing industry sector contributed Rs 1,512,800 millions of value addition at real terms to the total GDP in 2018. It indicated a 3.6 percent growth in

2018 compared to 4.2 percent growth in 2017. The major manufacturing category of Manufacture of Food, beverages & Tobacco products, reported 1.0 growth rate in 2017 it further grew 4.0 percent in 2018. The sub sector of manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products, reported 5.2 percent growth rate in 2017. It further grew 3.4 percent in 2018.

TABLE 2.16: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY SECTOR; 2010-2018

Economic Indicator	2010	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs.Mn)	1,157,975	1,758,714	1,780,786	1,964,786	2,048,700	2,272,719
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.Mn)	1,157,975	1,296,100	1,360,976	1,402,393	1,460,818	1,512,800
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	18.1	17.0	16.3	16.4	15.4	15.8
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	2.5	5.0	3.0	4.2	3.6
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FIGURE 2.18 : SHARE OF MAIN MANUFACTURING ITEMS TO THE TOTAL VALUE ADDED OF MANUFACTURING SECTOR – 2018



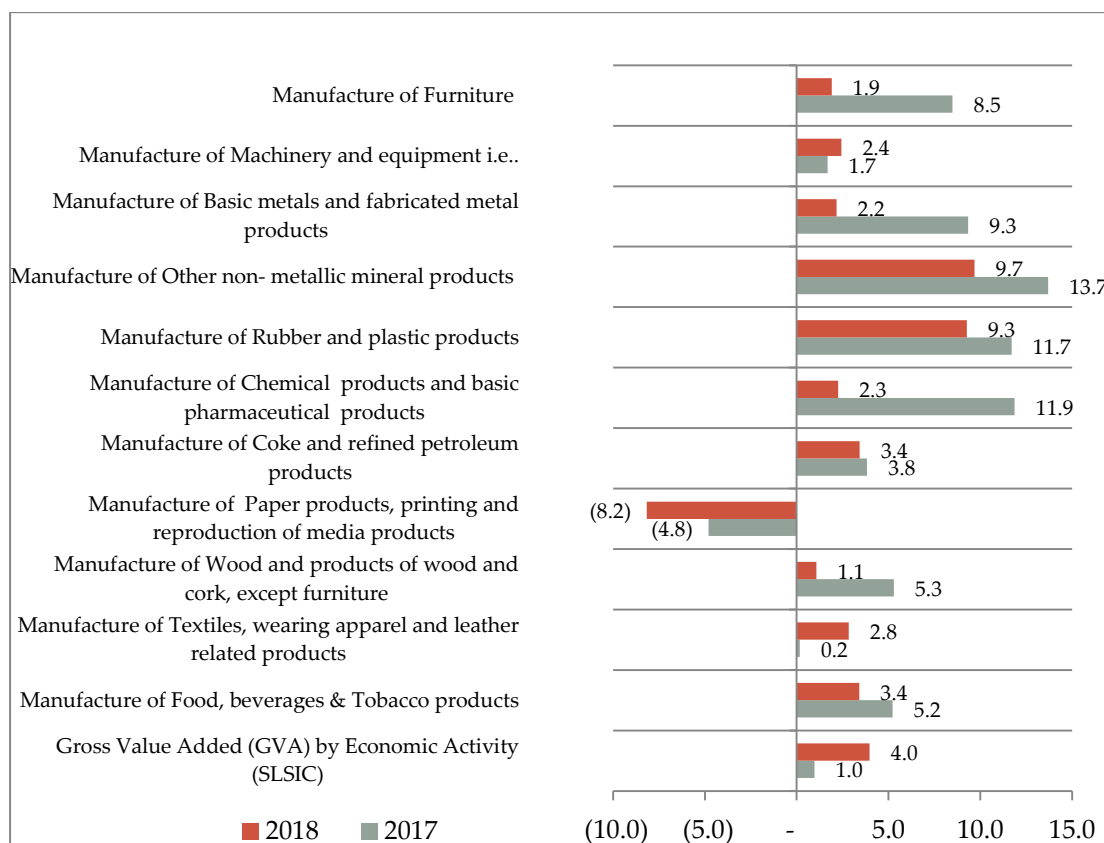
The shares of the activities to the total value added in manufacturing sector were shown in Figure 2.18. When compared to the 2017, the sub activity of “Manufacture

of paper products, printing and reproduction” further grew by 1.1 percent in 2018 from 5.3 percent. “Manufacture of chemical products and basic

pharmaceutical products” showed a positive growth of 3.4 percent in 2018 in comparison to the growth of 3.8 percent reported in 2017. “Manufacture of basic

metals and fabricated metal product” grew by 9.7 percent in 2018 compared to high growth rate of 13.7 percent reported in 2017.

FIGURE 2.19 : COMPARISON OF GROWTH RATES OF MAIN MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES 2017-2018



When compared with year 2017, the sub activity of “Manufacture of other non-metallic minerals products” further expanded by 9.3 percent in year 2018. In year 2017, this activity reported as 11.7 percent high growth rate.

“Manufacture of rubber and plastic products” has increased in 2.3 percent in

year 2018, compared to 11.9 percent increase reported in 2017. The sub activity of “Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum product” reported negative performance in year 2017 and 2018. All other sub activities of the manufacturing category contributed positively to the overall growth.

ELECTRICITY

Electricity, generation, transmission and distribution activity further grew by 5.9 percent in year 2018 along with 2.6 percent

This growth in GVA was clearly reflected by the generation increase which reported as

growth reported in year 2017. The share of this activity to the total GDP was reported as 0.7 percent in year 2018.

2.9 percent in 2017 and 3.9 percent in 2018 (Table 2.17)The total electricity generation of

the country increased to 15,255 GWH in 2018 from 14,671 GWH in 2017. CEB contributed 77.4 per cent to the total power generation in 2018, while the remainder was purchased from the independent power producers (IPPs).

TABLE 2.17: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN 'ELECTRICITY GENERATION'

Economic Indicator	2010	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. million)	68,491	77,639	82,966	86,882	90,944	104,283
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices,	68,491	80,298	85,202	92,356	94,796	98,693
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	4.6	6.1	8.4	2.6	4
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FIGURE 2.20: PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN ELECTRICITY PRODUCTION BY TYPE (2010-2018)

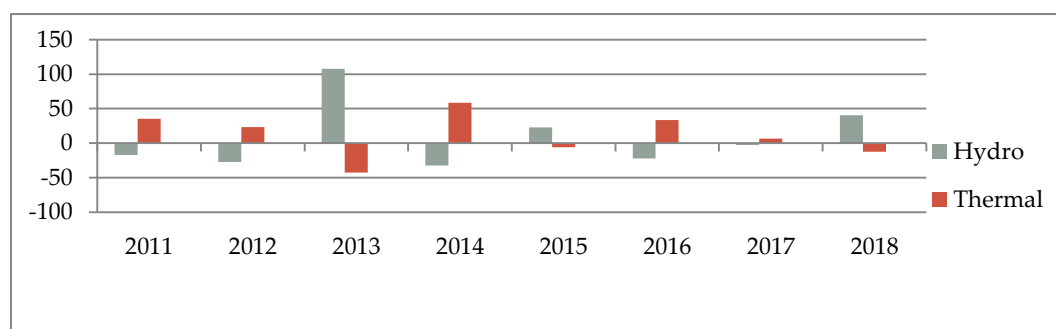
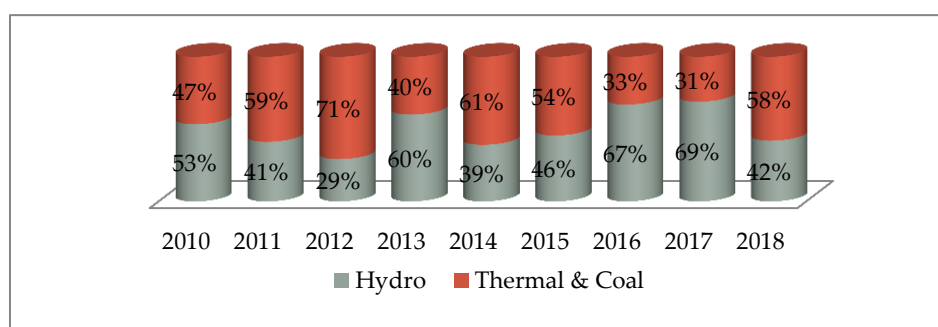


FIGURE 2.21: PROPORTION OF HYDRO: THERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION IN 2010-2018



The existed ratio of 31:69 hydro and thermal power generation in the year 2017 has changed 42:58 in this year. The fuel and coal based power generation has grown by 6.7 percent in 2017. The hydro power generation reported significant growth by 3.9 percent in

2018.) Electricity sales grew by 5 percent during the year. The increase in electricity sales was mainly driven by the domestic and religious category.

CONSTRUCTION

The second largest activity of the industry sector, "Construction" has shared 7.3 percent of total gross domestic product of the country in year 2018. It has reported negative growth rate of 2.5 percent in real terms in 2018. In nominal terms the gross value added of construction industry has increased by 0.9 percent. Construction activities included the construction of buildings, highways, bridges, water supply and drainage systems, irrigation and land,

dredging and reclamation and other activities regarding construction. The total cement availability of the country declined by 6.3 in 2018. Local cement production grew by 0.9 percent while cement imports has decreased by 9.9 percent.

TABLE 2.18: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN CONSTRUCTION 2010-2018

Economic Indicator	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	336,381	621,140	715,455	813,689	830,412	934,787	1,040,876	1,050,428
Gross Value added at constant (2010) market prices, (Rs.Mn)	336,381	514,757	553,438	611,842	596,697	645,994	674,025	657,070
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	5.2	7.1	7.5	7.9	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.3
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	-	21.2	7.5	10.6	-2.5	8.3	4.3	(2.5)
Percentage change in GDP Implicit price deflator (2010=100)	-	13.5	7.1	2.9	4.6	4.0	6.7	3.5
@ Revised								

PERFORMANCES OF SERVICES

ACTIVITIES

The Service sector was the key benefactor of the economy, sharing 57.1 percent of the total GDP, grew by 4.6 percent in the year 2018. Fifteen major sectors from section G to section U which contain 55 sub-groups under ISIC classification revision 4.0 were formally amalgamate together and

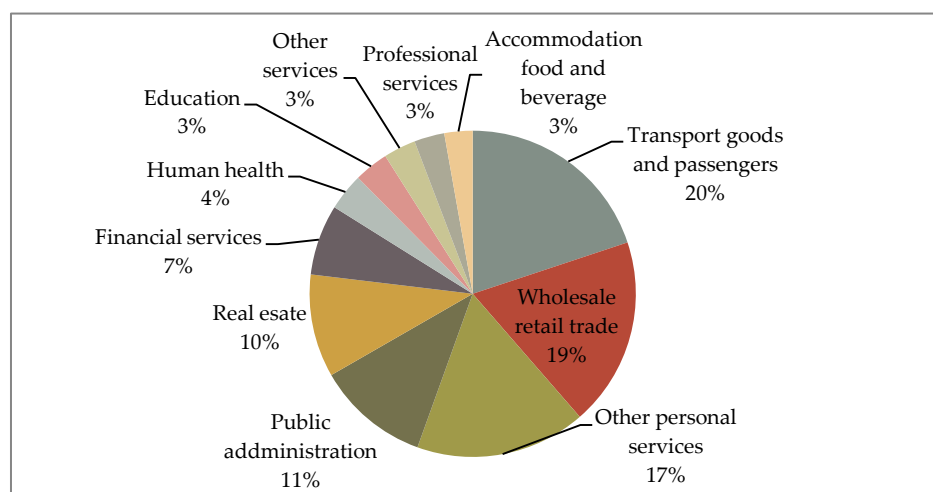
disseminated under 15 service activity groups in the GDP production account in the new series. The total value added of service sector was reported as Rs. 8,207,045 and Rs. 5,555,303 million at nominal and real terms respectively in year 2018.

TABLE 2.19: GENERAL PERFORMANCE OF SERVICE SECTOR

Economic Indicators	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market prices, (Rs. Mn)	5,406,544	5,895,618	6,283,379	6,771,236	7,477,148	8,207,045
Gross Value added at constant (2010)market prices, (Rs.Mn)	4,405,644	4,618,501	4,894,717	5,127,616	5,313,435	5,555,303
Percentage Share to GDP at current market prices	56.4	56.9	57.4	56.4	56.1	57.1
Percentage growth of GDP at constant (2010) market prices	3.8	4.8	6.0	4.8	3.6	4.6
Percentage change in GDP implicit Price deflator	7.2	4.0	0.6	2.9	6.6	5.0

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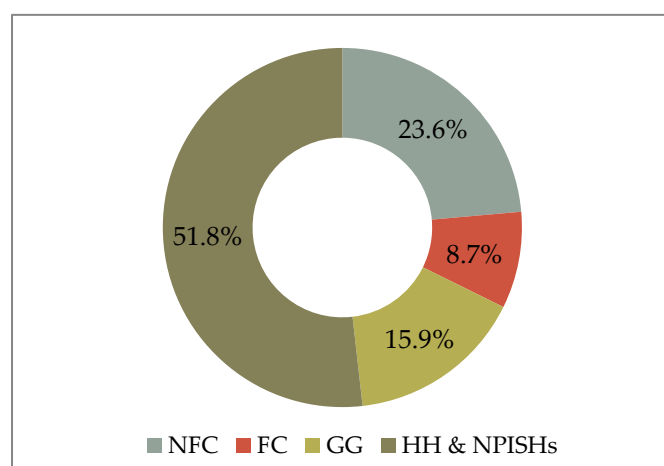
FIGURE 2.22 : SHARE OF MAIN SERVICES ACTIVITIES TO THE TOTAL GVA OF SERVICE SECTOR 2018



The “Transportations of goods and services including warehousing” comprises the highest share of 20 percent of total gross value added generated by service sector trailed with “wholesale and retail trade” services with 19 percent and “Other personal services activities” with 17 percent (Figure 2.22). The other main components were “public administration and defense;

compulsory social security” “real estate activities including ownership of dwelling” and “financial services and auxiliary service activities” which encompasses of 11 percent, 10 percent and 7 percent respectively. All other service activities collectively share 16 percent of gross value added of service sector in nominal terms in year 2018.

FIGURE 2.23 : SECTORIAL SHARE IN SERVICE SECTOR , 2018

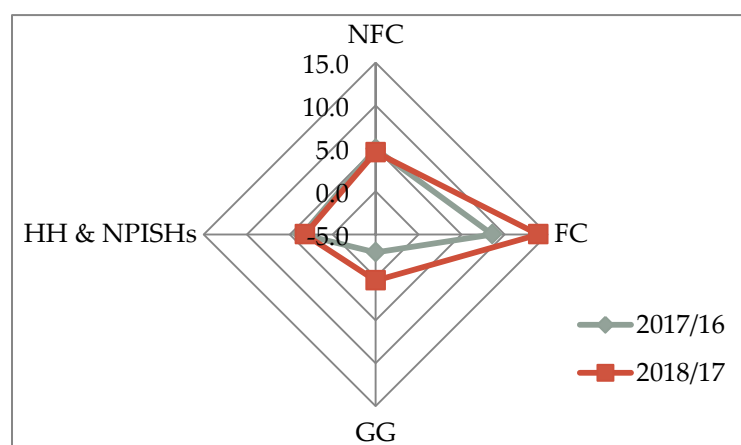


The institutional sector breakdown in service sector showed that 52 percent of value added generated from household/NPISH (Figure 2.23) in year 2018. 24 percent of the GVA generated by services sector, is shared by the NFC sector.

The gross value added generated by financial institutions grown by 14.0 percent in year 2018, compared to the 8.6 percent of growth recorded in the year 2017 (

Figure 2.24).

FIGURE 2.24: PERCENTAGE GROWTH IN GDP BY INSTITUTIONAL SECTORS, 2018



WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE

The wholesale and retail trade which contributes nearly 10.7 percent to the overall GDP, grew by 4.7 percent in the year 2018. It's one of the largest economic activity which generate a considerable amount of value addition to the economy, has expanded continuously over the last few years.

The wholesale and retail trade activity considers the valued addition created through the domestic trading activities. Domestic trading activity is consisted by the imported goods and domestically produced goods. The value addition is generated through the trading of these goods domestically. The value added of wholesale and retail trade activity is affected by fluctuations in total imports and total domestic production. Therefore the growth rate of this activity is depended on the variations in the three variables of Imports, Agricultural production and Industrial production.

According to the Balance of Payment Statistics of Central Bank of Sri Lanka, the annual total import expenditure for the year 2018 has increased up to Rs. million

3,606,643 from Rs. million 3,198,572 recorded in the year 2017, indicating an increase of 12.8 percent in annual total import expenditure. According to the trade indices, the import volume index of consumer goods has increased by 9.6 percent, during the year 2018. However, among the consumer goods, import volume indices of these categories namely spices, sugar and confectionary items, vehicles and non-food consumables have increased remarkably while cereals and milling industry products and clothing & accessories have decreased substantially during this period, when compared with the year 2018. Increase in the imported consumer goods may have direct impact on domestic trading activities.

In addition, the total trading Output value of Agriculture, forestry and fishing activity has increased by 5.9 percent in the year of 2018 when compared with the year 2017. The total trading output value of industrial activities has increased up to Rs. Mn. 904,416 from Rs. Mn. 835,875 in the year 2018 indicating an increase of 8.2 percent.

TABLE 2.20: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE

Economic Indicators	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@	2018@
Gross value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	1,047,793	1,117,234	1,193,649	1,270,056	1,404,772	1,533,760
Gross value added at constant (2010) market price (Rs. Mn)	859,977	884,094	933,216	957,088	993,667	1,040,360
Percentage share at current price	10.9	10.8	10.9	10.6	10.5	10.7
Percentage growth	1.3	2.8	5.6	2.6	3.8	4.7
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Accordingly, wholesale and retail trade activity generated Rs. Mn. 1,040,360 worth of gross value added at constant price to the economy in the year 2018. It contributed to

the overall GDP by 10.7 percent and when compared with the previous year, the GVA of this activity grew by 4.7 percent.

TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

Transportation and storage activity has expanded by 2.1 percent in 2018 compared to the 3.2 percent growth reported in 2017 adding Rs.1,034,755 million to the gross domestic product of the country in real terms. The share was stated as 11.4 in 2018.

The number of new registration of buses showed 11.2 percent decrease in year 2018. Registration of lorries decreased by 18.0 percent. New registration of motor cars displayed a positive growth rate of 106.2 percent in year 2018. Threewheeler registrations also reported a 20.0 percent decrease within the 2018. (Figure 2.25).

The public transport mainly comprise with railway, SLTB and private buses and three wheelers. The passenger kilometers operated by Sri Lanka Railway and Sri Lanka Transport Board decreased by 4.0 percent and 1.2 percent respectively during the year 2018. A 0.9 percent decrease was reported for daily operated SLTB buses in year 2018.

The passenger kilometers operated by Sri Lankan airways increased by 14.5 percent in year 2018, against the 8.6 percent increase reported in year 2017.

TABLE 2.21: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSE, 2013-2018

Economic Indicator	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	1,162,834	1,288,124	1,302,310	1,425,988	1,516,369	1,632,761
Gross value added at constant(2010) price (Rs. Mn)	849,539	885,506	931,529	982,703	1,013,857	1,034,755
Percentage share at current price	12.1	12.4	11.9	11.9	11.4	11.4
Percentage growth	5.5	4.2	5.2	5.5	3.2	2.1

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FIGURE 2.25: PERCENTAGE CHANGE OF VEHICLE REGISTRATION, 2018

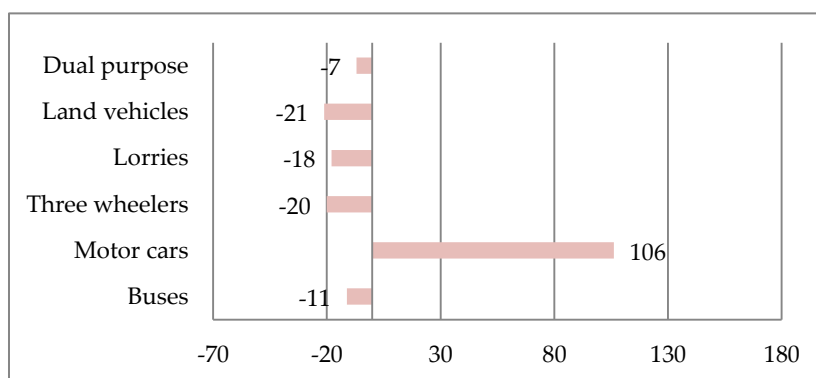
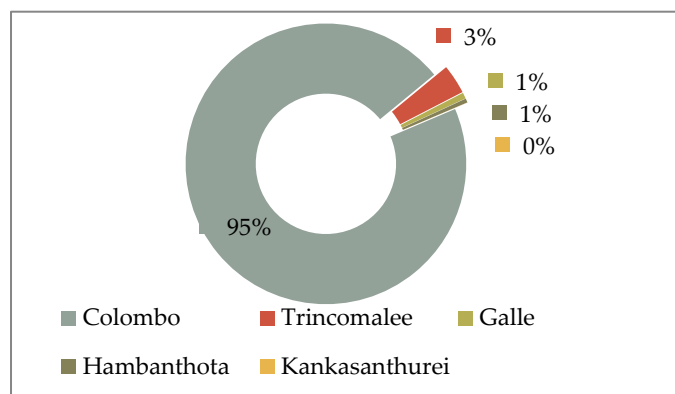


FIGURE 2.26: PERCENTAGE FREIGHT HANDLING BY PORTS 2018



The cargo handling was mainly operated by five commercial ports: Colombo, Trincomalee, Galle, Hambantota, Kankasanthurei and the total number of ships arrived to these ports were dropped from 4,942 in 2017 to 4,933 in 2018, denoting 0.2 percent decrease. The total cargo handled by these ports was expanded by 11.8 percent in year 2018. Colombo the premier port handled 95 percent of total

cargo (Figure 2.26). Meanwhile the trans-shipment containers (Twenty Foot Equivalent Units-TEUs '000) expanded from 4,742 in year 2017 to 5,602 in year 2018 indicating 18.2 percent increase throughout the period. Further, freight ton transported by Sri-Lanka Railway showed a decreased of 8.0 percent. The freight tons kilometers flown by Sri Lankan Air lines by 13.4 percent in year 2018, compared to year 2017.

ACCOMMODATION, FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVING ACTIVITIES

Under the new National Accounting framework (Base year, 2010) this activity is compiled considering two main economic activities. According to the International Standard of Industrial classification Revision 4, this industry is identified as two major economic activities. One is Accommodation activities and the other one is food and beverage service activities. However, in the compilation process, these were compiled as one category due to insufficient data sources related to domestic food and beverage serving activities. The Output of Accommodation, food and beverage serving activity is estimated based on the Output related data of quarterly and annual value added tax, which is provided by the Department of Inland Revenue, related to

this economic activity. In addition, some important indicators related to the tourism industry in Sri Lanka, like room occupancy rate in tourist hotels, total of foreign and local guest nights, monthly and annual tourist arrivals, total number of tourists hotel units, total supply of supplementary accommodation units and accommodation capacity which are provided by the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority, are also being considered.

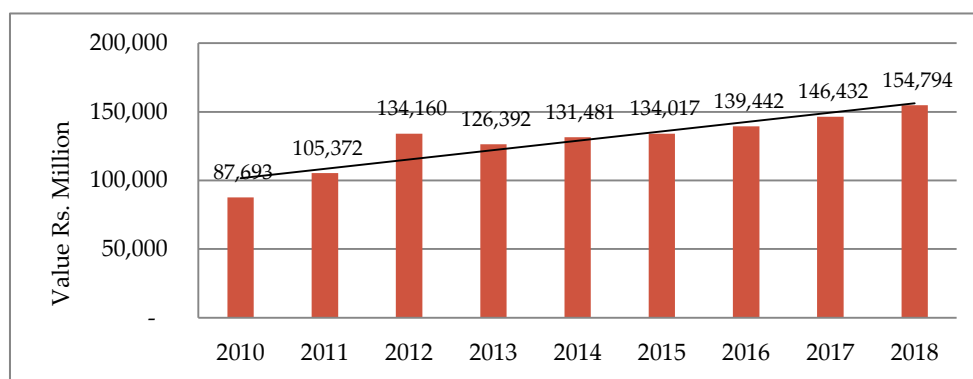
The Accommodation, food and beverage serving activity altogether contributed to the economy Rs. 154,794 Million worth of gross value added at constant price, during the year 2018. It is 4.6 percent of growth, when compared with the previous year. The

estimated output of this industry has expanded over the past six years.

When observe the performance of the other leading indicators in tourism industry the number of international tourist arrivals, in the year 2018, has recorded significant increase by 10.3 percent, when compared to the tourist arrivals of year 2017, with showing impressive growth trends in the whole industry. However, the room occupancy rate calculated related to the graded hotels, motels and guest houses which are registered members under the Sri

Lanka Tourism Development Authority, have decreased slightly up to 72.8 in the year 2018, from 73.3 recorded in 2017. In addition, total foreign guest nights and local guest nights recorded at all tourist's hotel have been grown substantially by 8.6 percent and 10.0 percent respectively during the year 2018, when compared with the year 2017. During this period, room capacity of tourist hotels and supplementary accommodation units have also been increased remarkably, recording 4.5 percent and 7.6 percent growth rates respectively.

FIGURE 2.27: GVA OF ACCOMMODATION, FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVING AT CONSTANT PRICES



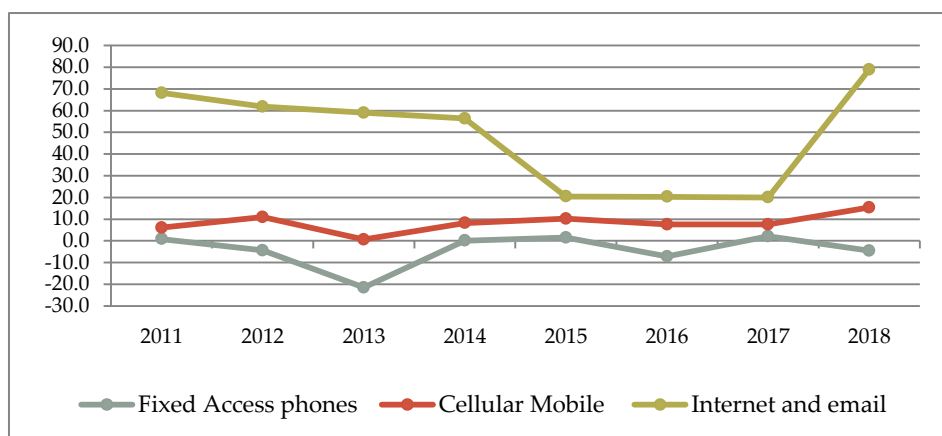
TELECOMMUNICATION

The telecommunication industry significantly grew by 10.4 percent in 2018, beside 12.2 percent growth reported in 2017. The total values added to the GDP in

nominal and real terms were Rs76,271 million and Rs. 45,830 million, respectively. The share to GDP was reported as 0.5 percent.

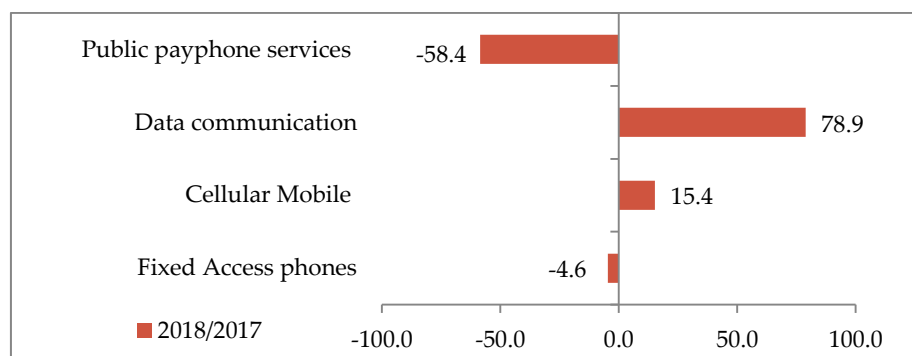
TABLE 2.22: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF TELECOMMUNICATION SUB ACTIVITY

Economic Indicator	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
Gross Value Added (Current, Rs. Mn)	22,931	33,257	41,986	44,733	56,181	66,807	67,357	76,271
Gross Value Added (constant 2010, Rs. Mn)	22,931	26,450	27,395	30,986	34,146	36,984	41,503	45,830
Share to the GDP (%)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5
Growth rate (%)	-	8.3	3.6	13.1	10.2	8.3	12.2	10.4
@ - Revised								

FIGURE 2.28 :PERCENTAGE INCREASE IN INTERNET, MOBILE AND FIXED CONNECTIONS (2011-2018)


Telecommunication activity experiences a relatively high growth in the past four years. The total telephone penetration has almost clocked the 30 million milestones. The demand generated mainly through cellular mobiles where the proportion of fixed phones to cellular mobiles were reported as 07:93 in year 2018. The use of cellular mobile

phones in 2018 has increased by 15.3 percent, while fixed access telephones has decreased 4.5 percent compared to year 2017 (Figure 2.29). The internet and email subscribers are continually increasing from 0.5 million in 2010 to approximately 10 million in 2018 while registering 78.9 percent growth in 2018.

FIGURE 2.29: PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN TELEPHONE USAGE 2018/2017


IT PROGRAMMING CONSULTANCY AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

Information and communication industry is one of the most emerging industry in Sri Lanka. Over the last decade, it has made significant progress in the industry. The export revenue earned, total employment engaged and the number of companies in the industry have been grown remarkably during the past decade. In addition, in the

recent past, the global ranking position for Sri Lanka too has improved significantly.

With compilation procedures and expansion process, undertaken at the national accounts rebasing project (Base year, 2010), new compilation categories were introduced. IT programming consultancy and related activities was a

key compilation category among the newly introduced compilation categories to the system.

According to the ISIC Rev.4, this industry mainly covers two broader areas of Information Technology/Business Process Management(IT/BPM) industry. ISIC code 62 constitutes all the activities related to computer programming and consultancy related activities. ISIC 63 covers information services activities. Accordingly, this activity mainly constitute by computer programming activities, computer consultancy and computer facilities management activities,

other information technology and computer service activities, data processing, hosting and related activities and web portals. Based on Value Added Tax data provided by the Department of Inland Revenue, related to IT/BPM industry in Sri Lanka, the national level total output was estimated.

Accordingly estimated output for the year 2018 was Rs. Mn. 28,928 at nominal term. The generated value added for this industry increased up to Rs. Mn. 15,072 in the year 2018, from Rs. Mn. 13,564, resulting a positive growth rate of 11.1 percent.

FINANCIAL SERVICES AND AUXILIARY FINANCIAL SERVICES

Financial and auxiliary financial activities showed a significant growth of 13.4 percent in the year 2018 compared to 9.4 percent growth reported for the year 2017. The generated gross value added at real terms was recorded as Rs.687,918 million.

The banking sector is the most important sub sector in this activity, consisted with 26 Licensed Commercial Banks, including 13 domestic and 13 foreign banks and 7 licensed specialized banks.

TABLE 2.23: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF FINANCIAL AND AUXILIARY SERVICE

Economic Indicator	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	308,810	340,727	347,909	406,826	531,241	575,756
Gross value added at constant(2010)price (Rs. Mn)	386,009	420,223	493,785	554,564.	606,512	687,918
Percentage share at current price	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.4	4.0	4.0
Percentage growth	5.8	8.9	17.5	12.3	9.4	13.4
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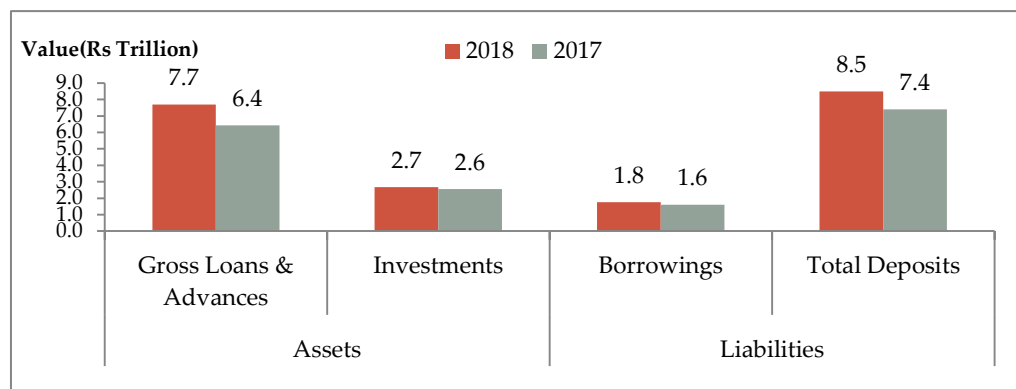
TABLE 2.24: DISTRIBUTION OF BANKS AND BANK BRANCHES (2017-2018)

Category	2017	2018	Change
Total number of Banks	32	33	1
Total No. of LCBs	25	26	1
Domestic Banks	13	13	0
Foreign Banks	12	13	1
Total number of LSBs	7	7	0
Total No. of Bank Branches Other Outlets	6213	6882	669
LCB Branches	2855	2877	22
LCB Students savings unit	2639	3309	670
LSB Branches	691	696	5
LSB Students savings unit	28	-	
Automated Teller Machines	4419	5020	601

Source: Central Bank of Sri Lanka

Total number of bank branches and other outlets operative throughout the island were reported a increase and recorded as 6882 for the year 2018. The automated

teller machine services have expanded virtually by 601 new machines by year 2018.

FIGURE 2.30: COMPARISON OF MAIN ITEMS IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES 2017-2018


The assets of the banking sector has reported 14.6 percent expansion over the past year reaching 10.4 trillion in year 2018 compared to 9.0 trillion recorded for year 2017 (Figure 2.30). Eighty four percent of the assets comprises with Gross loans and advances which extended to all major activities in the economy covering agriculture and fisheries, manufacturing, construction and trade services, extended by 19.6 percent in year 2018 compared to year 2017. Investment

which accounted for 22.7 percent of total assets grew by 14.6 percent during the year 2018. Total borrowings recorded a 15.0 percent growth during year 2018. When considering bank deposits, which consist mainly with time deposits, saving deposits and demand deposits, grew by 14.5 percent in year 2018. The 6.8 percent growth rate was reported by saving deposits and 9.7 percent growth reported by demand deposits.

INSURANCE AND PENSION FUNDING

Insurance and pension funding activity grew by 17.3 percent in the 2018 compared to 4.1 percent growth recorded in the 2017. The value added generated by this activity in nominal and real terms were Rs. 157,591 million and Rs.112,493 million respectively during the 2018.

This activity comprises with local and foreign insurance companies and pension funding boards. Consequently twenty three local insurance companies, four foreign companies, Employee's Provident Fund and

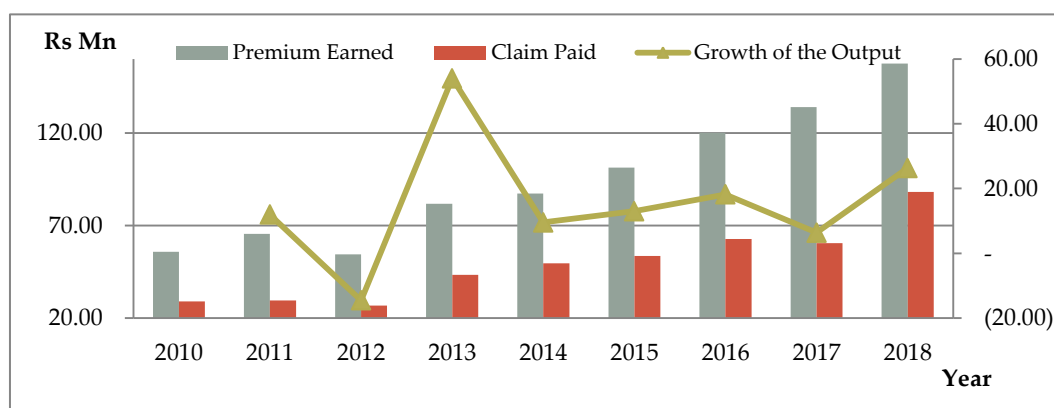
Employees Trust Fund were belong to this activity in 2018.

The premium earned and claims incurred in insurance activity grew by 17.6 percent and 45.9 percent respectively in year 2018 compared to 2017. The gross output of this industry mainly based on the difference between premiums earned and claims paid. The investment income and the other income generated by insurance companies were also accounted for the gross output.

TABLE 2.25: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS OF INSURANCE AND PENSION FUNDING (2010-2018)

Economic Indicator	2010	2017	2018@
Gross Value added at current market price (Rs. Mn)	67,830	146,575	157,591
Gross Value added at constant (2010) Price(Rs. Mn)	67,830	95,925	112,493
Percentage Share at current price	1.1	1.1	1.1
Percentage growth	-	4.1	17.3
@ Revised			

FIGURE 2.31: PREMIUM EARNED, CLAIMS PAID AND OUTPUT OF INSURANCE ACTIVITY (2010-2018)



REAL ESTATE ACTIVITIES INCLUDING OWNERSHIP OF DWELLINGS

The activity of "Real estate activities including ownership of dwellings" indicates a positive growing from year 2017 to year 2018. During the year 2018, it has expanded by 3.9percent compared to

the expansion of 4.7 percent reported in year 2017. This activity has added Rs.834,398 million and Rs.566,078 million at nominal and in real terms respectively to the total GDP, Table 3.26. The

ownership of dwellings was estimated using average monthly housing rent. The average monthly housing rent in urban, rural and estate sectors were increased during the year 2018. The highest increase reported from estate sector by 9.1 percent. On an average the housing rent of Sri

Lanka has increased by 6.1 percent in year 2018. (

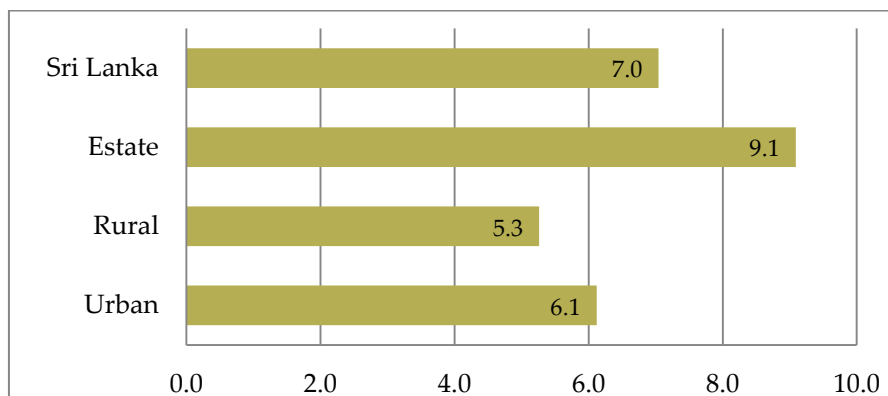
Figure 2.32) The share of sub activities of real estate and ownership of dwellings to the activity of 'real estate' was reported as 50.2 percent and 49.8 percent respectively.

TABLE 2.26: MAJOR ECONOMIC INDICATORS IN REAL ESTATE INCLUDING OWNERSHIP OF DWELLINGS, 2010-2018

Economic Indicator	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 @
Gross value added at current price (Rs.Mn)	307,112	424,415	512,063	562,687	625,695	690,153	770,252	834,398
Gross value added at constant(2010) price (Rs.Mn)	307,112	369,719	417,024	444,049	489,352	520,085	544,733	566,078
Percentage share at current price	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8
Percentage growth	-	12.7	12.8	6.5	10.2	6.3	4.7	3.9

@ Revised

FIGURE 2.32: PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE AVERAGE MONTHLY HOUSING RENT 2017-2018



PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Professional services are another new compilation category introduced to the national accounting system under the rebasing project (Base year 2010). The sub activity of 'Professional service' is a combination of eight compilation categories. It is mainly comprised by 'Legal and accounting activities', 'Architectural and engineering activities', 'Scientific research

and development', 'advertising and market research, other professional, scientific and technical activities and publishing activities', 'Veterinary activities', 'Rental and leasing activities', 'Employment, travel agency, security and investigation activities' and 'Services to building and landscape activities'. Professional services consider the value addition generated through all these

economic activities. The total output values of these economic activities are estimated based on the value added tax national level data released by the Department of Inland Revenue.

All these economic activities which are coming under professional services

contributed to the overall GDP averagely by 1.7 percent. Accordingly, the reported gross value added for the year 2018 was Rs. Mn. 165,550. It has increased by 4.3 percent when compared the GVA generated in the year 2017.

OTHER PERSONAL SERVICES

The Other personal services activity is one of a largest sub sector among service industry activities and has grown by 2.7 percent during the year 2018. The sub activity of 'Other personal service activities' which is also a combination of two compilation categories' and is comprised by 'Arts entertainment and other recreation activities' and 'other personal service activities' mainly. These activities are mainly constituting by creative, arts and entertainment activities, gambling, betting, sports activities and recreation activities, repair of computers and personal household goods, washing, dry cleaning, hair dressing, other beauty treatment, funeral related activities and other personal service activities.

The output value of this activity was also estimated by using the national level value added tax data released by the Department of Inland Revenue. The other personal services, all together contributed nearly 9.6 percent to the overall GDP and in past few years it has expended continuously. All these activities have generated Rs. Mn 938,547 million worth of value added to the overall economy in the year 2018.

Chapter 3 : THE EXPENDITURE APPROACH

INTRODUCTION

The expenditure approach measures total expenditure on final goods and services produced in the domestic economy plus exports less imports of goods and services. The total is obtained from the sum of final consumption expenditure by households, non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH) and government on goods and services; gross capital formation (capital expenditure on fixed and intangible assets, changes in inventories and acquisitions less disposals of valuables); and net exports of goods and services.

GDP expenditure is a sum of the following expenses;

$$\text{GDP}(E) = C + G + I + (X - M)$$

C – consumption expenditure

G - government expenditure

I – investment/capital formation

(x-m) – net exports

- **Consumption Expenditure**

Consumption expenditure is the major expenditure component of the economy, Thus, final consumption is broken down into:

- a) Final consumption expenditure of households;
- b) Final consumption expenditure of general government;
- c) Final consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households.

Note that, in the SNA, 'final consumption' by the corporate sector is not admissible.

- **Final consumption expenditure of households**

The final consumption expenditure of households encompasses all domestic costs (by residents and non-residents) for individual needs. Among other things, it includes expenditure on goods and services, the consumption of garden produce, rent for owner-occupied dwellings and imports. Information on consumption expenditure contains according to the Classification of individual consumption by purpose (COICOP).

- **Actual Final Household Consumption Expenditure**

The value of goods and services that the household consumed or used.

This includes:

- a) Household consumption expenditure.
- b) Social transfer in kind from general government and nonprofit institutions.

- **Final consumption expenditure of general government**

Final consumption expenditure of general government is classified into two parts;

1. Individual Final Consumption Expenditure;
2. Collective Final Consumption Expenditure;

Individual services are essentially “private” and are available to certain individuals. Collective services are delivered to the entire community such as security and defense, maintenance of law and order and others. Information on consumption expenditure, according to the Classification of Functions of Government (COFOG).

- Final consumption expenditure by nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISHs)

No information is available to help measure the individual consumption expenditure of non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH)

Balance of payments data on transfers to nongovernment institutions may be an important indicator in countries where foreign aid is a major source of funding for NPISHs.

- Gross Capital Formation

Gross Capital Formation (GCF) includes:

- a) Gross fixed capital formation;
- b) Changes in inventories;
- c) Acquisition less disposals of valuables (such as jewelry and works of art).

- Change in Inventories (CII)

In National Accounts, the difference between the stocks at the end and at the beginning of the accounting period is called “Change in Inventories”. Inventories includes:

- unsold finished products
- goods for sale with the traders
- unused raw materials (inventories) - materials and supplies

work-in-progress (growing crops, maturing trees and livestock, uncompleted structures, uncompleted other fixed assets, partially completed film productions and software) and statistical discrepancy between Production GDP and Expenditure GDP.

- Net acquisitions of valuables

This item is very small (see Table 1) and is therefore no more than a curiosity for the macroeconomist. Valuables are goods that are bought not to be consumed or used in production.

- Exports / Imports

Exports and imports between the domestic economy and the rest of the world are transactions between residents and non-residents of an economic territory, regardless of whether there are corresponding physical movements of goods across borders.

CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE

Consumption expenditure is the major expenditure component of the economy, which includes Household final consumption expenditure and Government final consumption expenditure. The Final consumption expenditure in real terms recorded the positive growth of 2.9 percent in 2018.

It grew by 9.7 per cent at current prices in 2018 amounting to Rs. 11,055.6 billion compared to 5.8 percent growth recorded in 2017 and 77.0 percent contributes to the GDP. This attributes from Household final consumption expenditure about 67.8 percent.

HOUSEHOLD FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE

DATA SOURCES AND VALUE

INDICATORS

Household final consumption is usually the largest component of GDP by expenditure. The main sources of data on household consumption are household income & expenditure surveys, imports of consumption goods, domestic production of consumption goods. For estimating the consumption of electricity, water and gas, data is available with the relevant authorities. The DCS conducts household Consumption and expenditure surveys at 3 year intervals. Expenditure estimates may have to be adjusted to take account of expenditure by residents abroad and

expenditure by non-residents in the domestic economy. The balance of payments statistics record these expenditures in the travel account as travel credits (expenditures by non-residents in the domestic economy) and travel debits (expenditures by residents abroad). Commodity flow methods can be used in cases where there are good data on the supply of products.

PRICE INDICATORS

CPI components usually provide appropriate deflators for household consumption. Deflation should be carried out at a COICOP level to ensure that. For expenditures by residents abroad and expenditures by non resident in the domestic economy, we have used as the GDP implicit deflator.

FIGURE 3.1: FINAL EXPENDITURE PATTERN WITH GDP

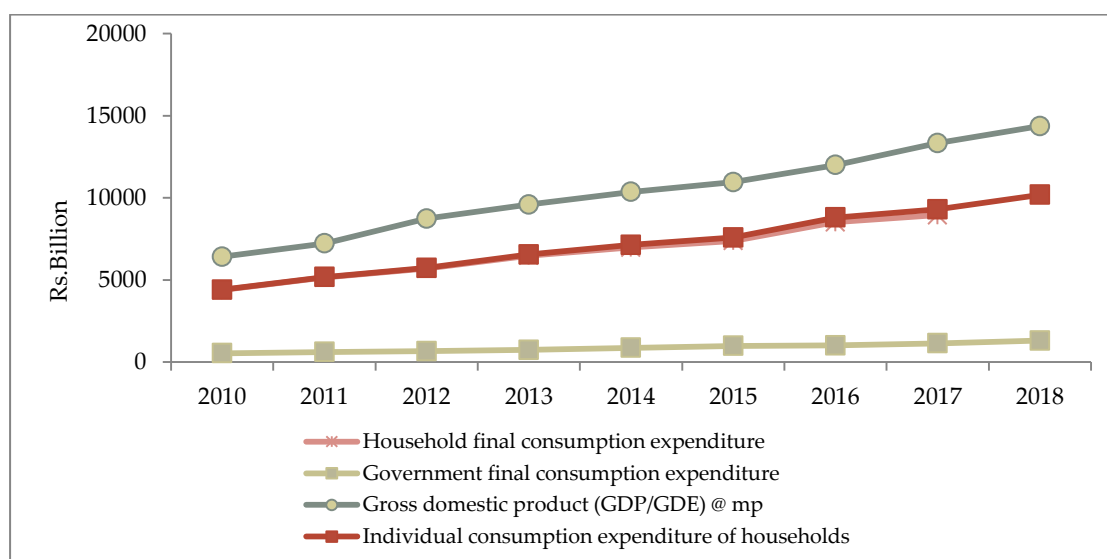
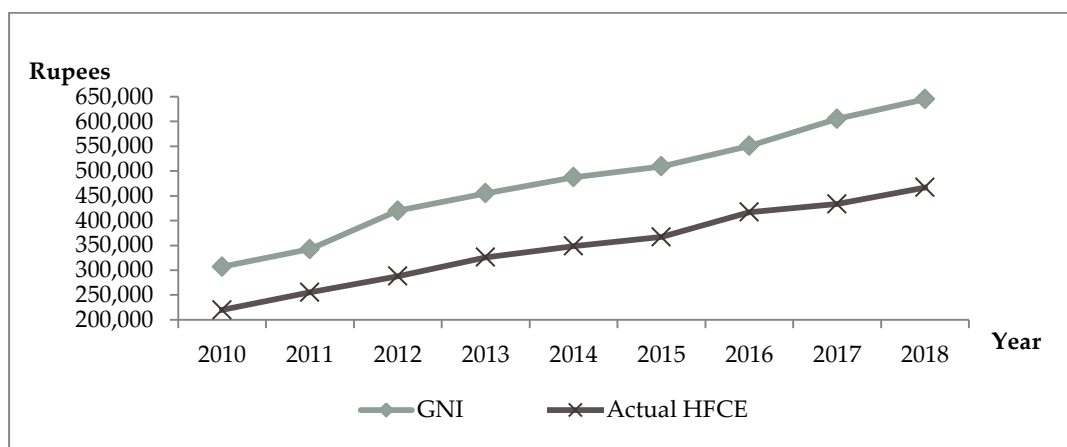


Table 3.1 shows that the largest component, household final consumption, represented 67.83 % of GDP in 2018. When adding 'individual' government expenditure such as public education and public health care (2.59 % of GDP), the result is households' actual individual consumption (70.42 % of GDP). After adding 'collective' government

consumption (6.54 % of GDP), covering items as administration, justice, defense or the police, the result is total final consumption expenditure, which accounted for 76.96 % of GDP in 2018.

TABLE 3.1: CHANGE IN GNI AND ACTUAL HFCE PER CAPITA

Component	2017	2018@	2018/17 (Change %)
Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure (Rs Mn.)	9,297,792	10,116,584	8.8
Per capita Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure at Current Prices (Rs.)	433,585	466,847	7.7
GNI Per Capita at Current Prices (Rs.)	605,076	644,970	6.6
@ - Revised			

FIGURE 3.2: PER CAPITA OF GNI & ACTUAL HFCE


While GNI per capita is often considered as an indicator of a country's living standard, it is actually the sum of all goods and services produced in that country. Actual individual consumption per capita is an alternative indicator better suited to describe the material welfare situation of households in the shares of public financing for the provision of education and health services to individuals.

Food, beverages and tobacco category, the major contributor to the HFCE increased by 8.9 percent in current prices during 2018; share of this category is 32.9 percent of the HFCE as same in the previous year. But Consumer imported goods for the Food and beverages showed a negative growth 7.5

percent during the year compared to the previous year 18.4 percent. Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing activity value added change also significantly increased from 17.2 percent to 9.0 percent. Expenditure on Clothing and footwear increased by 9.0 percent, but this is negative change in 2017.

Expenditure on Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance showed increase by 10.5 percent compared to the previous year negative change 25.7 percent. Consumption on Health increased by 10.9 percent in 2018, It was increased by 1.9 percent in 2017. Imports of Medical and Pharmaceutical Products increased by 9.1 percent where it was 3.6 percent in the year 2017. In the

Production approach value added in human health activity increased from 3.7 percent in 2017 to 11.1 percent in 2018 and education expenses also 0.9 percent slight increase only in 2018 from 8.3 percent in the year 2017 by the government and expenses for the private Education increased by 9.8 percent but Restaurants and hotels expenditure increased by 10.0 percent.

Intermediate Imports of fuel showed high increase by 29.1 percent.

Household expenditure on communication showed a negative 6.9 per cent change in 2018 when compared to 7.2 percent Change in 2017.

TABLE 3.2 : COMPOSITION OF INDIVIDUAL FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE OF HOUSEHOLDS CLASSIFIED BY TYPE (AT CURRENT PRICES) 2014 - 2018

Items	Rs.Mn				
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018@
1. Durable goods	87,111	88,234	116,718	82,993	97,637
2. Semi-durable goods	578,096	603,286	626,921	592,031	634,598
3. Non-durable goods	2,491,039	2,925,836	3,514,711	3,331,203	3,631,911
4. Services	3,972,409	3,964,766	4,539,037	5,285,370	5,817,056
Individual Final consumption expenditure of households	7,128,655	7,582,122	8,797,387	9,291,596	10,181,202
@ - Provisional					

GOVERNMENT FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE (GFCE)

The share of Final consumption Expenditure of the Government to GDP remained 9.1 percent in 2018. The change of GFCE in 2018 was 15.2 percent and 12.1 percent in 2017. The growth of GFCE was decreased 5.1 percent from 2017 to 2018. The GFCE for the year under review was Rs. 1,310,655 million at current market prices compared to Rs. 1,137,406 million in 2017, showing an increase of 15.2 percent in the year 2018. In constant terms, it was Rs. 600,861 million in 2018 in contrast to Rs. 633,025 million in 2017 indicating a negative growth rate of 5.1 percent for 2018.

In nominal terms the share of collective Final consumption Expenditure of the Government (General public services, Defense, Public order & Safety, Economic Affairs, Environmental protection, Housing and community amenities, Recreation, culture and religion and Social protection)

contributed 71.6 percent to GFCE and showed by 20.1 percent change in 2018.

Meanwhile “individual consumption”, which is the amount spent by general government and the NPISHs (non-profit institutions serving households) on things that directly benefit households, such as healthcare and education. Households do not pay directly for these services (they pay for them indirectly through taxes), but they benefit from them. Individual Final consumption Expenditure of the Government (Health and Education) grew by negative 14.1 percent in 2018, compared with negative 9.5 percent in 2017 which is contributed by 28.4 percent in the recent year. Expenditure on Education and Health sector have increased by 0.9 percent and 8.9 percent during this period compared with the previous year. The share of Government Expenditure on both Education & Health to

GFCE was recorded 14.8 percent, 13.6 percent.

By the table 3.3 In particular, the largest share of the Government final consumption was from the expenditure for General Public Services 21.9 percent in 2018. The expenditure for “Defense” 19.3 percent

“Social protection” 16.1 percent, and “Education” 14.8 percent placed the second, third and fourth respectively, in the reference year. The General Public Services expenditure as a percentage share to total government consumption expenditure in 2018 was 21.9 percent where as it was 11.9 percent in 2017.

TABLE 3.3: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION FOR GFCE BY COFOG (CLASSIFICATION OF THE FUNCTIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT)

Function	2017	2018@
General public services	11.9	21.9
Defense	22.8	19.3
Public order & Safety	7.5	6.7
Economic Affairs	8.4	6.7
Environmental protection	0.4	0.3
Housing and community amenities	0.1	0.1
Health	14.4	13.6
Recreation, culture and religion	0.6	0.5
Education	16.9	14.8
Social protection	17.0	16.1
Total	100.0	100.0
@ - Revised		

GROSS CAPITAL FORMATION (INVESTMENT)

Gross capital formation (GCF) is one of the principal component of final expenditures, typically accounting for around 32 percent of GDP. The share of capital formation (30.4 percent) to GDP in the year 2018 and showed a positive change of 3.8 percent.

GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION (GFCF)

Table 3.4 shows that the Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GCF) as a percentage of GDP and in current terms showed a 25.6 percent in 2018. The Gross Fixed Capital Formation

The rate of Gross Capital Formation at constant 2010 prices is 36.3 percent and It has recorded a moderate growth rate (4.3 percent) in the year 2018.

(GFCF) which stood at Rs. 3,516,741 million at current price in 2017 has increased to Rs 3,671,712 million in 2018 indicating an increase of 4.4 percent. At constant terms, it recorded a value of Rs 2,440,665 million in 2018 as compared with Rs. 2,452,812 million

in 2017, indicating a negative growth rate of 0.5 percent. The ratio of GFCF to GDP at current prices was 25.6 percent comprising from the private sector and Public sector for the year 2018.

The Gross fixed capital formation by construction increased by 0.5 percent in 2018, 13.0 percent in 2017. At the same time Machinery and equipment and weapons systems grow by 7.0 percent in 2018

compared to 6.9 percent change in previous year and Transport equipment increased by 7.7 percent which is 6.3 percent in 2017. Imports of investment goods increased by 2.0 percent. Information and communication technology (ICT) equipment, Intellectual property increased by 15.8 percent and 9.8 percent respectively. At the same time cultivated biological resources showed a growth 9.0 percent.

TABLE 3.4: GROSS FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION (GFCF)

Year	Current Value (Rs. Mn.)	Constant Value (Rs. Mn.)	Share of GDP	Imported Capital Goods as a share of total imports
2013	2,809,789	2,174,090	29.3	23.6
2014	2,874,377	2,137,668	27.7	21.4
2015	2,814,288	2,138,922	25.7	24.1
2016	3,210,061	2,334,584	26.8	26.0
2017	3,516,741	2,452,812	26.4	23.3
2018@	3,671,712	2,440,665	25.6	21.1
@ - Revised				

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOODS AND SERVICES

Exports and imports are key aggregates in the analysis of a country's economic situation. Exchange rates play an important role here. The openness indices for the years 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 are 49.3

percent, 49.6 percent, 50.3 percent, 49.6 percent, 50.9 percent and 52.9 percent respectively. It measures the extent to which a country is dependent on foreign trade flows with its trading partners.

IMPORTS

The total payment of merchandised imports increased by 12.8 percent in 2018 as against the 13.2 percent in 2017, imports of consumer goods which consist nearly one fifth of the total imports increased by 17.5 percent in 2018 (figure 3.3). The share of imports of consumer goods showed a

decrease from 21.5 percent in 2017 to 22.4 percent in 2018. Imports of Intermediate goods which is the largest subsector in Imports increased by 16.3 percent in 2018. This sector has increased by 21.2 percent in 2017 as well. The share of this sector also increased to 56.2 percent with 54.5 percent in

the previous year. Fuel is the largest sector, within Intermediate goods Imports increased by 29.1 percent in 2018. Imports of Chemical Products and Textiles & Textile Articles have increased by 15.5 percent and 12.0 percent respectively in the year 2018. Imports of Fertilizer recorded high increase by 171.8 percent in 2018 compared with previous year decrease 21.1 percent.

EXPORTS

Earnings from exports at current terms, which increased by 15.4 per cent in 2017, it is further increased by 11.6 per cent in 2018, to Rs. 1,933,533 million, a 15.6 percent up in industrial and 0.7 percent, little increase in agricultural exports.

By table 3.5, the composition of exports for the year 2017 indicated by 77.9 percent from Industrial exports, 21.7 percent from Agricultural exports, 0.3 from Mineral exports and 0.1 percent from other exports.

Within the total exports, Agricultural exports indicated a significant decrease of 0.7 percent compared with 24.6 percent increase in 2017. Within the Agricultural exports, export income of Tea, Rubber, Coconut Products, Spices, Minor Agricultural Products recorded a negative

Investment goods hold one fifth of total Imports has increased by 2.0 percent in 2018 as against the increase of 2.9 percent recorded in 2017. Transport equipment under Investment goods increased significantly by 5.0 percent in year 2018, Building Materials and Machinery and Equipment increased by 2.1 percent and 1.2 percent respectively.

changes 0.7 percent, 14.1 percent, 4.8 percent, 5.3 percent and 9.5 percent. While Export earnings from tea, the largest export commodity in Sri Lanka, which accounts for about 12.0 percent of total exports.

Exports of Industrial products increased by 15.6 percent in 2018, mainly led by the petroleum products, Textiles and Garments, Other Industrial and Rubber Products. Gems, Diamonds & Jewellery exports considerable increase by 14.5 percent compared with 1.5 percent decrease of previous year. Textiles and Garments sector contributes high share 57.5 percent to the Industrial exports sector.

Export earnings from Mineral exports increased by 5.8 per cent, to 5,570 Rs. million in 2018.

TABLE 3.5 : EXPORTS AT CURRENT PRICES 2017 – 2018

Category	Composition (%)		Increase(%)	
	2017	2018@	2017	2018@
Industrial exports	75.2	77.9	12.7	15.6
Agricultural exports	24.4	21.7	24.6	-0.7
Mineral exports	0.3	0.3	24.7	5.8
Other exports	0.1	0.1	21.5	12.8
@- Revised			Source: Sri Lanka Customs	

TABLE 3.6 : TRADE DIRECTION

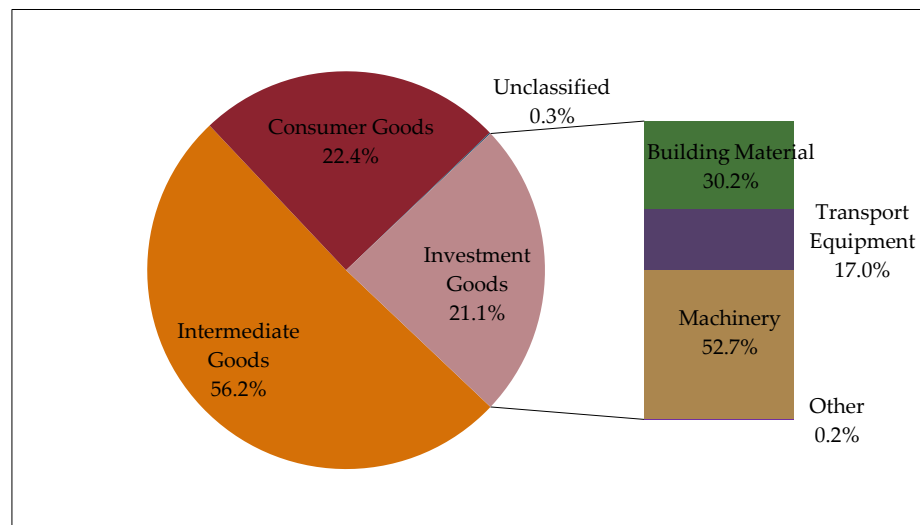
Major Exporters	Exports Value (Rs. Mn.)		
	2017	2018@	Change(%)
1.United States of America	443,927	501,211	12.9
2.United Kingdom	157,815	159,193	0.9
3.India	105,117	124,946	18.9
4.Germany	82,129	99,628	21.3
5.Italy	80,781	93,897	16.2
Major Importers	Imports Value (Rs. Mn.)		
	2017	2018@	% Change
1. India	685,447	675,872	-1.4
2. China	638,983	669,839	4.8
3.UAE	238,529	277,188	16.2
4.Singapore	197,071	218,531	10.9
5.Japan	158,331	257,588	62.7
6.Malaysia	97,782	125,441	28.3
@- Revised		Source: Srilanka Customs	

Table 3.6 shows that India continued major trading country with Sri Lanka. United States of America continued to be the largest trade of exports with a share of 25.9 percent in total exports in 2018. Exports from United States of America increased by 12.9 percent from Rs. 443,927

million to Rs. 501,221 million. UK and India are the second and third buyer countries with the shares 8.2 percent and 6.5 percent of total exports for the year 2018. In 2018,

total exports to the UK is recorded little increase by 0.9 percent with Rs. Mn. 159,193. While India's exports significantly decreased to 18.9 percent compared with the increase of previous year increase 31.0 percent. First five largest export countries USA, UK, India, Germany and Italy accounted by 51 percent of total exports. India is the largest trade of imports with a share of 18.8 percent in total imports in 2018. But Imports from India in this year decreased by 1.4 percent from Rs. 685,447 million to Rs.675,872 million.

FIGURE 3.3 : IMPORTS BY MAJOR CATEGORIES 2018



BALANCE OF TRADE

The balance of trade is the difference between exports and imports. When exports exceed imports this is referred to as a trade surplus, when imports exceed exports this is referred to as a trade deficit.

Balance of trade for Sri Lanka has recorded a deficit for the year 2018. Trade balance can be briefly defined as the difference between export income and expenditure on imports. According to the structures of exports and

imports of Sri Lanka and prices in the world market, expenditure on imports higher than the export income. Accordingly, the trade deficit expanded marginally by 14.1 per cent to -1,673,111 Rs. million in 2018, from the -1,466,133 Rs. Million recorded in 2017. However, as a per cent of GDP, the deficit in the trade balance increased to 11.1 per cent in 2018 from 10.2 per cent in 2017 (Table 3.7).

TABLE 3.7 : TRADE BALANCE 2017-2018

Type of Trade	2017	2018@
Import Outlay(Rs.Mn)	3,198,572	3,606,644
Export Earnings(Rs.Mn)	1,732,440	1,933,533
Trade Balance(Rs.Mn)	-1,466,133	-1,673,111
@- Revised Source: Sri Lanka Customs		

Chapter 4 : INCOME PERSPECTIVE OF THE GDP

INTRODUCTION

The income approach of measuring gross domestic product (GDP) is based on the circular flow of an economy, which displays that total value added in the entire production process of the economy should be equal to the total income generated by production process. Therefore, by summing all the primary incomes which are generated by production process together, an estimate for the total value added of an economy for a given period can be made. Subsequent adjustments must then be made for taxes, less subsidies on products to get GDP at market price.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE INCOME COMPONENTS OF GDP

COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES

Compensation of Employees is the total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable by an enterprise to an employee in return for work done during the accounting period. Compensation of employees is recorded on an accrual basis; that is, it is measured by the value of the remuneration in cash or in kind that an employee become entitled to recover from an employer with respect to work done during the relevant period, whether paid in advance, simultaneously or in arrears of the work itself. No compensation of employees is payable in respect of unpaid work undertaken voluntarily, including the work done by members of a household within an unincorporated enterprise owned by the same household. Compensation of employees does not include any taxes payable by the employer on the wage and salary bill, for example, a payroll tax; such taxes are treated as taxes on production in the same way as taxes on buildings, land or other assets used in production.

Compensation of employees has two main components:

- a. Wages and salaries payable in cash or in kind;
- . Social insurance contributions payable by employers, which include contributions to social security schemes.

OPERATING SURPLUS AND MIXED INCOME

Operating surplus or mixed income is a measure of the surplus accruing from processes of production before deducting any explicit or implicit interest charges, rent or other property incomes payable on the financial assets, land or other natural resources required to carry on the production.

The balancing item described as operating surplus except for unincorporated enterprises owned by households in which the owner(s) or members of the same household may contribute unpaid labour inputs of a similar kind to those that could be provided by paid employees. In the latter case, the balancing item is described as mixed income because it implicitly contains an element of remuneration for work done by the owner, or other members of the household, that cannot be separately identified from the return to the owners as an entrepreneur. In many cases, though, the element of remuneration may dominate the value of mixed income.

The preferred measure of value added is after deducting consumption of fixed capital, that is, net value added. However, provision is made in the accounts of the SNA for value added, and all subsequent balancing items that depend on value added, to be measured gross or net of consumption of fixed capital. Operating surplus and mixed income may therefore both be expressed as gross or net.

CONSUMPTION OF FIXED CAPITAL (CFC)

Consumption of fixed capital is the decline, during the course of the accounting period, in the current value of the stock of fixed assets owned and used by a producer as a result of physical deterioration, normal obsolescence or normal accidental damage. The term depreciation is often used in place of consumption of fixed capital, but it is avoided in the SNA because in commercial accounting the term depreciation is often used in the context of writing off historic costs, whereas in the SNA consumption of fixed capital is dependent on the current value of the asset.

Consumption of fixed capital is calculated for all fixed assets owned by producers, but not for valuables. That are acquired precisely because their value, in real terms, is not expected to decline over time. Fixed assets must have been produced as outputs from processes of production as defined in the SNA. Consumption of fixed capital does not, therefore, cover the depletion or degradation of natural assets such as land, minerals or other deposits, coal, oil or natural gas, or contract, leases and licenses.

TAXES ON PRODUCTION AND ON IMPORTS (LESS SUBSIDIES)

Taxes are compulsory, unrequited payments, in cash or in kind, made by institutional units to government units.

They are described as unrequited because the government provides nothing in return to the individual unit, making the payment, although governments may use the funds raised in taxes to provide goods or services to other units, either individually or collectively, or to the community as a whole.

At the highest level of the classification, taxes on production and on imports consist two components;

1. Taxes on products (less subsidies)
2. Other taxes on production (less subsidies).

Taxes on products consist of taxes on goods and services that become payable as a result of the production, sale, transfer, leasing or delivery of those goods or services, or as a result of their use for own consumption or own capital formation.

Other taxes on production consist mainly of taxes on the ownership of land, buildings or other assets used in production or in the labour employed, or compensation of employees paid. Whatever the valuation of output used, other taxes on production are always recorded as a charge on the value added in the generation of income.

TABLE 4.1 : ANNUAL GDP ESTIMATES (CURRENT PRICES) BY INCOME APPROACH 2011 TO 2018

#	Components (Income Generated)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017@	2018@
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CoE)	1,884,086	2,272,091	2,551,513	2,786,394	3,179,519	3,477,645	3,717,734	4,287,840
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,730,289	5,841,628	6,357,836	6,832,465	6,934,960	7,477,233	8,330,583	8,835,822
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS)	3,809,838	4,710,315	5,051,310	5,392,946	5,448,270	5,885,654	6,545,819	6,902,076
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	457,855	565,050	644,982	681,589	723,723	763,487	812,537	906,021
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	462,596	566,263	661,545	757,930	762,967	828,092	972,227	1,027,725
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	24,729	25,850	29,905	38,334	40,360	44,710	41,385	41,665
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327
	(+) Taxes on Products	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114
	(-) Subsidies on Products	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103
@- Revised									

At current prices, Compensation of Employees (CoE) is estimated at Rs. 4,287,840 million for the year 2018. It has increased by 15.3 percent compared to the recorded Rs. 3,717,734 million CoE in the year 2017. At constant prices, Rs. 2,651,309 million CoE recorded for the year 2018 and it grew by 4.8 percent compared to the recorded Rs. 2,528,769 million CoE in the year 2017.

Gross Operating Surplus recorded at Rs. 8,835,822 million in 2018 compared to Rs. 8,330,583 million in 2017. The GOS increased by 6.1 percent in nominal terms and

estimated GOS at Constant prices for the years 2017 and 2018 were Rs. 5,895,910 and Rs. 6,087,543 million, respectively. Hence GOS in 2018 grew by 3.3 percent in real terms.

Mixed income totally generates through Household sector and Estimated for the year 2018 as Rs. 906,021 million and It was 11.5 percent more than the Rs. 812,537 million of MI, recorded in 2017. Meanwhile MI in 2018 grew by 0.6 percent. Further, other taxes less subsidies on production increased by 0.7 percent in 2018 while accounting for a 0.6 percent growth in real terms.

TABLE 4.2 : SHARE OF INCOME COMPONENTS TO THE GDP

#	Income Generated	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 (a)
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.1	26.0	26.6	26.9	29.0	29.0	27.9	29.8
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	65.5	66.9	66.3	65.9	63.3	62.3	62.5	61.5
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	52.8	53.9	52.7	52.0	49.8	49.1	49.1	48.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.3
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.4	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.0	6.9	7.3	7.2
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	92.0	93.2	93.2	93.2	92.7	91.7	90.7	91.6
	(+) Taxes on Products	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.2	9.5
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.1
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
@-Revised									

The Gross Operating Surplus has been the biggest income component of the GDP. Compensation of Employees accounted for 29.8 percent of GDP in 2018 and Net operating surplus, Mixed income and CFC collectively accounted for 61.5 percent of the GDP in 2018. Those primary income components represented 91.3 percent of

Gross Domestic Product at current prices in 2018 and the remaining 8.7 percent estimated as other taxes, less subsidies on production and taxes less subsidies on products.

PART II

NATIONAL ACCOUNTS TABLES

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Table A - 1: Summary Indicators

INDICATOR	2010	2011	2011 /10 %	2015	2015 /14 %	2016	2016 /15 %	2017	2017 /16 %	2018	2018 /17 %
A. Global Aggregates at Current Market prices (Rs. Million)											
1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	6,413,668.5	7,219,106.3	12.6	10,950,620.5	5.7	11,996,083.3	9.5	13,328,103.4	11.1	14,366,103.3	7.8
2. Gross National Income (GNI)	6,343,892.5	7,147,065.3	12.7	10,675,880.1	5.4	11,676,431.2	9.4	12,975,247.2	11.1	13,976,502.4	7.7
3. Three Major economic activities of GDP (Value Added)											
Agriculture	544,914.3	637,567.2	17.0	896,228.5	8.0	890,925.1	(0.6)	1,043,994.2	17.2	1,138,471.7	9.0
Industry	1,708,867.2	2,021,036.9	18.3	2,975,231.7	1.5	3,337,427.5	12.2	3,568,559.5	6.9	3,819,811.0	7.0
Services	3,504,322.9	3,980,499.8	13.6	6,283,378.8	6.6	6,771,236.0	7.8	7,477,148.2	10.4	8,207,044.5	9.8
B. Global Aggregates at Constant (2010) Prices (Rs. Million)											
1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	6,413,668.5	6,952,720.2	8.4	8,647,833.3	5.0	9,035,829.9	4.5	9,359,147.3	3.6	9,668,599.7	3.3
2. Gross National Income (GNI)	6,343,892.5	6,885,232.3	8.5	8,432,998.4	4.8	8,794,902.6	4.3	9,109,530.5	3.6	9,404,092.8	3.2
3. Three Major economic activities of GDP (Value Added)											
Agriculture	544,914.3	569,954.0	4.6	669,724.5	4.7	644,654.6	(3.7)	642,159.2	(0.4)	683,815.8	6.5
Industry	1,708,867.2	1,866,947.2	9.3	2,267,725.2	2.2	2,396,832.9	5.7	2,509,421.4	4.7	2,540,314.5	1.2
Services	3,504,322.9	3,817,154.8	8.9	4,894,717.0	6.0	5,127,615.5	4.8	5,313,434.9	3.6	5,555,303.3	4.6
C. Per-capita Gross Domestic Product											
1. At Current Prices (Rs.)	310,213.7	345,924.9	11.5	522,303.8	4.7	565,772.9	8.3	621,530.7	9.9	662,948.9	6.7
2. At Current Prices (US\$)	2,743.7	3,128.7	14.0	3,842.2	0.6	3,885.8	1.1	4,076.7	4.9	4,078.7	0.0
3. At Constant (2010) Prices (Rs.)	310,213.7	333,160.2	7.4	412,469.4	4.0	426,158.1	3.3	436,446.0	2.4	446,174.4	2.2
D. Per-Capita Gross National Income											
1. At Current Prices (Rs.)	306,838.8	342,472.8	11.6	509,199.7	4.5	550,697.1	8.1	605,075.9	9.9	644,970.1	6.6
2. At Current Prices (US\$)	2,713.8	3,097.5	14.1	3,745.8	0.3	3,782.2	1.0	3,968.8	4.9	3,968.1	(0.0)
3. At Constant (2010) Prices (Rs.)	306,838.8	329,926.3	7.5	402,222.6	3.8	414,795.2	3.1	424,805.6	2.4	433,968.3	2.2
E. GDP Implicit Price Deflator (2010=100)											
1. Change in GDP Implicit Price Deflator (2010=100)	100.0	103.8	3.8	126.6	0.6	132.8	4.8	142.4	7.3	148.6	4.3
F. Colombo Consumers' Price Index (CCPI), 2013=100											
		3.8		107.4	2.2	111.7	4.0	119.0	6.6	124.2	4.3
G. Selected Components in Current Prices (Rs. Million)											
1. Exports of Goods and Non Factor Services	1,254,021.0	1,508,565.0	20.3	2,301,065.2	5.3	2,540,048.7	10.4	2,909,720.0	14.6	3,292,414.0	13.2
2. Imports of Goods and Non Factor Services	1,719,605.0	2,460,830.0	43.1	3,125,930.6	3.5	3,414,337.6	9.2	3,872,521.0	13.4	4,354,292.0	12.4
3. Primary Income Received from Abroad	36,508.0	51,102.0	40.0	17,253.4	(14.9)	18,499.4	7.2	26,394.1	42.7	40,203.7	52.3
4. Primary Income Paid to Abroad	106,284.0	123,143.0	15.9	291,993.8	13.9	338,151.5	15.8	379,250.3	12.2	429,804.6	13.3
G.D.P. Growth Rate		8.4		5.0		4.5		3.6		3.3	
Annual Average Price Change % (GDP- Implicit)		3.8		0.6		4.8		7.3		4.3	
Exchange Rate:- One US Dollar (US \$) = Rupees	113.1	110.6	(2.2)	135.9	4.1	145.6	7.1	152.5	4.7	162.5	6.6
Mid Year Population ('000')	20,675.0	20,869.0	0.9	20,966.0	0.9	21,203.0	1.1	21,444	1.1	21,670	1.1
R - Revised, @ - Provisional											
Source: Department of Census and Statistics, Central Bank of Sri Lanka											

Table A - 2: Gross Domestic Product(A10) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million											
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	544,914	637,567	650,510	735,382	829,577	896,229	890,925	1,043,994	1,138,472
2	B,C, D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industries	1,372,486	1,569,323	2,009,626	2,081,873	2,118,309	2,144,820	2,402,640	2,527,582	2,769,383
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	1,157,975	1,330,067	1,697,818	1,723,093	1,758,713	1,780,785	1,964,786	2,048,702	2,272,719
3	F	Construction	336,381	451,714	621,140	715,455	813,689	830,412	934,787	1,040,978	1,050,428
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage,	1,459,691	1,746,884	2,191,057	2,370,519	2,576,789	2,672,316	2,885,975	3,133,233	3,399,943
5	J	Information and communication	31,650	37,819	45,560	58,085	61,818	76,139	88,886	90,485	102,548
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	342,763	283,544	361,537	390,522	433,665	450,227	527,550	677,816	733,347
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	307,112	350,090	424,415	512,063	562,687	625,695	690,153	770,252	834,398
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	112,062	135,904	178,781	198,873	210,966	197,247	201,976	224,431	244,015
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work activities	658,950	740,119	818,584	889,849	985,732	1,144,852	1,201,741	1,288,906	1,509,402
10	R,S, T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	592,095	686,140	838,358	986,633	1,063,962	1,116,902	1,174,954	1,292,025	1,383,391
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	5,758,104	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327
		(+) Taxes on products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114
		(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338
		Equals GDP at mp	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

Table A - 3: Gross Domestic Product(A10) @ constant (2010=100) market prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million											
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	544,914	569,954	592,443	611,676	639,696	669,725	644,655	642,159	683,816
2	B,C, D & E	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industries	1,372,486	1,442,149	1,520,844	1,565,642	1,606,869	1,671,028	1,750,839	1,835,325	1,883,245
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	1,157,975	1,198,135	1,235,988	1,263,921	1,296,100	1,360,977	1,402,395	1,460,818	1,512,800
3	F	Construction	336,381	424,798	514,757	553,438	611,842	596,697	645,994	674,097	657,070
4	G,H & I	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation	1,459,691	1,643,379	1,792,678	1,840,272	1,905,136	2,002,814	2,083,494	2,158,382	2,234,394
5	J	Information and communication	31,650	33,813	36,674	39,510	44,078	48,917	52,829	57,872	63,421
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	342,763	382,274	433,714	456,863	495,201	575,798	646,736	702,437	800,412
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	307,112	328,076	369,719	417,024	444,049	489,352	520,085	544,733	566,078
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	112,062	127,358	155,741	161,963	166,486	154,266	152,229	158,755	165,550
9	O,P & Q	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work	658,950	659,260	726,619	686,499	723,918	750,036	786,822	777,528	786,902
10	R,S,T & U	Other services (excluding own-services)	592,095	642,995	730,316	803,514	839,633	873,534	885,421	913,729	938,547
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	5,758,104	6,254,056	6,873,506	7,136,401	7,476,908	7,832,167	8,169,103	8,465,015	8,779,434
		(+) Taxes on products	687,833	737,357	748,362	744,923	791,696	857,040	894,210	920,927	927,445
		(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	38,693	33,351	35,121	33,174	41,373	27,483	26,795	38,279
		Equals GDP at mp	6,413,668	6,952,720	7,588,517	7,846,202	8,235,429	8,647,833	9,035,830	9,359,147	9,668,600
R - Revised, @ - Provisional											
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

Table A - 4: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million										
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Agriculture, Forestry and	544,914	637,567	650,510	735,382	829,577	896,229	890,925	1,043,994	1,138,472
1	Growing of Cereals (except	10,548	11,811	14,196	17,592	18,454	20,385	16,503	18,242	20,554
2	Growing of Rice	60,086	68,034	61,921	66,851	100,931	118,098	72,811	88,565	132,726
3	Growing of Vegetables	47,704	58,512	58,219	69,065	73,091	90,546	85,843	100,037	102,002
4	Growing of Sugar cane,	2,442	2,319	2,623	3,263	3,431	2,801	3,499	3,519	3,378
5	Growing of fruits	36,610	38,452	40,185	44,839	45,697	55,258	64,559	84,328	98,811
6	Growing of Oleaginous	60,231	70,123	59,795	74,654	79,820	95,586	75,805	103,773	110,736
7	Growing of Tea (Green	72,208	70,064	76,362	90,921	91,533	75,789	82,136	116,548	108,290
8	Growing of other beverage	1,295	1,388	1,488	1,263	1,622	1,366	2,096	2,044	3,285
9	Growing of spices,	28,468	42,400	48,960	49,507	75,735	80,564	86,460	87,678	87,443
10	Growing of rubber	44,411	66,722	46,938	31,493	17,437	14,226	10,718	18,962	21,643
11	Growing of other perennial	14,496	16,277	18,474	19,251	22,636	24,507	25,674	24,165	24,323
12	Animal Production	27,230	27,320	28,956	40,334	57,284	65,517	92,501	103,728	123,174
13	Plant propagation and	8,533	8,920	10,504	11,166	12,110	13,808	14,889	14,066	13,963
14	Forestry and Logging	43,339	46,681	51,152	64,072	71,767	75,549	83,816	100,597	108,828
15	Marine fishing and Marine	77,579	96,627	117,495	137,651	141,987	146,923	159,310	159,141	152,549
16	Fresh water fishing and	9,737	11,916	13,244	13,460	16,043	15,305	14,307	18,603	26,766
	Industries	1,708,867	2,021,037	2,630,766	2,797,328	2,931,998	2,975,232	3,337,428	3,568,560	3,819,811
17	Mining and quarrying	124,926	153,772	213,318	245,382	254,392	249,098	313,635	351,428	350,649
18	Manufacture of food,	433,769	604,367	798,849	801,748	759,354	823,461	856,778	842,027	817,053
19	Manufacture of textiles,	264,905	289,134	346,377	365,685	415,363	399,291	576,089	603,272	686,113
20	Manufacture of wood and	26,318	28,203	23,397	27,365	22,269	29,023	24,230	23,743	24,994
21	Manufacture of paper	26,094	28,325	26,989	28,261	36,585	39,575	48,768	50,404	54,631
22	Manufacture of coke and	22,281	5,872	40,339	66,064	66,690	20,399	5,049	30,496	45,277
23	Manufacture of chemical	69,450	41,293	54,254	62,740	74,134	73,804	85,182	80,885	89,371
24	Manufacture of rubber and	63,257	66,871	85,188	74,995	77,754	81,853	80,909	86,306	105,293
25	Manufacture of other non-	79,267	102,811	143,788	124,831	110,571	92,862	105,854	120,605	163,995
26	Manufacture of basic metals	31,665	29,705	32,086	34,300	33,635	39,298	41,259	47,452	74,497
27	Manufacture of machinery	35,909	34,119	33,735	34,584	33,421	46,309	51,765	57,387	70,657
28	Manufacture of furniture	56,402	56,841	59,516	57,966	78,967	78,569	43,015	54,751	71,032
29	Other manufacturing, and	48,660	42,526	53,300	44,553	49,971	56,342	45,888	51,372	69,806
30	Electricity, gas, steam and	68,491	67,665	78,833	90,539	77,639	82,966	86,882	90,954	106,774
31	Water collection, treatment	9,381	8,367	9,413	11,189	14,425	15,098	17,820	17,383	19,078
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment	11,712	9,452	10,244	11,671	13,140	16,873	19,517	19,114	20,163
33	Construction	336,381	451,714	621,140	715,455	813,689	830,412	934,787	1,040,978	1,050,428
	Services	3,504,323	3,980,500	4,858,292	5,406,544	5,895,618	6,283,379	6,771,236	7,477,148	8,207,045
34	Wholesale and retail trade	705,778	846,106	975,056	1,047,793	1,117,234	1,193,649	1,270,056	1,404,772	1,533,760
35	Transportation of goods	662,153	784,011	1,057,477	1,162,834	1,288,124	1,302,310	1,425,988	1,516,369	1,632,761
36	Postal and courier activities	4,066	4,324	4,517	4,695	4,821	5,001	4,890	5,036	5,162
37	Accommodation, Food and	87,693	112,442	154,007	155,197	166,608	171,356	185,041	207,055	228,259
38	Programming and	2,526	2,895	3,151	4,198	3,680	4,426	4,809	3,948	4,062
39	Telecommunication	22,931	27,224	33,257	41,986	44,733	56,181	66,807	67,357	76,271
40	IT programming	6,194	7,700	9,151	11,902	13,405	15,532	17,271	19,180	22,216
41	Financial Service activities	274,933	223,467	282,003	308,810	340,727	347,909	406,826	531,241	575,756
42	Insurance, reinsurance and	67,830	60,077	79,534	81,712	92,938	102,319	120,724	146,575	157,591
43	Real estate activities,	307,112	350,090	424,415	512,063	562,687	625,695	690,153	770,252	834,398
44	Professional services	112,062	135,904	178,781	198,873	210,966	197,247	201,976	224,431	244,015
45	Public administration and	383,823	422,494	455,798	501,755	563,280	637,473	678,675	746,439	920,922
46	Education	138,553	148,184	171,532	189,298	212,148	250,174	256,889	266,324	281,628
47	Human health activities,	136,574	169,441	191,255	198,796	210,304	257,206	266,177	276,142	306,853
48	Other personal service	592,095	686,140	838,358	986,633	1,063,962	1,116,902	1,174,954	1,292,025	1,383,391
	Gross Value Added	5,758,104	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,999,58	12,089,70	13,165,327
	(+) Taxes on products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114
	(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338
	Gross Domestic Product	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103
R - Revised, @ - Provisional										
Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 5: Percentage shares of GDP @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	8.5	8.8	7.4	7.7	8.0	8.2	7.4	7.8	7.9
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.7	0.9
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.8
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.8
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
10	Growing of rubber	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
	Industries	26.6	28.0	30.1	29.2	28.3	27.2	27.8	26.8	26.6
17	Mining and quarrying	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.4
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	6.8	8.4	9.1	8.4	7.3	7.5	7.1	6.3	5.7
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.6	4.8	4.5	4.8
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.5
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
33	Construction	5.2	6.3	7.1	7.5	7.9	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.3
	Services	54.6	55.1	55.6	56.4	56.9	57.4	56.4	56.1	57.1
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.0	11.7	11.2	10.9	10.8	10.9	10.6	10.5	10.7
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	10.3	10.9	12.1	12.1	12.4	11.9	11.9	11.4	11.4
36	Postal and courier activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	4.3	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.4	4.0	4.0
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8
44	Professional services	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	6.0	5.9	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.8	5.7	5.6	6.4
46	Education	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1
48	Other personal service activities	9.2	9.5	9.6	10.3	10.3	10.2	9.8	9.7	9.6
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	89.8	92.0	93.2	93.2	93.2	92.7	91.7	90.7	91.6
	(+) Taxes on products	10.7	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.2	9.5
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.1
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 6: Percentage increase of GDP @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	17.0	2.0	13.0	12.8	8.0	(0.6)	17.2	9.0
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	12.0	20.2	23.9	4.9	10.5	(19.0)	10.5	12.7
2	Growing of Rice	13.2	(9.0)	8.0	51.0	17.0	(38.3)	21.6	49.9
3	Growing of Vegetables	22.7	(0.5)	18.6	5.8	23.9	(5.2)	16.5	2.0
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	(5.0)	13.1	24.4	5.1	(18.4)	24.9	0.6	(4.0)
5	Growing of fruits	5.0	4.5	11.6	1.9	20.9	16.8	30.6	17.2
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	16.4	(14.7)	24.9	6.9	19.8	(20.7)	36.9	6.7
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(3.0)	9.0	19.1	0.7	(17.2)	8.4	41.9	(7.1)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	7.2	7.2	(15.1)	28.5	(15.8)	53.4	(2.5)	60.7
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	48.9	15.5	1.1	53.0	6.4	7.3	1.4	(0.3)
10	Growing of rubber	50.2	(29.7)	(32.9)	(44.6)	(18.4)	(24.7)	76.9	14.1
11	Growing of other perennial crops	12.3	13.5	4.2	17.6	8.3	4.8	(5.9)	0.7
12	Animal Production	0.3	6.0	39.3	42.0	14.4	41.2	12.1	18.7
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	4.5	17.7	6.3	8.5	14.0	7.8	(5.5)	(0.7)
14	Forestry and Logging	7.7	9.6	25.3	12.0	5.3	10.9	20.0	8.2
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	24.6	21.6	17.2	3.1	3.5	8.4	(0.1)	(4.1)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	22.4	11.1	1.6	19.2	(4.6)	(6.5)	30.0	43.9
	Industries	18.3	30.2	6.3	4.8	1.5	12.2	6.9	7.0
17	Mining and quarrying	23.1	38.7	15.0	3.7	(2.1)	25.9	12.1	(0.2)
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	39.3	32.2	0.4	(5.3)	8.4	4.0	(1.7)	(3.0)
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	9.1	19.8	5.6	13.6	(3.9)	44.3	4.7	13.7
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	7.2	(17.0)	17.0	(18.6)	30.3	(16.5)	(2.0)	5.3
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction	8.6	(4.7)	4.7	29.5	8.2	23.2	3.4	8.4
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(73.6)	586.9	63.8	0.9	(69.4)	(75.2)	504.0	48.5
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	(40.5)	31.4	15.6	18.2	(0.4)	15.4	(5.0)	10.5
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	5.7	27.4	(12.0)	3.7	5.3	(1.2)	6.7	22.0
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	29.7	39.9	(13.2)	(11.4)	(16.0)	14.0	13.9	36.0
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	(6.2)	8.0	6.9	(1.9)	16.8	5.0	15.0	57.0
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(5.0)	(1.1)	2.5	(3.4)	38.6	11.8	10.9	23.1
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.8	4.7	(2.6)	36.2	(0.5)	(45.3)	27.3	29.7
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	(12.6)	25.3	(16.4)	12.2	12.7	(18.6)	12.0	35.9
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	(1.2)	16.5	14.8	(14.2)	6.9	4.7	4.7	17.4
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	(10.8)	12.5	18.9	28.9	4.7	18.0	(2.5)	9.7
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	(19.3)	8.4	13.9	12.6	28.4	15.7	(2.1)	5.5
33	Construction	34.3	37.5	15.2	13.7	2.1	12.6	11.4	0.9
	Services	13.6	22.1	11.3	9.0	6.6	7.8	10.4	9.8
34	Wholesale and retail trade	19.9	15.2	7.5	6.6	6.8	6.4	10.6	9.2
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	18.4	34.9	10.0	10.8	1.1	9.5	6.3	7.7
36	Postal and courier activities	6.3	4.5	3.9	2.7	3.7	(2.2)	3.0	2.5
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	28.2	37.0	0.8	7.4	2.8	8.0	11.9	10.2
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	14.6	8.9	33.2	(12.3)	20.3	8.7	(17.9)	2.9
39	Telecommunication	18.7	22.2	26.2	6.5	25.6	18.9	0.8	13.2
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	24.3	18.8	30.1	12.6	15.9	11.2	11.1	15.8
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	(18.7)	26.2	9.5	10.3	2.1	16.9	30.6	8.4
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(11.4)	32.4	2.7	13.7	10.1	18.0	21.4	7.5
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	14.0	21.2	20.7	9.9	11.2	10.3	11.6	8.3
44	Professional services	21.3	31.5	11.2	6.1	(6.5)	2.4	11.1	8.7
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	10.1	7.9	10.1	12.3	13.2	6.5	10.0	23.4
46	Education	7.0	15.8	10.4	12.1	17.9	2.7	3.7	5.7
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	24.1	12.9	3.9	5.8	22.3	3.5	3.7	11.1
48	Other personal service activities	15.9	22.2	17.7	7.8	5.0	5.2	10.0	7.1
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	15.3	22.6	9.8	8.0	5.2	8.3	9.9	8.9
	(+) Taxes on products	(10.0)	3.4	7.5	9.2	20.8	27.9	16.7	0.4
	(-) Subsidies on products	20.4	21.0	(25.6)	34.0	137.4	47.1	(29.2)	37.6
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	12.6	21.0	9.8	8.0	5.7	9.5	11.1	7.8
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics									

Table A - 7: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million										
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Agriculture, Forestry and	544,914	569,954	592,443	611,676	639,696	669,725	644,655	642,159	683,816
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	10,548	10,593	12,521	14,307	13,969	14,984	13,158	11,503	11,736
2	Growing of Rice	60,086	70,205	62,289	65,607	61,019	76,293	52,388	48,648	70,380
3	Growing of Vegetables	47,704	52,349	51,244	54,153	55,244	56,730	58,349	55,240	57,439
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco	2,442	2,142	2,254	2,441	2,287	1,882	2,347	2,044	1,820
5	Growing of fruits	36,610	37,791	38,248	37,385	40,888	48,038	46,512	49,961	55,654
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits	60,231	57,110	62,201	53,424	64,158	67,514	66,971	53,773	57,577
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	72,208	71,769	72,100	74,734	73,936	72,051	63,972	66,879	67,141
8	Growing of other beverage crops	1,295	1,287	1,319	1,321	1,538	1,259	1,354	1,268	1,592
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug	28,468	28,147	44,426	50,833	57,505	60,797	62,931	63,200	66,914
10	Growing of rubber	44,411	45,956	44,249	37,987	28,688	25,783	23,028	24,165	24,085
11	Growing of other perennial crops	14,496	14,666	15,167	14,344	15,402	16,839	16,484	16,717	16,303
12	Animal Production	27,230	26,359	29,511	36,599	47,950	51,857	55,631	58,729	63,418
13	Plant propagation and agricultural	8,533	8,436	9,105	9,183	9,767	10,421	10,210	9,238	9,258
14	Forestry and Logging	43,339	42,505	38,188	43,044	47,450	48,362	52,485	62,545	62,020
15	Marine fishing and Marine	77,579	89,575	97,063	103,879	105,822	104,413	105,100	103,043	102,175
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh	9,737	11,065	12,560	12,435	14,072	12,503	13,735	15,208	16,304
	Industries	1,708,867	1,866,947	2,035,601	2,119,080	2,218,711	2,267,725	2,396,833	2,509,421	2,540,315
17	Mining and quarrying	124,926	148,100	184,468	198,447	201,613	191,145	217,577	237,827	225,505
18	Manufacture of food, beverages &	433,769	487,943	507,121	507,127	513,960	528,821	529,786	534,924	556,140
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing	264,905	238,254	244,496	264,527	276,800	282,719	289,001	304,090	314,442
20	Manufacture of wood and of	26,318	31,521	23,472	25,258	23,139	27,320	32,855	32,909	33,845
21	Manufacture of paper products,	26,094	27,605	24,738	24,925	24,968	27,728	30,283	31,885	32,226
22	Manufacture of coke and refined	22,281	35,457	28,858	27,514	28,723	29,075	31,245	29,743	27,312
23	Manufacture of chemical products	69,450	67,644	75,582	81,982	82,243	83,179	90,095	93,552	96,761
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic	63,257	75,656	83,307	82,187	71,909	76,144	77,055	86,202	88,147
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic	79,267	86,204	87,090	81,037	78,671	75,191	69,660	77,821	85,031
26	Manufacture of basic metals and	31,665	26,295	24,591	26,589	24,882	28,953	38,577	43,862	48,111
27	Manufacture of machinery and	35,909	33,650	30,849	30,845	32,064	38,848	46,610	50,967	52,075
28	Manufacture of furniture	56,402	53,352	63,922	67,488	82,748	94,489	96,303	97,920	100,302
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair	48,660	34,555	41,962	44,443	55,993	68,509	70,923	76,943	78,408
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air	68,491	73,927	75,262	76,789	80,298	85,202	92,356	94,803	100,382
31	Water collection, treatment and	9,381	9,846	10,554	10,975	11,504	12,023	12,972	13,562	14,351
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and	11,712	12,141	14,572	15,511	17,355	21,681	25,539	28,316	30,207
33	Construction	336,381	424,798	514,757	553,438	611,842	596,697	645,994	674,097	657,070
	Services	3,504,323	3,817,155	4,245,461	4,405,644	4,618,501	4,894,717	5,127,616	5,313,435	5,555,303
34	Wholesale and retail trade	705,778	788,048	848,686	859,977	884,094	933,216	957,088	993,667	1,040,360
35	Transportation of goods and	662,153	745,891	805,391	849,539	885,506	931,529	982,703	1,013,857	1,034,755
36	Postal and courier activities	4,066	4,068	4,441	4,364	4,056	4,052	4,260	4,425	4,485
37	Accommodation, Food and	87,693	105,372	134,160	126,392	131,481	134,017	139,443	146,432	154,794
38	Programming and broadcasting	2,526	2,178	2,252	2,422	2,513	2,624	2,831	2,804	2,519
39	Telecommunication	22,931	24,420	26,450	27,395	30,986	34,146	36,984	41,503	45,830
40	IT programming consultancy and	6,194	7,216	7,972	9,693	10,579	12,148	13,015	13,564	15,072
41	Financial Service activities and	274,933	314,678	364,688	386,009	420,223	493,785	554,564	606,512	687,918
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension	67,830	67,596	69,026	70,854	74,978	82,013	92,172	95,925	112,493
43	Real estate activities, Including	307,112	328,076	369,719	417,024	444,049	489,352	520,085	544,733	566,078
44	Professional services	112,062	127,358	155,741	161,963	166,486	154,266	152,229	158,755	165,550
45	Public administration and defense;	383,823	367,093	385,615	382,470	402,205	430,105	452,586	430,672	428,022
46	Education	138,553	136,172	167,107	157,477	173,751	159,875	171,830	172,701	179,524
47	Human health activities,	136,574	155,994	173,898	146,551	147,962	160,056	162,405	174,155	179,356
48	Other personal service activities	592,095	642,995	730,316	803,514	839,633	873,534	885,421	913,729	938,547
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at	5,758,104	6,254,056	6,873,506	7,136,401	7,476,908	7,832,167	8,169,103	8,465,015	8,779,434
	(+) Taxes on products	687,833	737,357	748,362	744,923	791,696	857,040	894,210	920,927	927,445
	(-) Subsidies on products	32,269	38,693	33,351	35,121	33,174	41,373	27,483	26,795	38,279
	Gross Domestic Product	6,413,668	6,952,720	7,588,517	7,846,202	8,235,429	8,647,833	9,035,830	9,359,147	9,668,600
R - Revised, @ - Provisional										
Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 8: Percentage shares of GDP @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2018

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	8.5	8.2	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.1	6.9	7.1
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.7
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
10	Growing of rubber	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
	Industries	26.6	26.9	26.8	27.0	26.9	26.2	26.5	26.8	26.3
17	Mining and quarrying	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.3
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	6.8	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.8
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	4.1	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
33	Construction	5.2	6.1	6.8	7.1	7.4	6.9	7.1	7.2	6.8
	Services	54.6	54.9	55.9	56.2	56.1	56.6	56.7	56.8	57.5
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.0	11.3	11.2	11.0	10.7	10.8	10.6	10.6	10.8
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	10.3	10.7	10.6	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.8	10.7
36	Postal and courier activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.7	6.1	6.5	7.1
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.2
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.9
44	Professional services	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	6.0	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.4
46	Education	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	2.1	2.2	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9
48	Other personal service activities	9.2	9.2	9.6	10.2	10.2	10.1	9.8	9.8	9.7
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	89.8	90.0	90.6	91.0	90.8	90.6	90.4	90.4	90.8
	(+) Taxes on products	10.7	10.6	9.9	9.5	9.6	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.6
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 9: Percentage Growth of GDP @ constant market prices, 2011 to 2018

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	4.6	3.9	3.2	4.6	4.7	(3.7)	(0.4)	6.5
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.4	18.2	14.3	(2.4)	7.3	(12.2)	(12.6)	2.0
2	Growing of Rice	16.8	(11.3)	5.3	(7.0)	25.0	(31.3)	(7.1)	44.7
3	Growing of Vegetables	9.7	(2.1)	5.7	2.0	2.7	2.9	(5.3)	4.0
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	(12.3)	5.2	8.3	(6.3)	(17.7)	24.7	(12.9)	(10.9)
5	Growing of fruits	3.2	1.2	(2.3)	9.4	17.5	(3.2)	7.4	11.4
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	(5.2)	8.9	(14.1)	20.1	5.2	(0.8)	(19.7)	7.1
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(0.6)	0.5	3.7	(1.1)	(2.5)	(11.2)	4.5	0.4
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	(0.6)	2.5	0.1	16.4	(18.1)	7.5	(6.4)	25.6
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	(1.1)	57.8	14.4	13.1	5.7	3.5	0.4	5.9
10	Growing of rubber	3.5	(3.7)	(14.2)	(24.5)	(10.1)	(10.7)	4.9	(0.3)
11	Growing of other perennial crops	1.2	3.4	(5.4)	7.4	9.3	(2.1)	1.4	(2.5)
12	Animal Production	(3.2)	12.0	24.0	31.0	8.1	7.3	5.6	8.0
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(1.1)	7.9	0.9	6.4	6.7	(2.0)	(9.5)	0.2
14	Forestry and Logging	(1.9)	(10.2)	12.7	10.2	1.9	8.5	19.2	(0.8)
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	15.5	8.4	7.0	1.9	(1.3)	0.7	(2.0)	(0.8)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	13.6	13.5	(1.0)	13.2	(11.2)	9.9	10.7	7.2
	Industries	9.3	9.0	4.1	4.7	2.2	5.7	4.7	1.2
17	Mining and quarrying	18.6	24.6	7.6	1.6	(5.2)	13.8	9.3	(5.2)
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	12.5	3.9	0.0	1.3	2.9	0.2	1.0	4.0
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	(10.1)	2.6	8.2	4.6	2.1	2.2	5.2	3.4
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	19.8	(25.5)	7.6	(8.4)	18.1	20.3	0.2	2.8
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction	5.8	(10.4)	0.8	0.2	11.1	9.2	5.3	1.1
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	59.1	(18.6)	(4.7)	4.4	1.2	7.5	(4.8)	(8.2)
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	(2.6)	11.7	8.5	0.3	1.1	8.3	3.8	3.4
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	19.6	10.1	(1.3)	(12.5)	5.9	1.2	11.9	2.3
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	8.8	1.0	(7.0)	(2.9)	(4.4)	(7.4)	11.7	9.3
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	(17.0)	(6.5)	8.1	(6.4)	16.4	33.2	13.7	9.7
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(6.3)	(8.3)	(0.0)	4.0	21.2	20.0	9.3	2.2
28	Manufacture of furniture	(5.4)	19.8	5.6	22.6	14.2	1.9	1.7	2.4
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	(29.0)	21.4	5.9	26.0	22.4	3.5	8.5	1.9
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	7.9	1.8	2.0	4.6	6.1	8.4	2.6	5.9
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	5.0	7.2	4.0	4.8	4.5	7.9	4.6	5.8
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	3.7	20.0	6.4	11.9	24.9	17.8	10.9	6.7
33	Construction	26.3	21.2	7.5	10.6	(2.5)	8.3	4.4	(2.5)
	Services	8.9	11.2	3.8	4.8	6.0	4.8	3.6	4.6
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.7	7.7	1.3	2.8	5.6	2.6	3.8	4.7
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	12.6	8.0	5.5	4.2	5.2	5.5	3.2	2.1
36	Postal and courier activities	0.0	9.2	(1.7)	(7.1)	(0.1)	5.1	3.9	1.4
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	20.2	27.3	(5.8)	4.0	1.9	4.0	5.0	5.7
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	(13.8)	3.4	7.6	3.8	4.4	7.9	(0.9)	(10.2)
39	Telecommunication	6.5	8.3	3.6	13.1	10.2	8.3	12.2	10.4
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	16.5	10.5	21.6	9.1	14.8	7.1	4.2	11.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	14.5	15.9	5.8	8.9	17.5	12.3	9.4	13.4
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(0.3)	2.1	2.6	5.8	9.4	12.4	4.1	17.3
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.8	12.7	12.8	6.5	10.2	6.3	4.7	3.9
44	Professional services	13.7	22.3	4.0	2.8	(7.3)	(1.3)	4.3	4.3
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	(4.4)	5.0	(0.8)	5.2	6.9	5.2	(4.8)	(0.6)
46	Education	(1.7)	22.7	(5.8)	10.3	(8.0)	7.5	0.5	4.0
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	14.2	11.5	(15.7)	1.0	8.2	1.5	7.2	3.0
48	Other personal service activities	8.6	13.6	10.0	4.5	4.0	1.4	3.2	2.7
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	8.6	9.9	3.8	4.8	4.8	4.3	3.6	3.7
	(+) Taxes on products	7.2	1.5	(0.5)	6.3	8.3	4.3	3.0	0.7
	(-) Subsidies on products	19.9	(13.8)	5.3	(5.5)	24.7	(33.6)	(2.5)	42.9
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	8.4	9.1	3.4	5.0	5.0	4.5	3.6	3.3
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics									

Table A - 10: GDP Implicit Price Deplator (2010=100), 2010 to 2018

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	100.0	111.9	109.8	120.2	129.7	133.8	138.2	162.6	166.5
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	100.0	111.5	113.4	123.0	132.1	136.0	125.4	158.6	175.1
2	Growing of Rice	100.0	96.9	99.4	101.9	165.4	154.8	139.0	182.1	188.6
3	Growing of Vegetables	100.0	111.8	113.6	127.5	132.3	159.6	147.1	181.1	177.6
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	100.0	108.3	116.4	133.7	150.0	148.9	149.1	172.1	185.6
5	Growing of fruits	100.0	101.7	105.1	119.9	111.8	115.0	138.8	168.8	177.5
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	100.0	122.8	96.1	139.7	124.4	141.6	113.2	193.0	192.3
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	100.0	97.6	105.9	121.7	123.8	105.2	128.4	174.3	161.3
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	100.0	107.9	112.8	95.6	105.5	108.5	154.8	161.3	206.3
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	100.0	150.6	110.2	97.4	131.7	132.5	137.4	138.7	130.7
10	Growing of rubber	100.0	145.2	106.1	82.9	60.8	55.2	46.5	78.5	89.9
11	Growing of other perennial crops	100.0	111.0	121.8	134.2	147.0	145.5	155.8	144.6	149.2
12	Animal Production	100.0	103.6	98.1	110.2	119.5	126.3	166.3	176.6	194.2
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	100.0	105.7	115.4	121.6	124.0	132.5	145.8	152.3	150.8
14	Forestry and Logging	100.0	109.8	133.9	148.9	151.2	156.2	159.7	160.8	175.5
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	100.0	107.9	121.0	132.5	134.2	140.7	151.6	154.4	149.3
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	100.0	107.7	105.5	108.2	114.0	122.4	104.2	122.3	164.2
	Industries	100.0	108.3	129.2	132.0	132.1	131.2	139.2	142.2	150.4
17	Mining and quarrying	100.0	103.8	115.6	123.7	126.2	130.3	144.1	147.8	155.5
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	100.0	123.9	157.5	158.1	147.7	155.7	161.7	157.4	146.9
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	100.0	121.4	141.7	138.2	150.1	141.2	199.3	198.4	218.2
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	100.0	89.5	99.7	108.3	96.2	106.2	73.7	72.1	73.9
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	100.0	102.6	109.1	113.4	146.5	142.7	161.0	158.1	169.5
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	100.0	16.6	139.8	240.1	232.2	70.2	16.2	102.5	165.8
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	100.0	61.0	71.8	76.5	90.1	88.7	94.5	86.5	92.4
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	100.0	88.4	102.3	91.2	108.1	107.5	105.0	100.1	119.5
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	100.0	119.3	165.1	154.0	140.5	123.5	152.0	155.0	192.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	100.0	113.0	130.5	129.0	135.2	135.7	107.0	108.2	154.8
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	100.0	101.4	109.4	112.1	104.2	119.2	111.1	112.6	135.7
28	Manufacture of furniture	100.0	106.5	93.1	85.9	95.4	83.2	44.7	55.9	70.8
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery	100.0	123.1	127.0	100.2	89.2	82.2	64.7	66.8	89.0
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	100.0	91.5	104.7	117.9	96.7	97.4	94.1	95.9	106.4
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	100.0	85.0	89.2	102.0	125.4	125.6	137.4	128.2	132.9
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	100.0	77.8	70.3	75.2	75.7	77.8	76.4	67.5	66.7
33	Construction	100.0	106.3	120.7	129.3	133.0	139.2	144.7	154.4	159.9
	Services	100.0	104.3	114.4	122.7	127.7	128.4	132.1	140.7	147.7
34	Wholesale and retail trade	100.0	107.4	114.9	121.8	126.4	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	100.0	105.1	131.3	136.9	145.5	139.8	145.1	149.6	157.8
36	Postal and courier activities	100.0	106.3	101.7	107.6	118.9	123.4	114.8	113.8	115.1
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	100.0	132.9	140.0	173.3	146.4	168.7	169.9	140.8	161.2
39	Telecommunication	100.0	111.5	125.7	153.3	144.4	164.5	180.6	162.3	166.4
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	100.0	71.0	77.3	80.0	81.1	70.5	73.4	87.6	83.7
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	100.0	88.9	115.2	115.3	124.0	124.8	131.0	152.8	140.1
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4
44	Professional services	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	100.0	115.1	118.2	131.2	140.0	148.2	150.0	173.3	215.2
46	Education	100.0	108.8	102.6	120.2	122.1	156.5	149.5	154.2	156.9
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	100.0	108.6	110.0	135.6	142.1	160.7	163.9	158.6	171.1
48	Other personal service activities	100.0	106.7	114.8	122.8	126.7	127.9	132.7	141.4	147.4
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	100.0	106.2	118.4	125.3	129.2	129.7	134.6	142.8	150.0
	(+) Taxes on products	100.0	83.9	85.5	92.3	94.8	105.8	129.7	147.0	146.7
	(-) Subsidies on products	100.0	100.4	140.9	99.5	141.2	268.8	595.3	432.2	416.3
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	100.0	103.8	115.1	122.3	125.8	126.6	132.8	142.4	148.6
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics										

Table A - 11: Percentage change in GDP Implicit Price Deplator (2010=100), 2011 to 2018

#	Economic activity (SLSIC)	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	11.9	(1.8)	9.5	7.9	3.2	3.3	17.6	2.4
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	11.5	1.7	8.5	7.4	3.0	(7.8)	26.4	10.4
2	Growing of Rice	(3.1)	2.6	2.5	62.3	(6.4)	(10.2)	31.0	3.6
3	Growing of Vegetables	11.8	1.6	12.3	3.7	20.6	(7.8)	23.1	(1.9)
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	8.3	7.5	14.9	12.2	(0.8)	0.1	15.5	7.8
5	Growing of fruits	1.7	3.3	14.2	(6.8)	2.9	20.7	21.6	5.2
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	22.8	(21.7)	45.4	(11.0)	13.8	(20.1)	70.5	(0.3)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	(2.4)	8.5	14.9	1.8	(15.0)	22.1	35.7	(7.4)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	7.9	4.5	(15.2)	10.3	2.8	42.7	4.2	27.9
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	50.6	(26.8)	(11.6)	35.2	0.6	3.7	1.0	(5.8)
10	Growing of rubber	45.2	(26.9)	(21.8)	(26.7)	(9.2)	(15.6)	68.6	14.5
11	Growing of other perennial crops	11.0	9.7	10.2	9.5	(1.0)	7.0	(7.2)	3.2
12	Animal Production	3.6	(5.3)	12.3	8.4	5.8	31.6	6.2	10.0
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	5.7	9.1	5.4	2.0	6.9	10.1	4.4	(1.0)
14	Forestry and Logging	9.8	22.0	11.1	1.6	3.3	2.2	0.7	9.1
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	7.9	12.2	9.5	1.3	4.9	7.7	1.9	(3.3)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	7.7	(2.1)	2.6	5.3	7.4	(14.9)	17.4	34.2
	Industries	8.3	19.4	2.1	0.1	(0.7)	6.1	2.1	5.7
17	Mining and quarrying	3.8	11.4	6.9	2.0	3.3	10.6	2.5	5.2
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	23.9	27.2	0.4	(6.5)	5.4	3.9	(2.7)	(6.7)
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	21.4	16.7	(2.4)	8.5	(5.9)	41.1	(0.5)	10.0
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except	(10.5)	11.4	8.7	(11.2)	10.4	(30.6)	(2.2)	2.4
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	2.6	6.3	3.9	29.2	(2.6)	12.8	(1.8)	7.2
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(83.4)	744.0	71.8	(3.3)	(69.8)	(77.0)	534.5	61.7
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	(39.0)	17.6	6.6	17.8	(1.6)	6.6	(8.6)	6.8
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	(11.6)	15.7	(10.8)	18.5	(0.6)	(2.3)	(4.6)	19.3
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	19.3	38.4	(6.7)	(8.8)	(12.1)	23.0	2.0	24.4
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	13.0	15.5	(1.1)	4.8	0.4	(21.2)	1.2	43.1
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	1.4	7.9	2.5	(7.0)	14.4	(6.8)	1.4	20.5
28	Manufacture of furniture	6.5	(12.6)	(7.8)	11.1	(12.9)	(46.3)	25.2	26.7
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and	23.1	3.2	(21.1)	(11.0)	(7.9)	(21.3)	3.2	33.3
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	(8.5)	14.4	12.6	(18.0)	0.7	(3.4)	2.0	10.9
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	(15.0)	4.9	14.3	23.0	0.1	9.4	(6.7)	3.7
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	(22.2)	(9.7)	7.0	0.6	2.8	(1.8)	(11.7)	(1.1)
33	Construction	6.3	13.5	7.1	2.9	4.6	4.0	6.7	3.5
	Services	4.3	9.7	7.2	4.0	0.6	2.9	6.6	5.0
34	Wholesale and retail trade	7.4	7.0	6.0	3.7	1.2	3.7	6.5	4.3
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	5.1	24.9	4.2	6.3	(3.9)	3.8	3.1	5.5
36	Postal and courier activities	6.3	(4.3)	5.8	10.5	3.8	(7.0)	(0.9)	1.1
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6	4.3
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	32.9	5.3	23.8	(15.5)	15.2	0.7	(17.1)	14.5
39	Telecommunication	11.5	12.8	21.9	(5.8)	14.0	9.8	(10.2)	2.5
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6	4.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	(29.0)	8.9	3.5	1.4	(13.1)	4.1	19.4	(4.4)
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	(11.1)	29.6	0.1	7.5	0.6	5.0	16.7	(8.3)
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6	4.2
44	Professional services	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.5	4.3
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	15.1	2.7	11.0	6.8	5.8	1.2	15.6	24.1
46	Education	8.8	(5.7)	17.1	1.6	28.2	(4.5)	3.2	1.7
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	8.6	1.3	23.3	4.8	13.1	2.0	(3.3)	7.9
48	Other personal service activities	6.7	7.6	7.0	3.2	0.9	3.8	6.6	4.2
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	6.2	11.6	5.8	3.1	0.4	3.9	6.1	5.0
	(+) Taxes on products	(16.1)	1.9	8.0	2.7	11.6	22.6	13.3	(0.3)
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.4	40.4	(29.4)	41.8	90.4	121.5	(27.4)	(3.7)
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp	3.8	10.8	6.2	2.9	0.6	4.8	7.3	4.3
R - Revised, @ - Provisional Source: Department of Census and Statistics									

Table A - 12: Gross Value added (A10) by quarters @ current prices in 2018

Rs. Million						
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Value Added			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	262,885	284,618	279,393	311,577
2	B,C,D	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	808,641	602,956	723,883	633,903
2.	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	681,610	481,086	603,950	506,073
3	F	Construction	263,803	259,707	250,875	276,043
4	G,H &	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage,	770,769	825,603	875,887	927,683
5	J	Information and communication	25,010	28,059	24,646	24,833
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	200,900	158,980	175,905	197,561
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	204,735	207,387	209,974	212,303
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and	57,599	60,333	62,275	63,807
9	O,P &	Public administration, defense, education, human health	354,793	373,160	369,489	411,960
10	R,S,T	Other services (excluding own-services)	337,887	341,217	337,885	366,402
Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp			3,287,022	3,142,021	3,310,212	3,426,072
(+) Taxes on products			331,593	331,723	329,080	367,718
(-) Subsidies on products			16,575	30,235	46,410	66,118
Equals GDP at market price			3,602,040	3,443,509	3,592,883	3,727,673
Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

Table A - 13:Gross Value added (A10) by quarters @ constant (2010) prices in 2018

Rs. Million						
#	ISIC	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Value Added			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	155,071	163,527	171,893	193,324
2	B,C,D	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	543,390	410,776	486,084	442,995
2.	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	448,133	319,541	395,862	349,263
3	F	Construction	165,762	162,199	158,802	170,307
4	G,H &	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage,	525,324	537,636	577,890	593,544
5	J	Information and communication	14,597	17,027	15,356	16,441
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	152,843	220,368	220,141	207,060
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	141,871	141,187	140,792	142,228
8	M & N	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and	39,938	41,091	41,733	42,789
9	O,P &	Public administration, defense, education, human health	173,493	194,949	191,935	226,524
10	R,S,T	Other services (excluding own-services)	231,916	231,584	235,722	239,325
Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp			2,144,204	2,120,345	2,240,348	2,274,536
(+) Taxes on products			104,681	172,713	220,821	429,230
(-) Subsidies on products			2,682	5,821	9,441	20,335
Equals GDP at market price			2,246,203	2,287,237	2,451,728	2,683,432
Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

Table A - 14: Percentage change of Gross Value Added (A10) by quarter @ current prices, 2018

#	ISIC	Economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to Point Percentage Change			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	18.0	10.4	8.9	1.5
2	B,C,D	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	10.3	9.6	8.4	9.9
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	10.5	10.7	9.0	14.2
3	F	Construction	2.5	5.3	5.9	(8.0)
4	G,H &	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food	7.9	7.9	7.2	10.8
5	J	Information and communication	19.2	21.2	13.5	0.9
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	67.0	(11.4)	(25.6)	39.3
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	11.0	9.2	8.8	4.6
8	M &	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	10.2	10.2	7.2	7.5
9	O,P &	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work	16.1	24.4	14.5	14.3
10	R,S,T	Other services (excluding own-services)	11.1	6.0	3.6	7.8
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	12.8	8.8	5.6	8.8
		(+) Taxes on products	(0.1)	1.9	2.6	(2.2)
		(-) Subsidies on products	25.4	(7.0)	(3.5)	201.0
		Equals GDP at market price	11.4	8.2	5.4	6.4
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>						

Table A - 15: Percentage Growth of Gross Value Added (A10) by quarter @ constant (2010) prices, 2018

#	ISIC	Economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to Point Percentage Change			
			First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1	A	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	5.9	6.6	5.1	8.2
2	B,C,D	Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industry	3.4	4.1	3.2	(0.3)
2.1	C	Of which: Manufacturing activities	3.5	5.2	3.7	2.0
3	F	Construction	(3.9)	1.9	4.5	(10.5)
4	G,H &	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food	4.6	3.6	3.3	2.8
5	J	Information and communication	9.7	11.5	10.0	7.2
6	K	Financial and insurance activities	13.5	13.0	13.1	16.3
7	L	Real estate activities (including ownership of dwelling)	5.9	5.0	3.5	1.4
8	M &	Professional, scientific, technical, administration and support service activities	3.9	5.9	2.5	4.8
9	O,P &	Public administration, defense, education, human health and social work	0.5	0.2	1.4	2.5
10	R,S,T	Other services (excluding own-services)	4.5	2.5	2.6	1.3
		Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	4.0	4.4	4.2	2.3
		(+) Taxes on products	2.1	0.6	0.3	0.6
		(-) Subsidies on products	62.6	68.6	61.9	28.2
		Equals GDP at market price	3.8	4.0	3.7	1.9
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>						

Table A - 16: Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2018

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Rs. Million			
		Value Added - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	262,885	284,618	279,393	311,577
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	7,178	4,756	3,276	5,344
2	Growing of Rice	13,448	27,883	24,607	66,787
3	Growing of Vegetables	23,967	24,462	27,906	25,667
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	790	945	879	763
5	Growing of fruits	24,840	24,095	24,486	25,390
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	33,118	32,844	24,294	20,480
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	28,662	29,611	21,268	28,749
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	755	842	876	811
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	22,147	21,974	21,242	22,081
10	Growing of rubber	5,506	5,327	5,314	5,497
11	Growing of other perennial crops	5,422	5,682	6,506	6,713
12	Animal Production	25,738	28,805	36,505	32,125
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	3,316	3,425	3,684	3,539
14	Forestry and Logging	24,544	27,230	30,563	26,492
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	38,466	41,448	40,154	32,482
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	4,988	5,289	7,831	8,657
	Industries	1,072,444	862,663	974,758	909,946
17	Mining and quarrying	92,357	85,717	82,779	89,796
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	253,447	175,671	210,550	177,385
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	239,807	127,190	216,399	102,715
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	8,457	2,804	4,855	8,878
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	18,326	10,187	10,126	15,992
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	6,569	11,920	10,577	16,210
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	20,203	25,151	20,278	23,738
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	13,359	29,916	27,960	34,059
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	42,157	42,546	34,695	44,597
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	22,942	11,468	16,452	23,634
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	18,860	10,843	15,951	25,003
28	Manufacture of furniture	20,055	17,626	16,041	17,310
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery	17,427	15,764	20,065	16,551
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	25,171	26,665	27,052	27,885
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	4,477	4,590	4,983	5,027
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	5,026	4,897	5,119	5,121
33	Construction	263,803	259,707	250,875	276,043
	Services	1,951,693	1,994,741	2,056,062	2,204,549
34	Wholesale and retail trade	376,222	421,961	376,108	359,470
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	337,455	346,644	441,410	507,252
36	Postal and courier activities	1,279	1,318	1,201	1,363
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	55,814	55,680	57,168	59,597
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	924	1,086	973	1,079
39	Telecommunication	19,059	21,182	18,016	18,013
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	5,027	5,791	5,657	5,741
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	135,288	131,490	150,708	158,270
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	65,612	27,490	25,197	39,291
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	204,735	207,387	209,974	212,303
44	Professional services	57,599	60,333	62,275	63,807
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	213,346	227,316	221,519	258,741
46	Education	67,973	67,997	73,252	72,406
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	73,473	77,848	74,719	80,814
48	Other personal service activities	337,887	341,217	337,885	366,402
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	3,287,022	3,142,021	3,310,212	3,426,072
	(+) Taxes on products	331,593	331,723	329,080	367,718
	(-) Subsidies on products	16,575	30,235	46,410	66,118
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	3,602,040	3,443,509	3,592,883	3,727,673

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 17: Percentage shares of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2018

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Percentage share - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	7.3	8.3	7.8	8.4
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.4	0.8	0.7	1.8
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.5
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.8
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
10	Growing of rubber	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.9
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.9
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
	Industries	29.8	25.1	27.1	24.4
17	Mining and quarrying	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.4
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	7.0	5.1	5.9	4.8
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	6.7	3.7	6.0	2.8
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.9
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.2
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.6
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.7
28	Manufacture of furniture	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
33	Construction	7.3	7.5	7.0	7.4
	Services	54.2	57.9	57.2	59.1
34	Wholesale and retail trade	10.4	12.3	10.5	9.6
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	9.4	10.1	12.3	13.6
36	Postal and courier activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	3.8	3.8	4.2	4.2
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	1.8	0.8	0.7	1.1
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	5.7	6.0	5.8	5.7
44	Professional services	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.7
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	5.9	6.6	6.2	6.9
46	Education	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.2
48	Other personal service activities	9.4	9.9	9.4	9.8
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	91.3	91.2	92.1	91.9
	(+) Taxes on products	9.2	9.6	9.2	9.9
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.5	0.9	1.3	1.8
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 18: Point to Point change of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ current prices, 2018

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point change - Current Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	18.0	10.4	8.9	1.5
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	65.6	28.5	(4.3)	(21.2)
2	Growing of Rice	101.4	113.1	73.5	22.3
3	Growing of Vegetables	33.6	(3.1)	5.3	(15.4)
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	(4.3)	(8.5)	(5.5)	4.6
5	Growing of fruits	20.2	12.5	10.0	26.9
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	40.9	29.7	(2.9)	(31.6)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	15.9	(13.6)	(25.6)	(0.7)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	50.8	56.5	70.4	65.3
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.7	(3.3)	(0.5)	2.2
10	Growing of rubber	21.3	25.0	9.4	3.6
11	Growing of other perennial crops	(10.4)	(4.6)	0.5	18.3
12	Animal Production	17.6	12.8	27.3	16.3
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(4.9)	(2.6)	5.8	(1.2)
14	Forestry and Logging	9.8	6.9	13.1	2.8
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	(5.6)	(3.9)	6.8	(13.8)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	93.8	106.0	36.2	12.2
	Industries	8.3	8.3	7.7	3.8
17	Mining and quarrying	6.9	3.6	3.3	(12.1)
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	1.5	(3.1)	(8.0)	(2.6)
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	12.5	9.0	13.4	24.4
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	14.2	10.1	(1.3)	0.0
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	6.9	11.0	4.5	11.1
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(27.6)	83.8	87.7	74.2
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	10.9	12.1	10.8	8.3
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	25.1	19.9	24.1	21.0
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	32.2	36.1	39.5	36.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	61.3	66.6	55.3	50.0
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	14.5	27.6	35.8	21.0
28	Manufacture of furniture	30.5	41.3	24.2	23.8
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	28.3	34.5	50.0	30.5
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	19.5	12.7	13.1	25.0
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	5.4	2.5	10.8	20.8
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	10.7	5.4	4.3	2.1
33	Construction	2.5	5.3	5.9	(8.0)
	Services	14.7	8.8	4.1	12.1
34	Wholesale and retail trade	12.4	7.6	7.2	9.9
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	2.6	7.8	6.7	12.1
36	Postal and courier activities	14.0	3.7	(8.3)	2.3
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	12.6	11.6	11.2	6.0
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	(8.7)	18.7	12.3	(6.6)
39	Telecommunication	22.6	21.8	11.9	(1.7)
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	13.6	19.3	19.0	11.5
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	52.0	(15.9)	(26.6)	96.2
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	109.5	19.2	(18.9)	(35.7)
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	11.0	9.2	8.8	4.6
44	Professional services	10.2	10.2	7.2	7.5
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	24.0	29.8	18.3	22.1
46	Education	1.6	14.3	7.1	1.1
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	10.0	19.0	11.6	5.0
48	Other personal service activities	11.1	6.0	3.6	7.8
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	12.8	8.8	5.6	8.8
	(+) Taxes on products	(0.1)	1.9	2.6	(2.2)
	(-) Subsidies on products	25.4	(7.0)	(3.5)	201.0
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	11.4	8.2	5.4	6.4

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 19: Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2018

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Value Added - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	155,071	163,527	171,893	193,324
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	4,270	2,527	1,681	3,258
2	Growing of Rice	8,826	12,864	13,083	35,607
3	Growing of Vegetables	10,249	14,228	17,422	15,540
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial	429	490	521	380
5	Growing of fruits	13,273	13,197	15,579	13,605
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil	12,745	13,925	15,193	15,714
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	16,423	18,515	14,328	17,874
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc..)	398	398	398	398
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	17,158	16,789	16,544	16,422
10	Growing of rubber	6,063	5,653	6,029	6,340
11	Growing of other perennial crops	4,086	4,059	4,069	4,089
12	Animal Production	14,384	15,227	17,740	16,067
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	2,229	2,247	2,400	2,382
14	Forestry and Logging	14,544	15,821	17,344	14,310
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	26,706	24,581	25,268	25,621
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	3,287	3,007	4,293	5,717
	Industries	709,152	572,975	644,886	613,301
17	Mining and quarrying	59,076	55,814	53,262	57,354
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	166,230	115,053	145,322	129,536
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related	110,023	59,363	102,074	42,982
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork,	12,610	3,992	6,626	10,616
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of	12,193	6,093	5,633	8,307
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	7,189	5,441	7,182	7,501
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical	23,326	26,639	22,003	24,793
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	11,635	25,624	23,367	27,521
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	22,516	21,188	17,480	23,848
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	15,477	7,090	10,133	15,411
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	14,955	8,270	11,692	17,159
28	Manufacture of furniture	30,982	24,019	19,491	25,810
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	20,997	16,770	24,862	15,779
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	25,142	24,541	25,735	24,964
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	3,490	3,581	3,669	3,611
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	7,549	7,299	7,555	7,803
33	Construction	165,762	162,199	158,802	170,307
	Services	1,279,981	1,383,842	1,423,569	1,467,911
34	Wholesale and retail trade	258,557	286,457	260,148	235,199
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	226,980	212,270	278,358	317,146
36	Postal and courier activities	1,120	1,019	1,078	1,268
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	38,667	37,890	38,306	39,930
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video	572	695	564	688
39	Telecommunication	10,539	12,387	11,000	11,903
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	3,486	3,944	3,792	3,850
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	134,196	199,678	177,420	176,625
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	18,647	20,690	42,721	30,436
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	141,871	141,187	140,792	142,228
44	Professional services	39,938	41,091	41,733	42,789
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	95,824	100,984	107,753	123,461
46	Education	44,524	43,471	41,881	49,648
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work	33,146	50,494	42,302	53,415
48	Other personal service activities	231,916	231,584	235,722	239,325
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	2,144,204	2,120,345	2,240,348	2,274,536
	(+) Taxes on products	104,681	172,713	220,821	429,230
	(-) Subsidies on products	2,682	5,821	9,441	20,335
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	2,246,203	2,287,237	2,451,728	2,683,432

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 20: Percentage shares of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2018

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Percentage share - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	6.9	7.1	7.0	7.2
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
2	Growing of Rice	0.4	0.6	0.5	1.3
3	Growing of Vegetables	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	Growing of fruits	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.7
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6
10	Growing of rubber	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
11	Growing of other perennial crops	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
12	Animal Production	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
14	Forestry and Logging	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
	Industries	31.6	25.1	26.3	22.9
17	Mining and quarrying	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.1
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	7.4	5.0	5.9	4.8
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	4.9	2.6	4.2	1.6
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.4
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.9
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	0.5	1.1	1.0	1.0
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.6
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.6
28	Manufacture of furniture	1.4	1.1	0.8	1.0
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.6
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
33	Construction	7.4	7.1	6.5	6.3
	Services	57.0	60.5	58.1	54.7
34	Wholesale and retail trade	11.5	12.5	10.6	8.8
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	10.1	9.3	11.4	11.8
36	Postal and courier activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
39	Telecommunication	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	6.0	8.7	7.2	6.6
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	0.8	0.9	1.7	1.1
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	6.3	6.2	5.7	5.3
44	Professional services	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.6
46	Education	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.9
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	1.5	2.2	1.7	2.0
48	Other personal service activities	10.3	10.1	9.6	8.9
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	95.5	92.7	91.4	84.8
	(+) Taxes on products	4.7	7.6	9.0	16.0
	(-) Subsidies on products	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.8
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 21: Point to Point Growth of Gross Value Added by Quarter @ constant(2010) prices, 2018

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point change - Constant (2010) Prices			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	5.9	6.6	5.1	8.2
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	42.7	12.0	(13.5)	(24.4)
2	Growing of Rice	64.2	70.3	63.3	28.5
3	Growing of Vegetables	13.5	5.8	4.5	(3.3)
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	(9.8)	(24.5)	(1.2)	(3.1)
5	Growing of fruits	9.3	16.2	11.9	8.5
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	(15.2)	4.6	11.8	32.6
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	13.2	(5.1)	(13.7)	10.0
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	25.6	25.6	25.6	25.6
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	7.9	7.5	6.1	2.1
10	Growing of rubber	(10.8)	(10.5)	5.6	18.7
11	Growing of other perennial crops	(5.2)	(6.2)	(4.2)	6.7
12	Animal Production	7.2	7.5	12.2	4.8
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(4.9)	(4.7)	0.4	11.1
14	Forestry and Logging	8.1	0.8	(5.0)	(5.4)
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	(4.6)	1.0	2.9	(2.1)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	37.5	33.0	(19.1)	8.8
	Industries	1.6	3.5	3.5	(3.4)
17	Mining and quarrying	(1.1)	(1.6)	(1.0)	(15.2)
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	4.4	3.4	2.0	6.2
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	2.0	4.1	3.6	5.6
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	20.7	10.8	(3.0)	(11.7)
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	6.4	6.3	0.5	(8.6)
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	(38.8)	22.4	16.7	1.3
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	8.4	5.1	3.5	(2.4)
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	7.7	2.9	5.0	(2.5)
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	14.0	9.1	9.9	4.9
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	12.9	11.1	4.1	9.7
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	(3.0)	7.4	7.4	1.2
28	Manufacture of furniture	4.4	11.7	(1.7)	(4.1)
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	(2.2)	2.3	12.2	(6.6)
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	10.7	4.2	3.7	5.3
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	3.5	4.8	7.3	7.7
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	10.7	2.7	4.0	9.5
33	Construction	(3.9)	1.9	4.5	(10.5)
	Services	5.1	4.6	4.4	4.2
34	Wholesale and retail trade	5.6	4.2	5.4	3.6
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	2.9	2.2	1.1	2.2
36	Postal and courier activities	3.3	1.6	0.0	0.7
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	7.6	7.4	5.7	2.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	(12.7)	2.0	(8.0)	(19.4)
39	Telecommunication	11.7	11.1	10.1	8.9
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	8.4	14.7	13.1	8.2
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	13.6	12.8	13.2	14.2
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	12.6	14.8	12.5	30.3
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	5.9	5.0	3.5	1.4
44	Professional services	3.9	5.9	2.5	4.8
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	(0.5)	(1.0)	(0.4)	(0.6)
46	Education	4.0	4.1	2.0	5.5
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	(1.1)	(0.5)	5.6	7.2
48	Other personal service activities	4.5	2.5	2.6	1.3
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	4.0	4.4	4.2	2.3
	(+) Taxes on products	2.1	0.6	0.3	0.6
	(-) Subsidies on products	62.6	68.6	61.9	28.2
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	3.8	4.0	3.7	1.9

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 22: GDP implicit price deflator (2010 =100) by quarter, 2018

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	GDP Deflators			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	169.5	174.0	162.5	161.2
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	168.1	188.3	194.8	164.0
2	Growing of Rice	152.4	216.7	188.1	187.6
3	Growing of Vegetables	233.8	171.9	160.2	165.2
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	184.0	192.9	168.9	200.7
5	Growing of fruits	187.1	182.6	157.2	186.6
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	259.9	235.9	159.9	130.3
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	174.5	159.9	148.4	160.8
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	189.8	211.5	220.1	203.9
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	129.1	130.9	128.4	134.5
10	Growing of rubber	90.8	94.2	88.1	86.7
11	Growing of other perennial crops	132.7	140.0	159.9	164.2
12	Animal Production	178.9	189.2	205.8	199.9
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	148.7	152.4	153.5	148.6
14	Forestry and Logging	168.8	172.1	176.2	185.1
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	144.0	168.6	158.9	126.8
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	151.8	175.9	182.4	151.4
	Industries	151.2	150.6	151.2	148.4
17	Mining and quarrying	156.3	153.6	155.4	156.6
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	152.5	152.7	144.9	136.9
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	218.0	214.3	212.0	239.0
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	67.1	70.2	73.3	83.6
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media	150.3	167.2	179.8	192.5
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	91.4	219.1	147.3	216.1
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	86.6	94.4	92.2	95.7
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	114.8	116.8	119.7	123.8
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	187.2	200.8	198.5	187.0
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	148.2	161.7	162.4	153.4
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	126.1	131.1	136.4	145.7
28	Manufacture of furniture	64.7	73.4	82.3	67.1
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and	83.0	94.0	80.7	104.9
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	100.1	108.7	105.1	111.7
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	128.3	128.2	135.8	139.2
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	66.6	67.1	67.8	65.6
33	Construction	159.1	160.1	158.0	162.1
	Services	152.5	144.1	144.4	150.2
34	Wholesale and retail trade	145.5	147.3	144.6	152.8
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	148.7	163.3	158.6	159.9
36	Postal and courier activities	114.2	129.3	111.5	107.5
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	144.3	147.0	149.2	149.3
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	161.5	156.3	172.4	156.8
39	Telecommunication	180.8	171.0	163.8	151.3
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	144.2	146.8	149.2	149.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	100.8	65.9	84.9	89.6
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	351.9	132.9	59.0	129.1
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	144.3	146.9	149.1	149.3
44	Professional services	144.2	146.8	149.2	149.1
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	222.6	225.1	205.6	209.6
46	Education	152.7	156.4	174.9	145.8
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	221.7	154.2	176.6	151.3
48	Other personal service activities	145.7	147.3	143.3	153.1
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	153.3	148.2	147.8	150.6
	(+) Taxes on products	316.8	192.1	149.0	85.7
	(-) Subsidies on products	618.0	519.4	491.6	325.1
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	160.4	150.6	146.5	138.9

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 23: Point to Point change in GDP implicit price deflator (2010 =100) by quarter, 2018

#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Point to point percentage change in GDP			
		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	11.5	3.6	3.6	(6.1)
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	16.0	14.7	10.7	4.3
2	Growing of Rice	22.6	25.1	6.2	(4.8)
3	Growing of Vegetables	17.8	(8.4)	0.8	(12.5)
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-perennial crops	6.0	21.2	(4.4)	8.0
5	Growing of fruits	10.1	(3.2)	(1.7)	17.0
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king coconut, Oil palm)	66.1	24.0	(13.2)	(48.4)
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	2.4	(8.9)	(13.8)	(9.8)
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa etc.)	20.0	24.6	35.6	31.6
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical crops	(6.7)	(10.1)	(6.2)	0.1
10	Growing of rubber	36.0	39.7	3.6	(12.7)
11	Growing of other perennial crops	(5.5)	1.6	4.8	10.9
12	Animal Production	9.6	5.0	13.4	11.0
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting activities	(0.0)	2.2	5.4	(11.0)
14	Forestry and Logging	1.6	6.0	19.1	8.7
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	(1.0)	(4.9)	3.8	(12.0)
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	40.9	54.8	68.4	3.1
	Industries	6.6	4.6	4.1	7.4
17	Mining and quarrying	8.0	5.3	4.3	3.7
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	(2.8)	(6.3)	(9.8)	(8.2)
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather related products	10.3	4.7	9.4	17.8
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture	(5.4)	(0.6)	1.8	13.3
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and reproduction of media products	0.5	4.4	4.0	21.6
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	18.3	50.2	60.9	71.9
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic pharmaceutical products	2.3	6.7	7.0	11.0
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	16.1	16.6	18.2	24.1
25	Manufacture of other non- metallic mineral products	16.0	24.8	26.9	30.5
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal products	42.9	49.9	49.1	36.7
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	18.0	18.8	26.5	19.6
28	Manufacture of furniture	25.0	26.5	26.4	29.0
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	31.2	31.6	33.7	39.7
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	8.0	8.2	9.1	18.7
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	1.8	(2.2)	3.3	12.3
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	0.0	2.5	0.2	(6.7)
33	Construction	6.8	3.3	1.3	2.8
	Services	9.1	4.0	(0.2)	7.6
34	Wholesale and retail trade	6.4	3.3	1.7	6.1
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including Warehousing	(0.3)	5.5	5.6	9.7
36	Postal and courier activities	10.4	2.1	(8.3)	1.6
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	4.7	3.9	5.2	3.5
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio video productions	4.7	16.3	22.1	15.9
39	Telecommunication	9.8	9.6	1.6	(9.7)
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	4.8	4.0	5.2	3.1
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial services	33.8	(25.4)	(35.1)	71.8
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	86.1	3.8	(27.9)	(50.7)
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	4.8	4.0	5.1	3.2
44	Professional services	6.1	4.0	4.6	2.6
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	24.6	31.1	18.8	22.8
46	Education	(2.3)	9.9	5.1	(4.2)
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social work activities	11.3	19.6	5.7	(2.1)
48	Other personal service activities	6.4	3.4	1.0	6.4
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic prices	8.4	4.1	1.3	6.3
	(+) Taxes on products	(2.1)	1.3	2.3	(2.8)
	(-) Subsidies on products	(22.9)	(44.9)	(40.4)	134.8
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at market prices	7.3	4.0	1.7	4.4

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table A - 24: Gross Domestic Product by sectors @ current market prices, 2018

						Rs. Million
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	NFC*	FC*	GG*	HH & NPISHs*	Total Economy
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	211,283	-	-	927,189	1,138,472
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	-	-	-	20,554	20,554
2	Growing of Rice	6,636	-	-	126,090	132,726
3	Growing of Vegetables	-	-	-	102,002	102,002
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	2,365	-	-	1,013	3,378
5	Growing of fruits	9,881	-	-	88,930	98,811
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	26,963	-	-	83,773	110,736
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	37,902	-	-	70,389	108,290
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa	-	-	-	3,285	3,285
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical	12,242	-	-	75,201	87,443
10	Growing of rubber	3,246	-	-	18,397	21,643
11	Growing of other perennial crops	-	-	-	24,323	24,323
12	Animal Production	73,458	-	-	49,716	123,174
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	471	-	-	13,492	13,963
14	Forestry and Logging	13,630	-	-	95,198	108,828
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	22,882	-	-	129,667	152,549
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	1,606	-	-	25,160	26,766
	Industries	2,434,807	-	65,155	1,319,849	3,819,811
17	Mining and quarrying	51,784	-	-	298,865	350,649
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	490,070	-	-	326,983	817,053
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	524,660	-	-	161,453	686,113
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and	7,247	-	-	17,747	24,994
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	43,501	-	-	11,130	54,631
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	45,277	-	-	-	45,277
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	56,587	-	-	32,783	89,371
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	100,927	-	-	4,366	105,293
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	84,524	-	-	79,471	163,995
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal	36,849	-	-	37,648	74,497
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	61,512	-	-	9,145	70,657
28	Manufacture of furniture	24,238	-	-	46,795	71,032
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	33,221	-	-	36,585	69,806
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	106,774	-	-	-	106,774
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	16,962	-	-	2,115	19,078
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	20,163	-	-	-	20,163
33	Construction	730,510	-	65,155	254,763	1,050,428
	Services	1,939,795	714,274	1,303,685	4,249,290	8,207,045
34	Wholesale and retail trade	535,476	-	-	998,284	1,533,760
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	496,462	-	8,879	1,127,419	1,632,761
36	Postal and courier activities	5,162	-	-	-	5,162
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	92,823	-	-	135,437	228,259
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio	4,062	-	-	-	4,062
39	Telecommunication	76,271	-	-	-	76,271
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	18,176	-	-	4,040	22,216
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial	-	556,684	-	19,073	575,756
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	-	157,591	-	-	157,591
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of	155,353	-	-	679,045	834,398
44	Professional services	163,103	-	-	80,912	244,015
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	-	-	920,922	-	920,922
46	Education	31,540	-	195,132	54,956	281,628
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social	70,945	-	178,752	57,156	306,853
48	Other personal service activities	290,421	-	-	1,092,970	1,383,391
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	4,585,884	714,274	1,368,841	6,496,328	13,165,327
	(+) Taxes on products					1,360,114
	(-) Subsidies on products					159,338
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp					14,366,103
NFC - Non-Financial Corporations, FC - Financial Corporations, GG - General Government, HH - Households NPISHs - Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households Source: Department of Census and Statistics						

Table A - 25: Gross Domestic Product by sectors @ constant (2010) market prices, 2018

Rs. Million					
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	NFC*	FC*	GG*	HH & NPISHs*
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	132,424	-	-	551,392
	Total				683,816
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	-	-	-	11,736
2	Growing of Rice	3,519	-	-	66,861
3	Growing of Vegetables	-	-	-	57,439
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other non-	1,301	-	-	519
5	Growing of fruits	5,565	-	-	50,089
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	14,302	-	-	43,275
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	23,499	-	-	43,642
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee, Cocoa	-	-	-	1,592
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and pharmaceutical	9,368	-	-	57,546
10	Growing of rubber	3,613	-	-	20,472
11	Growing of other perennial crops	-	-	-	16,303
12	Animal Production	42,212	-	-	21,206
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	188	-	-	9,070
14	Forestry and Logging	12,551	-	-	49,469
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	15,326	-	-	86,849
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water Aquaculture	978	-	-	15,326
	Industries	1,615,400	-	20,763	904,151
	Total				2,540,315
17	Mining and quarrying	33,303	-	-	192,203
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco products	338,531	-	-	217,609
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and leather	239,427	-	-	75,015
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and	9,813	-	-	24,032
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	26,173	-	-	6,052
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	27,312	-	-	-
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	59,931	-	-	36,829
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	84,491	-	-	3,655
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	43,826	-	-	41,206
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated metal	20,378	-	-	27,732
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	45,460	-	-	6,615
28	Manufacture of furniture	34,225	-	-	66,077
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and installation of	37,404	-	-	41,004
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	100,382	-	-	-
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	12,760	-	-	1,591
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal activities	30,207	-	-	-
33	Construction	471,776	-	20,763	164,530
	Services	1,269,506	777,098	659,220	2,849,479
	Total				5,555,303
34	Wholesale and retail trade	363,217	-	-	677,143
35	Transportation of goods and passengers including	302,001	-	6,035	726,719
36	Postal and courier activities	4,485	-	-	-
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service activities	62,948	-	-	91,846
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and audio	2,519	-	-	-
39	Telecommunication	45,830	-	-	-
40	IT programming consultancy and related activities	12,331	-	-	2,741
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary financial	-	664,605	-	23,314
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	-	112,493	-	-
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of dwelling	105,396	-	-	460,682
44	Professional services	110,656	-	-	54,894
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory social	-	-	428,022	-
46	Education	21,142	-	121,543	36,838
47	Human health activities, Residential care and social	41,948	-	103,619	33,789
48	Other personal service activities	197,033	-	-	741,514
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	3,017,331	777,098	679,983	4,305,022
	(+) Taxes on products				927,445
	(-) Subsidies on products				38,279
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp				9,668,600
NFC - Non-Financial Corporations, FC - Financial Corporations, GG - General Government, HH - Households NPISHs - Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households Source: Department of Census and Statistics					

Table A - 26: Production Account by institutional sectors @ current market prices, 2018

Rs. Million											
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4 = 1+2+3)	(5)	(6 = 4-5)	(7)	(8)	(9 = 6+7-8)
#	Code	Sectors	Market Output	No n-market out put	Output for own final use	Total Output at basic price	IC at purchasers ' price	Value Added at basic price	Taxes on products	Subsid ies on produc ts	Total/ GDP at market price
1	S11	Non-Financial Corporations	9,713,364	-	15,019	9,728,382	5,142,498	4,585,884	-	-	4,585,884
2	S12	Financial Corporations	930,590	-	-	930,590	216,315	714,274	-	-	714,274
3	S13	General Government	1,502,346	-	-	1,502,346	133,505	1,368,841	-	-	1,368,841
4	S14	Households	10,233,456	-	957,001	11,190,457	4,694,130	6,496,328	-	-	6,496,328
5	S15	NPISHs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Economy						-	-	-	1,360,114	159,338	1,200,776
Total/GDP			22,379,755	-	972,020	23,351,775	10,186,448	13,165,327	1,360,114	159,338	14,366,103
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

Table A - 27: Production Account by institutional sectors @ constant(2010=100) market prices, 2018

Rs. Million											
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4 = 1+2+3)	(5)	(6 = 4-5)	(7)	(8)	(9 = 6+7-8)
#	Code	Sectors	Market Output	No n-market output	Output for own final use	Total Output at basic price	IC at purchasers ' price	Value Added at basic price	Taxes on products	Subsidies on products	Total/ GDP at market price
1	S11	Non-Financial Corporations	6,113,605	-	8,272	6,121,877	3,104,547	3,017,331	-		3,017,331
2	S12	Financial Corporations	933,221	-	-	933,221	156,123	777,098	-		777,098
3	S13	General Government	745,015	-	-	745,015	65,032	679,983	-		679,983
4	S14	Households	6,521,542	-	626,672	7,148,214	2,843,193	4,305,022	-		4,305,022
5	S15	NPISHs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total Economy			-	-	-	-	-	-	927,445	38,279	889,166
Total/GDP			14,313,383	-	634,944	14,948,327	6,168,894	8,779,434	927,445	38,279	9,668,600
Source: Department of Census and Statistics											

Table A - 28: Production Account by economic activity @ current market prices, 2018

							Rs. Million
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Output by type			Total output	Intermediate Consumption (IC)	Value Added
		Market Output	Non-market output	own use			
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	1,353,592	-	158,237	1,511,829	373,358	1,138,472
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	24,895	-	1,310	26,205	5,652	20,554
2	Growing of Rice	172,257	-	43,064	215,321	82,595	132,726
3	Growing of Vegetables	131,064	-	23,129	154,194	52,191	102,002
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other	5,455	-	42	5,497	2,119	3,378
5	Growing of fruits	128,238	-	6,751	134,988	36,178	98,811
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	103,391	-	25,863	129,254	18,518	110,736
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	120,168	-	2,920	123,088	14,798	108,290
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee,	3,007	-	826	3,832	548	3,285
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	98,748	-	4,344	103,092	15,649	87,443
10	Growing of rubber	31,370	-	1,542	32,912	11,269	21,643
11	Growing of other perennial crops	25,705	-	14	25,718	1,395	24,323
12	Animal Production	170,602	-	96	170,698	47,524	123,174
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	14,452	-	24	14,476	512	13,963
14	Forestry and Logging	90,462	-	41,771	132,233	23,405	108,828
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	203,132	-	5,171	208,303	55,754	152,549
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water	30,648	-	1,369	32,017	5,251	26,766
	Industries	9,171,248	-	293,812	9,465,060	5,645,249	3,819,811
17	Mining and quarrying	436,067	-	-	436,067	85,418	350,649
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco	2,697,368	-	-	2,697,368	1,880,314	817,053
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and	1,728,655	-	-	1,728,655	1,042,543	686,113
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of wood	82,841	-	-	82,841	57,847	24,994
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	131,948	-	-	131,948	77,317	54,631
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum	215,321	-	-	215,321	170,044	45,277
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	230,795	-	-	230,795	141,425	89,371
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	207,088	-	-	207,088	101,795	105,293
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral	495,574	-	-	495,574	331,579	163,995
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated	208,007	-	-	208,007	133,511	74,497
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	166,704	-	-	166,704	96,046	70,657
28	Manufacture of furniture	165,891	-	-	165,891	94,858	71,032
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and	166,559	-	-	166,559	96,753	69,806
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	269,463	-	-	269,463	162,689	106,774
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	31,464	-	-	31,464	12,386	19,078
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal	31,105	-	-	31,105	10,942	20,163
33	Construction	1,906,399	-	293,812	2,200,211	1,149,783	1,050,428
	Services	11,854,915	-	519,971	12,374,886	4,167,841	8,207,045
34	Wholesale and retail trade	2,000,455	-	-	2,000,455	466,694	1,533,760
35	Transportation of goods and passengers	2,906,938	-	-	2,906,938	1,274,177	1,632,761
36	Postal and courier activities	12,894	-	-	12,894	7,732	5,162
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service	445,228	-	-	445,228	216,969	228,259
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and	12,173	-	-	12,173	8,112	4,062
39	Telecommunication	212,868	-	-	212,868	136,597	76,271
40	IT programming consultancy and related	28,928	-	-	28,928	6,712	22,216
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary	768,108	-	-	768,108	192,351	575,756
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	186,436	-	-	186,436	28,845	157,591
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of	516,325	-	519,971	1,036,295	201,897	834,398
44	Professional services	404,416	-	-	404,416	160,402	244,015
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory	986,511	-	-	986,511	65,589	920,922
46	Education	320,734	-	-	320,734	39,107	281,628
47	Human health activities, Residential care and	343,202	-	-	343,202	36,349	306,853
48	Other personal service activities	2,709,701	-	-	2,709,701	1,326,310	1,383,391
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	22,379,75	-	972,020	23,351,775	10,186,448	13,165,327
	(+) Taxes on products						1,360,114
	(-) Subsidies on products						159,338
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp						14,366,103
<i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i>							

Table A - 29: Production Account by economic activity @ constant (2010 =100) market prices, 2018

Rs. Million							
#	Gross Value Added (GVA) by economic activity (SLSIC)	Output by type			Total output	Intermediate Consumption (IC)	Value Added
		Market Output	Non-market output	own use			
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	831,637	-	85,286	916,923	233,108	683,816
1	Growing of Cereals (except rice)	13,618	-	717	14,335	2,599	11,736
2	Growing of Rice	101,782	-	25,445	127,227	56,847	70,380
3	Growing of Vegetables	67,064	-	11,835	78,899	21,461	57,439
4	Growing of Sugar cane, tobacco and other	2,915	-	21	2,936	1,115	1,820
5	Growing of fruits	68,280	-	3,601	71,881	16,227	55,654
6	Growing of Oleaginous Fruits (Coconut, king	50,562	-	18,077	68,639	11,062	57,577
7	Growing of Tea (Green leaves)	77,114	-	747	77,861	10,720	67,141
8	Growing of other beverage crops (Coffee,	1,655	-	360	2,015	422	1,592
9	Growing of spices, aromatic, drug and	77,028	-	3,389	80,416	13,503	66,914
10	Growing of rubber	30,744	-	652	31,396	7,311	24,085
11	Growing of other perennial crops	17,167	-	5	17,172	869	16,303
12	Animal Production	104,966	-	47	105,013	41,595	63,418
13	Plant propagation and agricultural supporting	9,645	-	7	9,652	394	9,258
14	Forestry and Logging	55,197	-	15,855	71,051	9,031	62,020
15	Marine fishing and Marine Aquaculture	135,232	-	3,695	138,927	36,752	102,175
16	Fresh water fishing and Fresh water	18,669	-	834	19,503	3,199	16,304
	Industries	5,429,894	-	196,897	5,626,790	3,086,476	2,540,315
17	Mining and quarrying	280,439	-	-	280,439	54,934	225,505
18	Manufacture of food, beverages & Tobacco	1,402,975	-	-	1,402,975	846,835	556,140
19	Manufacture of textiles, wearing apparel and	767,692	-	-	767,692	453,250	314,442
20	Manufacture of wood and of products of	61,909	-	-	61,909	28,064	33,845
21	Manufacture of paper products, printing and	78,887	-	-	78,887	46,661	32,226
22	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum	145,429	-	-	145,429	118,116	27,312
23	Manufacture of chemical products and basic	208,060	-	-	208,060	111,300	96,761
24	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products	201,081	-	-	201,081	112,934	88,147
25	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral	212,364	-	-	212,364	127,333	85,031
26	Manufacture of basic metals and fabricated	129,934	-	-	129,934	81,823	48,111
27	Manufacture of machinery and equipment i.e..	118,321	-	-	118,321	66,246	52,075
28	Manufacture of furniture	163,269	-	-	163,269	62,967	100,302
29	Other manufacturing, and Repair and	165,211	-	-	165,211	86,803	78,408
30	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	179,795	-	-	179,795	79,414	100,382
31	Water collection, treatment and supply	22,217	-	-	22,217	7,866	14,351
32	Sewerage, Waste, treatment and disposal	37,168	-	-	37,168	6,961	30,207
33	Construction	1,255,143	-	196,897	1,452,039	794,970	657,070
	Services	8,051,852	-	352,762	8,404,614	2,849,310	5,555,303
34	Wholesale and retail trade	1,356,914	-	-	1,356,914	316,554	1,040,360
35	Transportation of goods and passengers	1,879,318	-	-	1,879,318	844,563	1,034,755
36	Postal and courier activities	8,297	-	-	8,297	3,812	4,485
37	Accommodation, Food and beverage service	301,931	-	-	301,931	147,137	154,794
38	Programming and broadcasting activities and	8,265	-	-	8,265	5,746	2,519
39	Telecommunication	209,521	-	-	209,521	163,691	45,830
40	IT programming consultancy and related	19,626	-	-	19,626	4,554	15,072
41	Financial Service activities and auxiliary	830,322	-	-	830,322	142,404	687,918
42	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	129,785	-	-	129,785	17,291	112,493
43	Real estate activities, Including Ownership of	350,288	-	352,762	703,050	136,972	566,078
44	Professional services	274,374	-	-	274,374	108,824	165,550
45	Public administration and defense; compulsory	454,630	-	-	454,630	26,608	428,022
46	Education	192,722	-	-	192,722	13,198	179,524
47	Human health activities, Residential care and	197,526	-	-	197,526	18,170	179,356
48	Other personal service activities	1,838,332	-	-	1,838,332	899,785	938,547
	Gross Value Added (GVA), at bp	14,313,383	-	634,944	14,948,327	6,168,894	8,779,434
	(+) Taxes on products						927,445
	(-) Subsidies on products						38,279
	Gross Domestic Product (GDP), at mp						9,668,600
Source: Department of Census and Statistics							

Source: Department of Census and Statistics

Table B - 1: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million									
Component	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
Final consumption expenditure	4,932,545	5,762,798	6,357,545	7,229,352	7,850,006	8,360,930	9,529,202	10,079,907	11,055,624
Household final consumption expenditure	4,390,215	5,144,879	5,691,714	6,483,669	6,981,947	7,376,176	8,514,456	8,942,501	9,744,969
Government final consumption expenditure	542,330	617,918	665,831	745,684	868,059	984,755	1,014,746	1,137,406	1,310,655
Individual consumption expenditure	154,764	181,451	188,298	226,234	260,395	319,119	327,713	355,291	371,615
Collective consumption expenditure	387,566	436,467	477,533	519,450	607,664	665,636	687,032	782,115	939,040
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	2,408,574	3,410,511	3,189,326	3,347,638	3,414,556	3,341,171	4,210,997	4,372,357
Gross fixed capital formation	1,522,847	1,896,225	2,533,056	2,809,789	2,874,377	2,814,288	3,210,061	3,516,741	3,671,712
Changes in inventories	377,652	369,934	800,232	305,057	428,615	563,196	43,722	559,619	591,028
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	142,414	77,222	74,479	44,646	37,071	87,388	134,638	109,618
External balance of goods and services	(465,584)	(952,265)	(1,035,593)	(826,553)	(836,493)	(824,865)	(874,289)	(962,801)	(1,061,878)
Exports of goods and services	1,254,021	1,508,565	1,730,467	1,949,158	2,185,039	2,301,065	2,540,049	2,909,720	3,292,414
Imports of goods and services	1,719,605	2,460,830	2,766,060	2,775,711	3,021,531	3,125,931	3,414,338	3,872,521	4,354,292
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103
									R Revised

Table B - 2: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million									
Component	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
Final consumption expenditure	4,932,545	5,355,454	5,496,156	5,881,197	6,109,435	6,584,691	7,036,082	7,224,405	7,433,998
Household final consumption expenditure	4,390,215	4,824,505	4,933,104	5,317,618	5,512,177	5,926,299	6,362,682	6,591,380	6,833,136
Government final consumption expenditure	542,330	530,948	563,052	563,579	597,258	658,392	673,400	633,025	600,861
Individual consumption expenditure	154,764	155,437	158,577	170,333	178,606	213,157	217,963	197,300	169,458
Collective consumption expenditure	387,566	375,511	404,475	393,246	418,652	445,235	455,437	435,726	431,403
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	2,340,767	2,848,686	2,597,115	2,896,597	3,006,450	3,156,162	3,366,348	3,509,874
Gross fixed capital formation	1,522,847	1,774,951	2,060,075	2,174,090	2,137,668	2,138,922	2,334,584	2,452,812	2,440,665
Changes in inventories	377,651	432,380	721,339	362,376	723,666	780,139	755,873	818,533	994,047
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	133,437	67,272	60,649	35,263	87,388	65,705	95,003	75,162
External balance of goods and services	(465,584)	(743,500)	(756,326)	(632,110)	(770,603)	(943,307)	(1,156,414)	(1,231,605)	(1,275,272)
Exports of goods and services	1,254,021	1,381,932	1,379,424	1,470,967	1,533,668	1,605,147	1,593,234	1,714,147	1,722,275
Imports of goods and services	1,719,605	2,125,432	2,135,750	2,103,077	2,304,271	2,548,455	2,749,649	2,945,752	2,997,547
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	6,413,668	6,952,720	7,588,517	7,846,202	8,235,429	8,647,833	9,035,830	9,359,147	9,668,600

Table B - 3: Percentage change in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

Component	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
Final consumption expenditure	16.8	10.3	13.7	8.6	6.5	14.0	5.8	9.7
Household final consumption expenditure	17.2	10.6	13.9	7.7	5.6	15.4	5.0	9.0
Government final consumption expenditure	13.9	7.8	12.0	16.4	13.4	3.0	12.1	15.2
Individual consumption expenditure	17.2	3.8	20.1	15.1	22.6	2.7	8.4	4.6
Collective consumption expenditure	12.6	9.4	8.8	17.0	9.5	3.2	13.8	20.1
Gross capital formation	23.7	41.6	(6.5)	5.0	2.0	(2.1)	26.0	3.8
Gross fixed capital formation	24.5	33.6	10.9	2.3	(2.1)	14.1	9.6	4.4
Changes in inventories	(2.0)	116.3	(61.9)	40.5	31.4	(92.2)	1,180.0	5.6
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	208.2	(45.8)	(3.6)	(40.1)	(17.0)	135.7	54.1	(18.6)
External balance of goods and services	(104.5)	(8.8)	20.2	(1.2)	1.4	(6.0)	(10.1)	(10.3)
Exports of goods and services	20.3	14.7	12.6	12.1	5.3	10.4	14.6	13.2
Imports of goods and services	43.1	12.4	0.3	8.9	3.5	9.2	13.4	12.4
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	12.6	21.0	9.8	8.0	5.7	9.5	11.1	7.8
R Revised								

Table B - 4: Percentage Growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2011 to 2018

% Change at Constant prices	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 R
Final consumption expenditure	8.6	2.6	7.0	3.9	7.8	6.9	2.7	2.9
Household final consumption expenditure	9.9	2.3	7.8	3.7	7.5	7.4	3.6	3.7
Government final consumption expenditure	(2.1)	6.0	0.1	6.0	10.2	2.3	(6.0)	(5.1)
Individual consumption expenditure	0.4	2.0	7.4	4.9	19.3	2.3	(9.5)	(14.1)
Collective consumption expenditure	(3.1)	7.7	(2.8)	6.5	6.3	2.3	(4.3)	(1.0)
Gross capital formation	20.2	21.7	(8.8)	11.5	3.8	5.0	6.7	4.3
Gross fixed capital formation	16.6	16.1	5.5	(1.7)	0.1	9.1	5.1	(0.5)
Changes in inventories	14.5	66.8	(49.8)	99.7	7.8	(3.1)	8.3	21.4
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	188.8	(49.6)	(9.8)	(41.9)	147.8	(24.8)	44.6	(20.9)
External balance of goods and services	(59.7)	(1.7)	16.4	(21.9)	(22.4)	(22.6)	(6.5)	(3.5)
Exports of goods and services	10.2	(0.2)	6.6	4.3	4.7	(0.7)	7.6	0.5
Imports of goods and services	23.6	0.5	(1.5)	9.6	10.6	7.9	7.1	1.8
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	8.4	9.1	3.4	5.0	5.0	4.5	3.6	3.3
R Revised								

Table B - 5: Percentage shares of expenditure components in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

Component	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 R
Final consumption expenditure	76.9	79.8	72.8	75.4	75.8	76.4	79.4	75.6	77.0
Household final consumption expenditure	68.5	71.3	65.2	67.6	67.4	67.4	71.0	67.1	67.8
Government final consumption expenditure	8.5	8.6	7.6	7.8	8.4	9.0	8.5	8.5	9.1
Individual consumption expenditure	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.6
Collective consumption expenditure	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.4	5.9	6.1	5.7	5.9	6.5
Gross capital formation	30.4	33.4	39.1	33.2	32.3	31.2	27.9	31.6	30.4
Gross fixed capital formation	23.7	26.3	29.0	29.3	27.7	25.7	26.8	26.4	25.6
Changes in inventories	5.9	5.1	9.2	3.2	4.1	5.1	0.4	4.2	4.1
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0.7	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.7	1.0	0.8
External balance of goods and services	(7.3)	(13.2)	(11.9)	(8.6)	(8.1)	(7.5)	(7.3)	(7.2)	(7.4)
Exports of goods and services	19.6	20.9	19.8	20.3	21.1	21.0	21.2	21.8	22.9
Imports of goods and services	26.8	34.1	31.7	28.9	29.2	28.5	28.5	29.1	30.3
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
									R Revised

Table B - 6: Percentage shares of expenditure components in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2018

% Shares at Constant prices	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
Final consumption expenditure	76.9	77.0	72.4	75.0	74.2	76.1	77.9	77.2	76.9
Household final consumption expenditure	68.5	69.4	65.0	67.8	66.9	68.5	70.4	70.4	70.7
Government final consumption expenditure	8.5	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.6	7.5	6.8	6.2
Individual consumption expenditure	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.1	1.8
Collective consumption expenditure	6.0	5.4	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.5
Gross capital formation	30.4	33.7	37.5	33.1	35.2	34.8	34.9	36.0	36.3
Gross fixed capital formation	23.7	25.5	27.1	27.7	26.0	24.7	25.8	26.2	25.2
Changes in inventories	5.9	6.2	9.5	4.6	8.8	9.0	8.4	8.7	10.3
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	0.7	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.4	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.8
External balance of goods and services	(7.3)	(10.7)	(10.0)	(8.1)	(9.4)	(10.9)	(12.8)	(13.2)	(13.2)
Exports of goods and services	19.6	19.9	18.2	18.7	18.6	18.6	17.6	18.3	17.8
Imports of goods and services	26.8	30.6	28.1	26.8	28.0	29.5	30.4	31.5	31.0
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
									R Revised

Table B - 7: Quartely Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices, 2018

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018R
Final consumption expenditure	2,731,104	2,593,709	2,919,244	2,811,567	11,055,624
Household final consumption expenditure ^a	2,430,137	2,280,767	2,610,143	2,423,923	9,744,969
Government final consumption expenditure	300,967	312,943	309,101	387,644	1,310,655
Individual consumption expenditure	88,085	91,199	91,785	100,547	371,615
Collective consumption expenditure	212,882	221,744	217,316	287,097	939,040
Gross capital formation	1,150,565	1,166,218	882,313	1,173,261	4,372,357
Gross fixed capital formation	901,624	941,874	859,535	968,678	3,671,712
Changes in inventories ^b	187,102	198,920	11,720	193,286	591,028
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	61,838	25,424	11,058	11,298	109,618
External balance of goods and services	(279,629)	(316,418)	(208,675)	(257,155)	(1,061,878)
Exports of goods and services	828,025	730,562	849,245	884,581	3,292,414
Imports of goods and services	1,107,654	1,046,981	1,057,920	1,141,736	4,354,292
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	3,602,040	3,443,509	3,592,883	3,727,673	14,366,103
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs <i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i> b. Includes statistical discrepancy R - Revised					

Table B - 8: Quartely Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant market prices, 2018

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018R
Final consumption expenditure	1,899,436	1,767,972	1,958,769	1,807,821	7,433,998
Household final consumption expenditure ^a	1,747,663	1,618,763	1,809,293	1,657,418	6,833,136
Government final consumption expenditure	151,774	149,209	149,475	150,403	600,861
Individual consumption expenditure	43,934	42,972	44,250	38,302	169,458
Collective consumption expenditure	107,840	106,237	105,225	112,101	431,403
Gross capital formation	712,944	846,583	768,952	1,181,395	3,509,874
Gross fixed capital formation	614,751	625,174	562,202	638,537	2,440,665
Changes in inventories ^b	55,336	204,081	199,345	535,285	994,047
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	42,856	17,328	7,405	7,573	75,162
External balance of goods and services	(366,177)	(327,318)	(275,992)	(305,784)	(1,275,272)
Exports of goods and services	439,126	394,516	440,326	448,305	1,722,275
Imports of goods and services	805,304	721,834	716,319	754,090	2,997,547
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	2,246,203	2,287,237	2,451,728	2,683,432	9,668,600
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs <i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i> b. Includes statistical discrepancy R - Revised					

Table B - 9: Point to Point change in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ current market prices by quarters, 2018

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018R
Final consumption expenditure	10.9	12.2	9.6	6.3	9.7
Household final consumption expenditure ^a	10.3	11.0	10.0	4.8	9.0
Government final consumption expenditure	16.4	22.0	6.8	16.5	15.2
Individual consumption expenditure	5.7	15.5	2.8	(3.1)	4.6
Collective consumption expenditure	21.5	24.8	8.6	25.3	20.1
Gross capital formation	14.2	3.6	(5.3)	2.3	3.8
Gross fixed capital formation	3.0	12.1	3.6	(0.2)	4.4
Changes in inventories ^b	85.3	(22.9)	(82.8)	45.9	5.6
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	101.7	(7.4)	(66.7)	(73.9)	(18.6)
External balance of goods and services	(19.0)	(24.0)	(12.8)	10.6	(10.3)
Exports of goods and services	13.1	11.4	11.0	16.8	13.2
Imports of goods and services	14.6	15.0	11.3	9.3	12.4
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	11.4	8.2	5.4	6.4	7.8
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs <i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i> b. Includes statistical discrepancy R - Revised					

Table B - 10: Point to Point Growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure components @ constant (2010=100) market prices by quarters, 2018

Component	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018R
Final consumption expenditure	4.2	3.1	3.3	1.0	2.9
Household final consumption expenditure ^a	5.0	4.1	4.1	1.4	3.7
Government final consumption expenditure	(4.5)	(6.1)	(5.9)	(3.8)	(5.1)
Individual consumption expenditure	(14.3)	(11.8)	(9.4)	(21.0)	(14.1)
Collective consumption expenditure	0.2	(3.6)	(4.4)	4.0	(1.0)
Gross capital formation	7.3	12.1	3.0	(1.5)	4.3
Gross fixed capital formation	0.2	7.3	(2.5)	(6.1)	(0.5)
Changes in inventories ^b	92.5	33.1	35.7	9.3	21.4
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	92.6	(10.9)	(68.3)	(74.7)	(20.9)
External balance of goods and services	(12.9)	(20.6)	1.1	14.3	(3.5)
Exports of goods and services	2.1	(1.0)	2.0	(1.3)	0.5
Imports of goods and services	6.8	7.7	0.8	(7.0)	1.8
Gross domestic product (GDP/GDE) @ mp	3.8	4.0	3.7	1.9	3.3
a. Includes final consumption Expenditure of NPISHs <i>Source: Department of Census and Statistics</i> b. Includes statistical discrepancy R - Revised					

Table B - 11: Household Final Consumption expenditure by COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption according to Purpose) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million										
Code	COICOP main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
	Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure	4,544,979	5,326,330	5,880,012	6,709,903	7,242,342	7,695,295	8,842,169	9,297,792	10,116,584
	Household Final Consumption Expenditure	4,390,215	5,144,879	5,691,714	6,483,669	6,981,947	7,376,176	8,514,456	8,942,501	9,744,969
1-12	Individual consumption expenditure of households	4,402,019	5,179,516	5,730,362	6,546,173	7,128,655	7,582,122	8,797,387	9,291,596	10,181,202
1	Food and non-alcoholic beverages;	1,252,043	1,560,395	1,493,620	1,705,716	1,796,837	2,337,710	2,881,219	2,638,074	2,861,223
2	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics;	168,024	189,844	111,240	121,724	132,665	141,466	151,916	303,621	341,562
3	Clothing and footwear;	265,840	272,085	239,493	280,409	275,522	401,991	419,049	366,878	399,932
4	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels;	434,570	495,737	587,210	688,512	749,919	769,723	877,269	932,854	1,002,508
5	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance;	66,947	92,848	92,229	82,313	90,709	94,717	127,438	94,648	104,595
6	Health;	132,203	195,009	207,851	179,631	181,913	208,437	233,233	236,033	261,770
7	Transport;	858,404	954,787	1,208,047	1,353,718	1,548,476	1,363,318	1,674,661	2,070,724	2,328,656
8	Communication;	45,522	49,046	57,240	61,308	65,331	77,317	85,973	92,151	88,250
9	Recreation and culture;	78,776	91,722	81,666	73,558	89,919	167,778	162,828	152,376	168,481
10	Education;	73,578	89,045	104,542	105,562	123,691	101,800	99,969	108,320	118,939
11	Restaurants and hotels;	161,459	206,750	283,302	285,457	306,230	312,315	337,099	377,306	415,038
12	Miscellaneous goods and services;	864,654	982,248	1,263,922	1,608,264	1,767,442	1,605,553	1,746,734	1,918,612	2,090,248
	Direct Purchases Abroad by Residents	55,551	59,720	97,187	162,890	174,842	203,723	234,285	254,216	281,361
	Direct Purchases in Domestic Market by Non-Residents	67,355	94,357	135,835	225,394	321,550	409,670	517,216	603,311	717,593
13	Individual consumption expenditure of NPISHs;								-	-
14	Individual consumption expenditure of general government	154,764	181,451	188,298	226,234	260,395	319,119	327,713	355,291	371,615
R - Revised										

Table B - 12: Household Final Consumption expenditure by COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption according to Purpose) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2018

										Rs. Million
Code	COICOP main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
	Actual Household Final Consumption Expenditure	4,544,979	4,979,943	5,091,681	5,487,951	5,690,783	6,139,456	6,580,645	6,788,679	7,002,595
	Household Final Consumption Expenditure	4,390,215	4,824,505	4,933,104	5,317,618	5,512,177	5,926,299	6,362,682	6,591,380	6,833,136
1-12	Individual consumption expenditure of households	4,402,019	4,857,810	4,966,711	5,368,851	5,628,797	6,088,974	6,575,733	6,836,531	7,126,698
1	Food and non-alcoholic beverages;	1,252,043	1,434,804	1,311,149	1,387,642	1,409,075	1,747,779	2,063,769	2,054,003	2,155,065
2	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics;	168,024	181,645	98,968	108,296	84,641	81,636	77,306	90,562	100,642
3	Clothing and footwear;	265,840	243,075	197,902	216,784	212,420	264,219	257,464	232,807	236,975
4	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels;	434,570	475,015	513,163	543,514	585,399	662,462	757,757	857,122	911,199
5	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance;	66,947	88,967	82,670	70,950	76,437	73,746	95,560	85,131	87,274
6	Health;	132,203	189,895	196,430	166,927	155,802	156,562	157,851	141,988	143,536
7	Transport;	858,404	891,603	927,785	994,293	1,087,592	1,041,309	1,250,402	1,482,302	1,526,715
8	Communication;	45,522	49,046	57,240	61,308	62,826	74,274	77,247	76,025	73,917
9	Recreation and culture;	78,776	86,971	74,488	64,461	77,057	136,838	128,584	142,925	153,832
10	Education;	73,578	86,069	100,618	100,603	117,304	93,351	87,537	83,012	83,630
11	Restaurants and hotels;	161,459	184,437	236,821	225,636	239,618	237,097	250,287	257,999	258,282
12	Miscellaneous goods and services;	864,654	946,285	1,169,475	1,428,437	1,520,626	1,519,701	1,371,968	1,332,656	1,395,631
	Direct Purchases Abroad by Residents	55,551	57,423	84,510	133,516	138,984	160,919	176,419	178,522	189,341
	Direct Purchases in Domestic Market by Non-Residents	67,355	90,728	118,117	184,749	255,604	323,594	389,470	423,674	482,903
13	Individual consumption expenditure of NPISHs;									
14	Individual consumption expenditure of general government	154,764	155,437	158,577	170,333	178,606	213,157	217,963	197,300	169,458
										R - Revised

Table B - 13: General Government Collective Final Consumption Expenditure by COFOG (Classification of the Functions of Government) @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

										Rs. Million
Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
	General Government Final Consumption Expenditure	542,330	617,918	665,831	745,684	868,059	984,755	1,014,746	1,137,406	1,310,655
	Collective Final Consumption Expenditure	387,566	436,467	477,533	519,450	607,664	665,636	687,032	782,115	939,040
	Individual Final Consumption Expenditure	154,764	181,451	188,298	226,234	260,395	319,119	327,713	355,291	371,615
										R Revised

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
	Government Collective Consumption Expenditure	387,566	436,467	477,533	519,450	607,664	665,636	687,032	782,115	939,040
1	General public services	43,199	50,898	59,808	65,245	75,252	100,557	94,405	135,158	286,944
2	Defense	160,992	186,973	196,358	208,271	256,772	267,520	243,480	259,499	252,563
3	Public order and safety	44,183	44,143	47,851	53,066	64,292	68,694	75,525	85,098	88,020
4	Economic affairs	40,336	45,858	52,131	59,386	71,107	69,631	88,200	95,585	88,402
5	Environmental protection	487	610	675	709	964	3,942	3,841	4,455	4,216
6	Housing and community amenities	312	519	643	632	692	873	757	1,409	847
7	Health									
8	Recreation, culture and religion	4,368	5,472	6,219	6,191	8,194	3,913	3,727	7,041	6,840
9	Education									
10	Social protection	93,690	101,994	113,848	125,950	130,391	150,506	177,098	193,869	211,208

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
	Government Individual Consumption Expenditure	154,764	181,451	188,298	226,234	260,395	319,119	327,713	355,291	371,615
1	General public services									
2	Defense									
3	Public order and safety									
4	Economic affairs									
5	Environmental protection									
6	Housing and community amenities									
7	Health	65,104	77,138	83,111	105,000	123,996	143,992	150,450	163,401	177,960
8	Recreation, culture and religion									
9	Education	89,660	104,313	105,187	121,234	136,400	175,127	177,263	191,890	193,656
10	Social protection									

Table B - 14: General Government Individual Final Consumption Expenditure by COFOG (Classification of the Functions of Government) @ constant market prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million										
Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
	General Government Final Consumption Expenditure	542,330	530,948	563,052	563,579	597,258	658,392	673,400	633,025	600,861
	Collective Final Consumption Expenditure	387,566	375,511	404,475	393,246	418,652	445,235	455,437	435,726	431,403
	Individual Final Consumption Expenditure	154,764	155,437	158,577	170,333	178,606	213,157	217,963	197,300	169,458
R - Revised										

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
	Government Collective Consumption Expenditure	387,566	375,511	404,475	393,246	418,652	445,235	455,437	435,726	431,403
1	General public services	43,199	43,601	50,368	49,124	51,616	67,168	62,789	75,056	130,848
2	Defense	160,992	160,167	165,365	156,809	176,121	178,692	161,939	144,105	115,170
3	Public order and safety	44,183	37,815	40,299	39,954	44,098	45,885	50,232	47,256	40,137
4	Economic affairs	40,336	40,901	46,218	46,860	50,626	47,130	57,152	54,483	43,508
5	Environmental protection	487	522	569	534	661	2,633	2,554	2,474	1,922
6	Housing and community amenities	312	445	541	476	475	583	504	783	386
7	Health									
8	Recreation, culture and religion	4,368	4,687	5,237	4,661	5,620	2,613	2,479	3,910	3,119
9	Education									
10	Social protection	93,690	87,372	95,878	94,829	89,436	100,531	117,788	107,659	96,312
R - Revised										

Code	COFOG main categories	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
	Government Individual Consumption Expenditure	154,764	155,437	158,577	170,333	178,606	213,157	217,963	197,300	169,458
1	General public services									
2	Defense									
3	Public order and safety									
4	Economic affairs									
5	Environmental protection									
6	Housing and community amenities									
7	Health	65,104	66,079	69,992	79,055	85,049	96,180	100,065	90,740	81,150
8	Recreation, culture and religion									
9	Education	89,660	89,358	88,585	91,278	93,557	116,977	117,898	106,560	88,308
10	Social protection									
R - Revised										

Table B - 15: Gross Capital Formation @ current market prices, 2010 to 2018

	Rs. Million								
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	2,408,574	3,410,511	3,189,326	3,347,638	3,414,556	3,341,171	4,210,997	4,372,357
Gross fixed capital formation by asset	1,522,847	1,896,225	2,533,056	2,809,789	2,874,377	2,814,288	3,210,061	3,516,741	3,671,712
Construction	589,708	791,978	1,088,969	1,254,493	1,250,116	1,160,410	1,368,928	1,547,232	1,555,109
Machinery and equipment and weapons systems	678,656	802,850	1,045,311	1,111,166	1,135,486	1,152,229	1,292,498	1,381,680	1,478,398
Transport equipment	215,357	254,982	343,971	378,368	415,652	420,229	460,137	489,272	526,946
Information and communication technology (ICT)	16,798	20,879	24,805	32,271	36,347	42,114	46,828	52,005	60,222
Cultivated biological resources	5,013	5,866	5,983	6,761	7,627	8,239	8,191	9,600	10,464
Intellectual property products	17,316	19,670	24,018	26,732	29,150	31,067	33,479	36,952	40,574
Changes in inventories and acquisition less disposals of valuables	423,860	512,348	877,455	379,536	473,260	600,267	131,109	694,256	700,645
Change in inventories	377,652	369,934	800,232	305,057	428,615	563,196	43,722	559,619	591,028
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	142,414	77,222	74,479	44,646	37,071	87,388	134,638	109,618
R - Revised									

Table B - 16: Gross Capital Formation @ constant (2010=100) market prices, 2010 to 2018

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018R
Gross capital formation	1,946,707	2,340,767	2,848,686	2,597,115	2,896,597	3,006,450	3,156,162	3,366,348	3,509,874
Gross fixed capital formation by asset	1,522,847	1,774,951	2,060,075	2,174,090	2,137,668	2,138,922	2,334,584	2,452,812	2,440,665
Construction	589,708	745,040	902,211	970,219	895,618	870,171	991,168	1,064,350	1,026,301
Machinery and equipment and weapons systems	678,656	741,321	809,064	841,792	859,248	878,230	928,230	971,646	982,977
Transport equipment	215,357	244,470	300,674	308,368	325,613	327,356	348,446	347,695	356,844
Information and communication technology (ICT)	16,798	20,019	21,682	26,301	28,474	32,807	35,462	36,957	40,782
Cultivated biological resources	5,013	5,242	5,449	5,624	5,881	6,157	5,927	5,906	6,285
Intellectual property products	17,316	18,859	20,994	21,786	22,835	24,201	25,352	26,260	27,476
Changes in inventories and acquisition less disposals of valuables	423,860	565,816	788,611	423,025	758,928	867,527	821,578	913,536	1,069,209
Change in inventories	377,651	432,380	721,339	362,376	723,666	780,139	755,873	818,533	994,047
Acquisitions less disposals of valuables	46,209	133,437	67,272	60,649	35,263	87,388	65,705	95,003	75,162
R - Revised									

Table C - 1: Value of Income components @ current prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs.Million										
#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,678,523	1,884,086	2,272,091	2,551,513	2,786,394	3,179,519	3,477,645	3,717,734	4,287,840
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,049,686	4,730,289	5,841,628	6,357,836	6,832,465	6,934,960	7,477,233	8,330,583	8,835,822
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	3,251,152	3,809,838	4,710,315	5,051,310	5,392,946	5,448,270	5,885,654	6,545,819	6,902,076
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	411,777	457,855	565,050	644,982	681,589	723,723	763,487	812,537	906,021
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	386,757	462,596	566,263	661,545	757,930	762,967	828,092	972,227	1,027,725
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	29,895	24,729	25,850	29,905	38,334	40,360	44,710	41,385	41,665
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	5,758,104	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327
	(+) Taxes on Products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114
	(-) Subsidies on Products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103

Table C - 2: Value of Income components @ constant(2010) prices, 2010 to 2018

Rs. Million										
#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,678,523	1,777,727	2,008,874	2,089,513	2,194,755	2,450,779	2,571,114	2,528,769	2,651,309
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	4,049,686	4,444,282	4,832,106	5,014,513	5,247,744	5,344,139	5,558,992	5,895,910	6,087,543
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	3,251,152	3,604,417	3,865,637	3,973,801	4,142,805	4,233,331	4,474,888	4,691,563	4,881,401
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	411,777	422,179	495,968	529,634	529,404	543,591	596,300	542,257	545,683
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	386,757	417,686	470,501	511,078	575,536	567,217	487,803	662,089	660,459
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	29,895	32,047	32,525	32,376	34,408	37,248	38,998	40,337	40,582
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	5,758,104	6,254,056	6,873,506	7,136,401	7,476,908	7,832,167	8,169,104	8,465,015	8,779,434
	(+) Taxes on Products	687,833	737,357	748,362	744,923	791,696	857,040	894,210	920,927	927,445
	(-) Subsidies on Products	32,269	38,693	33,351	35,121	33,174	41,373	27,483	26,795	38,279
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	6,413,668	6,952,720	7,588,517	7,846,202	8,235,429	8,647,833	9,035,831	9,359,147	9,668,600

Table C - 3: Percentage change in Income components of GDP @ current prices, 2010 to 2018

#	Components (Income Generated)	2011/10	2012/11	2013/12	2014/13	2015/14	2016/15	2017/16	2018/17
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	12.2	20.6	12.3	9.2	14.1	9.4	6.9	15.3
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	16.8	23.5	8.8	7.5	1.5	7.8	11.4	6.1
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	17.2	23.6	7.2	6.8	1.0	8.0	11.2	5.4
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	11.2	23.4	14.1	5.7	6.2	5.5	6.4	11.5
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	19.6	22.4	16.8	14.6	0.7	8.5	17.4	5.7
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	-17.3	4.5	15.7	28.2	5.3	10.8	-7.4	0.7
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	15.3	22.6	9.8	8.0	5.2	8.3	9.9	8.9
	(+) Taxes on Products	-10.0	3.4	7.5	9.2	20.8	27.9	16.7	0.4
	(-) Subsidies on Products	20.4	21.0	-25.6	34.0	137.4	47.1	-29.2	37.6
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	12.6	21.0	9.8	8.0	5.7	9.5	11.1	7.8

Table C - 4: Percentage Growth in Income components of GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2010 to 2018

#	Components (Income Generated)	2011/10	2012/11	2013/12	2014/13	2015/14	2016/15	2017/16	2018/17
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	5.9	13.0	4.0	5.0	11.7	4.9	-1.6	4.8
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	9.7	8.7	3.8	4.7	1.8	4.0	6.1	3.3
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	10.9	7.2	2.8	4.3	2.2	5.7	4.8	4.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	2.5	17.5	6.8	0.0	2.7	9.7	-9.1	0.6
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	8.0	12.6	8.6	12.6	-1.4	-14.0	35.7	-0.2
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	7.2	1.5	-0.5	6.3	8.3	4.7	3.4	0.6
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	8.6	9.9	3.8	4.8	4.8	4.3	3.6	3.7
	(+) Taxes on Products	7.2	1.5	-0.5	6.3	8.3	4.3	3.0	0.7
	(-) Subsidies on Products	19.9	-13.8	5.3	-5.5	24.7	-33.6	-2.5	42.9
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	8.4	9.1	3.4	5.0	5.0	4.5	3.6	3.3

Table C - 5: Percentage share of Income components to GDP @ current prices, 2010 to 2018

#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.2	26.1	26.0	26.6	26.9	29.0	29.0	27.9	29.8
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	63.1	65.5	66.9	66.3	65.9	63.3	62.3	62.5	61.5
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	50.7	52.8	53.9	52.7	52.0	49.8	49.1	49.1	48.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.3
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.0	6.9	7.3	7.2
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	89.8	92.0	93.2	93.2	93.2	92.7	91.7	90.7	91.6
	(+) Taxes on Products	10.7	8.6	7.3	7.2	7.2	8.3	9.7	10.2	9.5
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.1
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table C - 6: Percentage share of Income components to GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2010 to 2018

#	Components (Income Generated)	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	26.2	25.6	26.5	26.6	26.7	28.3	28.5	27.0	27.4
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	63.1	63.9	63.7	63.9	63.7	61.8	61.5	63.0	63.0
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	50.7	51.8	50.9	50.6	50.3	49.0	49.5	50.1	50.5
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.4	6.3	6.6	5.8	5.6
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.5	7.0	6.6	5.4	7.1	6.8
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	89.8	90.0	90.6	91.0	90.8	90.6	90.4	90.4	90.8
	(+) Taxes on Products	10.7	10.6	9.9	9.5	9.6	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.6
	(-) Subsidies on Products	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table C - 7: Income components of GDP @ current prices, 2018

						Rs.Million
#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	1,397,659	409,882	1,183,440	1,296,859	4,287,840
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	3,150,267	300,810	185,401	5,199,344	8,835,822
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	2,719,743	270,829	51,023	3,860,480	6,902,076
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)				906,021	906,021
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	430,524	29,981	134,378	432,843	1,027,725
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	37,959	3,582	-	124	41,665
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	4,585,884	714,274	1,368,841	6,496,328	13,165,327
	(+) Taxes on Products					1,360,114
	(-) Subsidies on Products					159,338
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>					14,366,103

Table C - 8: Income components of GDP @ constant(2010) prices, 2018

						Rs.Million
#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	937,382	239,469	596,332	878,125	2,651,309
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	2,045,692	531,419	83,651	3,426,781	6,087,543
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	1,749,615	507,283	16,260	2,608,244	4,881,401
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)				545,683	545,683
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	296,078	24,136	67,391	272,854	660,459
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	34,257	6,210	-	115	40,582
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	3,017,331	777,098	679,983	4,305,022	8,779,434
	(+) Taxes on Products					927,445
	(-) Subsidies on Products					38,279
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>					9,668,600

Table C - 9: Percentage share of income components of sectors to the total economy @ current prices, 2018

#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	32.6	9.6	27.6	30.2	100.0
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	35.7	3.4	2.1	58.8	100.0
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	39.4	3.9	0.7	55.9	100.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	-	-	-	100.0	100.0
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	41.9	2.9	13.1	42.1	100.0
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	91.1	8.6	-	0.3	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	34.8	5.4	10.4	49.3	100.0
	(+) Taxes on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	(-) Subsidies on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	-	-	-	-	100.0

Table C - 10: Percentage share of income components of sectors to the total economy @ constant(2010) prices, 2018

#	Components (Income Generated)	NFC	FC	GG	HH & NPISHs	Total Economy
1.0	Compensation of Employees (CE)	35.4	9.0	22.5	33.1	100.0
2.0	Gross Operating Surplus (GOS)	33.6	8.7	1.4	56.3	100.0
2.1	Net Operating Surplus (NOS, net)	35.8	10.4	0.3	53.4	100.0
2.2	Mixed Income (MI)	-	-	-	100.0	100.0
2.3	Consumption of Fixed capital (CFC)	44.8	3.7	10.2	41.3	100.0
3.0	Other Taxes less Subsidies on Production	84.4	15.3	-	0.3	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Value Added (GVA), at basic price</u>	34.4	8.9	7.7	49.0	100.0
	(+) Taxes on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	(-) Subsidies on Products	-	-	-	-	100.0
	<u>Equals Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at mp</u>	-	-	-	-	100.0

Table C - 11: Gross National Income & other income related macroeconomic indicators, 2010 to 2018

Millions of Rupees, at current prices									
Classification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Gross value of Output at basic price	9,807,278	11,369,495	13,536,627	15,073,833	16,297,735	18,411,077	19,765,926	21,585,955	23,351,775
Intermediate Consumption at purchaser price	4,049,174	4,730,391	5,397,059	6,134,579	6,640,541	8,256,238	8,766,337	9,496,253	10,186,448
Gross value Added at basic price	5,758,104	6,639,104	8,139,568	8,939,254	9,657,194	10,154,839	10,999,589	12,089,702	13,165,327
Taxes on products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114
Subsidies on products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338
Gross domestic Product at current prices	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103
Compensation of employees	1,678,523	1,884,086	2,272,091	2,551,513	2,786,394	3,179,519	3,477,645	3,717,734	4,287,840
Net operating surplus	3,251,152	3,809,838	4,710,315	5,051,310	5,392,946	5,448,270	5,885,654	6,545,819	6,902,076
Consumption of fixed capital	386,757	462,596	566,263	661,545	757,930	762,967	828,092	972,227	1,027,725
Mixed income	411,777	457,855	565,050	644,982	681,589	723,723	763,487	812,537	906,021
Other taxes less subsidies on production	29,895	24,729	25,850	29,905	38,334	40,360	44,710	41,385	41,665
Taxes on products	687,833	618,848	639,903	687,833	750,801	906,990	1,160,105	1,354,211	1,360,114
Subsidies on products	32,269	38,846	47,008	34,962	46,844	111,209	163,610	115,810	159,338
Gross domestic product	6,413,668	7,219,106	8,732,463	9,592,125	10,361,151	10,950,621	11,996,083	13,328,103	14,366,103
Primary income received from Rest Of The world	36,508	51,102	18,137	17,003	20,263	17,253	18,499	26,394	40,204
Primary income Paid to Rest Of The world	106,284	123,143	173,027	243,090	256,336	291,994	338,151	379,250	429,805
Gross national income (GNI)	6,343,892	7,147,065	8,577,574	9,366,039	10,125,078	10,675,880	11,676,431	12,975,247	13,976,502
Current transfers received from the Rest of the World	471,084	575,689	770,879	830,407	920,035	952,568	1,057,281	1,093,607	1,139,324
Current transfers paid to rest of the world	57,199	62,473	82,266	101,728	106,906	110,486	117,498	129,291	139,821
Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI)	6,757,777	7,660,281	9,266,187	10,094,718	10,938,207	11,517,962	12,616,213	13,939,563	14,976,006
Household Final Consumption Expenditure (HFCE)	4,390,215	5,144,879	5,691,714	6,483,669	6,981,947	7,376,176	8,514,456	8,942,501	9,744,969
General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GFCE)	542,330	617,918	665,831	745,684	868,059	984,755	1,014,746	1,137,406	1,310,655
Gross Savings	1,825,232	1,897,484	2,908,642	2,865,365	3,088,201	3,157,032	3,087,012	3,859,656	3,920,382
Capital transfers received from the Rest of the World	20,599	20,383	18,884	11,596	9,586	9,562	8,269	6,125	6,702
Capital transfers paid to the rest of the world	2,078	2,256	1,933	2,409	1,903	3,306	4,525	4,458	4,437
Gross Domestic Capital Formation	1,946,707	2,408,573	3,410,511	3,189,326	3,347,638	3,414,556	3,341,171	4,210,997	4,372,357
Net lending/borrowing from/to the rest of the world	-102,954	-492,962	-484,918	-314,774	-251,753	-251,268	-250,414	-349,674	-449,710
* Property income is consisted by investment income and interest income									